

Real-Time Water Quality Deployment Report

Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd.

April 13th to October 12th, 2022



Government of Newfoundland & Labrador Department of Environment and Climate Change Water Resources Management Division

Introduction

- The Real-Time Water Quality (RTWQ) Monitoring Network near Stephenville, NL consists of three groundwater well monitoring stations funded by Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. The program is a joint partnership between Northern Harvest and the Newfoundland & Labrador Department of Environment and Climate Change (ECC).
- Each of the three stations consists of groundwater water quality and quantity monitoring equipment (water level) which transmits data in near real-time every 2-3 hours.
- The well stations are known as: MW5/6, FMW10 and FMW12. They were installed in November 2019 by ECC staff and first deployed on November 6th 2019. The instruments remain in the monitoring wells year-round unless removed temporarily for maintenance and calibration.
- These stations measure the following water parameters: temperature, pH, specific conductivity, total dissolved solids (TDS), oxidation-reduction potential (ORP) and water quantity (depth). Parameters are recorded on an hourly basis during the deployment period and are available in real-time online:

NLGWMW5/6: https://www.ECC.gov.nl.ca/wrmd/ADRS/v6/Template_Station.asp?station=NLGWMW56 NLGWFMW10: https://www.ECC.gov.nl.ca/wrmd/ADRS/v6/Template_Station.asp?station=NLGWFMW10 NLGWFMW12: https://www.ECC.gov.nl.ca/wrmd/ADRS/v6/Template_Station.asp?station=NLGWFMW12

- MW5/6 This 50mm well is one of the thirteen wells which make up the Northern Harvest near field monitoring well network within 500m of the water supply area. This is a relatively shallow well at 2.92 m.
- FMW10 This 50mm well is one of the five wells which make up the Northern Harvest far-field monitoring network which is set up outside the 500m radius of the hatchery. This well is relatively deep at 22.54 m.
- FMW12 This 152mm well is one of the thirteen wells which make up the Northern Harvest near-field monitoring well network which is within 500m of the water supply area. This well is relatively deep at 31.16 m.



Figure 1: Map of Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. Real Time Water Monitoring Network

- The purpose of this network is to monitor, process, and distribute water quality/quantity data to Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. and ECC for assessment and management of water resources, as well as to provide an early warning for any potential or emerging water issues, allowing mitigative measures to be implemented in a timely manner.
- ECC will provide Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. with quarterly and annual deployment reports for 2022. Data is available in near real-time on the ECC's website.
- Gaps in the water quality data are the result of transmission loss by the stations or the removal of inaccurate data due to ongoing station maintenance during that time period.



(a) MW5/6

(b) FMW10



(c) FMW12

Figure 2: Northern Harvest Real Time Monitoring Network: (a) MW5/6, (b) FMW10, (c) FMW12

Maintenance and Calibration

- To ensure accurate data collection of the real time groundwater monitoring network, maintenance and calibration of the water quality instrumentation is performed approximately every four months
- Maintenance includes a thorough cleaning of each instrument and replacement of any small sensor parts that are damaged or unsuitable for reuse. Once the instrument is cleaned, ECC staff carefully calibrate each sensor attachment for pH, specific conductivity and ORP to ensure accurate data collection.

Quality Assurance and Quality Control

- As part of the Quality Assurance and Quality Control protocol (QA/QC), an assessment of the reliability
 of data recorded by an instrument is made at the beginning and end of each deployment period. The
 procedure is based on the approach used by the United States Geological Survey.
- During the maintenance phase, a volume equivalent to three well casings is purged from each well prior to re-installation and the collection of grab samples. This process flushes stagnant water from the wells and ensures that the water being observed is aquifer water.
- After full purging of the well, the sonde is deployed and initial field readings are recorded. A grab sample is also taken when possible to compare the values of pH and specific conductance against the deployed sonde's initial values.
- Three instruments are owned by Northern Harvest and will be installed in the wells on a rotating basis to ensure data accuracy.
- Deployment comparison rankings for the stations are summarized in Table 2.

| Station | Date | Action | Instrument # | рН | Specific Conductivity |
|---------|-------------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| MW5/6 | 13-APR-2022 | Deployment | 19D105282 | Good | Good |
| FMW10 | 13-APR-2022 | Deployment | 19D105281 | Excellent | Good |
| FMW12 | 13-APR-2022 | Deployment | 19E100387 | * | * |

Table 2: QA/QC comparison rankings for Northern Harvest Stations

*Ranking not available due to issues with collecting grab sample

Data Interpretation

- The following graphs and discussion illustrate water quality and level related events from April 13th, 2022 to October 12th, 2022 at Northern Harvest Smolt.
- All data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion below adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

Water Temperature

- After the initial acclimatization period, water temperature ranged from 4.39°C to 14.51°C within the well network (Table 3).
- During the April to October 2022 deployment, FMW10 and FMW12 temperatures varied little, maintaining relatively steady temperatures, while MW5/6 temperature was steadily increasing (Figure 3).
- This change in water temperature at MW5/6 may be related to increasing air and water temperatures in the surrounding environment as Spring turned into Summer.

Table 3: Water Temperature (°C) Summary Statistics from the Well Network

| | MW5/6 | FMW10 | FMW12 |
|------|-------|-------|-------|
| MIN. | 4.39 | 6.62 | 6.85 |
| MAX. | 14.51 | 7.49 | 6.95 |
| MEAN | 10.8 | 6.96 | 6.87 |

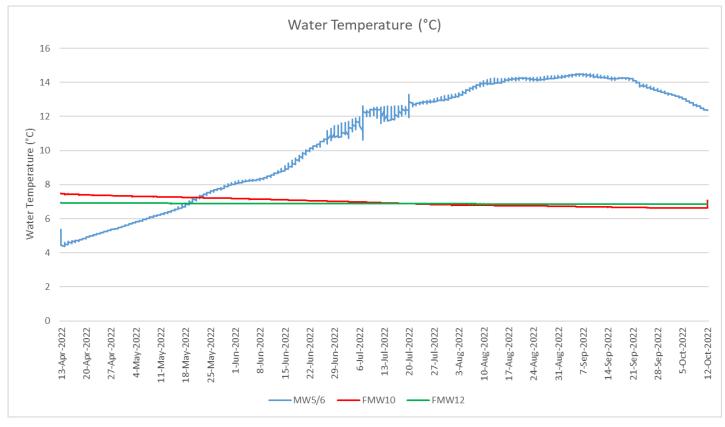


Figure 3: Water Temperature (°C) – Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. Network

Water Depth

 During the deployment, FMW12 and MW5/6 were relatively stable while FMW10 showed a slight decreasing trend and a larger range (Table 4). Slight variations in level were noticeable concurrently at all wells at the same time (Figure 4).

| | MW5/6 | FMW10 | FMW12 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| MIN. | 1.69 | 6.94 | 6.67 |
| MAX. | 2.42 | 9.54 | 7.68 |
| RANGE | 0.73 | 2.60 | 1.01 |
| MEAN | 2.07 | 8.26 | 7.27 |

Table 4: Water Depth (MASL) Summary Statistics from the Well Network

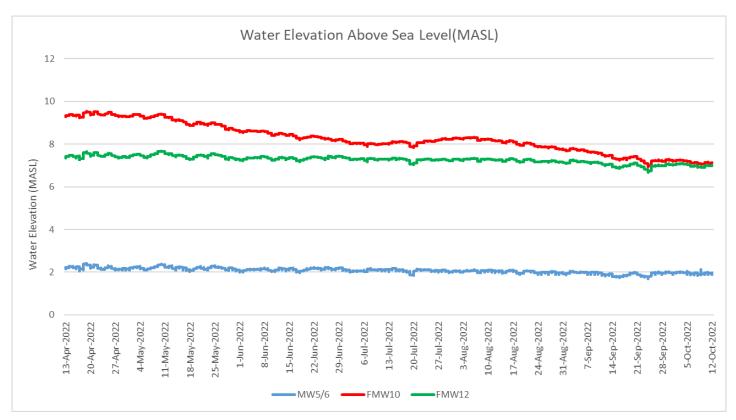


Figure 4: Water Depth (m) – Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. Network

рΗ

- After the initial acclimatization period, pH ranged from 5.90 to 8.08 pH units within the well network (Table 5).
- FMW10 & FMW12 were slightly basic for pH, while MW5/6 was acidic. All three stations were relatively stable with little variation throughout this deployment (Figure 5).

Table 5: pH (pH units) Summary Statistics from the Well Network

| | MW5/6 | FMW10 | FMW12 |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| MIN. | 5.9 | 7.62 | 7.73 |
| MAX. | 6.15 | 7.79 | 8.08 |
| MEDIAN | 6.06 | 7.74 | 8.03 |

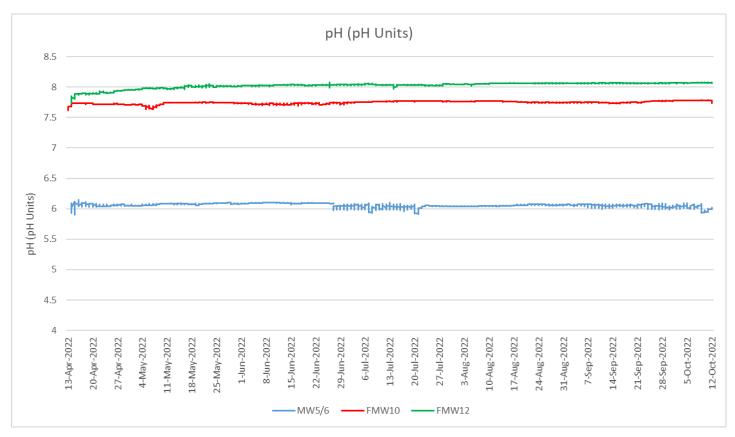


Figure 5: pH – Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. Network

Specific Conductance and TDS

- After the initial acclimatization period, specific conductance ranged from 105.32 μS/cm to 379.64 μS/cm within the well network (Table 6).
- During the deployment, FMW12 displays little variation, FMW10 slowly decreases before rising towards the end of the deployment, and MW5/6 displays daily fluctuations (Figure 6).
- Daily changes at MW5/6 could also be due to the well being shallower and potentially influenced by climate changes around the well head.

Table 6: Specific Conductance (µS/cm) & TDS (g/L) Summary Statistics from the Well Network

| | MW5/6 | FMW10 | FMW12 | | MW5/6 | FMW10 | FMW12 |
|----------------------|--------|--------|------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE | | | TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS | | | | |
| MIN. | 105.32 | 293.73 | 341.17 | MIN. | 0.07 | 0.19 | 0.22 |
| MAX. | 173.48 | 379.64 | 370.65 | MAX. | 0.11 | 0.25 | 0.24 |
| MEDIAN | 156.97 | 339.92 | 362.5 | MEDIAN | 0.1 | 0.22 | 0.24 |

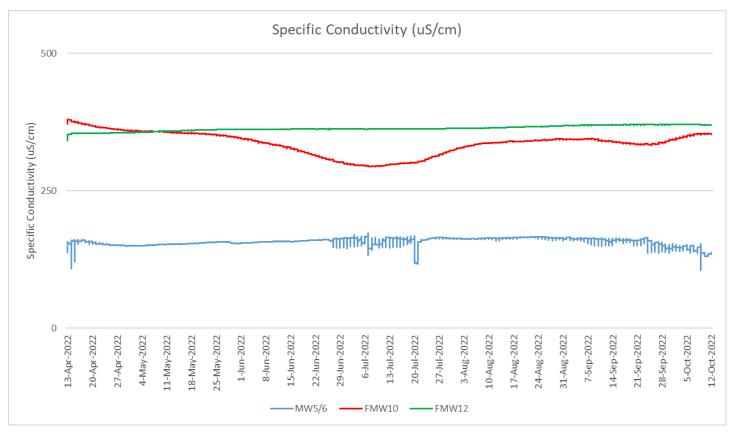


Figure 6: Specific Conductivity – Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. Network

- After the initial acclimatization period, total dissolved solids (TDS) ranged from 0.07 mg/L to 0.25 mg/L within the well network (Table 6).
- TDS varied little at FMW12. At FMW10, TDS decreased into June before increasing into August. At MW5/6 TDS was lowest and fluctuated daily (Figure 7).

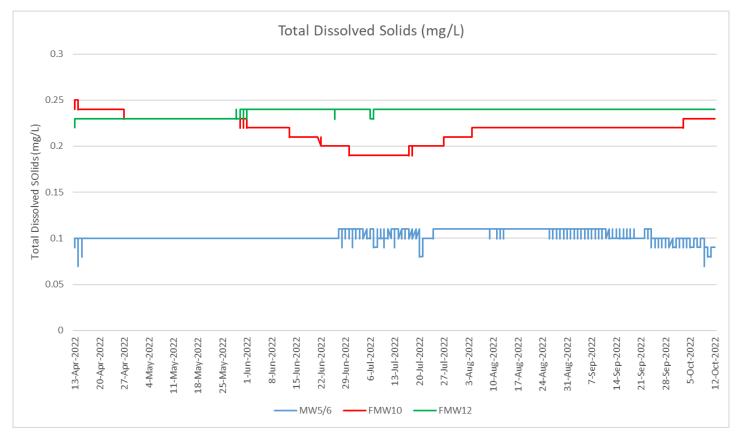


Figure 7: Total Dissolved Solids – Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. Network

Oxidation – Reduction Potential (ORP)

- After the initial acclimatization period, oxidation-reduction potential (ORP) ranged from -470.48mV to 416.44 mV within the well network (Table 7).
- Over the duration of this deployment, both FMW10 and FMW12 seem to be oxidative in nature, while MW5/6 is reductive in nature (Figure 8).

Table 7: Oxidation-Reduction Potential (ORP) Summary Statistics from the Well Network

| | MW5/6 | FMW10 | FMW12 |
|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| MIN. | -470.48 | 237 | 9.95 |
| MAX. | 416.44 | 354.6 | 374.78 |
| MEDIAN | -63.72 | 335.52 | 365.02 |

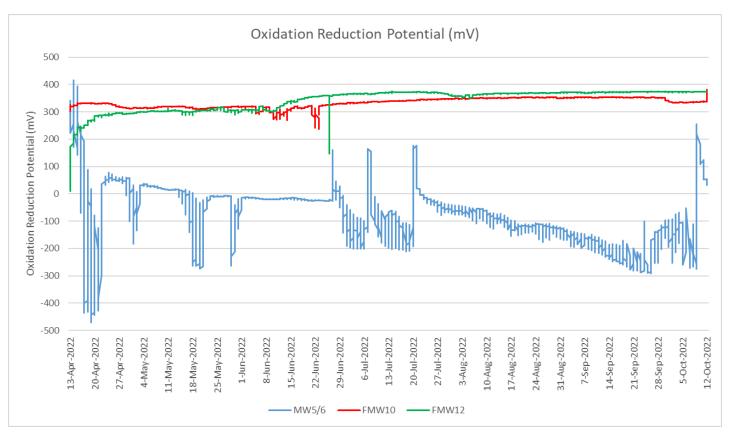


Figure 8: Oxidation-Reduction Potential (ORP) – Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd. Network

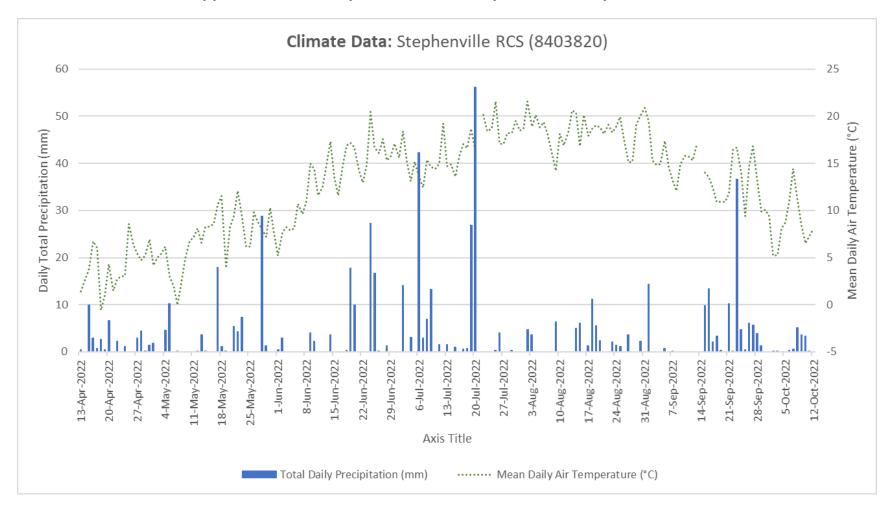
Conclusions

- The Real Time Water Quality and Quantity Monitoring Network at Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd was established on November 6, 2019 when instruments were initially deployed at each of the three wells in the network: MW5/6, FMW10 and FMW12.
- During this second deployment of 2022, data was monitored closely to determine if the instruments were
 accurately placed in the well casings and if there were other issues such as sensor errors.
- QAQC rankings were either "Good" or "Excellent" for MW5/6 & FMW10, however grab samples were unable to be collected for FMW12. Equipment will be upgraded in the future to ensure grab samples can be collected.
- Water temperature at FMW10 and FMW12 were stable, while temperatures at MW5/6 steadily increased and showed daily fluctuations.
- Water depth was relatively stable at MW5/6 and FMW12 while FMW10 showed a slight decreasing trend.
- PH at FMW10 and FMW12 was slightly basic while MW5/6 was slightly acidic.
- Specific conductivity hovered around 156.97 μS/cm at MW5/6 and 362.5 μS/cm at FMW12, while FMW10 displayed increased variations with a median of 339.92 μS/cm.
- ORP for FMW10 and FMW12 was stable while MW5/6 varied greatly across the deployment. Both FMW 10 and FMW12 were oxidative in nature while MW5/6 was reductive in nature.
- For this deployment, the instruments performed well with few issues.

Path Forward

- Staff will continue to monitor the data daily for issues.
- If necessary, deployment techniques will be evaluated and modified, ensuring secure and suitable conditions for RTWQ monitoring.
- ECC will continue to work on its Automatic Data Retrieval System (ADRS), to incorporate new capabilities in data management and data display.
- Open communication lines will continue to be maintained between ECC and Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd in order to respond to emerging issues on a proactive basis. Northern Harvest Smolt Ltd will receive quarterly deployment reports and an annual report, summarizing the events of the deployment season.

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Appendix 1: Air Temperature and Precipitation at Stephenville, NL