

# Real-Time Water Quality Deployment Report

Outflow of the Steady at Rambler Mine

October 19 to November 17, 2023



Government of Newfoundland & Labrador Department of Environment & Climate Change Water Resources Management Division

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#### General

- The Water Resources Management Division, in partnership with Rambler Metals and Mining Canada Ltd., maintain one real-time water quality and water quantity station at the Outflow of the Steady.
- This station is situated downstream of the Nugget Pond Mill tailings management facility (Figure 1).
- On October 19, 2023, a real-time water quality monitoring instrument was deployed at the station Outflow of the Steady. The instrument was deployed for a period of 28 days. This was the third and final deployment for this station in 2023.
- Water Resources Management Division staff monitor the real-time web pages regularly.



Figure 1: Location of the real-time station downstream of Rambler's Nugget Pond Mill tailings management facility

### **Quality Assurance and Quality Control**

- As part of the Quality Assurance and Quality Control protocol (QA/QC), an assessment of the reliability
  of data recorded by an instrument is made at the beginning and end of the deployment period. The
  procedure is based on the approach used by the United States Geological Survey.
  - At deployment and removal, a QA/QC Sonde is temporarily deployed adjacent to the Field Sonde. Values for temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen and turbidity are compared between the two instruments. Based on the degree of difference between parameters recorded by the Field Sonde and QA/QC Sonde at deployment and at removal, a qualitative statement is made on the data quality (Table 1).

Table 1: Ranking classifications for deployment and removal

	Rank					
Parameter	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Poor	
Temperature (°C)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	<+/-1	
pH (unit)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1	
Sp. Conductance (μS/cm)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20	
Sp. Conductance > 35 μS/cm (%)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20	
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) (% Sat)	<=+/-0.3	>+/-0.3 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1	
Turbidity <40 NTU (NTU)	<=+/-2	>+/-2 to 5	>+/-5 to 8	>+/-8 to 10	>+/-10	
Turbidity > 40 NTU (%)	<=+/-5	>+/-5 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20	

It should be noted that the temperature sensor on any sonde is the most important. All other parameters can be broken down into three groups: temperature dependant, temperature compensated and temperature independent. Because the temperature sensor is not isolated from the rest of the sonde the entire sonde must be at the same temperature before the sensor will stabilize. The values may take some time to climb to the appropriate reading; if a reading is taken too soon it may not accurately portray the water body.

Deployment and removal comparison rankings for the station Outflow of the Steady deployed between October 19 and November 17, 2023, are summarized in Table 2.

Table 2: Comparison rankings for Outflow of the Steady station October 19 - November 17, 2023.

Station	Date Action	Comparison Ranking					
		Action	Temperature	рН	Conductivity	Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity
Outflow of the Steady	October 19, 2023	Deployment	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
	November 17, 2023	Removal	Excellent	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent

- Deployment rankings were all 'excellent'.
- At removal, all parameters ranked 'excellent' or 'good'.
- There are a few circumstances which may cause less than ideal QA/QC rankings to be obtained. These include: the placement of the QA/QC sonde in relation to the field sonde; the amount of time each sonde was given to stabilize before readings were recorded; and deteriorating performance of one of the sensors.

## **Data Interpretation**

- The following graphs and discussion illustrate water quality related events from October 19 to November 17, 2023 at the station Outflow of the Steady.
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

#### **Outflow of the Steady**

- Water temperature ranged from 1.25 to 10.81°C during this deployment period (Figure 2).
- Water temperature showed a gradual decreasing trend for the first portion of the deployment, butfore levelling off during the last week as temperatures approached zero. Fluctuations in water temperature corresponds with ambient air temperatures as fall progresses towards winter (Figure 2).

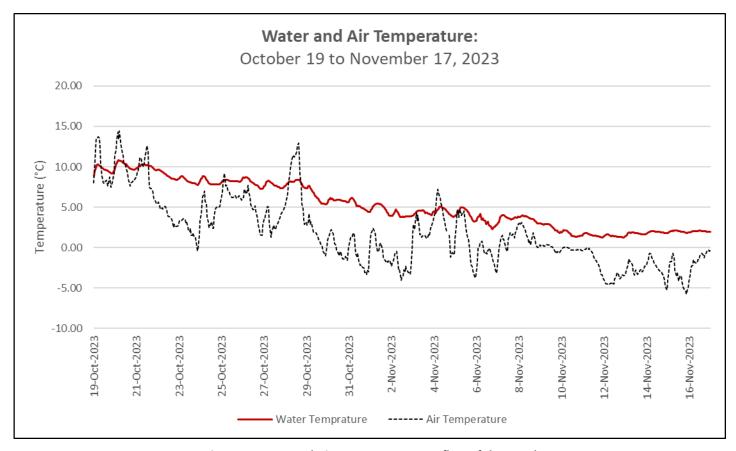


Figure 2: Water and Air Temperature - Outflow of the Steady

(Weather data collected at La Scie)

- pH ranged between 6.84 and 7.07 pH units throughout the deployment period, with a median value of 7.00 units (Figure 3).
- All values during the deployment are within the CCME Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life (between 6.5 and 9 pH units). pH fluctuates slightly during the day and night.
- Significant rainfall (evident as a rise in stage levels) can cause a slight dip in pH levels. This is a common
  occurrence in freshwater as the slightly acidic rain influences the overall pH of the river for a short period
  of time (Figure 3).
- Overall, pH was generally stable throughout the deployment.

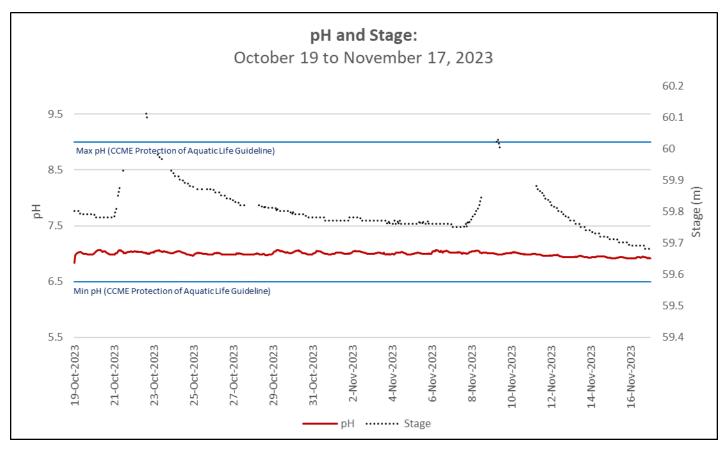


Figure 3: Water pH- Outflow of the Steady

- Specific conductivity ranged from 138.9 to 158.77 μs/cm (Figure 4).
- Specific conductivity was relatively stable throughout the deployment, with some minimal fluctuations.
   The fluctuations correspond to an increase in precipitation/stage observed throughout the deployment.
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

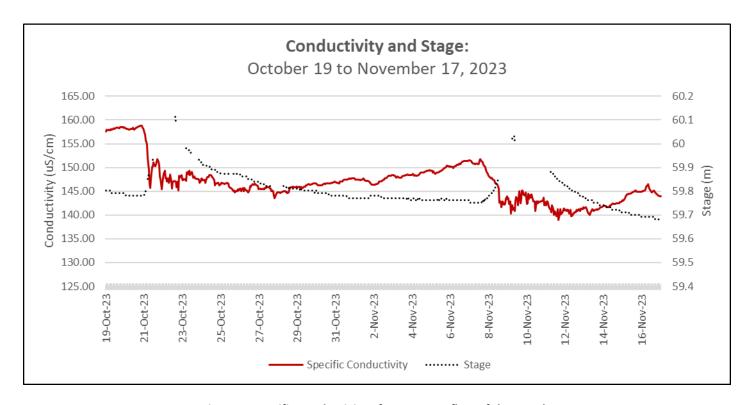


Figure 4: Specific Conductivity of Water - Outflow of the Steady

- The saturation of dissolved oxygen ranged from 93.45% to 100.2% and a range of 10.71 to 13.96 mg/l was recorded for the concentration of dissolved oxygen with a median value of 12.51 mg/l (Figure 5).
- All values were above the minimum CCME Guideline for the Protection of Other Life Stages of Cold Water Biota of 6.5 mg/l and the minimum CCME Guideline for the Protection of Early Life Stages of Cold Water Biota value of 9.5 mg/l. The guidelines are indicated in dark blue on Figure 5.
- Dissolved oxygen content fluctuates diurnally, displaying the inverse relationship to water temperature.
   Dissolved oxygen was steady during the first portion of this deployment, then gradually increased as water temperature decreased.

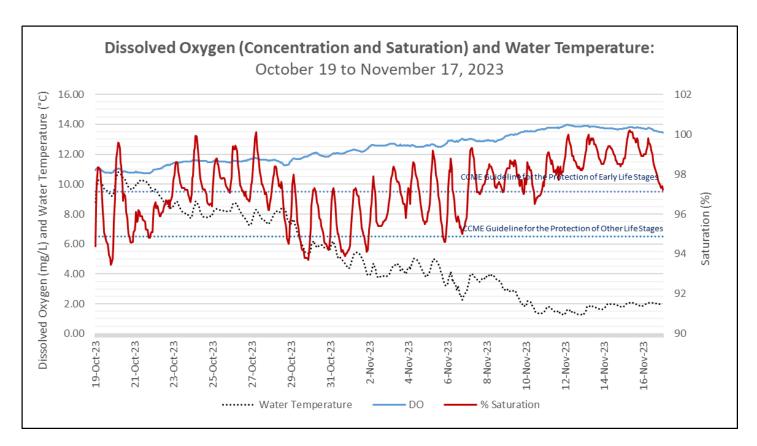


Figure 5: Dissolved Oxygen and Water Temperature – Outflow of the Steady

- Turbidity values range from 0.42 NTU to 4.87 NTU with a median of 0.71, indicating very clear background turbidity.
- Turbidity increased during periods of precipitation, indicating either sediment was washed into the river with the precipitation, or the increased stage level and turbulence caused sediment in the river to suspend within the water column, increasing turbidity values until the sediment settled out again (Figure 6).

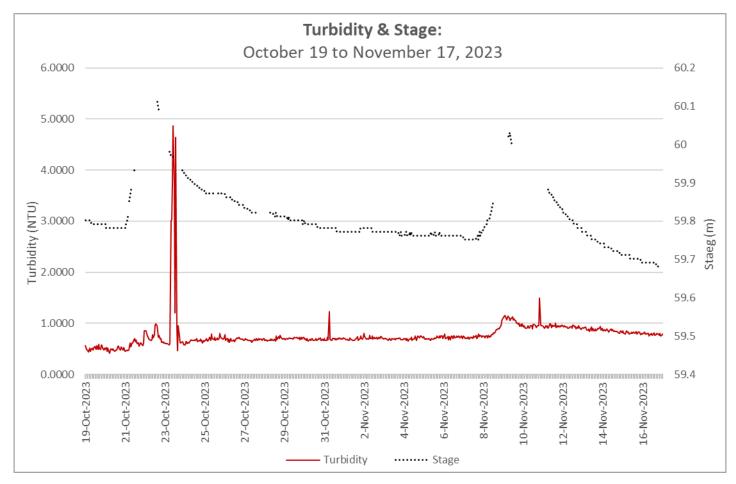


Figure 6: Turbidity - Outflow of the Steady

- Precipitation during the deployment period is graphed below (Figure 7).
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

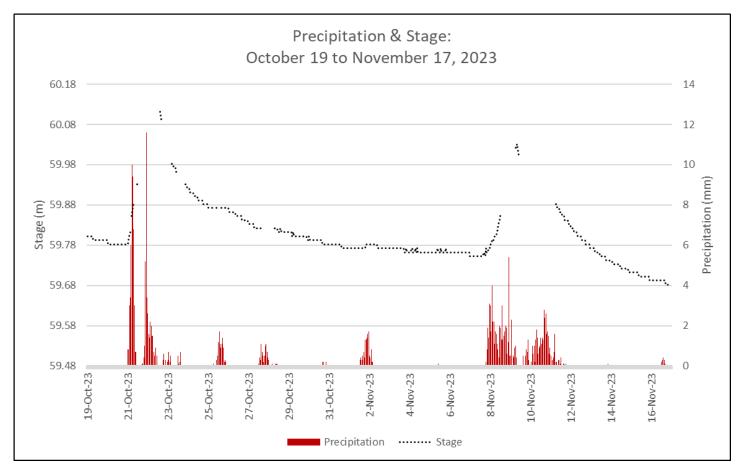


Figure 7: Precipitation - Outflow of the Steady

#### **Conclusions**

- An instrument was deployed at the Outflow of the Steady water quality monitoring station on October 19 and removed on November 17, 2023. This was the third and final deployment of the 2023 season.
- In most cases, weather related events (precipitation and spring ice thaw) explain parameter fluctuations.
- Water temperature generally decreased during the deployment period, ranging from 1.25 to 10.81°C. This
  is expected due to the influence of the ambient air temperature as fall progressed to winter.
- PH values were all within the recommended CCME Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life. pH ranged between 6.84 and 7.07. The brook is influenced by high precipitation events which decrease pH values for a short time.
- Specific conductivity ranged from 138.9 to 158.77 μs/cm, showing minimal fluctuations during the deployment.
- Dissolved oxygen values were above the minimum CCME Guideline for the Protection of Other Life Stage Cold Water Biota of 6.5 mg/l and the minimum CCME Guideline for the Protection of Early Life Stage Cold Water Biota value of 9.5 mg/l.
- Turbidity values of 0.42 NTU to 4.87NTU with a median of 0.71 NTU indicated low background turbidity.
- Stage was relatively stable with the exception of two spikes related to precipitation.
- All data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion adhere to stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

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# Appendix 1

