

Real-Time Water Quality Deployment Report

Outflow of the Steady at Rambler Mine

Deployment Period
October 19, 2022 to November 16, 2022



Government of Newfoundland & Labrador
Department of Environment & Climate Change
Water Resources Management Division

Contents

General	2
Quality Assurance and Quality Control.....	3
Data Interpretation	4
Conclusions	11
Appendix 1 – Air Temperature and Precipitation.....	12

General

- The Water Resources Management Division, in partnership with Rambler Metals and Mining Canada Ltd., maintain one real-time water quality and water quantity station at the Outflow of the Steady.
- This station is situated downstream of the Nugget Pond Mill tailings management facility (Figure 1).
- On October 19, 2022, a real-time water quality monitoring instrument was deployed at the station Outflow of the Steady. The instrument was deployed for a period of 27 days. This was the third and final deployment for this station in 2022.
- Water Resources Management Division staff monitor the real-time web pages regularly.

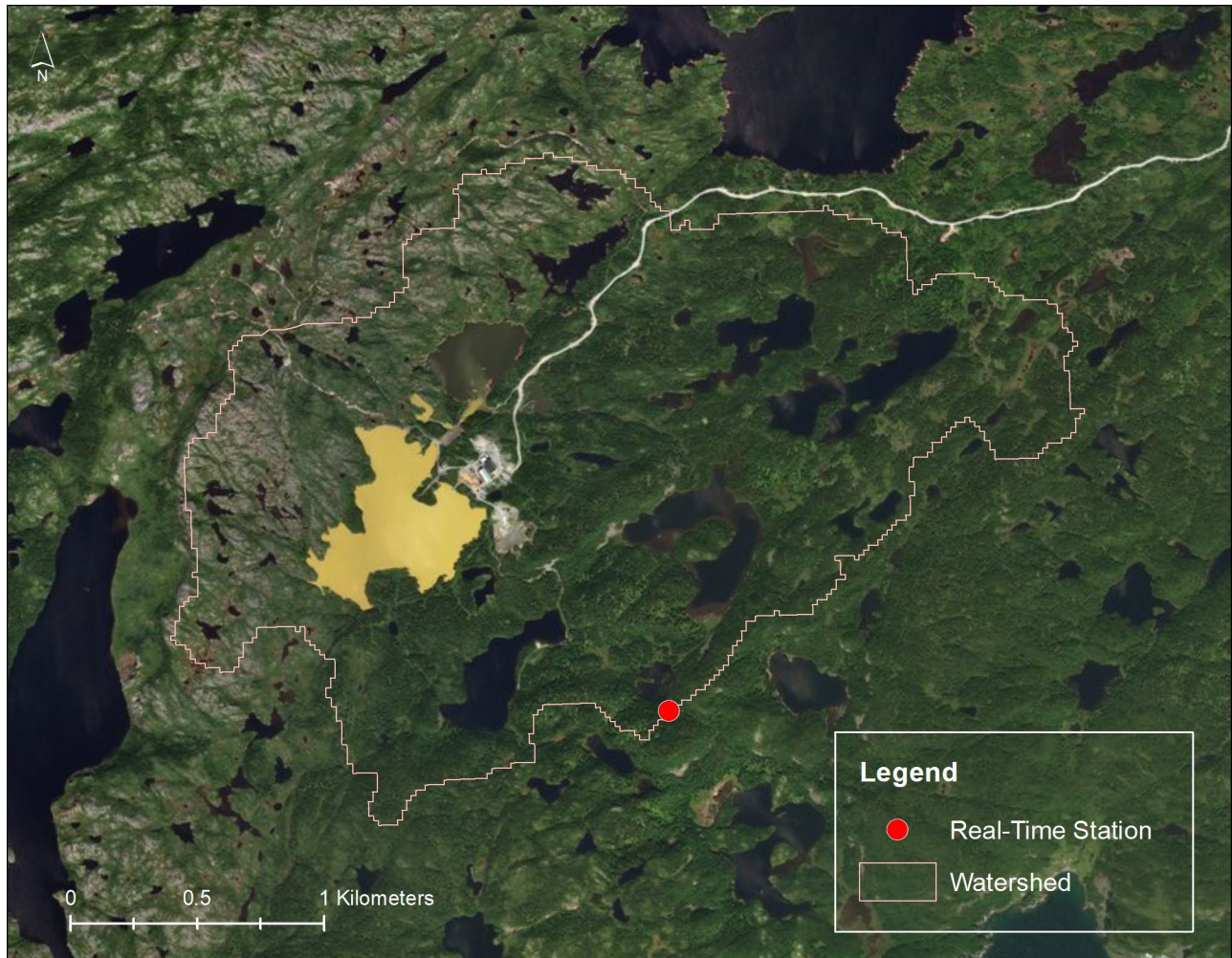


Figure 1: Location of the real-time station downstream of Rambler’s Nugget Pond Mill tailings management facility

Quality Assurance and Quality Control

- As part of the Quality Assurance and Quality Control protocol (QA/QC), an assessment of the reliability of data recorded by an instrument is made at the beginning and end of the deployment period. The procedure is based on the approach used by the United States Geological Survey.
 - At deployment and removal, a QA/QC Sonde is temporarily deployed adjacent to the Field Sonde. Values for temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen and turbidity are compared between the two instruments. Based on the degree of difference between parameters recorded by the Field Sonde and QA/QC Sonde at deployment and at removal, a qualitative statement is made on the data quality (Table 1).

Table 1: Ranking classifications for deployment and removal

Parameter	Rank				
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Poor
Temperature (°C)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	<+/-1
pH (unit)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1
Sp. Conductance (µS/cm)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20
Sp. Conductance > 35 µS/cm (%)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) (% Sat)	<=+/-0.3	>+/-0.3 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1
Turbidity <40 NTU (NTU)	<=+/-2	>+/-2 to 5	>+/-5 to 8	>+/-8 to 10	>+/-10
Turbidity > 40 NTU (%)	<=+/-5	>+/-5 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20

- It should be noted that the temperature sensor on any sonde is the most important. All other parameters can be broken down into three groups: temperature dependant, temperature compensated and temperature independent. Because the temperature sensor is not isolated from the rest of the sonde the entire sonde must be at the same temperature before the sensor will stabilize. The values may take some time to climb to the appropriate reading; if a reading is taken too soon it may not accurately portray the water body.

Deployment and removal comparison rankings for the station Outflow of the Steady deployed between October 19 and November 16, 2022 are summarized in Table 2.

Table 2: Comparison rankings for Outflow of the Steady station October 19 – November 16, 2022.

Station	Date	Action	Comparison Ranking				
			Temperature	pH	Conductivity	Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity
Outflow of the Steady	Oct 19, 2022	Deployment	Excellent	Marginal	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
	Nov 16, 2022	Removal	Excellent	Poor	Excellent	Fair	Excellent

Outflow of the Steady at Rambler Mine, Newfoundland and Labrador

- Deployment rankings were all 'excellent' with the exception of pH which was 'marginal'.
- At removal, all parameters ranked 'excellent' with the exception of pH which was 'poor' and dissolved oxygen which was 'fair'.
- There are a few circumstances which may cause less than ideal QA/QC rankings to be obtained. These include: the placement of the QA/QC sonde in relation to the field sonde; the amount of time each sonde was given to stabilize before readings were recorded; and deteriorating performance of one of the sensors.

Data Interpretation

- The following graphs and discussion illustrate water quality related events from October 19 to November 16, 2022 at the station Outflow of the Steady.
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

Temperature

- Water temperature ranged from 1.92 °C to 12.48 °C, with a mean value of 6.83 °C during this deployment period (Figure 2).
- Water temperature gradually decreased during the deployment. The fluctuations in water temperature corresponds with ambient air temperatures as fall progresses (Figure 2).

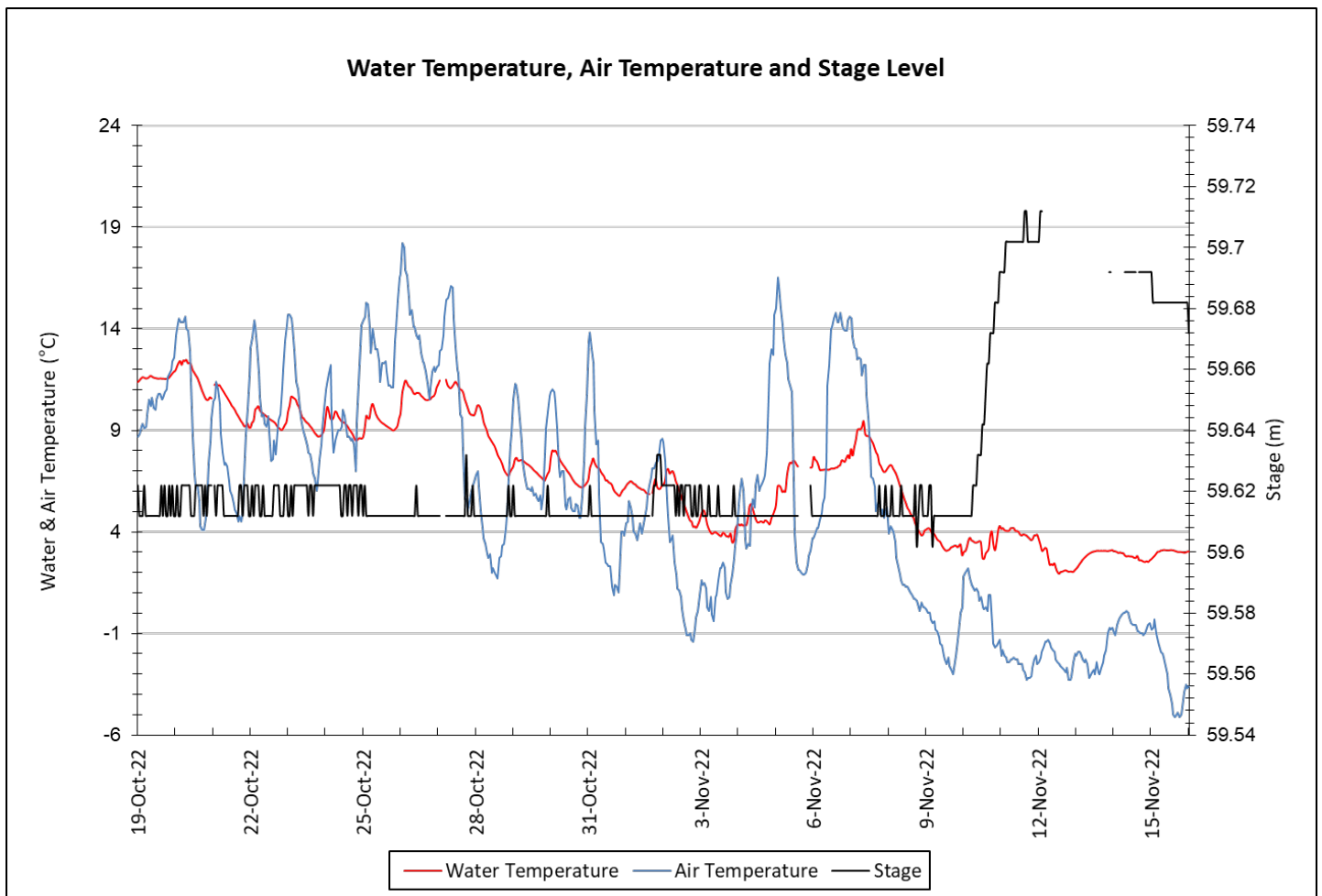


Figure 2: Water and Air Temperature – Outflow of the Steady

(Weather data collected at La Scie)

pH

- pH ranged between 6.95 and 7.35 pH units throughout the deployment period, with a mean value of 7.18 units (Figure 3).
- All values during the deployment are within the CCME Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life (between 6.5 and 9 pH units). pH fluctuates slightly during the day and night.
- Significant rainfall (evident as a rise in stage levels) can cause a slight dip in pH levels. This is a common occurrence in freshwater as the slightly acidic rain influences the overall pH of the river for a short period of time.
- Overall, pH was generally stable throughout the deployment.

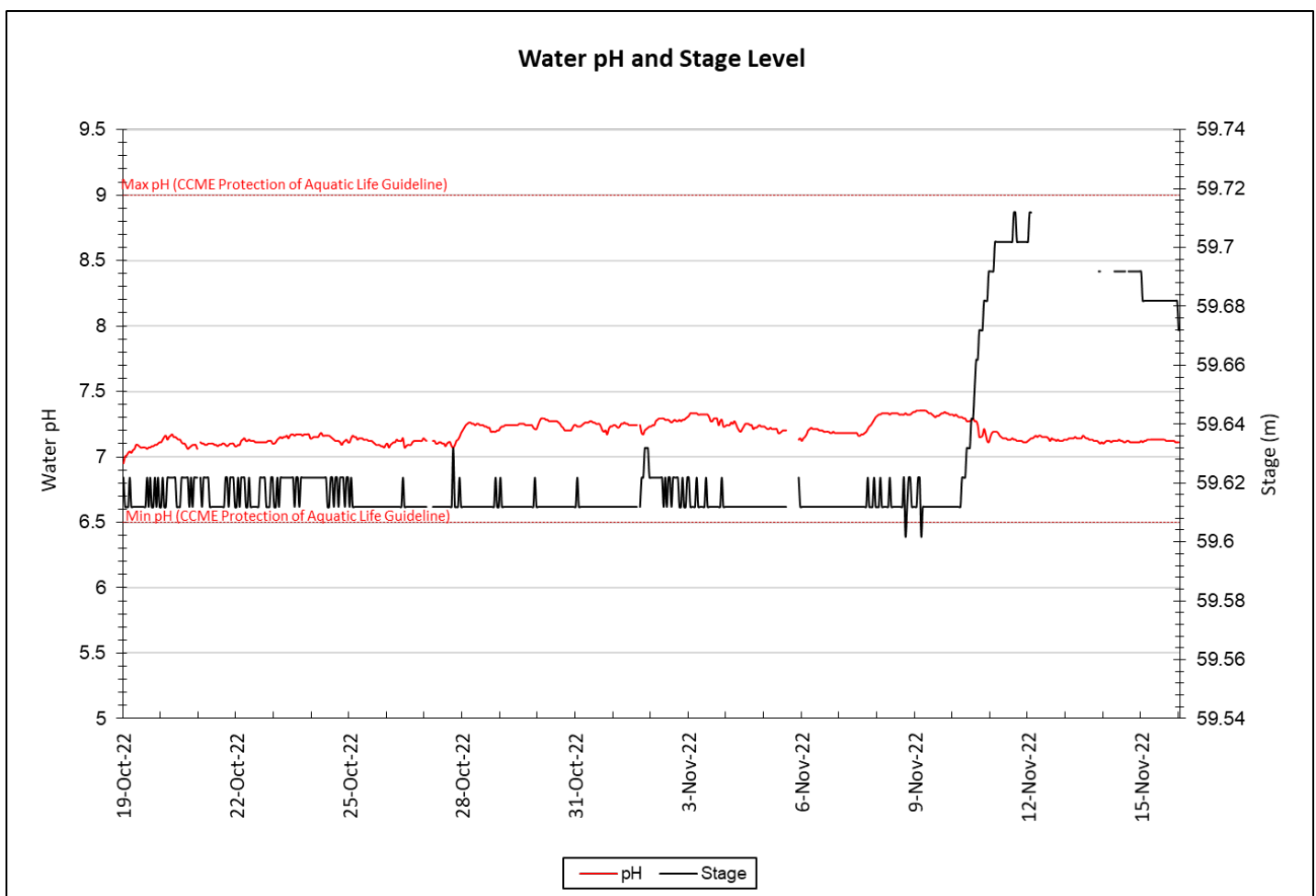


Figure 3: Water pH– Outflow of the Steady

Specific Conductivity

- Specific conductivity ranged from 158.3 to 233.8 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (Figure 4).
- Specific conductivity increased slightly prior to decreasing towards the end of the deployment period due to an influx of precipitation.
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

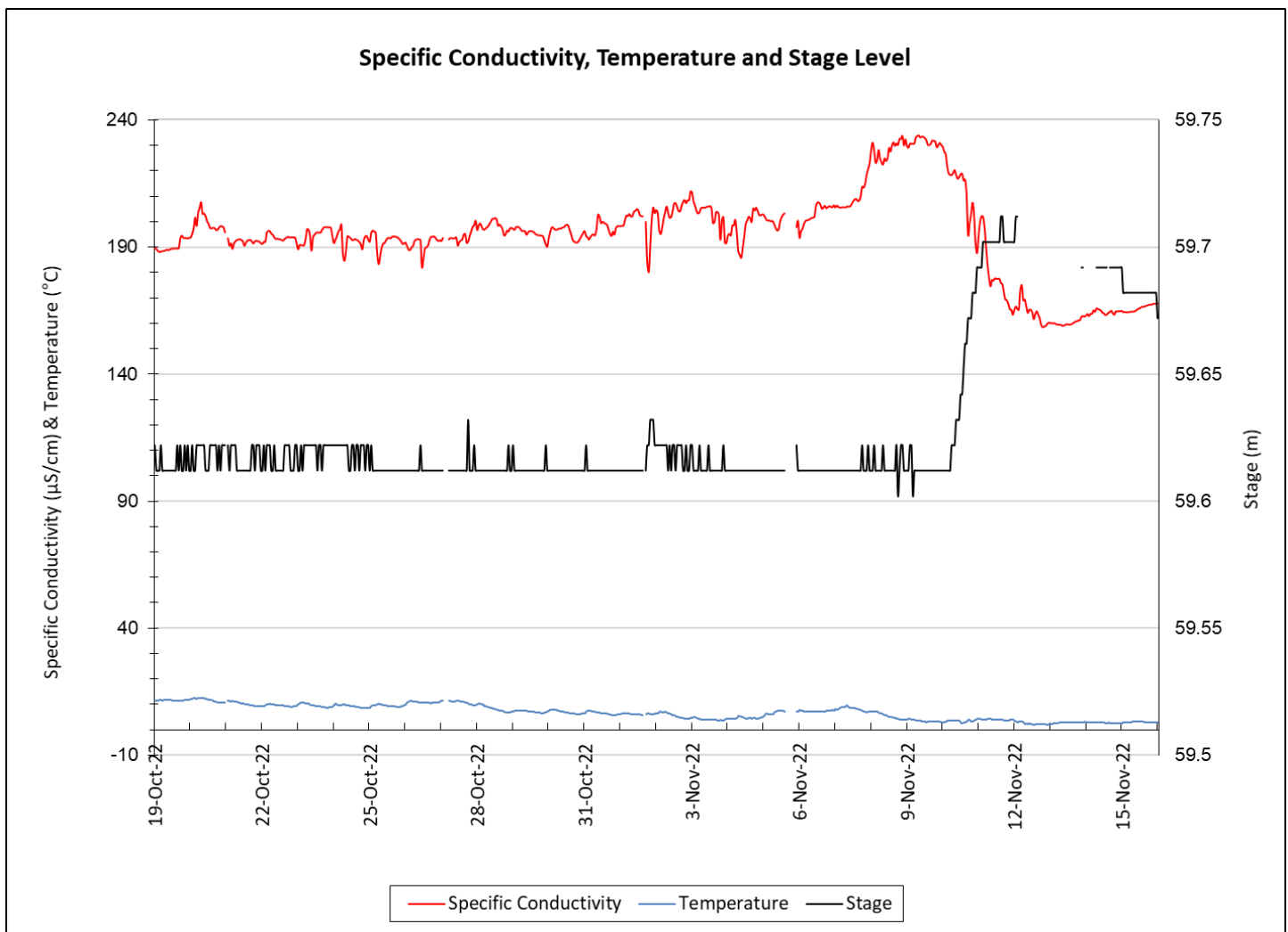


Figure 4: Specific Conductivity of Water - Outflow of the Steady

Dissolved Oxygen

- The saturation of dissolved oxygen ranged from 88.3% to 96.7% and a range of 9.87 to 12.66 mg/l was recorded for the concentration of dissolved oxygen with a mean value of 11.36 mg/l (Figure 5).
- All values were above the minimum CCME Guideline for the Protection of Other Life Stages of Cold Water Biota of 6.5 mg/l and the minimum CCME Guideline for the Protection of Early Life Stages of Cold Water Biota value of 9.5 mg/l.
- Dissolved oxygen content fluctuates diurnally, displaying the inverse relationship to water temperature.

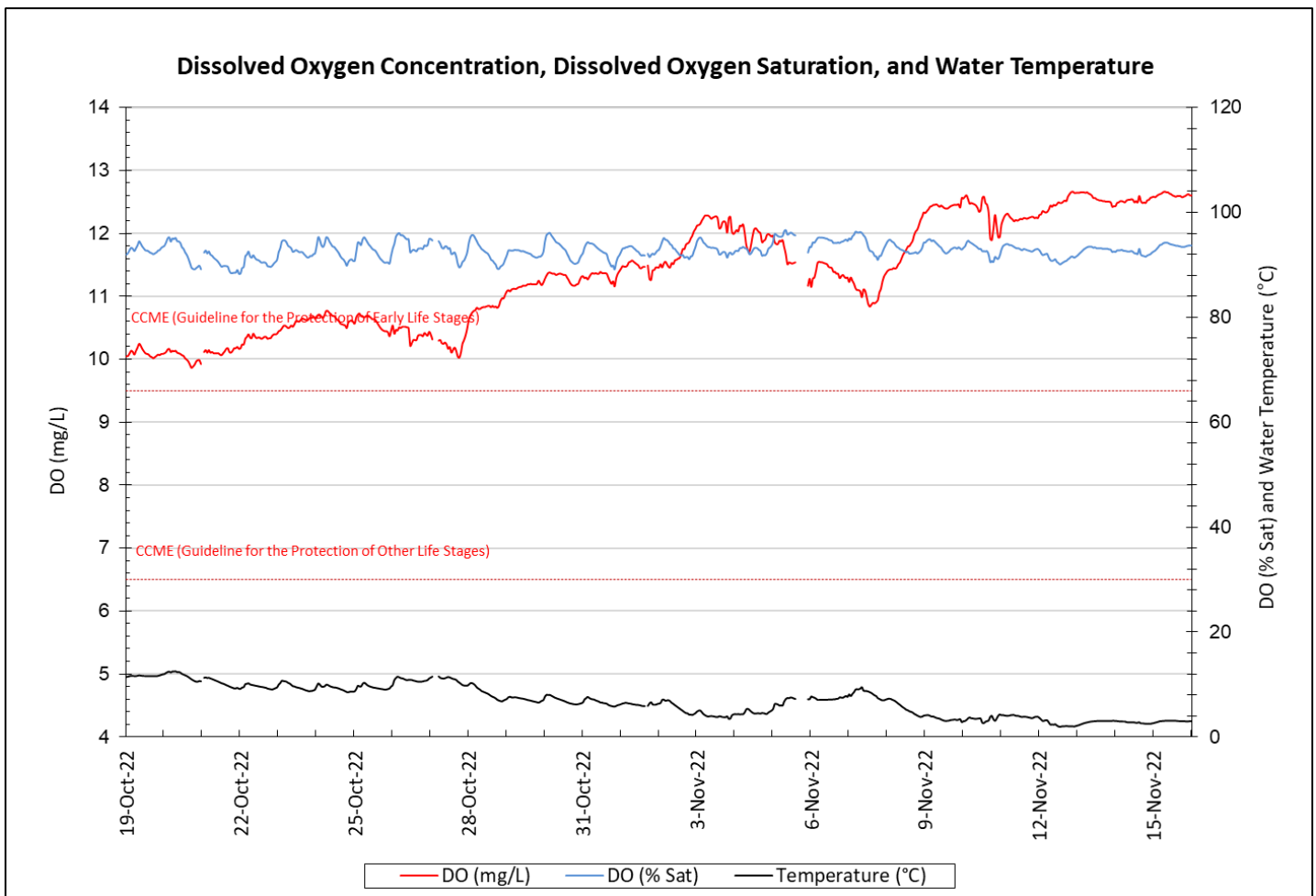


Figure 5: Dissolved Oxygen and Water Temperature – Outflow of the Steady

Turbidity

- Turbidity values range from -2.2 NTU to 0.5 NTU with a median of -1.6, indicating very clear background turbidity.
- Turbidity increased shortly after periods of precipitation, which likely increased the stage in the river, re-suspending sediment in the water column for a short time (Figure 6).

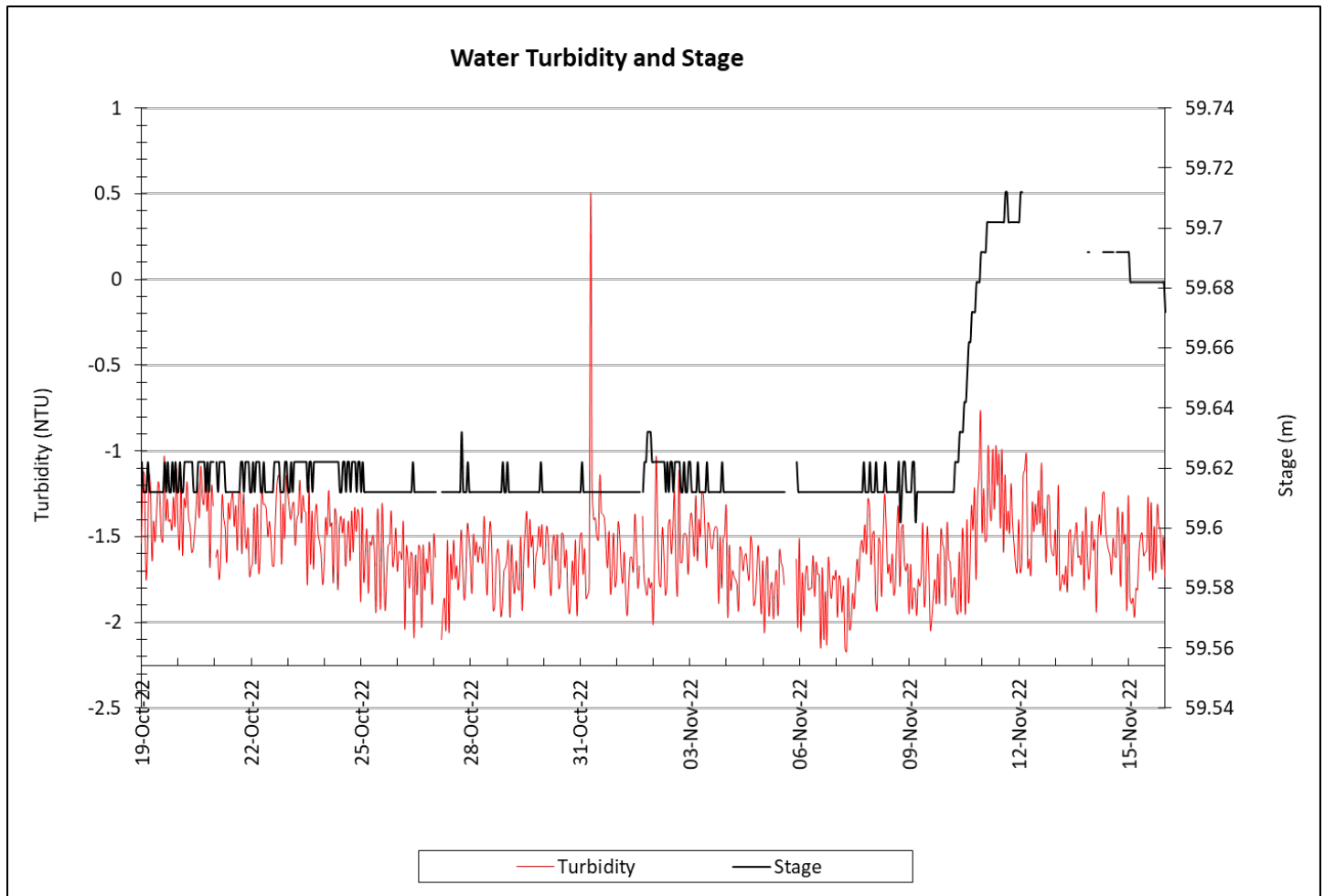


Figure 6: Turbidity – Outflow of the Steady

Precipitation

- Precipitation during the deployment period is graphed below (Figure 7).
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

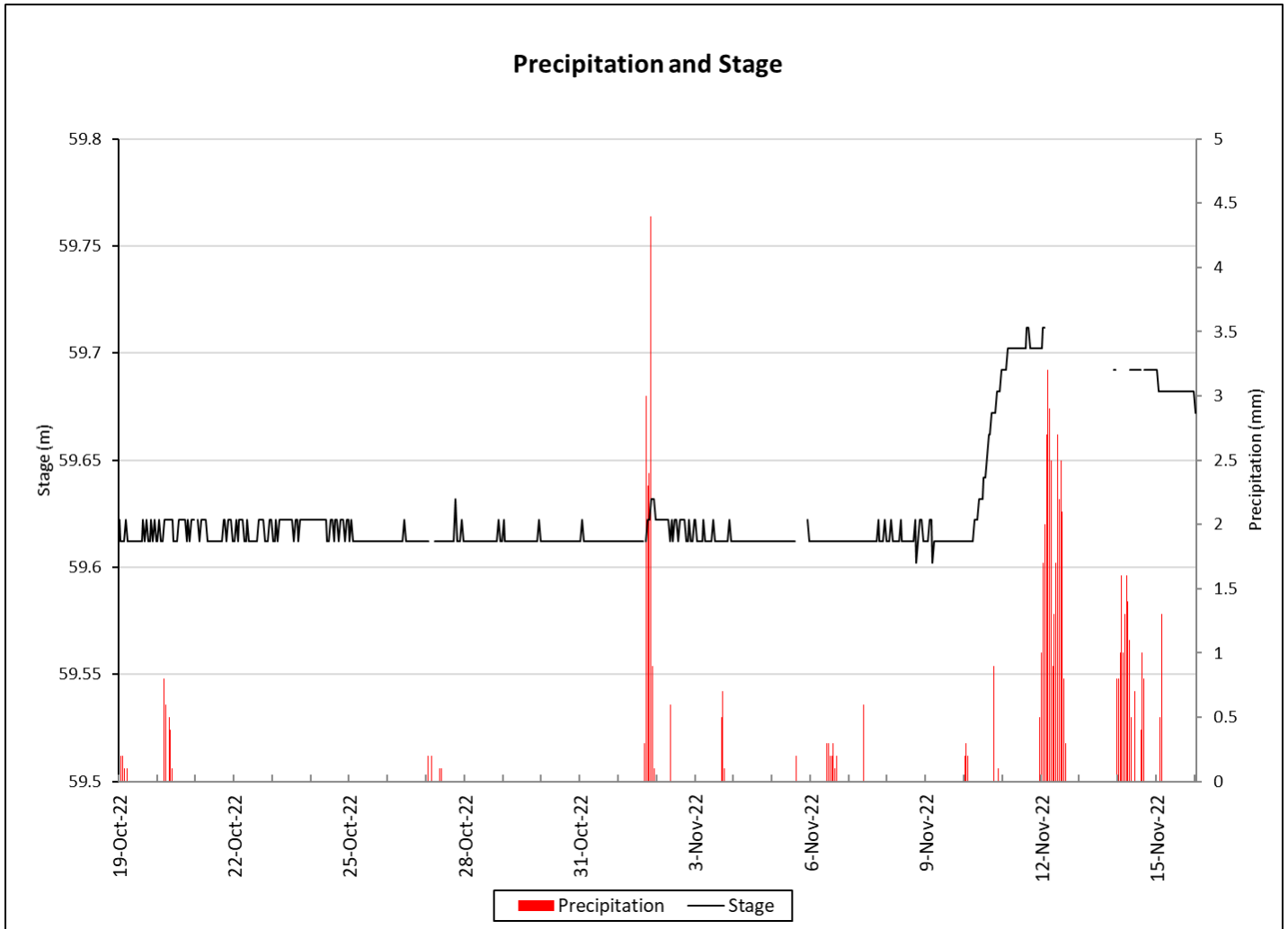


Figure 7: Precipitation – Outflow of the Steady

Conclusions

- An instrument was deployed at the Outflow of the Steady water quality monitoring station on October 19 and removed on November 16, 2022. This was the third and final deployment of the 2022 season.
- In most cases, weather related events (precipitation, temperature change) explain parameter fluctuations.
- Water temperature decreased during the deployment period, ranging from 1.92 °C to 12.48 °C. This is expected due to the influence of the ambient air temperature as the fall season progresses.
- pH values were all within the recommended CCME Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life. pH ranged between 6.95 and 7.35. The brook is influenced by high precipitation events which decrease pH values for a short time.
- Specific conductivity ranged from 158.3 to 233.8 µs/cm, showing a slight increasing trend during the deployment.
- Dissolved oxygen values were above the minimum CCME Guideline for the Protection of Other Life Stage Cold Water Biota of 6.5 mg/l and the Protection of Early Life Stage Cold Water Biota value of 9.5 mg/l.
- Turbidity values of -2.2 NTU to 0.5 NTU with a median of -1.6 NTU indicated low background turbidity.
- Stage was stable for the majority of the deployment, until a slight increase in November.
- All data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion adhere to stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

Prepared by:
Jason Barnes
Department of Environment & Climate Change
Water Resources Management Division
Phone: 709.637.2431

Appendix 1

