Real-Time Water Quality Deployment Report

Lower Churchill River Network

August 25/26 to
September 21/28, 2022

Newfoundland Labrador

Government of Newfoundland & Labrador
Department of Environment and Climate Change
Water Resources Management Division

Contents

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Real Time Water Quality Monitoring

- Staff with the Department of Environment and Climate Change monitor real-time water quality data on a regular basis.
- This deployment report discusses water quality related events occurring at four stations on the Lower Churchill River: Churchill River below Metchin River, Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids, Churchill River below Muskrat Falls and Churchill River at English Point.
- Real-time water quality monitoring instruments were deployed at Churchill River below Muskrat Falls and at English Point on August 25th. Instruments were deployed at Churchill River below Metchin River and above Grizzle Rapids on August 26th.
- The instrument at Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids was removed on September 21st for deployment period of 26 days.
- The instruments at Churchill River below Muskrat Falls and at English Point were removed on September 28th, for a deployment period of 34 days.
- The instrument at Churchill River below Metchin River was not removed from the water due to poor weather preventing access to this site. For the purposes of this report, data from this station will be reported as if it had been removed on September 21st, for a deployment period of 26 days.

Quality Assurance and Quality Control

- As part of the Quality Assurance and Quality Control protocol (QA/QC), an assessment of the reliability of data recorded by an instrument is made at the beginning and end of the deployment period. This procedure is based on the approach used by the United States Geological Survey.
- At deployment and removal, a QA/QC instrument is temporarily deployed alongside the field instrument. Values for temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen and turbidity are compared between the two instruments**.** Based on the degree of difference between parameters recorded by the field instrument and QA/QC instrument at deployment and at removal, a qualitative statement is made on the data quality (Table 1).

Table 1: Instrument Performance Ranking classifications for deployment and removal

	Rank				
Parameter	**Excellent**	**Good**	**Fair**	**Marginal**	**Poor**
Temperature (C)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	<+/-1
pH (unit)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1
Sp. Conductance (µS/cm)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20
Sp. Conductance > 35µS/cm (%)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) (% Sat)	<=+/-0.3	>+/-0.3 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1
Turbidity <40 NTU (NTU)	<=+/-2	>+/-2 to 5	>+/-5 to 8	>+/-8 to 10	>+/-10
Turbidity > 40 NTU (%)	<=+/-5	>+/-5 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20

- It should be noted that the temperature sensor on any instrument is the most important. All other parameters can be broken down into three groups: temperature dependent, temperature compensated and temperature independent. Because the temperature sensor is not isolated from the rest of the instrument, the entire instrument must be at the same temperature before the sensor will stabilize. The values may take some time to climb to the appropriate reading; if a reading is taken too soon it may not accurately portray the water body.

- Deployment and removal comparison rankings for the Lower Churchill River stations deployed from August 25/26 to September 21/28, 2022 are summarized in Table 2.

Table 2: Comparison rankings for Lower Churchill River stations August 25/26 to September 21/28, 2022

Churchill River Station	Date	Action	Comparison Ranking				
			Temperature	pH	Conductivity	Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity
Below Metchin River	August 26, 2022	Deployment	Excellent	Poor	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
	September 21, 2022	Removal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Above Grizzle Rapids	August 26, 2022	Deployment	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
	September 21, 2022	Removal	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Fair
Below Muskrat Falls	August 25, 2022	Deployment	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
	September 28, 2022	Removal	Good	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
At English Point	August 25, 2022	Deployment	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
	September 28, 2022	Removal	Good	Good	Good	Excellent	Good

- **Churchill River below Metchin River**
  - At deployment, all parameters ranked as 'excellent' with the exception of pH, which was 'poor'. This discrepancy is likely due to the QA/QC sonde not being given sufficient time to acclimate; this is supported by a better ranking between the field sonde and the grab sample.
  - Comparison rankings are not available for removal since this instrument was not physically removed from the water on the date in question.

- **Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids**
  - At deployment, all parameters ranked as either 'excellent' or 'good'.
  - At removal, all parameters ranked as either 'excellent' or 'good' with the exception of turbidity, which was 'fair'.

- **Churchill River below Muskrat Falls**
  - At deployment, all parameters ranked as either 'excellent' or 'good'.
  - At removal, all parameters ranked as either 'excellent' or 'good'.

- **Churchill River at English Point**
    - At deployment, all parameters ranked as either 'excellent' or 'good'.
    - At removal, all parameters again ranked as either 'excellent' or 'good'.

Data Interpretation

- The following graphs and discussion illustrate water quality related events occurring from August 25/26 to September 21/28, 2022 on the Lower Churchill River Network.
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage & flow), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion below adhere to stringent QA/QC protocol. Water Survey of Canada is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

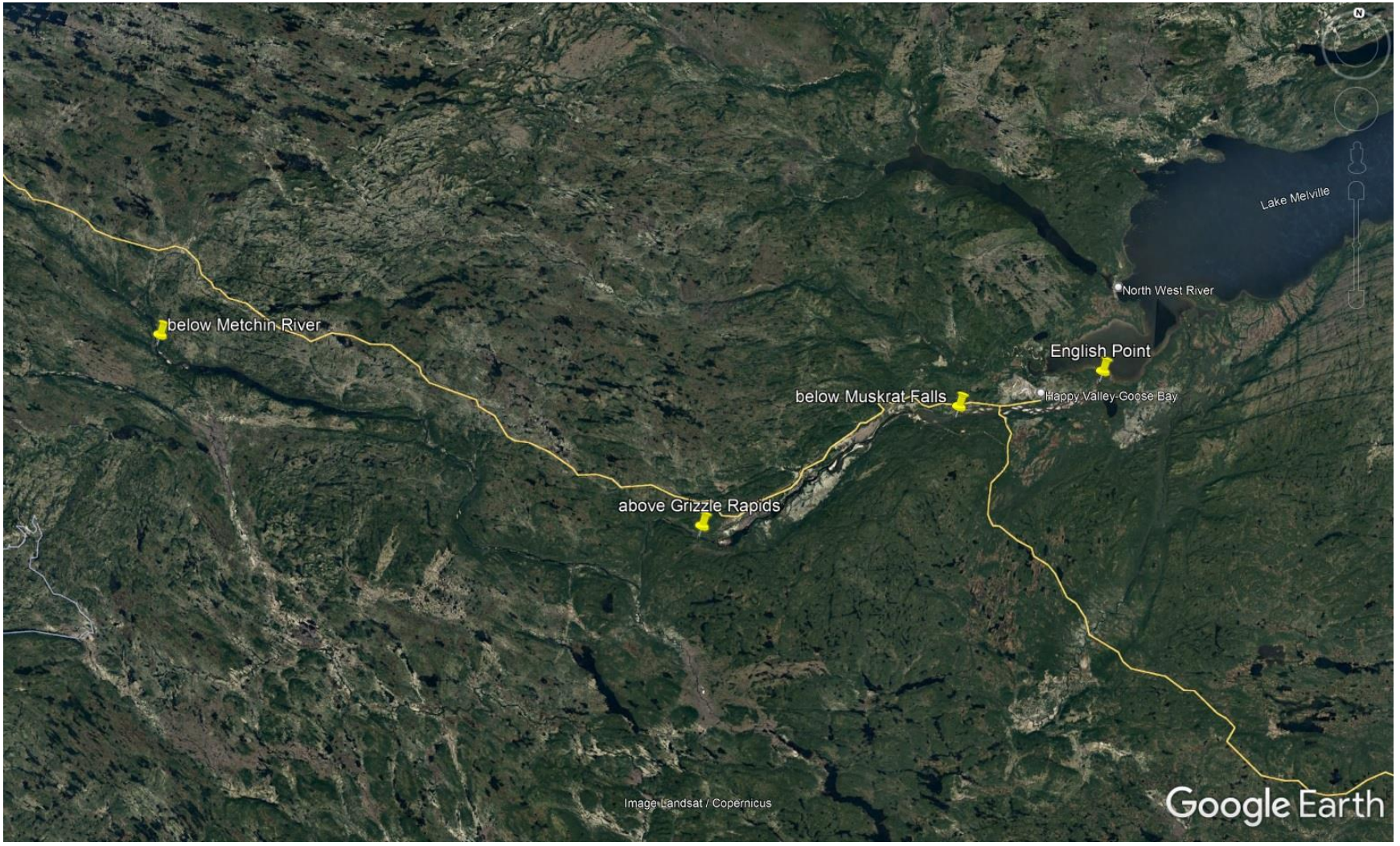

Figure 1: Lower Churchill Network of Real-Time Water Quality Stations

Churchill River below Metchin River

Water Temperature

- Over the deployment period, water temperature ranged from 11.5°C to 18.3°C, with a median value of 16.4°C (Figure 2). Air temperature data was obtained from the Metchin River near TLH Weather Station.
- Water temperature was slowly decreasing over the course of deployment, which is to be expected as air temperatures were also slowly decreasing into the fall season. Water temperature data exhibits a diurnal pattern as expected, and closely correlates with ambient air temperatures.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

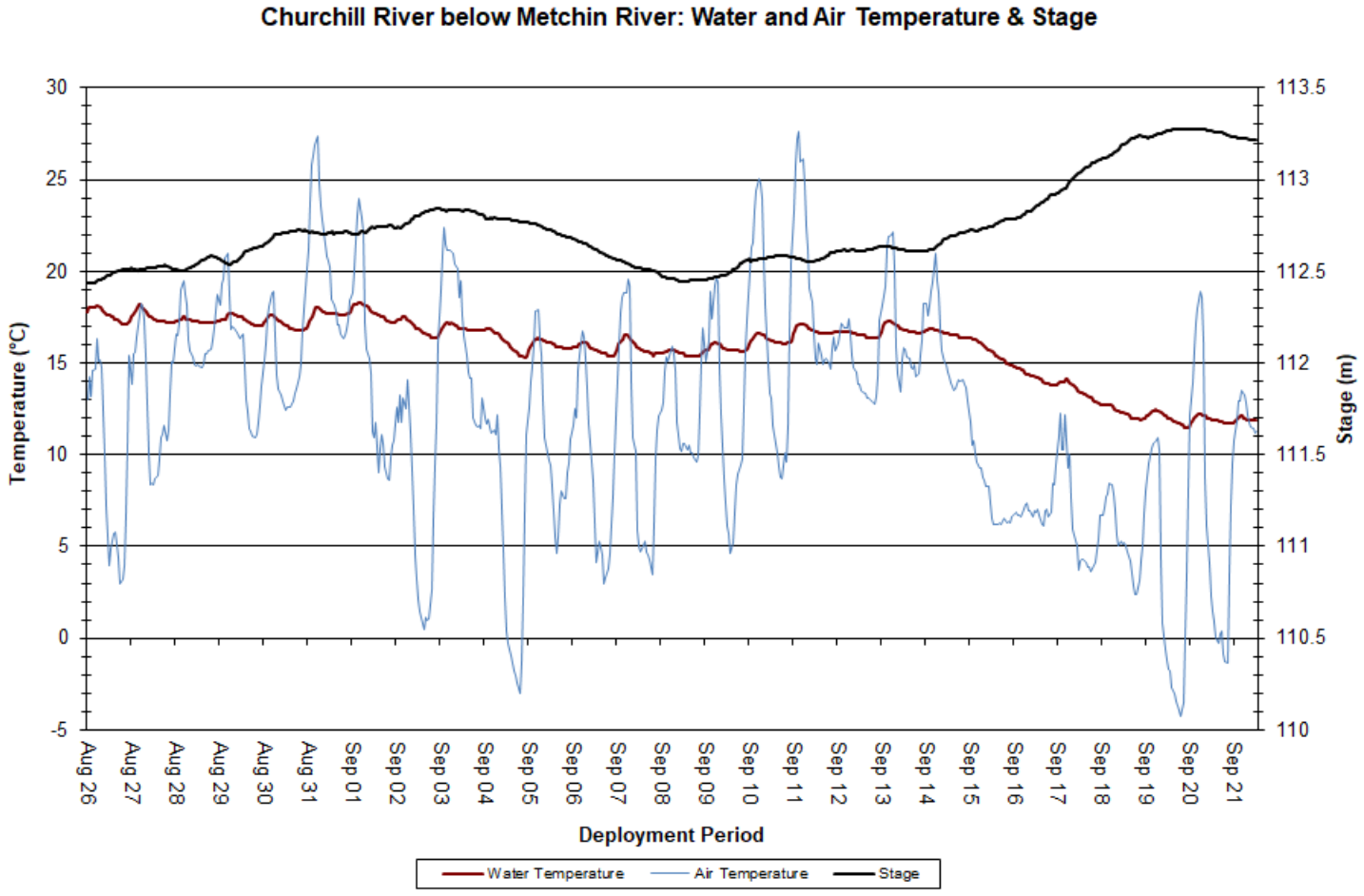

Figure 2: Water and Air Temperature & Stage at Churchill River below Metchin River

pH

- Over the deployment period, pH values ranged from 7.90 to 8.38 pH units, with a median value of 8.30 (Figure 3).
- pH values were quite stable over the majority of deployment, remaining within the CCME's Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life for the duration of deployment.
- Photosynthesis uses up hydrogen molecules; this causes the concentration of hydrogen ions to decrease, which in turn causes pH to increase. For this reason, pH may be higher during daylight hours and during the growing season when photosynthesis is at a maximum. This is illustrated by the diurnal fluctuations in pH values (Figure 3).
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

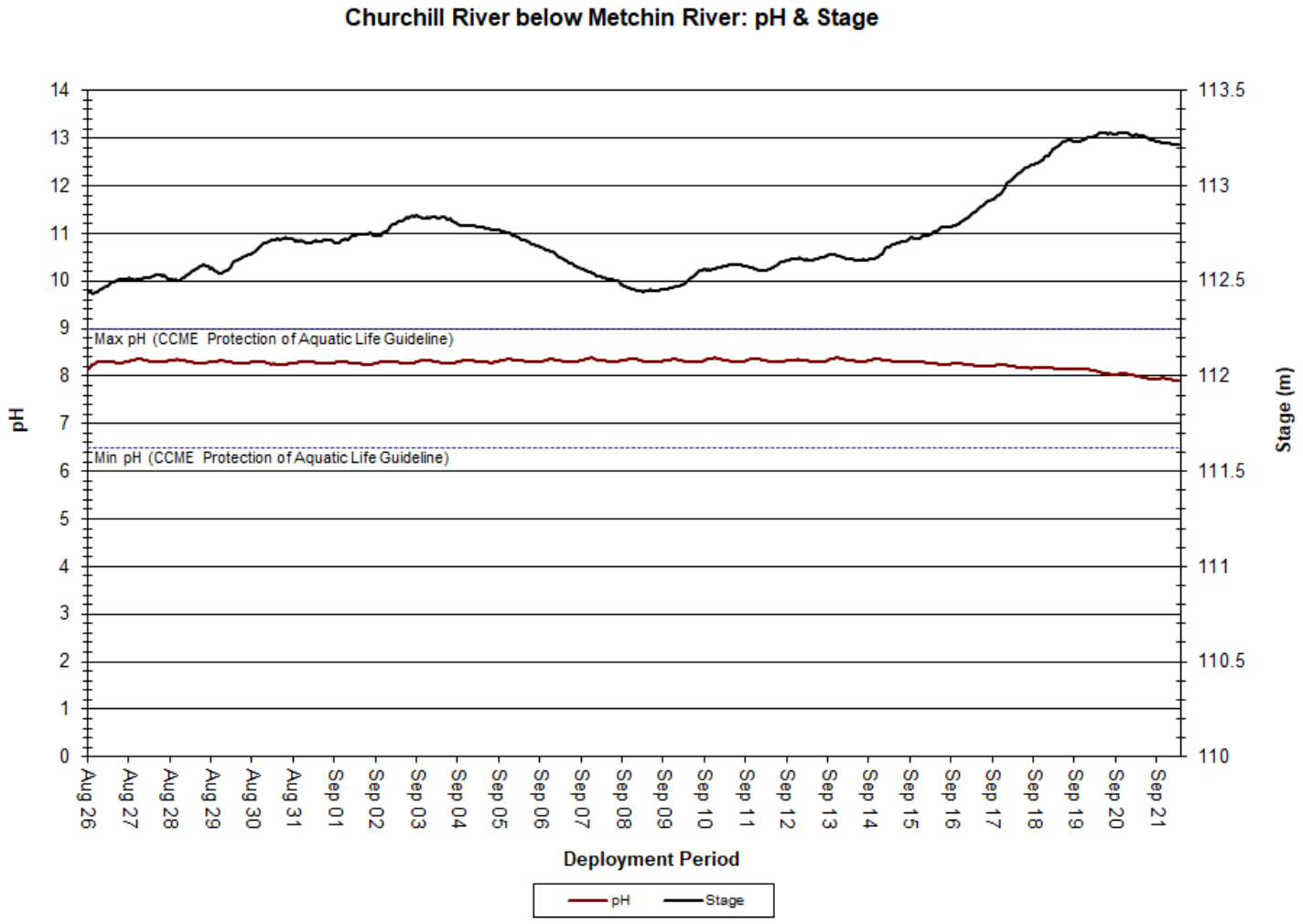

Figure 3: pH & Stage at Churchill River below Metchin River

Specific Conductivity

- Over the deployment period, specific conductivity ranged from 18.5µS/cm to 21.8µS/cm, with a median value of 20.1µS/cm (Figure 4).
- The relationship between conductivity and stage is generally inversed. When stage levels increase, specific conductivity levels decrease as the increased amount of water in the river system dilutes solids that are present. This relationship is somewhat evident in the graph below (Figure 4).
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

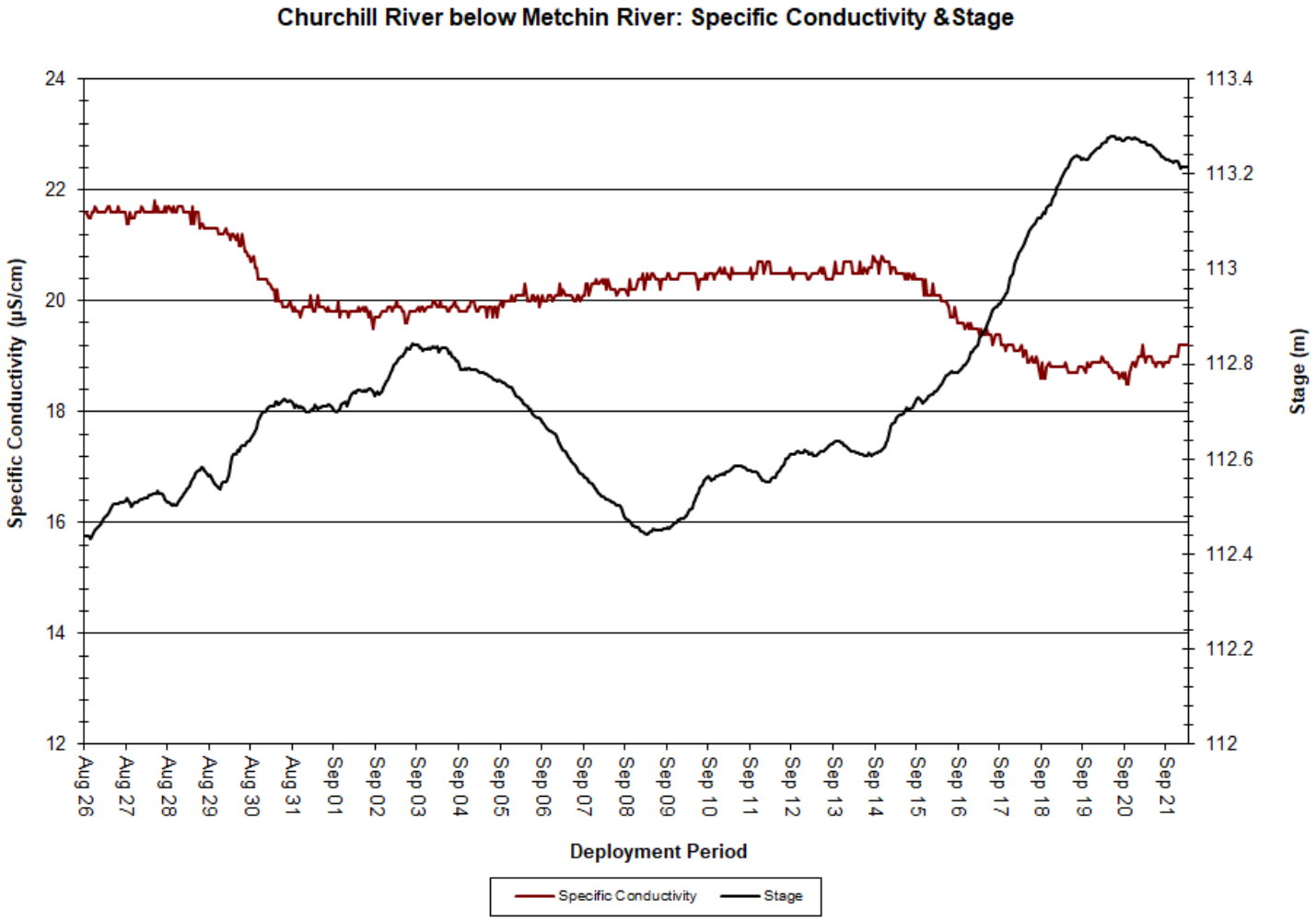

Figure 4: Specific Conductivity & Stage at Churchill River below Metchin River

Dissolved Oxygen

- Over the deployment period, dissolved oxygen content ranged from 9.01mg/L to 10.41mg/L, with a median value of 9.40mg/L. Saturation of dissolved oxygen ranged from 92.8% to 99.8%, with a median value of 95.9% (Figure 5).
- There is an evident relationship between water temperature and dissolved oxygen. Over the deployment period, dissolved oxygen levels were steadily increasing, as water temperatures were steadily decreasing. Dissolved oxygen also follows a diurnal pattern as water temperatures rise and fall under the influence of ambient air temperatures. Generally, dissolved oxygen levels are higher in a waterbody during cooler temperatures.
- Dissolved oxygen levels were below the CCME's Guideline for the Protection of Early Life Stages for the beginning of deployment, which is to be expected as water temperatures were higher across the same period. Dissolved oxygen levels rose above the CCME's Guidelines for the Protection of Early Life Stages on September 16th, and stayed there for the remainder of deployment as water temperatures dropped significantly. Dissolved oxygen levels remained above the CCME's Guideline for the Protection of Other Life Stages for the duration of deployment.

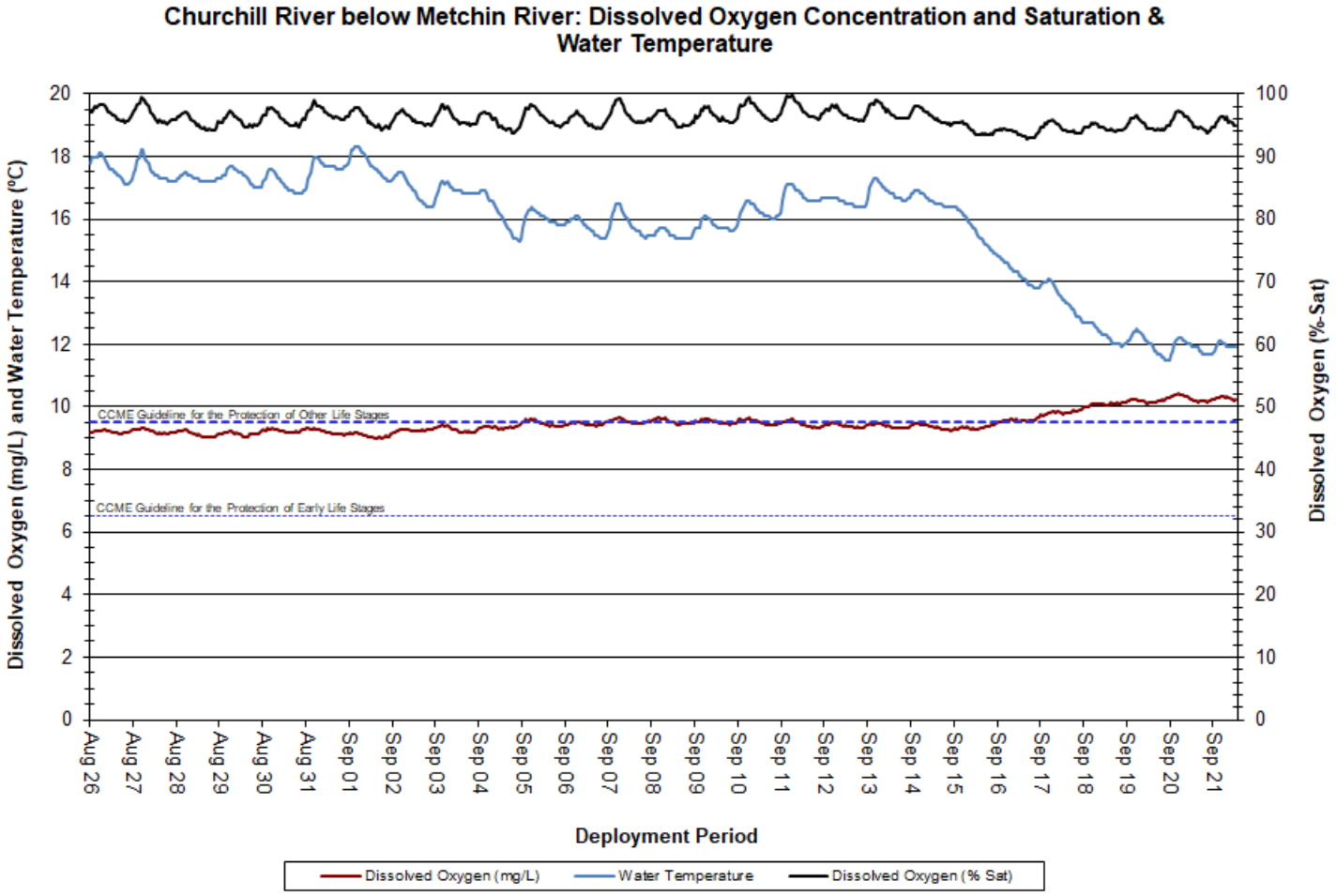

Figure 5: Dissolved Oxygen & Water Temperature at Churchill River below Metchin River

Turbidity

- Over the deployment period, turbidity ranged from 0.0NTU to 11.6NTU, with a median value of 0.0NTU (Figure 6). A median value of 0.0NTU indicates a very low level of natural background turbidity in the waterbody. Precipitation data was obtained from the Metchin River near TLH Weather Station.
- This station is located at a wide and deep section of the Churchill River and therefore turbidity levels are typically less susceptible to precipitation events as compared to other areas.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

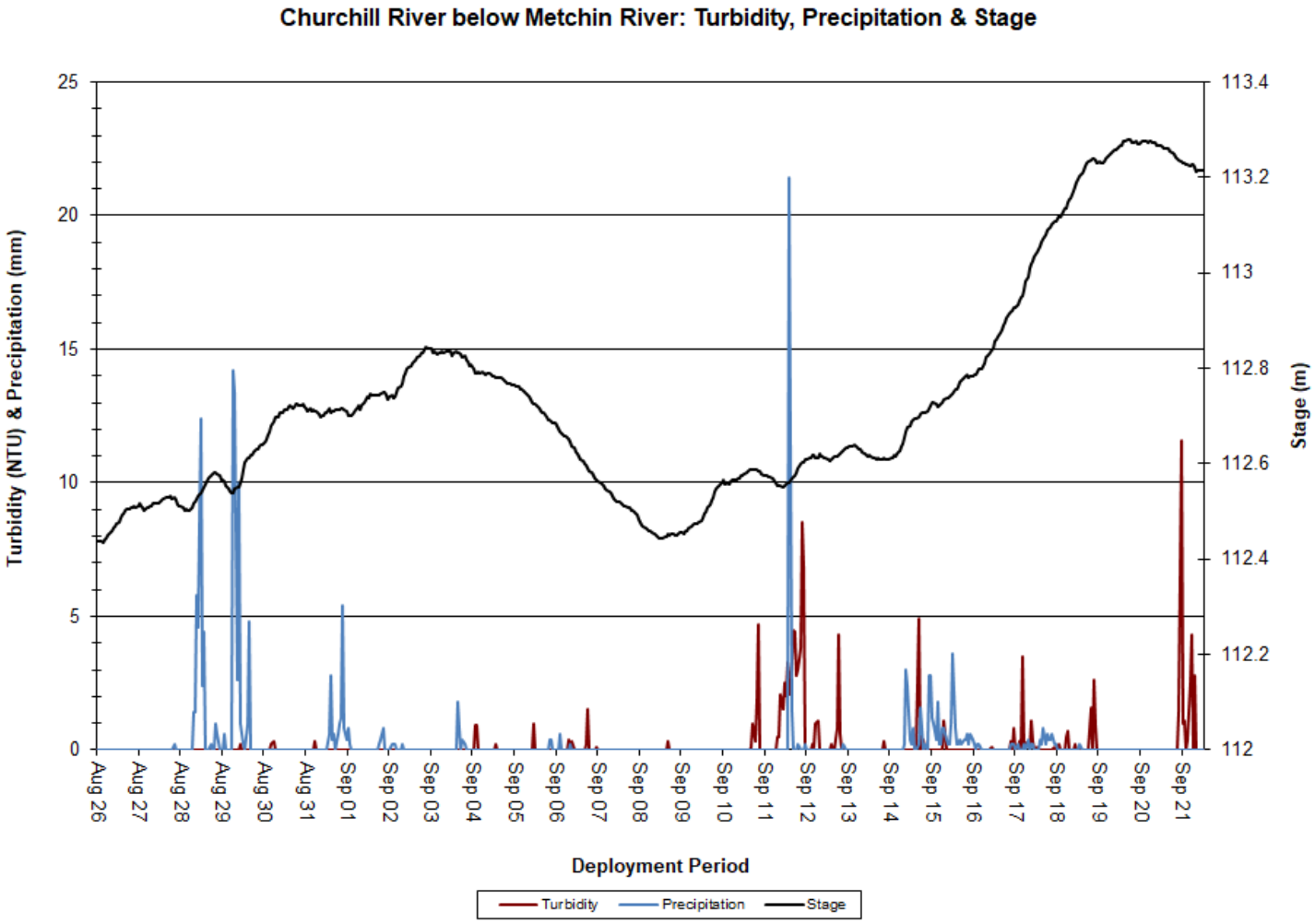

Figure 6: Turbidity, Precipitation & Stage at Churchill River below Metchin River

Stage and Flow

- Over the deployment period, stage levels ranged from 112.433m to 113.278m, with a median value of 112.699m. Flow ranged from 1075.604m^3/s to 1341.737m^3/s, with a median value of 1171.659m^3/s (Figure 7). Precipitation data was obtained from the Metchin River near TLH Weather Station.
- Stage and flow were relatively stable, but somewhat increasing, over the course of deployment. Precipitation events across the same period somewhat correlate with increases in both stage and flow (Figure 8).
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

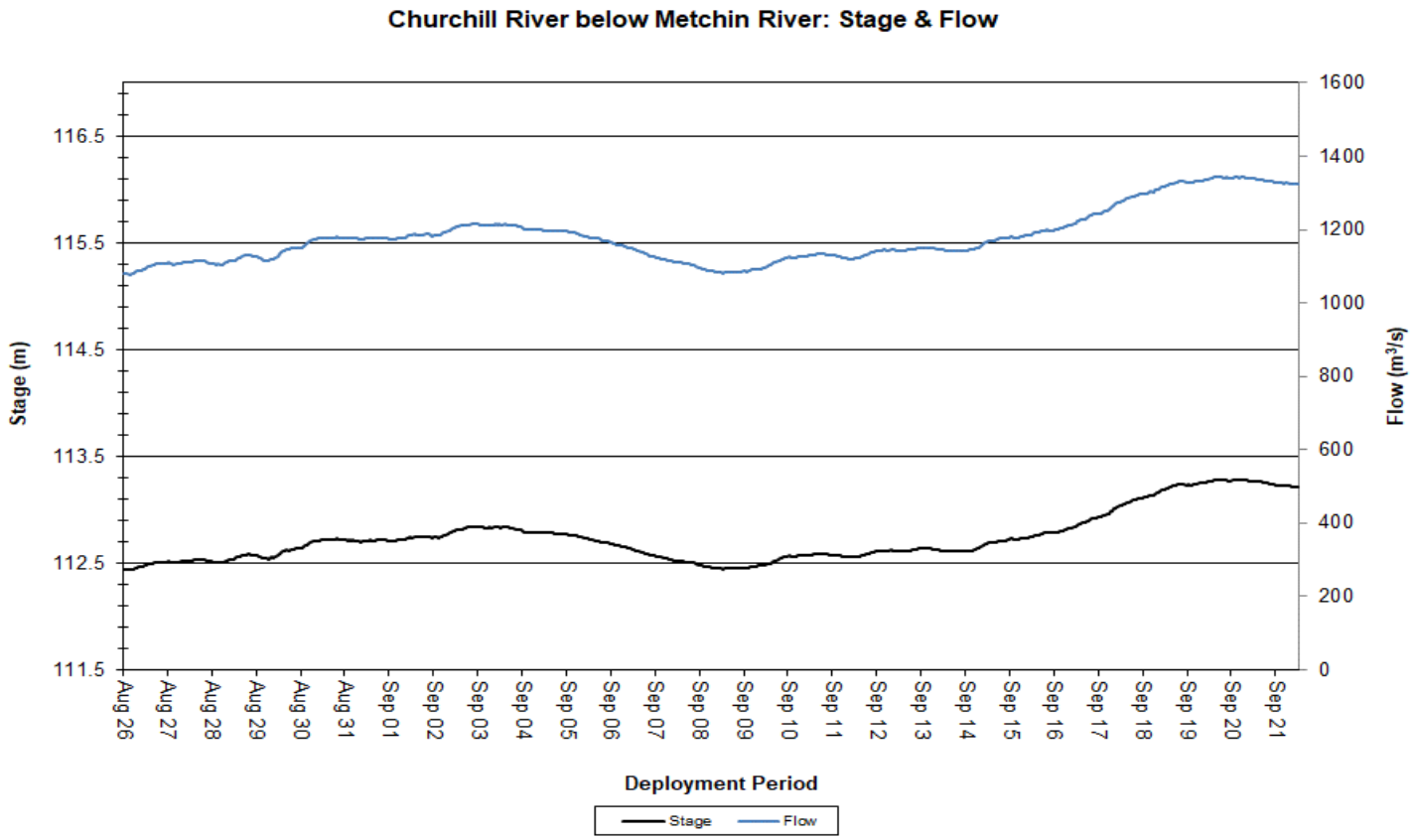

Figure 7: Stage & Flow at Churchill River below Metchin River

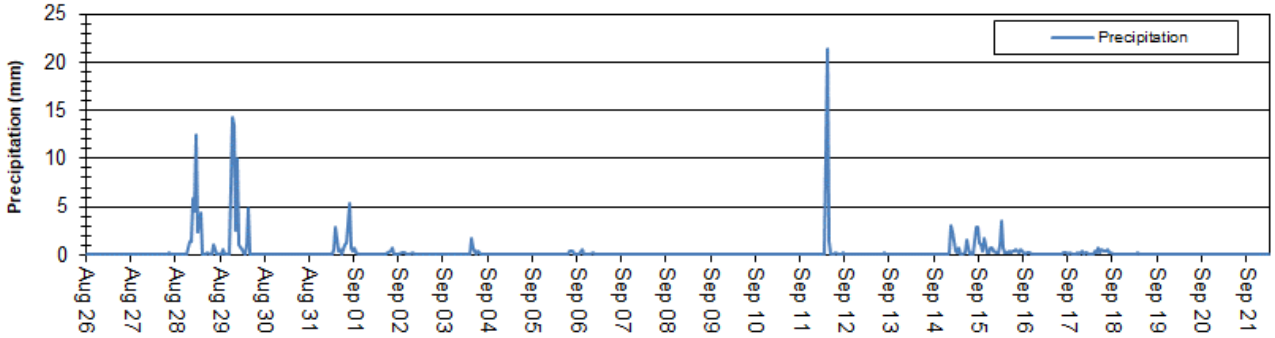

Figure 8: Precipitation at Churchill River below Metchin River

Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids

Water Temperature

- Over the deployment period, water temperature ranged from 13.7°C to 18.1°C, with a median value of 16.4°C (Figure 9). Air temperature data was obtained from the Metchin River near TLH Weather Station.
- Water temperature slowly decreased across the deployment period. This trend is to be expected as air temperatures also decreased through September. Water temperature data exhibits a diurnal pattern, and closely correlates with ambient air temperatures.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

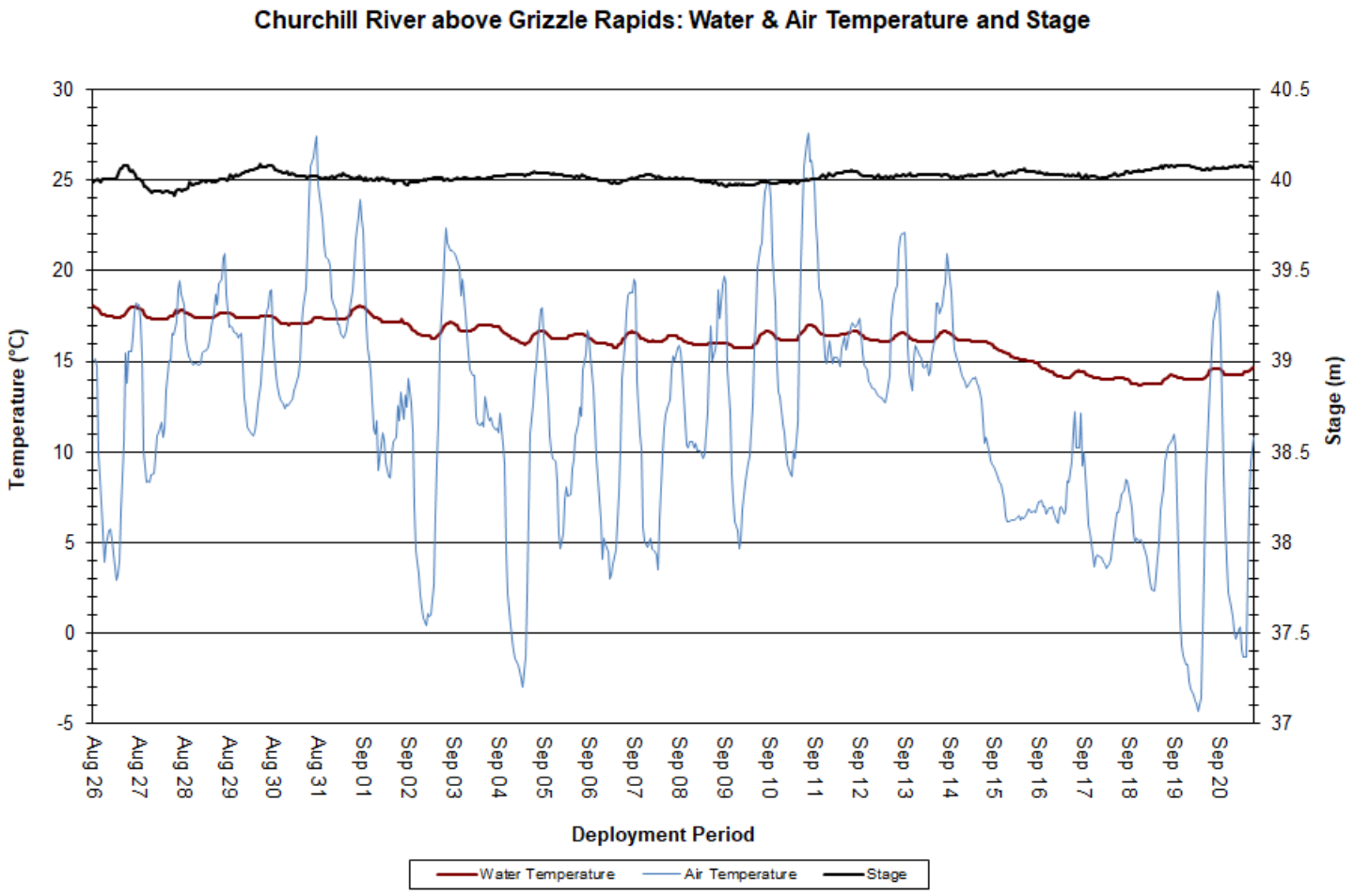

Figure 9: Water and Air Temperature & Stage at Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids

pH

- Over the deployment period, pH values ranged from 7.00 pH units to 7.27 pH units, with a median value of 7.12 (Figure 10).
- pH values were quite stable and remained within the CCME's Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life for the duration of deployment.
- Photosynthesis uses up hydrogen molecules; this causes the concentration of hydrogen ions to decrease, which in turn causes pH to increase. For this reason, pH may be higher during daylight hours and during the growing season when photosynthesis is at a maximum. This is illustrated by the diurnal fluctuations in pH values (Figure 10).
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

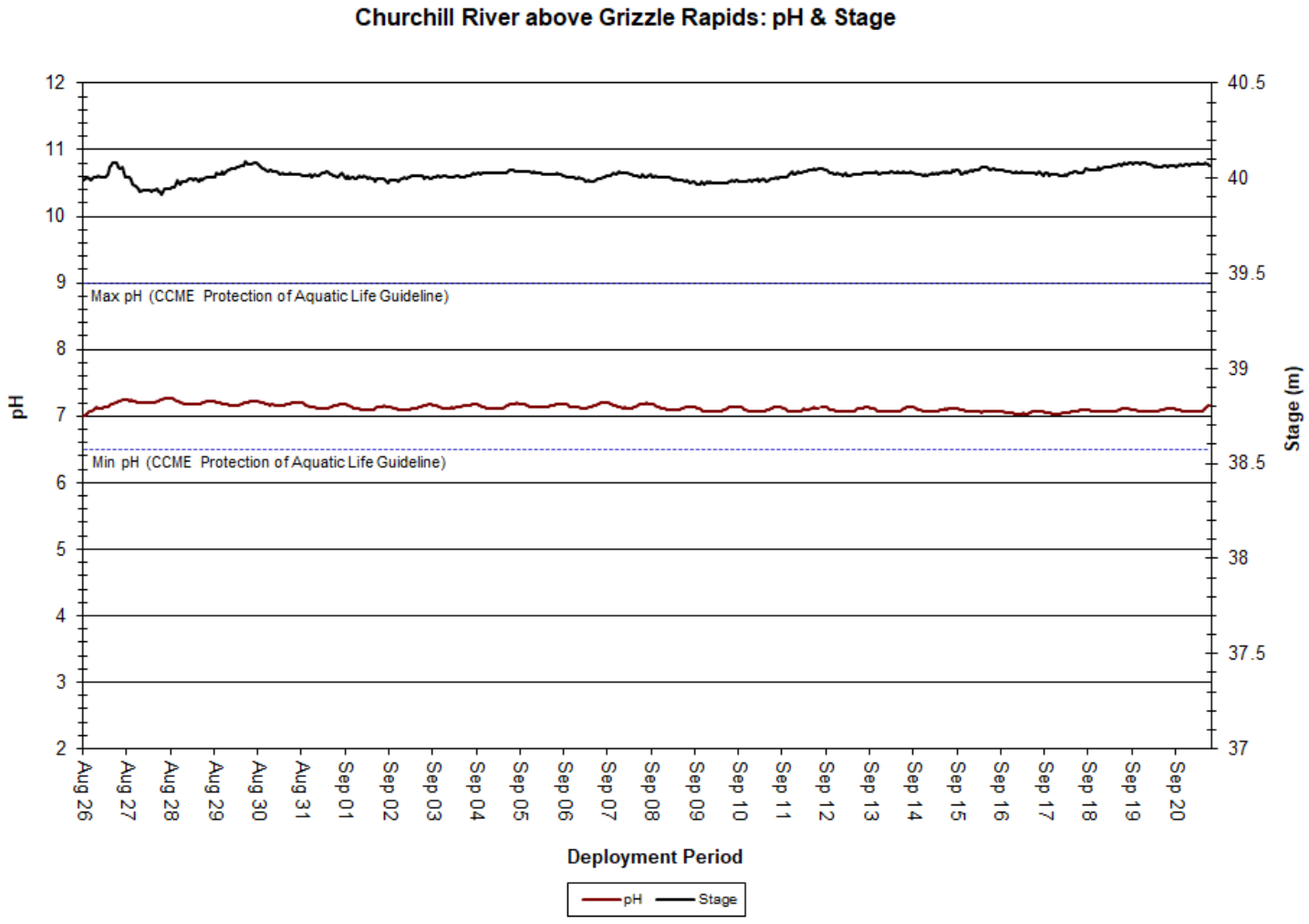

Figure 10: pH & Stage at Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids

Specific Conductivity

- Over the deployment period, specific conductivity ranged from 19.0µS/cm to 21.6µS/cm, with a median of 20.1µS/cm (Figure 11).
- The relationship between conductivity and stage is generally inversed. When stage levels increase, specific conductivity levels generally decrease as the increased amount of water in the river system dilutes solids that are present. This relationship is only somewhat evident in the graph below, likely because this station is located at a deep and wide section of the Churchill River and other factors in the water column influence conductivity levels.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

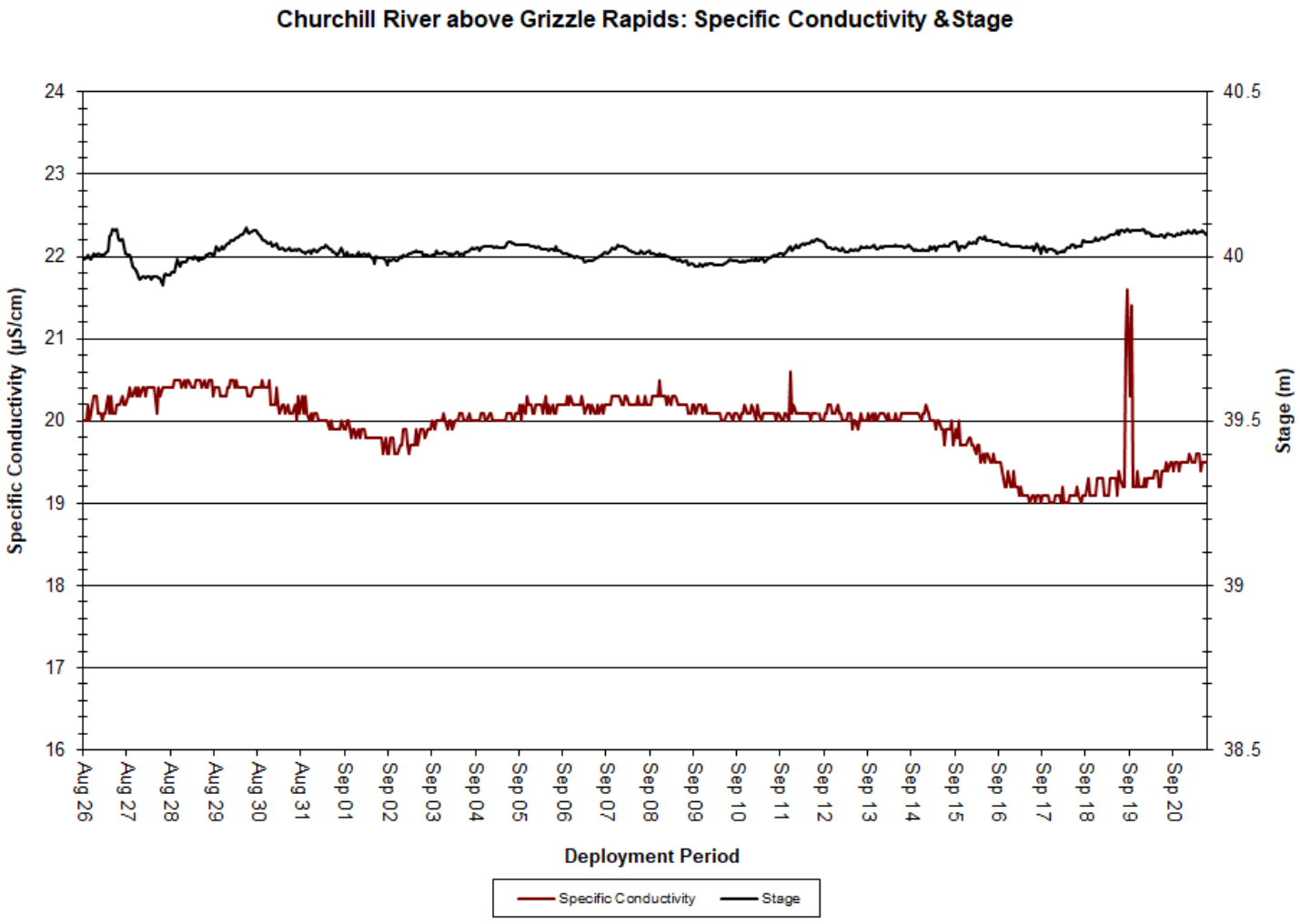

Figure 11: Specific Conductivity & Stage at Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids

Dissolved Oxygen

- Over the deployment period, dissolved oxygen content ranged from 8.92mg/L to 9.74mg/L, with a median value of 9.23mg/L. Saturation of dissolved oxygen ranged from 92.1% saturation to 96.9% saturation, with a median value of 94.4% (Figure 12).
- There is an evident relationship between water temperature and dissolved oxygen. Over the deployment period, dissolved oxygen levels gradually increased as water temperatures decreased through September. Dissolved oxygen also follows a diurnal pattern as water temperatures rise and fall under the influence of ambient air temperatures. Generally, dissolved oxygen levels are higher in a waterbody during cooler temperatures.
- Dissolved oxygen levels were below the CCME's Guideline for the Protection of Early Life Stages for most of the deployment period, rising above the guideline on September 17th. Dissolved oxygen levels were above the CCME's Guideline for the Protection of Other Life Stages for the duration of deployment.

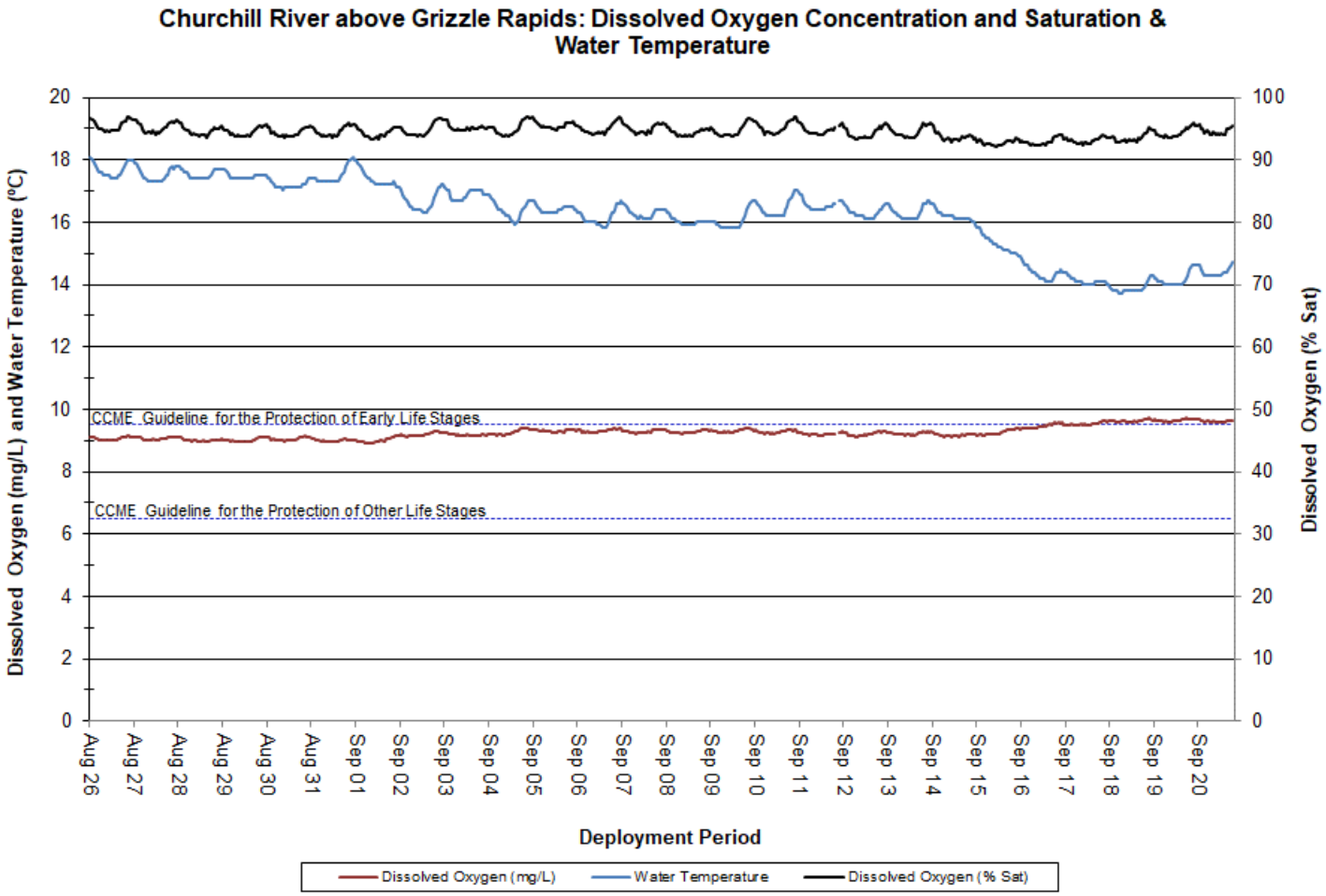

Figure 12: Dissolved Oxygen & Water Temperature at Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids

Turbidity

- Over the deployment period, turbidity ranged from 0.0NTU to 13.2NTU, with a median value of 0.0NTU (Figure 13). A median value of 0.0NTU indicates a very low level of natural background turbidity in the waterbody. Precipitation data was obtained from the Metchin River near TLH Weather Station.
- Turbidity spikes observed over the deployment period somewhat correlate with precipitation events (Figure 13). This station is located at a wide and deep section of the Churchill River and therefore turbidity levels are likely less susceptible to precipitation events as compared to other areas. Turbidity levels returned to background levels following each observed increase.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

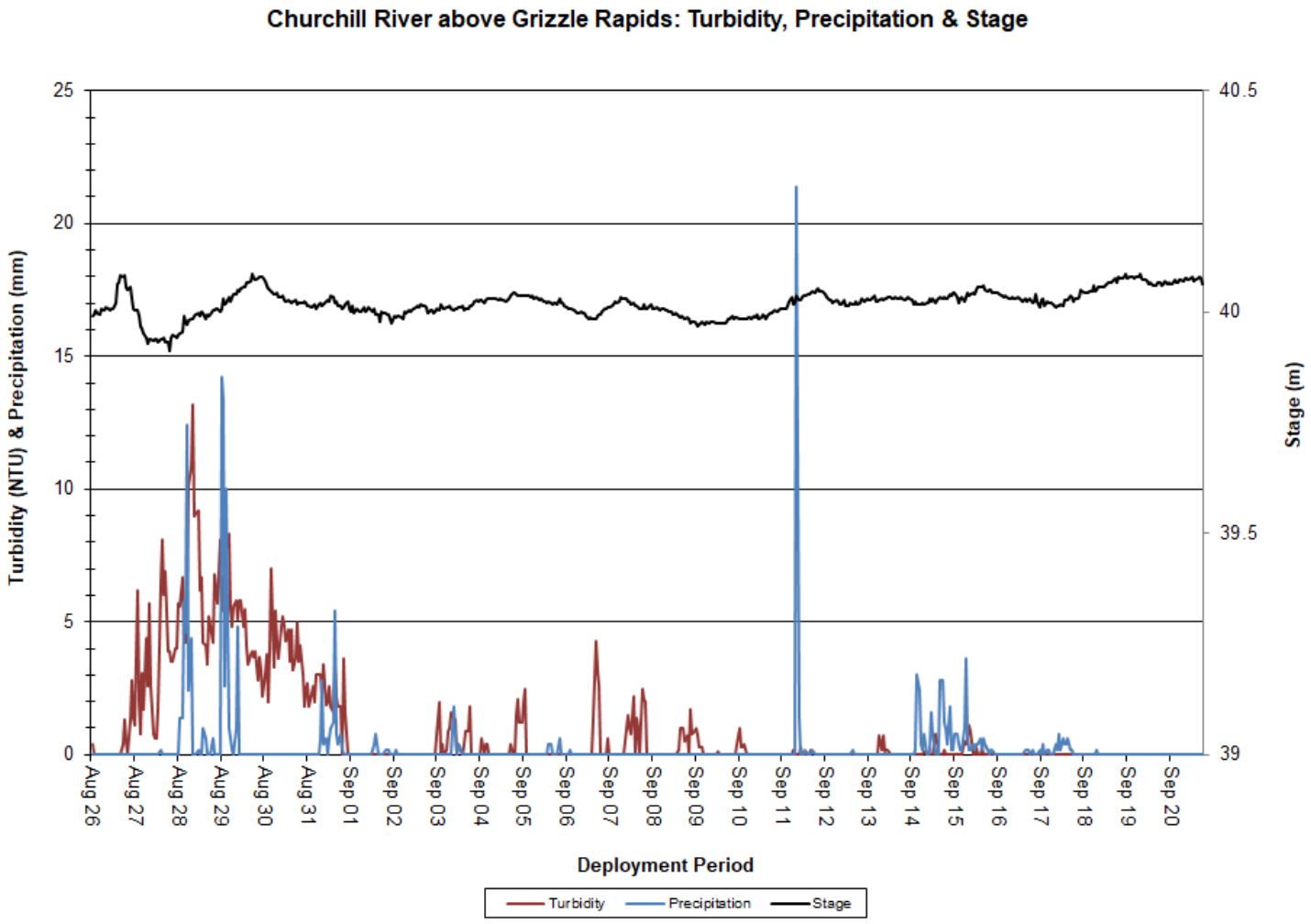

Figure 13: Turbidity, Precipitation & Stage at Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids

Stage

- Over the deployment period, stage ranged from 39.913m to 40.086m, with a median value of 40.021m (Figure 14). Precipitation data was obtained from the Metchin River near TLH Weather Station.
- Stage was quite stable across the deployment period, with precipitation events often correlating with slight increases in stage (Figure 14).
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

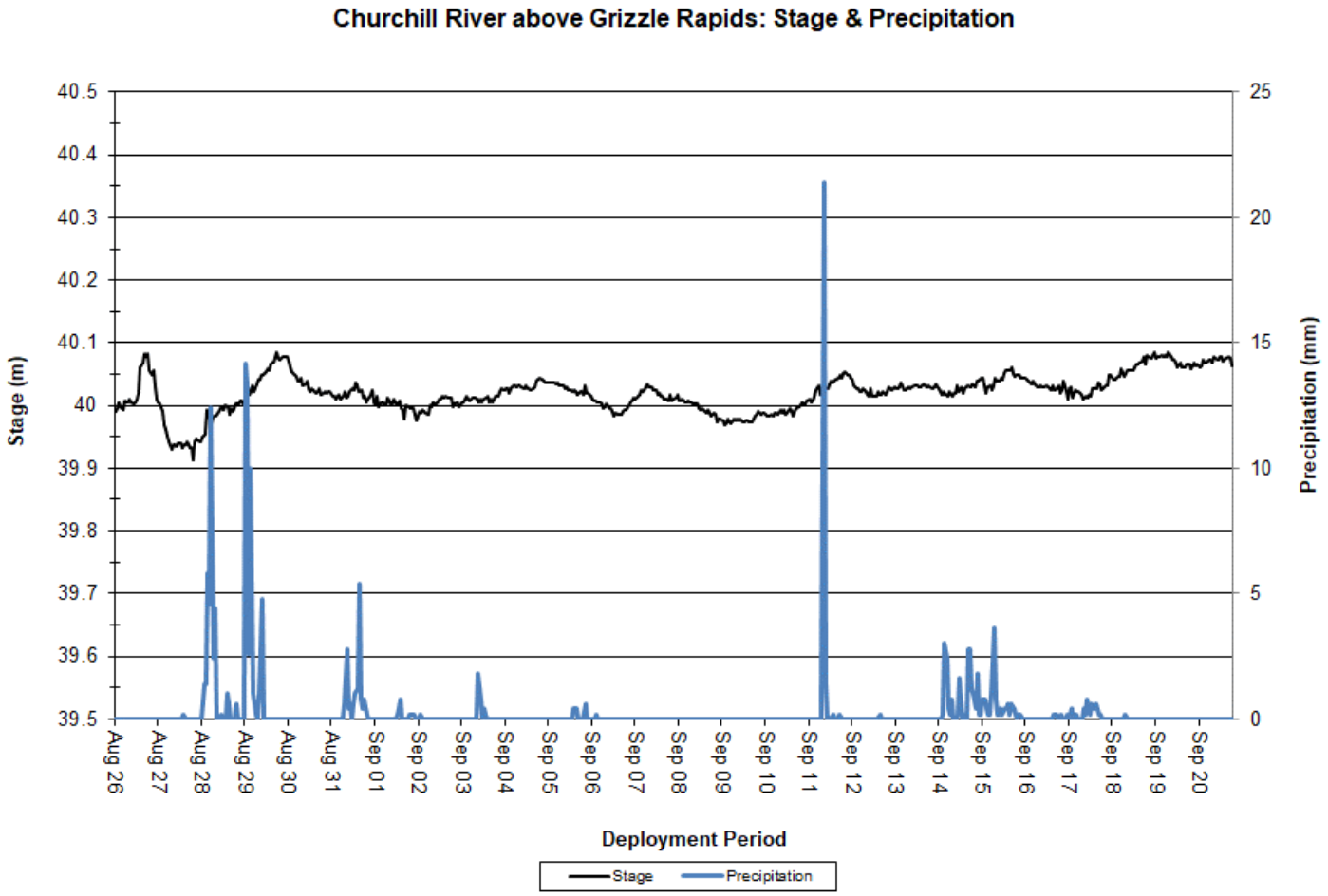

Figure 14: Stage & Precipitation at Churchill River above Grizzle Rapids

Churchill River below Muskrat Falls

Water Temperature

- Over the deployment period, water temperature ranged from 13.5°C to 18.2°C, with a median value of 16.5°C (Figure 15). Air temperature data was obtained from the Churchill River at End of Mud Lake Road Weather Station.
- Water temperature slowly decreased over the course of the deployment period. This is to be expected as ambient air temperatures also decreased through September.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

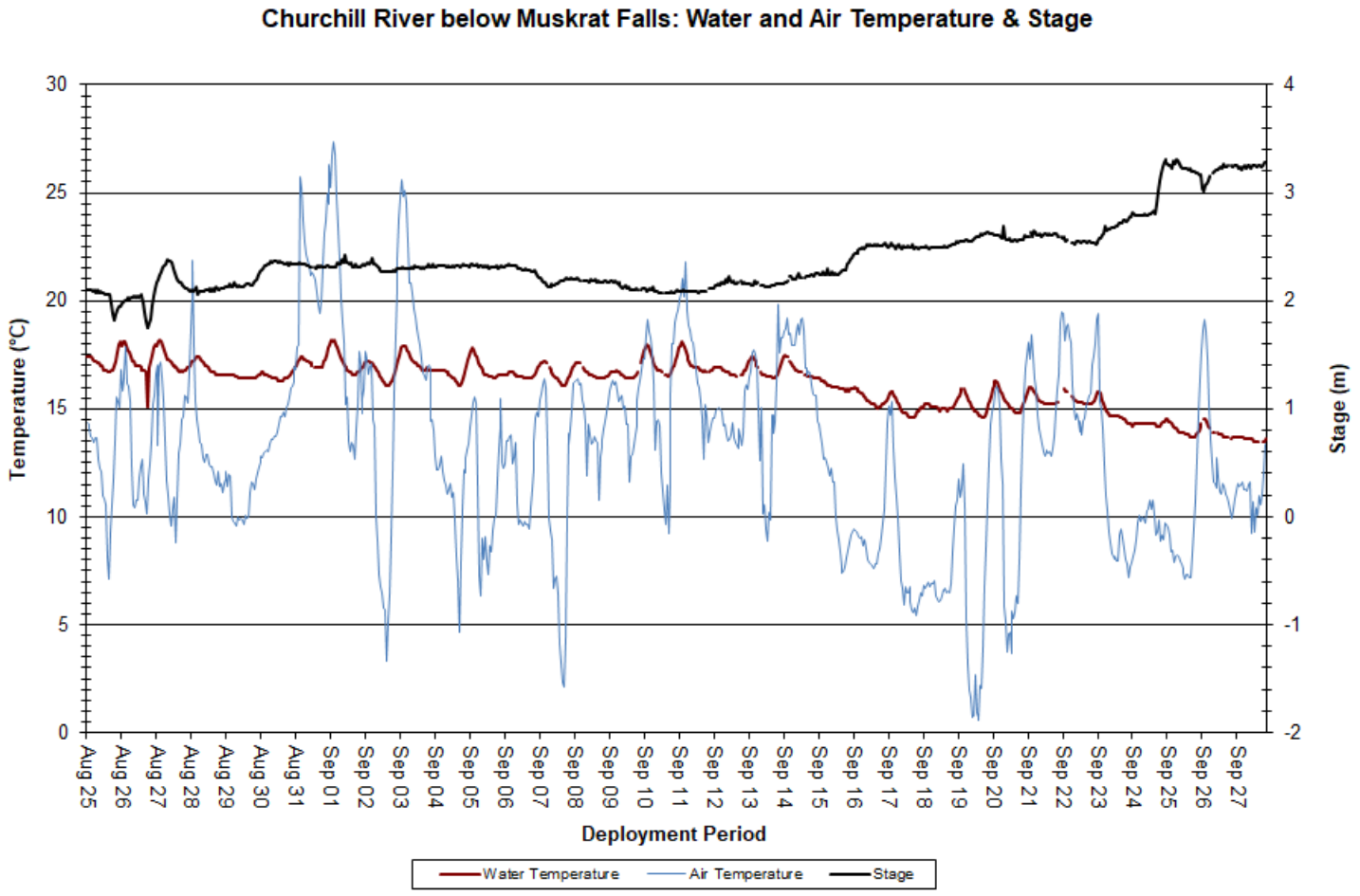

Figure 15: Water and Air Temperature & Stage at Churchill River below Muskrat Falls

pH

- Over the deployment period, pH ranged from 6.54 pH units to 7.00 pH units, with a median value of 6.83 (Figure 16).
- pH values were quite stable over the course of deployment, and remained within the CCME's Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life for the duration of the deployment period (Figure 16).
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

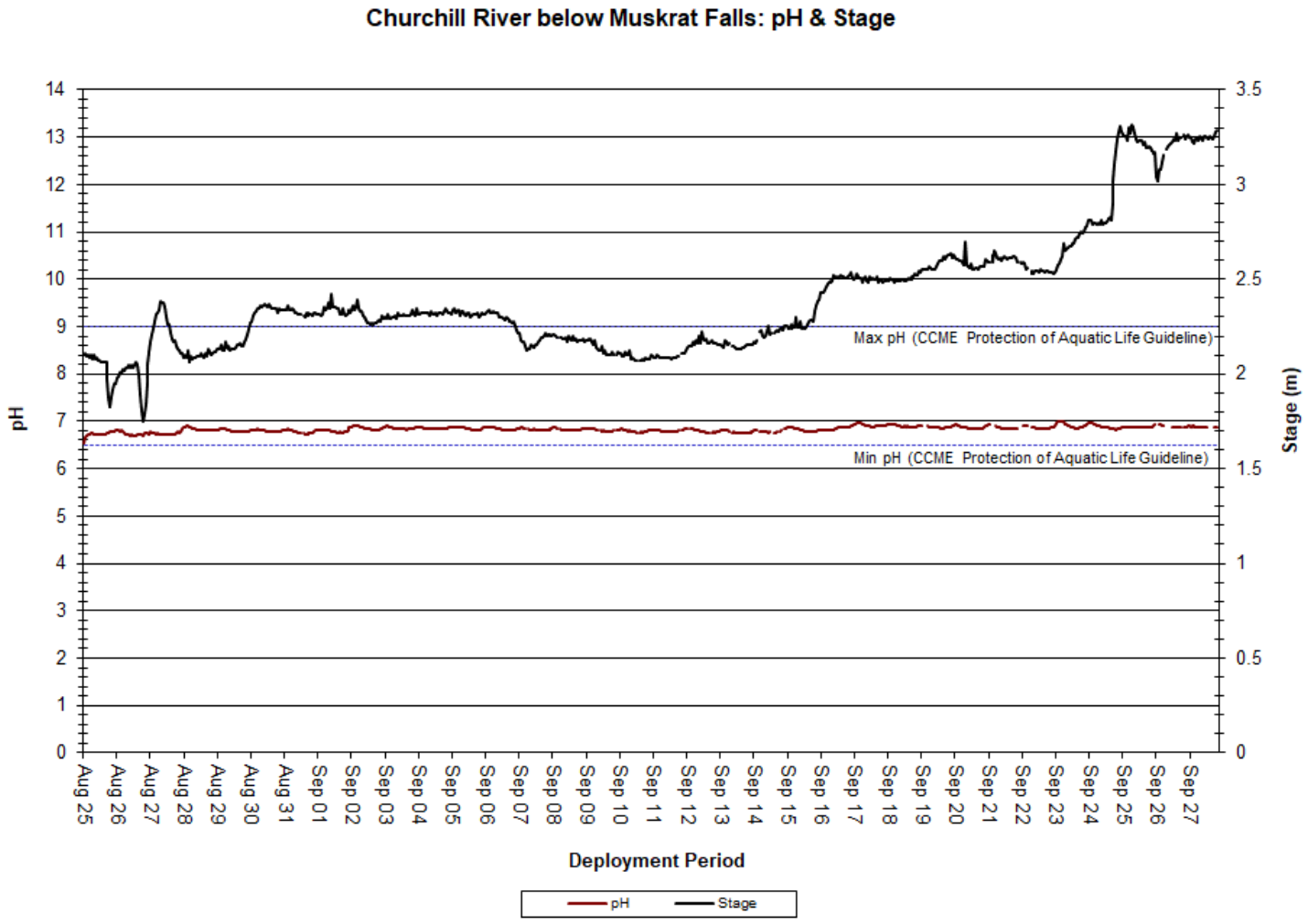

Figure 16: pH & Stage at Churchill River below Muskrat Falls

Specific Conductivity

- Over the deployment period, specific conductivity ranged from 18.5µS/cm to 21.1µS/cm, with a median value of 20.1µS/cm (Figure 17).
- The relationship between conductivity and stage is generally inversed. When stage decreases, specific conductivity increases as the decreased amount of water in the river system concentrates solids that are present, and vice versa. This relationship is only somewhat evident in the graph below, likely because this station is located at a deep and wide section of the Churchill River and other factors in the water column influence conductivity levels (Figure 17).
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

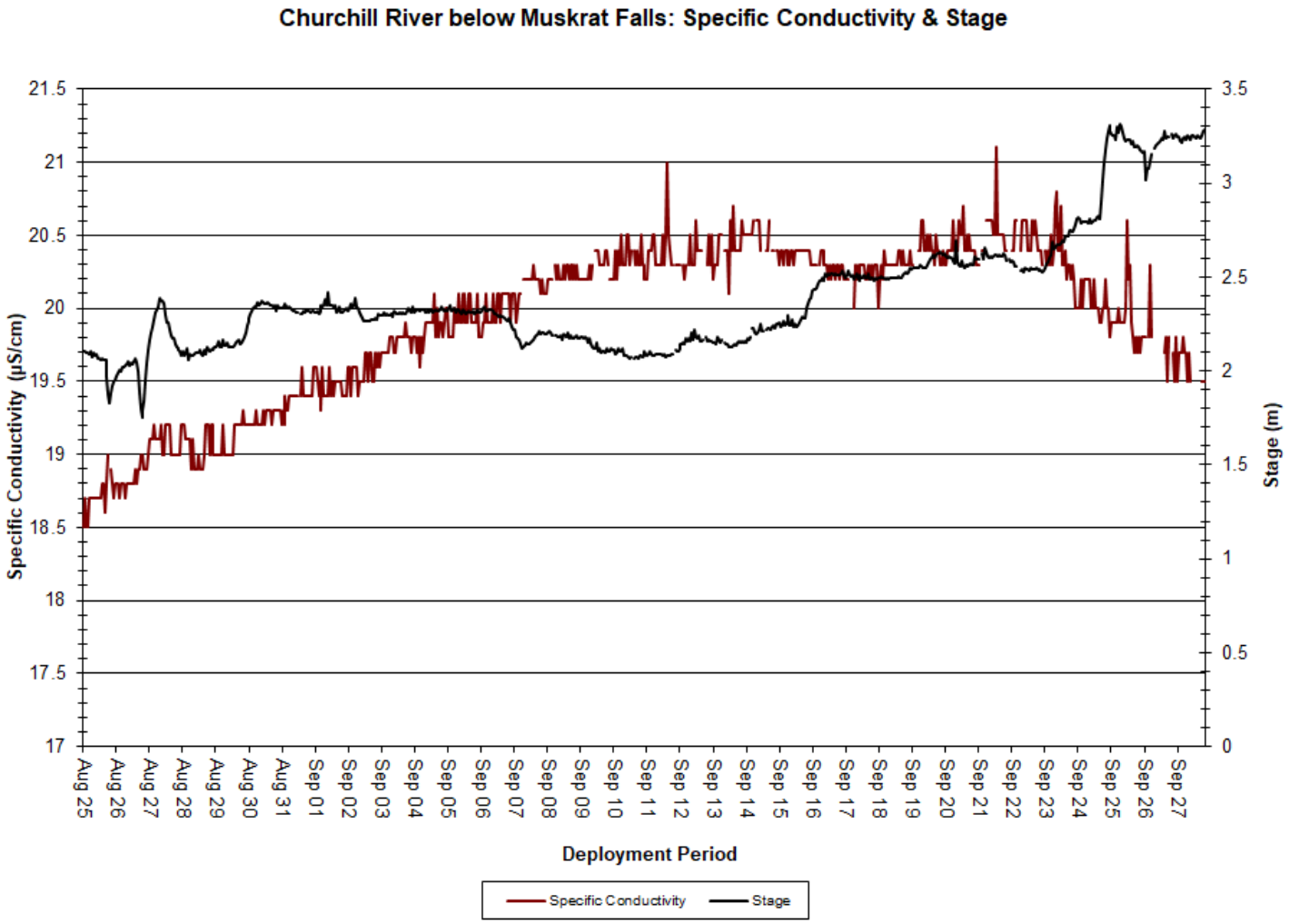

Figure 17: Specific Conductivity & Stage at Churchill River below Muskrat Falls

Dissolved Oxygen

- Over the deployment period, dissolved oxygen concentration ranged from 8.47mg/L to 9.78mg/L, with a median value of 8.83mg/L. Saturation of dissolved oxygen ranged from 87.0% to 95.9%, with a median value of 90.7% (Figure 18).
- Dissolved oxygen and water temperature exhibit an inverse relationship: as one parameter increases, the other decreases, and vice versa. Dissolved oxygen levels very slowly increased over the course of deployment. This is to be expected since water temperatures were slowly decreasing over the same period. Dissolved oxygen also follows a diurnal pattern as water temperatures rise and fall under the influence of ambient air temperatures.
- Dissolved oxygen levels were below the CCME's Guidelines for the Protection of Early Life Stages for the majority of deployment until the very end of September. Dissolved oxygen levels were above the CCME's Guidelines for the Protection of Other Life Stages for the duration of the deployment period.

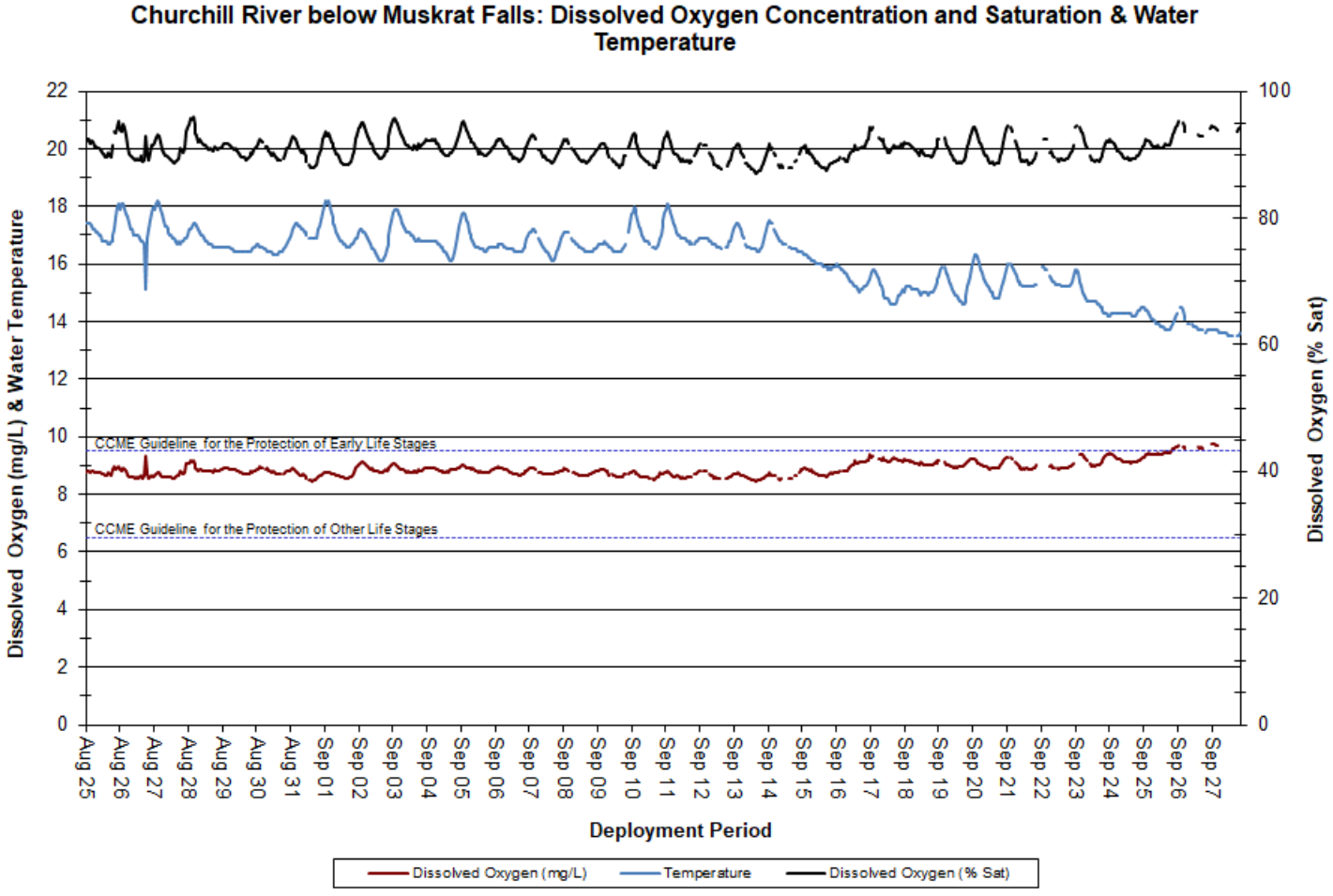

Figure 18: Dissolved Oxygen & Water Temperature at Churchill River below Muskrat Falls

Turbidity

- Over the deployment period, turbidity ranged from 0 NTU to 9.4 NTU, with a median value of 0 NTU. A median value of 0 NTU indicates a very small amount of natural background turbidity in the waterbody, which is typical of this station. Precipitation data was obtained from the Churchill River at End of Mud Lake Road Weather Station.
- There was limited correlation between turbidity events and precipitation events across the deployment period (Figure 19). Turbidity levels are often quite variable at this station, and do not always correlate with precipitation events given that this station is located on a wide and deep section of the Churchill River.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

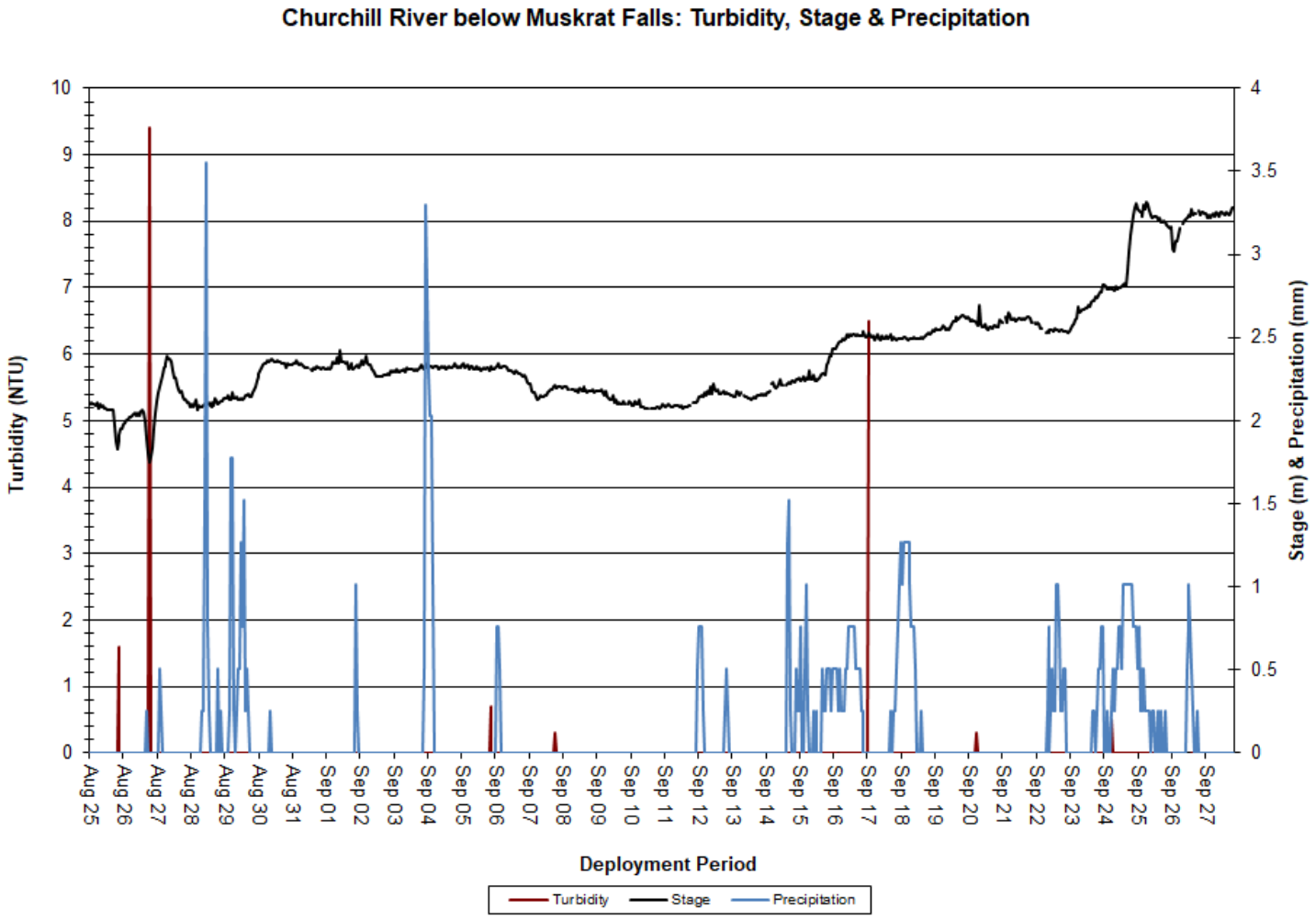

Figure 19: Turbidity, Precipitation & Stage at Churchill River below Muskrat Falls

Stage & Flow

- Over the deployment period, stage ranged from 1.751m to 3.315m, with a median value of 2.316m. Flow ranged from 829.312m^3/s to 2359.307m^3/s, with a median value of 1314.158m^3/s (Figure 20). Precipitation data was obtained from the Churchill River at End of Mud Lake Road Weather Station.
- Stage and flow were variable but increasing over the course of deployment, and somewhat correlated with precipitation events. This is partly related to the fact that this station is located on a very wide section of the Churchill River and therefore is not as easily influenced by smaller precipitation events. Stage and flow at this station are also influenced by upstream activities at the Muskrat Falls hydroelectric project.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

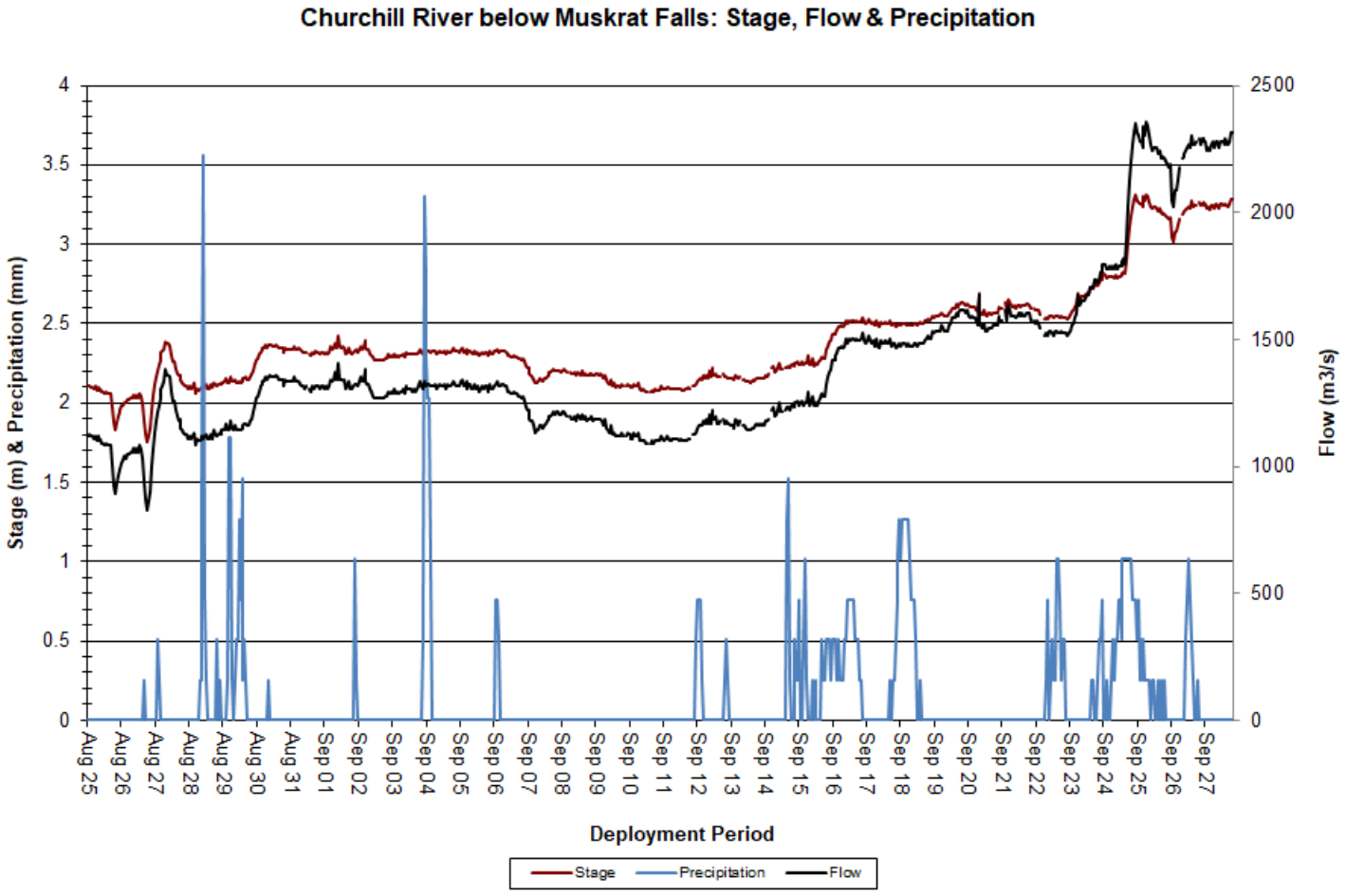

Figure 20: Stage, Flow & Precipitation at Churchill River below Muskrat Falls

Churchill River at English Point

Water Temperature

- Water temperature ranged from 11.4°C to 19.4°C, with a median value of 16.3°C (Figure 21). Air temperature data was obtained from the Churchill River at End of Mud Lake Road Weather Station.
- Water temperature decreased slowly across the deployment period. Water temperatures closely correlated with ambient air temperatures, which followed a similar trend across the same period.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

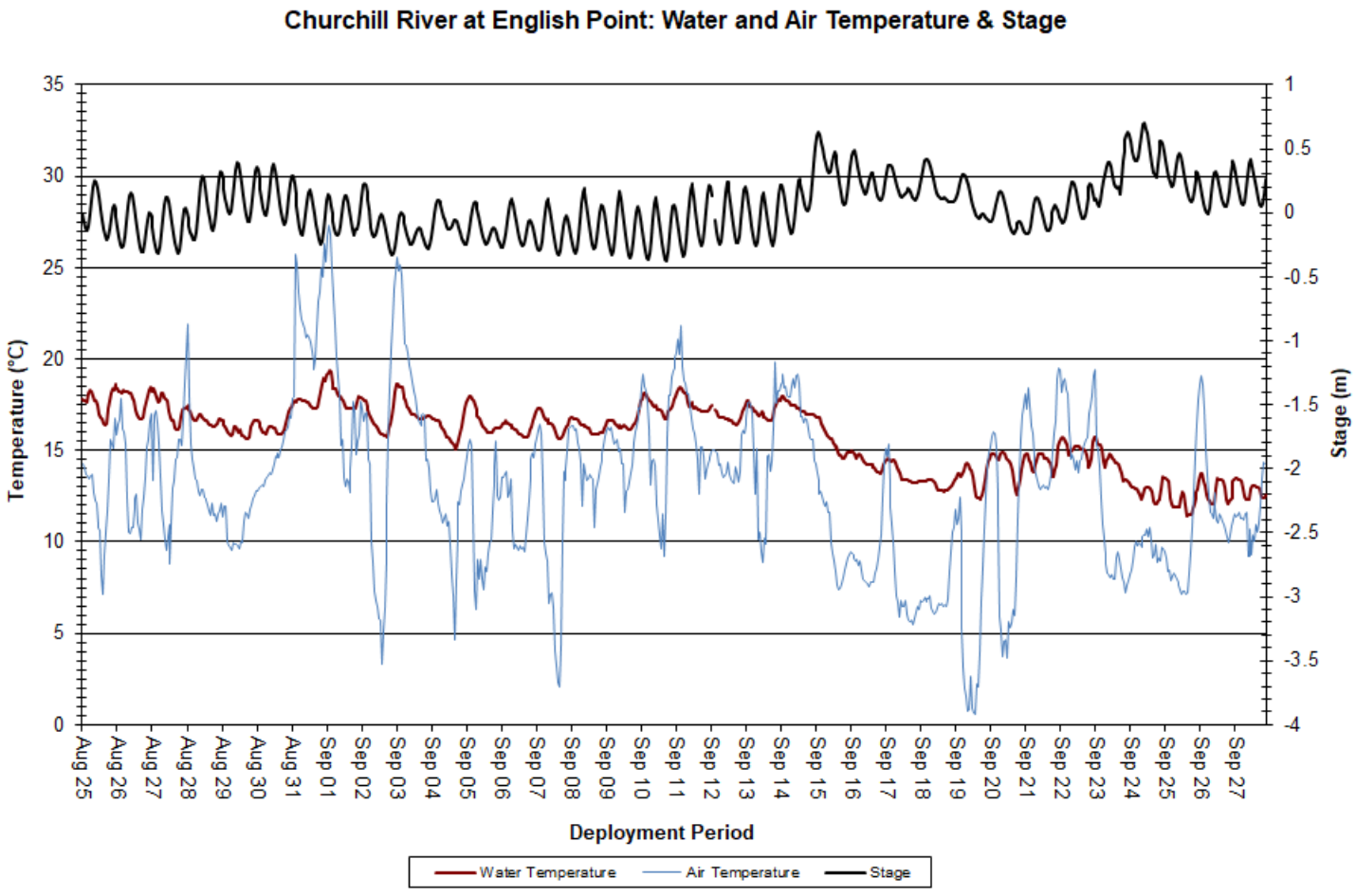

Figure 21: Water and Air Temperature & Stage at Churchill River at English Point

pH

- Over the deployment period, pH ranged from 6.64 pH units to 7.28 pH units, with a median value of 6.88 (Figure 22).
- pH values were relatively stable over the course of deployment. pH values were within the CCME's Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life for the duration of deployment.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

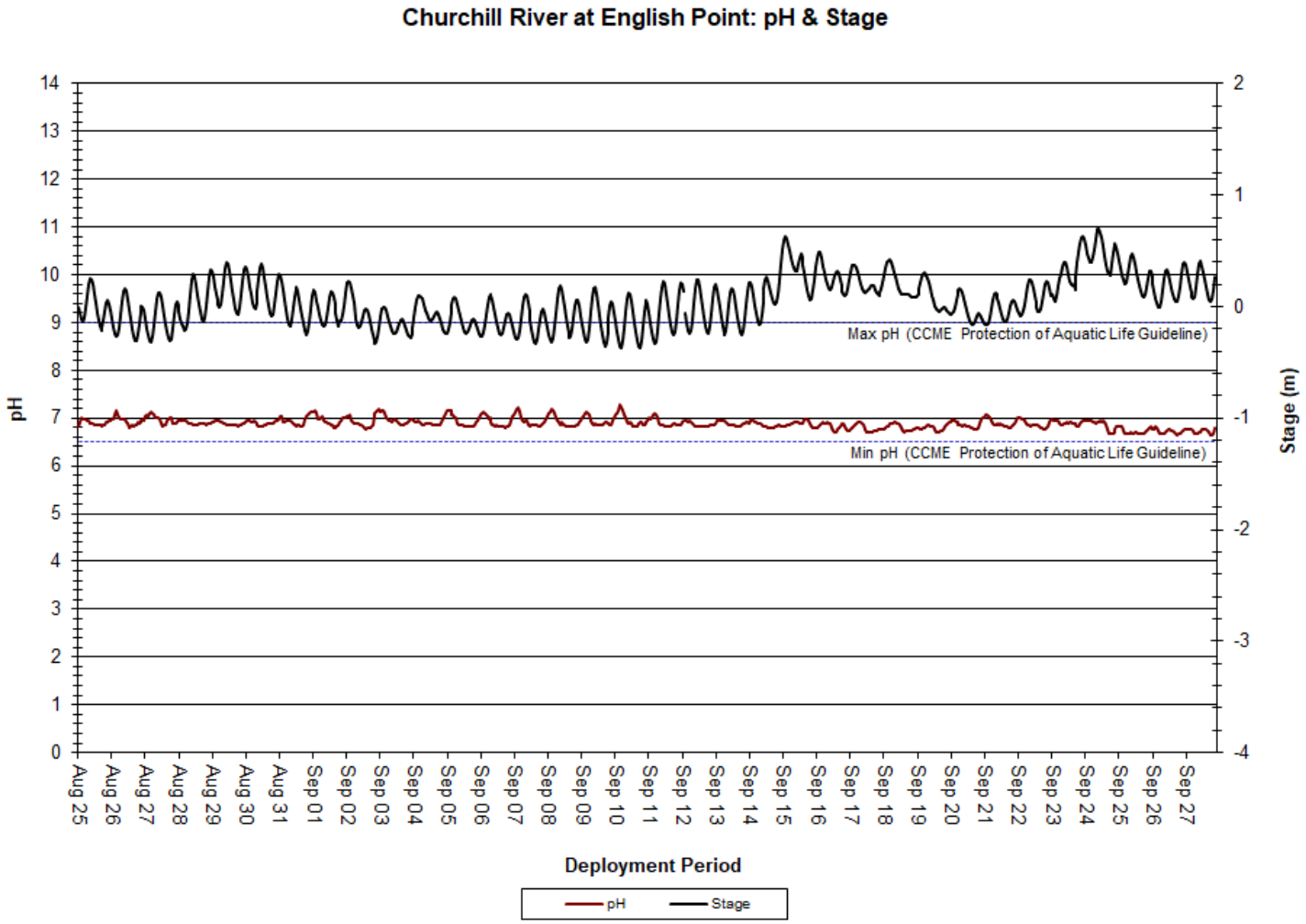

Figure 22: pH & Stage at Churchill River at English Point

Specific Conductivity

- Over the deployment period, specific conductivity ranged from 19.3µS/cm to 46.1µs/cm, with a median value of 29.2µS/cm (Figure 23).
- Specific conductivity fluctuates considerably at this location due to the tidal influences of the Atlantic Ocean on Lake Melville. As the tide comes in, specific conductivity increases as dissolved solids and salinity increase, and vice versa as the tide goes out. This increase and decrease in specific conductivity and stage occurs twice daily. This pattern is generally consistent throughout the deployment period (Figure 23).
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

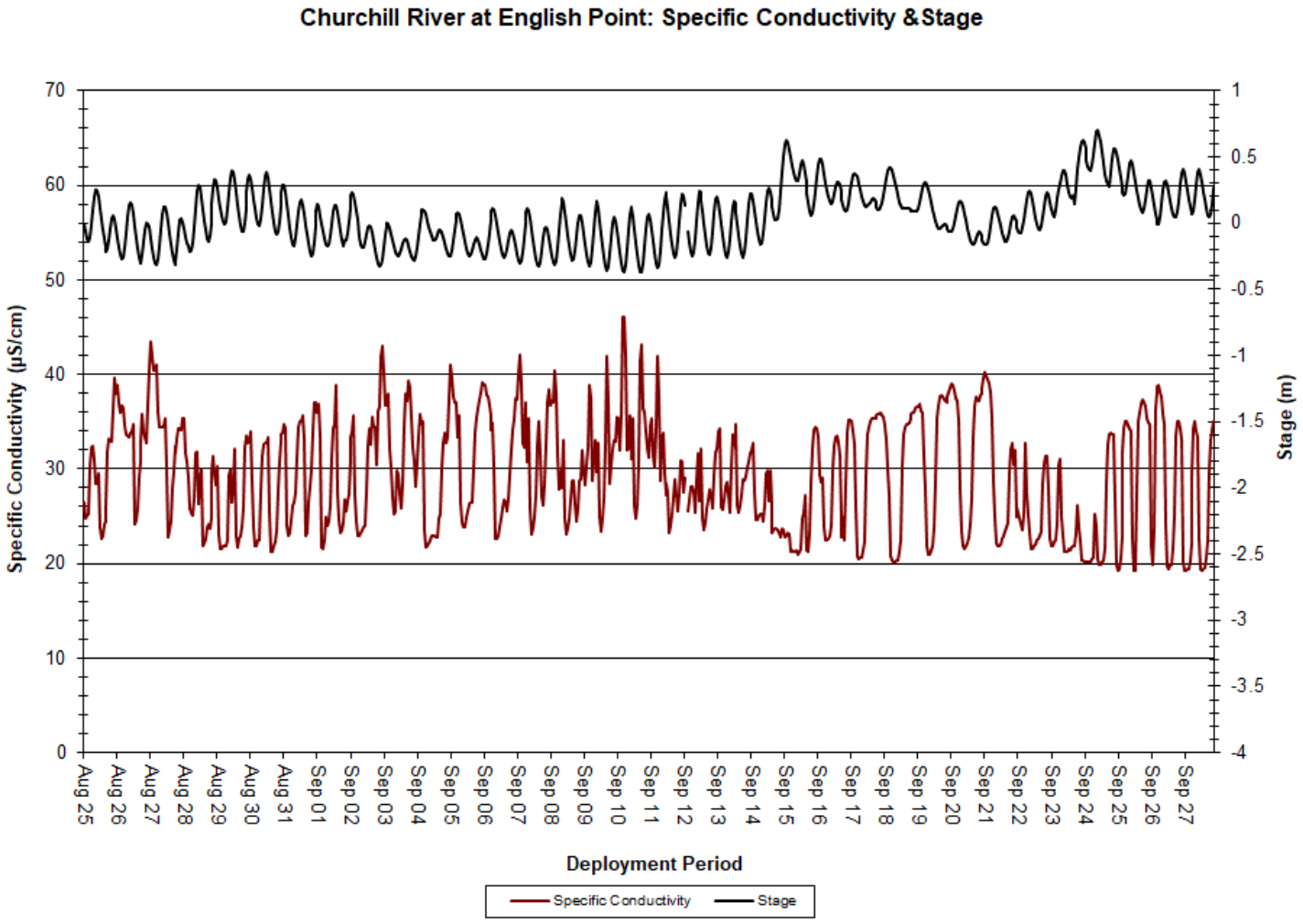

Figure 23: Specific Conductivity & Stage at Churchill River at English Point

Dissolved Oxygen

- Over the deployment period, dissolved oxygen concentration ranged from 8.48mg/L to 9.90mg/L, with a median value of 9.05mg/L. Saturation of dissolved oxygen ranged from 83.3% to 104.6% saturation, with a median value of 90.9% (Figure 24).
- There is an evident relationship between water temperature and dissolved oxygen. As water temperatures decreased over the deployment period, dissolved oxygen levels increased. Dissolved oxygen levels also follow a diurnal pattern as water temperatures rise and fall under the influence of ambient air temperatures. Generally, dissolved oxygen levels are higher in a waterbody during cooler temperatures.
- Dissolved oxygen levels were below the CCME's Guideline for the Protection of Early Life Stages for the majority of deployment; instances where levels rose above the guideline correlated closely with colder water temperatures. Dissolved oxygen levels were above the CCME's Guidelines for the Protection of Other Life Stages for the duration of deployment (Figure 24).

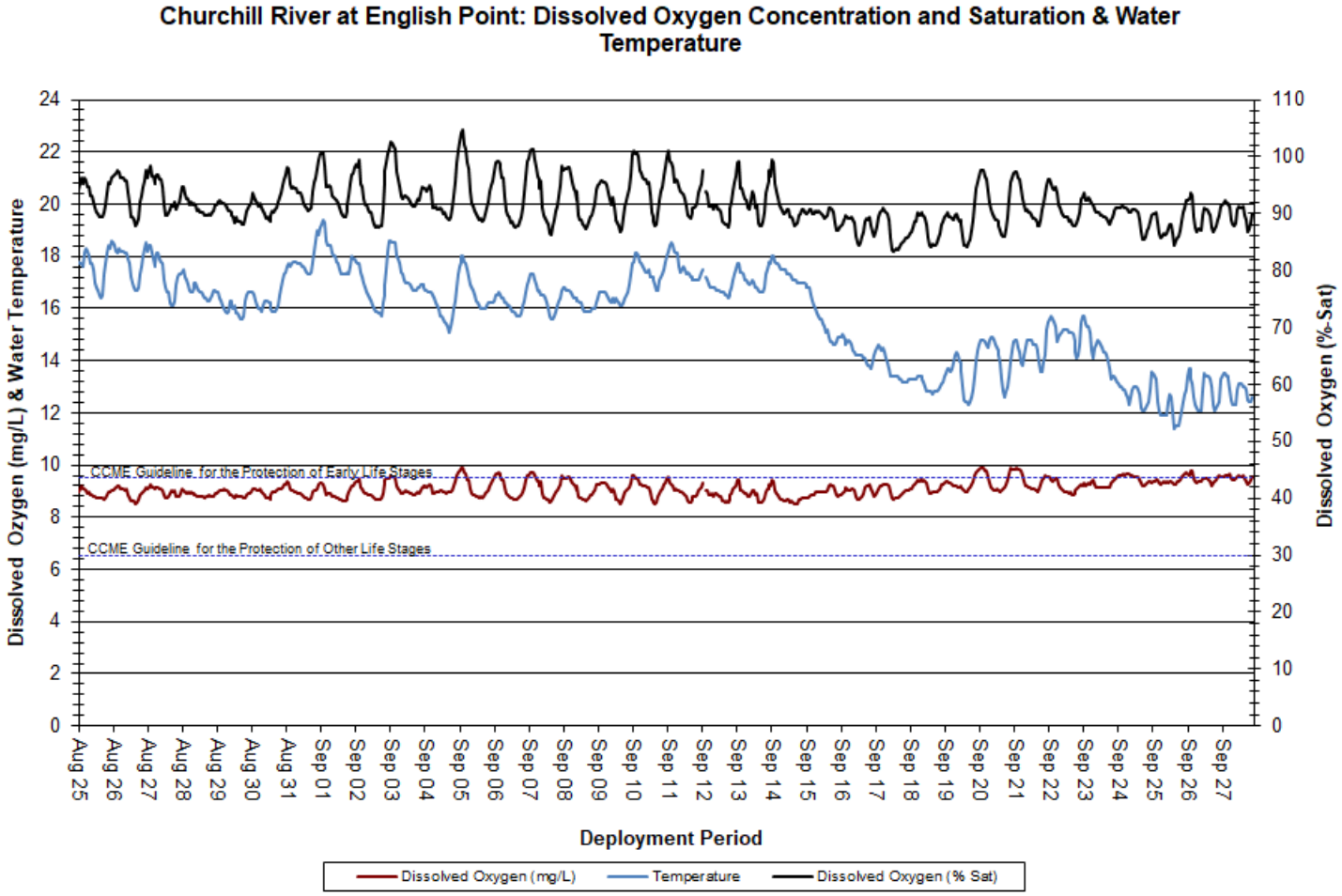

Figure 24: Dissolved Oxygen & Water Temperature at Churchill River at English Point

Turbidity

- Over the deployment period, turbidity ranged from 0.7 NTU to 85.1 NTU, with a median value of 4.4 NTU (Figure 25). A median value of 4.4 NTU indicates a low level of background turbidity; this is to be expected considering the sandy river bed and tidal influences present at this station. Precipitation data was obtained from the Churchill River at End of Mud Lake Road Weather Station.
- Turbidity events often correlate with precipitation events, as these can increase the presence of suspended material in water. High winds and tidal influences also contribute to turbidity events at this station by disturbing sediment from the river bed (Figure 25). Wind speed data was obtained from the Churchill River at End of Mud Lake Road Weather Station.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

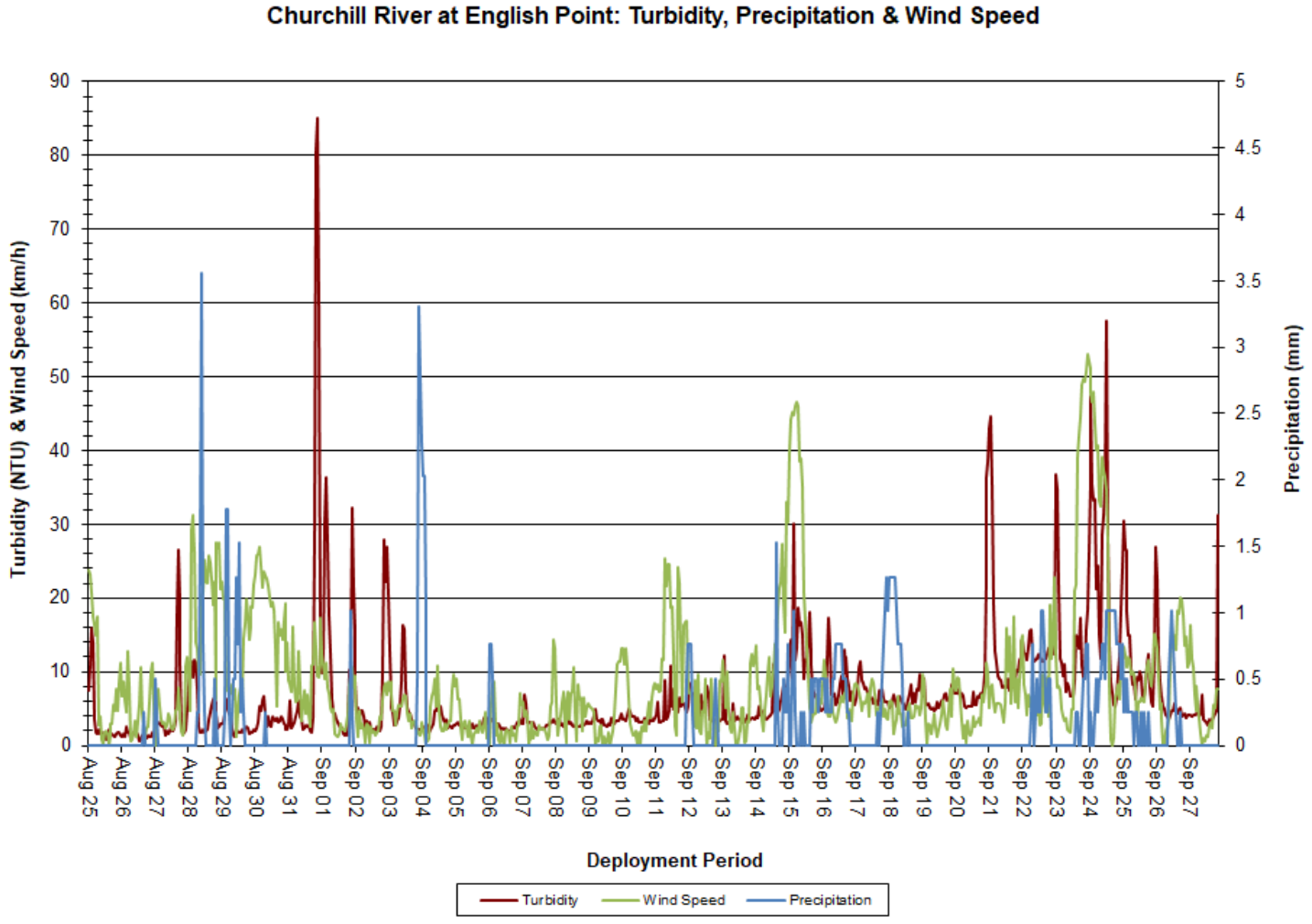

Figure 25: Turbidity, Precipitation & Wind Speed at Churchill River at English Point

Stage

- Over the deployment period, stage ranged from -0.372m to 0.699m, with a median value of 0.039m (Figure 26). Precipitation data was obtained from the Churchill River at End of Mud Lake Road Weather Station.
- Stage fluctuates considerably at this location due to the tidal influences of the Atlantic Ocean. This pattern is consistent over the deployment period. Increases in stage often correlate with precipitation events.
- Water Survey of Canada (Environment and Climate Change Canada) is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

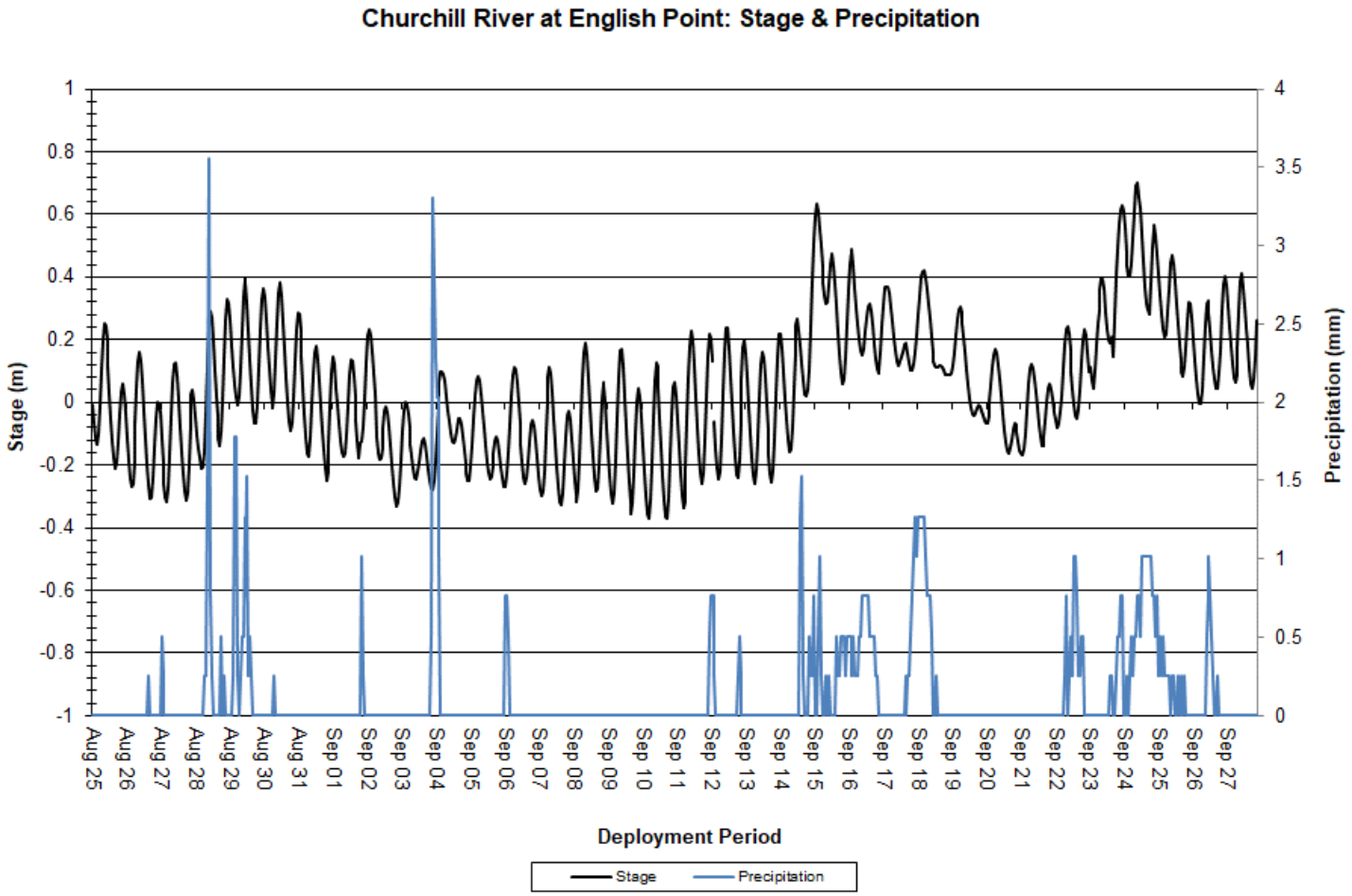

Figure 26: Stage & Precipitation at Churchill River at English Point

Conclusions

- Instruments at four water quality monitoring stations on the Lower Churchill River were deployed from August 25/26 through September 21/28, 2022.
- Water temperature decreased steadily at all stations over the course of deployment. This is to be expected based on ambient air temperature trends during the same period through August and September.
- pH was relatively stable at all stations over the course of deployment. pH was within the CCME's Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life for the duration of deployment at all stations.
- Specific conductivity was generally stable over the course of deployment at all stations. Since English Point is influenced by tides in Lake Melville, specific conductivity values at the Churchill River at English Point station had a much wider range, which is comparable to other deployments at this location.
- Dissolved oxygen levels slowly increased over the course of deployment at all stations as water temperatures decreased into the fall. Dissolved oxygen levels are generally higher in water at cooler temperatures. Dissolved oxygen levels eventually rose above the CCME's Guideline for the Protection of Early Life Stages at some point during deployment at all stations. Dissolved oxygen levels were above the CCME's Guideline for the Protection of Other Life Stages for the duration of deployment at all stations.
- Turbidity events occurred at all stations and were generally related to precipitation, wind or tidal events. In all cases, turbidity values returned to background levels following each observed event.

References

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Swenson, H.A., and Baldwin, H.L. (1965). A Primer on Water Quality, U.S. Geological Survey. Available at: https://pubs.usgs.gov/gip/7000057/report.pdf [Accessed November 23, 2022].

United States Geological Survey. (2017). Water properties: Dissolved oxygen [Online]. Available at: https://water.usgs.gov/edu/dissolvedoxygen.html [Accessed November 23, 2022].

APPENDIX A

Water Parameter Description

Water Parameter Description

Dissolved Oxygen - The amount of Dissolved Oxygen (DO) (mg/l or % saturation) in the water is vital to aquatic organisms for their survival. The concentration of DO is affected by such things as water temperature, water depth and flow (e.g., aeration by rapids, riffles etc.), consumption by aerobic organisms, consumption by inorganic chemical reactions, consumption by plants during darkness, and production by plants during the daylight (USGS, 2017).

Flow - Flow (m3/s) is a measure of how quickly a volume of water is displaced in streams, rivers, and other channels.

pH - pH is a measure of the relative amount of free hydrogen and hydroxyl ions in water. pH is an important indicator of chemically changing water, and determines the solubility and biological availability of nutrients and heavy metals in the water (USGS, 2017).

Specific conductivity - Specific conductivity (µs/cm) is a measure of water's ability to conduct electricity, with values normalized to a water temperature of 25°C. Specific conductance indicates the concentration of dissolved solids (such as salts) in the water, which can affect the growth and reproduction of aquatic life. Specific conductivity is affected by rainfall events, the composition of inflowing tributaries and their associated geology, saline inflow (e.g., road salt), agricultural run-off and industrial inputs (Fondriest Environmental Inc, 2016).

Stage - Stage (m) is the elevation of the water surface and is often used as a surrogate for the more difficult to measure flow.

Temperature - Essential to the measurement of most water quality parameters, temperature (°C) controls most aquatic processes. Water temperature is influenced by such things as ambient air temperature, solar radiation, meteorological events, industrial effluence, wastewater, inflowing tributaries, as well as water body size and depth. In turn, water temperature has an influence on the metabolic rates and biological activity of aquatic organisms (Fondriest Environmental Inc, 2016b).

Total Dissolved Solids - Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) (g/l) is a measure of alkaline salts dissolved in water or in fine suspension and can affect the growth and reproduction of aquatic life. It is affected by rainfall events, the composition of inflowing tributaries and their associated geology, saline inflow (e.g., road salt), agricultural run-off and industrial inputs (Swenson and Baldwin, 1965).

Turbidity - Turbidity (NTU) is a measure of the translucence of water and indicates the amount of suspended material in the water. Turbidity is caused by any substance that makes water cloudy (e.g., soil erosion, micro-organisms, vegetation, chemicals, etc.) and can correspond to precipitation events, high stage, and floating debris near the sensor (Swenson and Baldwin 1965).

APPENDIX B

Grab Sample Results

Bureau Veritas Job #: C2P0558
Report Date: 2022/09/13

NL Department of Environment, Climate Change and Municipalities
Client Project #: RTWQ
Site Location: LABRADOR
Your P.O. #: 220028978-6

Sample Details/Parameters	A	Result	RDL	UNITS	Extracted	Analyzed	By	Batch
TPO999 CR BELOW MR								
Sampling Date 2022/08/25 11:30								
Matrix W								
Sample # 2022-6322-00-SI-SP								
Registration # WS-0-0000								
RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF WATER								
Calculated Parameters								
Hardness (CaCO3)	-	11	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07		8200795
Nitrate (N)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09		8200796
Total dissolved solids (calc., EC)	-	13	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08		8200799
Inorganics								
Conductivity	-	23	1.0	uS/cm	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210529
Chloride (Cl-)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Bromide (Br-)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Sulphate (SO4)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Total Alkalinity (Total as CaCO3)	-	12	2.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210552
Colour	-	13	5.0	TCU	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212140
Dissolved Fluoride (F-)	-	ND	0.10	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210555
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	-	0.22	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	RTY	8208327
Nitrate + Nitrite (N)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212159
Nitrite (N)	-	ND	0.010	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212160
Nitrogen (Ammonia Nitrogen)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/12	TGO	8214884
Dissolved Organic Carbon (C)	-	3.2	0.50	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08	RSL	8209495
Total Organic Carbon (C)	-	3.4	0.50	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/02	JHH	8203557
pH	-	7.16		pH	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210547
Total Phosphorus	-	ND	0.004	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	SSV	8207749
Total Suspended Solids	-	1.0	1.0	mg/L	2022/09/01	2022/09/06	A1M	8201010
Turbidity	-	0.47	0.10	NTU	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8209396
MERCURY BY COLD VAPOUR AA (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Mercury (Hg)	-	ND	0.000013	mg/L	2022/09/02	2022/09/02	FJO	8201405
ELEMENTS BY ICP/MS (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Aluminum (Al)	-	0.027	0.0050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Antimony (Sb)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Arsenic (As)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Barium (Ba)	-	0.0079	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Boron (B)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Cadmium (Cd)	-	ND	0.000010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Calcium (Ca)	-	2.7	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Chromium (Cr)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Copper (Cu)	-	0.00052	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Iron (Fe)	-	0.11	0.050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Lead (Pb)	-	ND	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Magnesium (Mg)	-	0.96	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565

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Bureau Veritas Job #: C2P0558
Report Date: 2022/09/13

NL Department of Environment, Climate Change and Municipalities
Client Project #: RTWQ
Site Location: LABRADOR
Your P.O. #: 220028978-6

Sample Details/Parameters	A	Result	RDL	UNITS	Extracted	Analyzed	By	Batch
TPO999 CR BELOW MR								
Sampling Date 2022/08/25 11:30								
Matrix W								
Sample # 2022-6322-00-SI-SP								
Registration # WS-0-0000								
ELEMENTS BY ICP/MS (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Manganese (Mn)	-	0.021	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Nickel (Ni)	-	ND	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Phosphorus (P)	-	ND	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Potassium (K)	-	0.33	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Selenium (Se)	-	ND	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Sodium (Na)	-	0.55	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Strontium (Sr)	-	0.012	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Uranium (U)	-	ND	0.00010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Zinc (Zn)	-	ND	0.0050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565

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Bureau Veritas Job #: C2P0558
Report Date: 2022/09/13

NL Department of Environment, Climate Change and Municipalities
Client Project #: RTWQ
Site Location: LABRADOR
Your P.O. #: 220028978-6

Sample Details/Parameters	A	Result	RDL	UNITS	Extracted	Analyzed	By	Batch
TPP000 CR ABOVE GR								
Sampling Date 2022/08/25 17:30								
Matrix W								
Sample # 2022-6323-00-SI-SP								
Registration # WS-0-0000								
RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF WATER								
Calculated Parameters								
Hardness (CaCO3)	-	9.8	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07		8200795
Nitrate (N)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09		8200796
Total dissolved solids (calc., EC)	-	12	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08		8200799
Inorganics								
Conductivity	-	21	1.0	uS/cm	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210503
Chloride (Cl-)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Bromide (Br-)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Sulphate (SO4)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Total Alkalinity (Total as CaCO3)	-	8.4	2.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210516
Colour	-	21	5.0	TCU	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212140
Dissolved Fluoride (F-)	-	ND	0.10	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210518
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	-	0.15	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	RTY	8208327
Nitrate + Nitrite (N)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212159
Nitrite (N)	-	ND	0.010	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212160
Nitrogen (Ammonia Nitrogen)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/12	TGO	8214884
Dissolved Organic Carbon (C)	-	4.2	0.50	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	SSI	8209176
Total Organic Carbon (C)	-	4.3	0.50	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08	SSI	8212292
pH	-	7.30		pH	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210511
Total Phosphorus	-	0.005	0.004	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	SSV	8207749
Total Suspended Solids	-	1.2	1.0	mg/L	2022/09/01	2022/09/06	A1M	8201010
Turbidity	-	0.50	0.10	NTU	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8209388
MERCURY BY COLD VAPOUR AA (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Mercury (Hg)	-	ND	0.000013	mg/L	2022/09/02	2022/09/02	FJO	8201405
ELEMENTS BY ICP/MS (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Aluminum (Al)	-	0.041	0.0050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Antimony (Sb)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Arsenic (As)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Barium (Ba)	-	0.0079	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Boron (B)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Cadmium (Cd)	-	0.000020	0.000010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Calcium (Ca)	-	2.5	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Chromium (Cr)	-	0.0010	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Copper (Cu)	-	0.0018	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Iron (Fe)	-	0.14	0.050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Lead (Pb)	-	ND	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Magnesium (Mg)	-	0.85	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565

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Sample Details/Parameters	A	Result	RDL	UNITS	Extracted	Analyzed	By	Batch
TPP000 CR ABOVE GR								
Sampling Date 2022/08/25 17:30								
Matrix W								
Sample # 2022-6323-00-SI-SP								
Registration # WS-0-0000								
ELEMENTS BY ICP/MS (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Manganese (Mn)	-	0.010	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Nickel (Ni)	-	ND	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Phosphorus (P)	-	ND	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Potassium (K)	-	0.31	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Selenium (Se)	-	ND	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Sodium (Na)	-	0.56	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Strontium (Sr)	-	0.012	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Uranium (U)	-	ND	0.00010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Zinc (Zn)	-	ND	0.0050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565

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Bureau Veritas Job #: C2P0558
Report Date: 2022/09/13

NL Department of Environment, Climate Change and Municipalities
Client Project #: RTWQ
Site Location: LABRADOR
Your P.O. #: 220028978-6

Sample Details/Parameters	A	Result	RDL	UNITS	Extracted	Analyzed	By	Batch
TPO996 CR BELOW MF								
Sampling Date 2022/08/25 14:35								
Matrix W								
Sample # 2022-6319-00-SI-SP								
Registration # WS-0-0000								
RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF WATER								
Calculated Parameters								
Hardness (CaCO3)	-	9.1	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08		8200795
Nitrate (N)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09		8200796
Total dissolved solids (calc., EC)	-	11	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08		8200799
Inorganics								
Conductivity	-	19	1.0	uS/cm	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210529
Chloride (Cl-)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Bromide (Br-)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Sulphate (SO4)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Total Alkalinity (Total as CaCO3)	-	3.0	2.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210552
Colour	-	32	5.0	TCU	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212140
Dissolved Fluoride (F-)	-	ND	0.10	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210555
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	-	0.25	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	RTY	8208327
Nitrate + Nitrite (N)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212159
Nitrite (N)	-	ND	0.010	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212160
Nitrogen (Ammonia Nitrogen)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/12	TGO	8214884
Dissolved Organic Carbon (C)	-	4.5	0.50	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08	RSL	8209495
Total Organic Carbon (C)	-	5.1	0.50	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08	SSI	8212292
pH	-	6.98		pH	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210547
Total Phosphorus	-	ND	0.004	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	SSV	8207749
Total Suspended Solids	-	2.0	1.0	mg/L	2022/09/01	2022/09/06	A1M	8201010
Turbidity	-	1.3	0.10	NTU	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8209396
MERCURY BY COLD VAPOUR AA (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Mercury (Hg)	-	ND	0.000013	mg/L	2022/09/02	2022/09/02	FJO	8201405
ELEMENTS BY ICP/MS (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Aluminum (Al)	-	0.089	0.0050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Antimony (Sb)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Arsenic (As)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Barium (Ba)	-	0.0083	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Boron (B)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Cadmium (Cd)	-	ND	0.000010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Calcium (Ca)	-	2.3	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Chromium (Cr)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Copper (Cu)	-	0.00083	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Iron (Fe)	-	0.19	0.050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Lead (Pb)	-	ND	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Magnesium (Mg)	-	0.78	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565

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Bureau Veritas Job #: C2P0558
Report Date: 2022/09/13

NL Department of Environment, Climate Change and Municipalities
Client Project #: RTWQ
Site Location: LABRADOR
Your P.O. #: 220028978-6

Sample Details/Parameters	A	Result	RDL	UNITS	Extracted	Analyzed	By	Batch
TPO996 CR BELOW MF								
Sampling Date 2022/08/25 14:35								
Matrix W								
Sample # 2022-6319-00-SI-SP								
Registration # WS-0-0000								
ELEMENTS BY ICP/MS (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Manganese (Mn)	-	0.011	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Nickel (Ni)	-	ND	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Phosphorus (P)	-	ND	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Potassium (K)	-	0.31	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Selenium (Se)	-	ND	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Sodium (Na)	-	0.65	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Strontium (Sr)	-	0.013	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Uranium (U)	-	ND	0.00010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565
Total Zinc (Zn)	-	ND	0.0050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	EPU	8207565

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NL Department of Environment, Climate Change and Municipalities
Client Project #: RTWQ
Site Location: LABRADOR
Your P.O. #: 220028978-6

Sample Details/Parameters	A	Result	RDL	UNITS	Extracted	Analyzed	By	Batch
TPO997 CR @ EP								
Sampling Date 2022/08/25 15:45								
Matrix W								
Sample # 2022-6320-00-SI-SP								
Registration # WS-0-0000								
RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF WATER								
Calculated Parameters								
Hardness (CaCO3)	-	9.7	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07		8200795
Nitrate (N)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09		8200796
Total dissolved solids (calc., EC)	-	15	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08		8200799
Inorganics								
Conductivity	-	27	1.0	uS/cm	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210503
Chloride (Cl-)	-	2.4	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Bromide (Br-)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Sulphate (SO4)	-	ND	1.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/06	SUR	8205386
Total Alkalinity (Total as CaCO3)	-	7.0	2.0	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210516
Colour	-	39	5.0	TCU	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212140
Dissolved Fluoride (F-)	-	ND	0.10	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210518
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	-	0.21	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/08	RTY	8208327
Nitrate + Nitrite (N)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212159
Nitrite (N)	-	ND	0.010	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/09	TGO	8212160
Nitrogen (Ammonia Nitrogen)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/12	TGO	8214884
Dissolved Organic Carbon (C)	-	5.5	0.50	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/07	SSI	8209176
Total Organic Carbon (C)	-	5.3	0.50	mg/L	N/A	2022/09/08	SSI	8212292
pH	-	7.06		pH	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8210511
Total Phosphorus	-	0.007	0.004	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	SSV	8207749
Total Suspended Solids	-	6.0	1.0	mg/L	2022/09/01	2022/09/06	A1M	8201010
Turbidity	-	3.3	0.10	NTU	N/A	2022/09/07	NGI	8209388
MERCURY BY COLD VAPOUR AA (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Mercury (Hg)	-	ND	0.000013	mg/L	2022/09/02	2022/09/02	FJO	8201405
ELEMENTS BY ICP/MS (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Aluminum (Al)	-	0.22	0.0050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Antimony (Sb)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Arsenic (As)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Barium (Ba)	-	0.0095	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Boron (B)	-	ND	0.050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Cadmium (Cd)	-	ND	0.000010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Calcium (Ca)	-	2.3	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Chromium (Cr)	-	ND	0.0010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Copper (Cu)	-	0.0010	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Iron (Fe)	-	0.40	0.050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Lead (Pb)	-	ND	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Magnesium (Mg)	-	0.95	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565

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Bureau Veritas Job #: C2P0558
Report Date: 2022/09/13

NL Department of Environment, Climate Change and Municipalities
Client Project #: RTWQ
Site Location: LABRADOR
Your P.O. #: 220028978-6

Sample Details/Parameters	A	Result	RDL	UNITS	Extracted	Analyzed	By	Batch
TPO997 CR @ EP								
Sampling Date 2022/08/25 15:45								
Matrix W								
Sample # 2022-6320-00-SI-SP								
Registration # WS-0-0000								
ELEMENTS BY ICP/MS (WATER)								
Metals								
Total Manganese (Mn)	-	0.014	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Nickel (Ni)	-	ND	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Phosphorus (P)	-	ND	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Potassium (K)	-	0.41	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Selenium (Se)	-	ND	0.00050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Sodium (Na)	-	2.2	0.10	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Strontium (Sr)	-	0.015	0.0020	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Uranium (U)	-	ND	0.00010	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565
Total Zinc (Zn)	-	ND	0.0050	mg/L	2022/09/06	2022/09/06	EPU	8207565

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