

# Real-Time Water Quality Annual Report

Outflow of the Steady below Rambler's Nugget Pond Mill Site

May 20 to November 23, 2021



Government of Newfoundland & Labrador
Department of Environment & Climate Change
Water Resources Management Division

# **Contents**

Introduction	5
Maintenance and Calibration	6
Quality Assurance and Quality Control	7
Data Interpretation	8
Conclusions	15
Path Forward	16
Appendix 1: Air Temperature and Precipitation	17
Appendix 2: RTWQ Monitoring Station Outflow of the Steady	18

# **List of Tables**

Table 1: Water quality instrument deployment start and end dates for 2021	6
Table 2: Ranking classifications for deployment and removal	7
Table 3: QA/QC comparison rankings for May 20 – November 23, 2021	8
List of Figures	
Figure 1: Map of Rambler's Nugget Pond Mill tailings management facility	
area and the RTWQ station	5
Figure 2: Water and Air Temperature	9
Figure 3: pH	10
Figure 4: Specific Conductivity and Stage	11
Figure 5: Dissolved Oxygen Concentration and Saturation and Water Temperature	12
Figure 6: Water Turbidity and Stage	13
Figure 7: Stage and Precipitation	14

## Introduction

- The Real-Time Water Quality (RTWQ) Monitoring station at Outflow of the Steady is funded by Rambler Metals and Mining Canada Inc. The program is a joint partnership between Rambler and the Newfoundland & Labrador Department of Environment and Climate Change (ECC).
- The real-time water quality monitoring station at Outflow of the Steady was initially installed in July 2019 by ECC staff.
- This station measures the following water parameters: temperature, pH, specific conductivity, dissolved oxygen, turbidity and water quantity (stage). Parameters are recorded on an hourly basis during the deployment period and are available in real-time online: https://www.mae.gov.nl.ca/wrmd/ADRS/v6/Template Station.asp?station=NLENHM0002

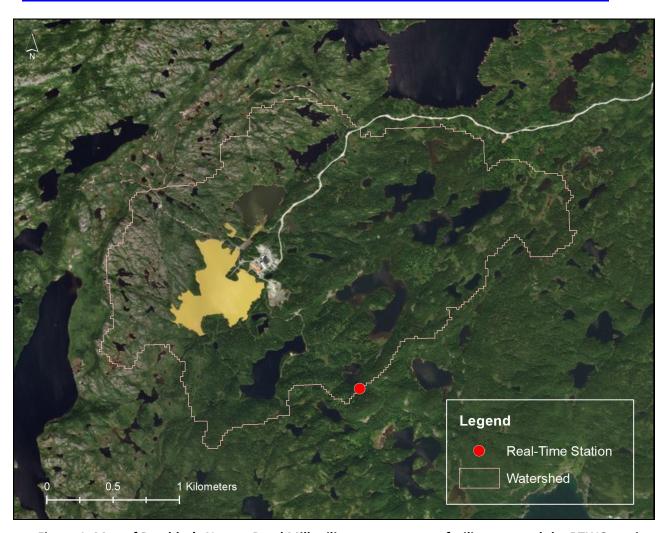


Figure 1: Map of Rambler's Nugget Pond Mill tailings management facility area and the RTWQ station

- The purpose of this network is to monitor, process, and distribute water quality/quantity data to Rambler Metals and Mining Canada Inc. and ECC for assessment and management of water resources, as well as to provide an early warning for any potential or emerging water issues, allowing mitigative measures to be implemented in a timely manner.
- ECC provides Rambler Metals and Mining Canada Inc. with monthly and annual deployment reports. Data is available in near real-time on the Department of Environment and Climate Change website.
- Gaps in the data are the result of transmission loss by the station or the removal of inaccurate data due to ongoing station maintenance during that time period.
- The initial deployment for the 2021 season was on May 20<sup>th</sup>. The instrument was removed for the winter season on November 23<sup>rd</sup>. The following report depicts and discusses water quality events throughout this time period. For more in-depth analysis, please refer to the individual deployment reports.

### **Maintenance and Calibration**

- To ensure accurate data collection, maintenance and calibration of the water quality instrumentation is performed approximately every 45 days. However, due to technical and logistical issues in 2021, the instrument was deployed for 69 days during the first and third deployments. The instrument performed well during this time. However, hydrometric (stage/water quantity) equipment experienced issues during the first two deployments. This gap is evident on the figures below.
- Maintenance includes a thorough cleaning of the instrument and replacement of any small sensor parts that are damaged or unsuitable for reuse. Once the instrument is cleaned, ECC staff carefully calibrate each sensor attachment for pH, specific conductivity, dissolved oxygen and turbidity to ensure accurate data collection.
- Installation and removal dates for the 2021 season are summarized in the table below.

Table 1: Water quality instrument deployment start and end dates for 2021

Installation	Removal	Deployment duration (days)
May 20	July 28	69
July 28	September 15	49
September 15	November 20	69

## **Quality Assurance and Quality Control**

- As part of the Quality Assurance and Quality Control protocol (QA/QC), an assessment of the reliability
  of data recorded by an instrument is made at the beginning and end of each deployment period. The
  procedure is based on the approach used by the United States Geological Survey.
- At deployment and removal, a QA/QC Sonde is temporarily deployed adjacent to the Field Sonde. Values for temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen and turbidity are compared between the two instruments. Based on the degree of difference between parameters recorded by the Field Sonde and QA/QC Sonde at deployment and at removal, a qualitative statement is made on the data quality (Table 2).

Table 2: Ranking classifications for deployment and removal

	Rank				
Parameter	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Poor
Temperature (°C)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	<+/-1
pH (unit)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1
Sp. Conductance (μS/cm)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20
Sp. Conductance > 35 $\mu$ S/cm (%)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) (% Sat)	<=+/-0.3	>+/-0.3 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1
Turbidity <40 NTU (NTU)	<=+/-2	>+/-2 to 5	>+/-5 to 8	>+/-8 to 10	>+/-10
Turbidity > 40 NTU (%)	<=+/-5	>+/-5 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20

- It should be noted that the temperature sensor on any sonde is the most important. All other parameters can be broken down into three groups: temperature dependant, temperature compensated and temperature independent. Since the temperature sensor is not isolated from the rest of the sonde the entire sonde must be at the same temperature before the sensor will stabilize. The values may take some time to climb to the appropriate reading; if a reading is taken too soon it may not accurately portray the water body.
- Deployment and removal comparison rankings for the Outflow of the Steady water quality station for the three deployment periods from May 20<sup>th</sup> to November 23<sup>th</sup>, 2021, are summarized in Table 3.
- For additional information and explanations of rankings, please refer to the 2021 monthly deployment reports.

Table 3: QA/QC comparison rankings for Outflow of the Steady May 20 - November 23, 2021

	Date		Instrument #	Temperature	рН	Specific Conductivity	Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity
<b>a</b> )	20-May-21	Deployment	17M102371	Excellent	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
the	28-Jul-21	Removal	17M102371	Good	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
o de		Deployment	19E100335	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Outflow	15-Sep-21	Removal	19E100335	Good	Fair	Excellent	Good	Excellent
) EE	15-Sep-21	Deployment	17M102371	Excellent	Good	Excellent	Good	Excellent
J	23-Nov-21	Removal	17M102371	Excellent	Fair	Good	Excellent	Excellent

# **Data Interpretation**

- The following graphs and discussion illustrate water quality-related events from May 20<sup>th</sup>, 2021 to November 23<sup>th</sup>, 2021 at Outflow of the Steady.
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion below adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

## **Outflow of the Steady below Nugget Pond Mill**

- Water temperature ranged from 1.76 to 26.28°C during the 2021 deployment season. The median value was 15.36°C (Figure 2).
- Water temperature increases at the beginning of the deployment and decreases during the later portion of the season. This is expected as ambient air temperature warms the water in the summer and cools water into the fall.

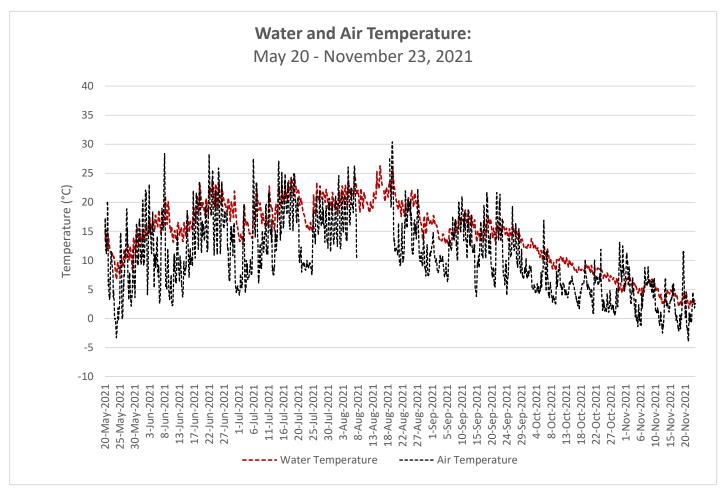


Figure 2: Water and Air Temperature – Outflow of the Steady (Weather data from ECCC climate at La Scie)

- pH ranged from 6.81 to 7.52 pH units at Outflow of the Steady during the 2021 deployment season (Figure 3). The median pH is 7.14.
- pH fluctuates daily. All values during the deployment are within the CCME Water Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life (between 6.5 and 9 pH units).
- pH remained relatively stable throughout the 2021 deployment season.

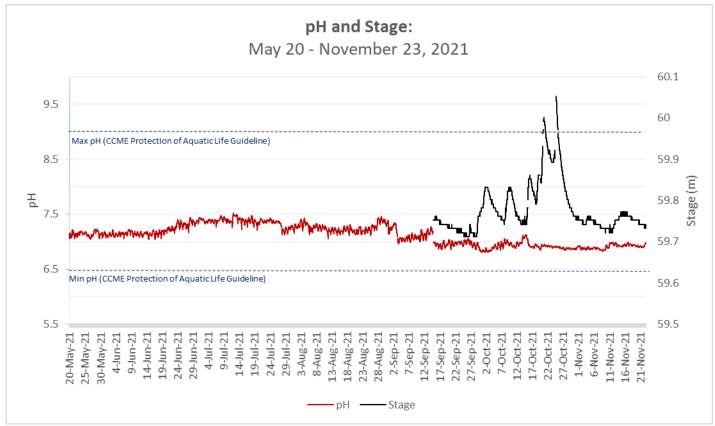
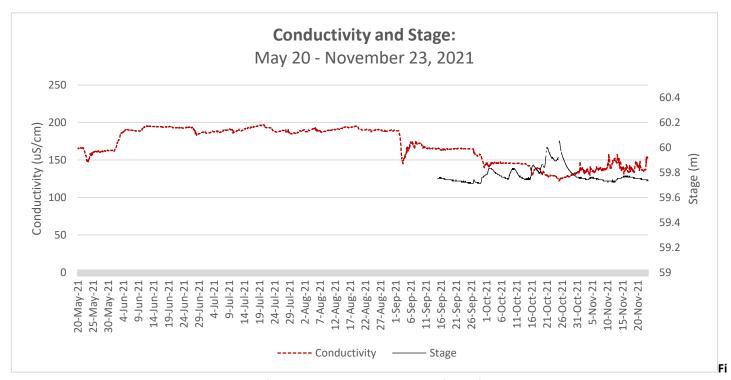


Figure 3: pH and Stage - Outflow of the Steady

- Throughout the 2021 deployment season, specific conductivity ranged from 121.99 to 197  $\mu$ s/cm at Outflow of the Steady (Figure 4).
- Conductivity demonstrated an overall decreasing trend throughout the deployment. Decreases were
  evident and coincided with high stage events. Precipitation events added water to the system, increasing
  stage, while diluting the water and decreasing the specific conductivity.



gure 4: Specific Conductivity and Stage - Outflow of the Steady

- The saturation of dissolved oxygen ranged from 88.89% to 114.83%, while the dissolved oxygen content ranged from 8.15 to 13.39 mg/l, with a median value of 9.82 mg/l (Figure 5).
- Dissolved oxygen fluctuated daily with decreases observed at night.
- Dissolved oxygen is lowest during the summer months when water temperature is warmest. It then
  increases steadily into the fall as water temperatures cool (Figure 5). Cooler water holds more oxygen than
  warmer water.
- All values were above the CCME Water Quality Guideline for the Protection of Aquatic Life for Cold Water Biota at Other Life Stages of 6.5 mg/l. The majority of values recorded were above the minimum CCME Water Quality Guideline for the Protection of Aquatic Life for Cold Water Biota at Early Life Stages of 9.5 mg/l. The guidelines are indicated in red on Figure 5.

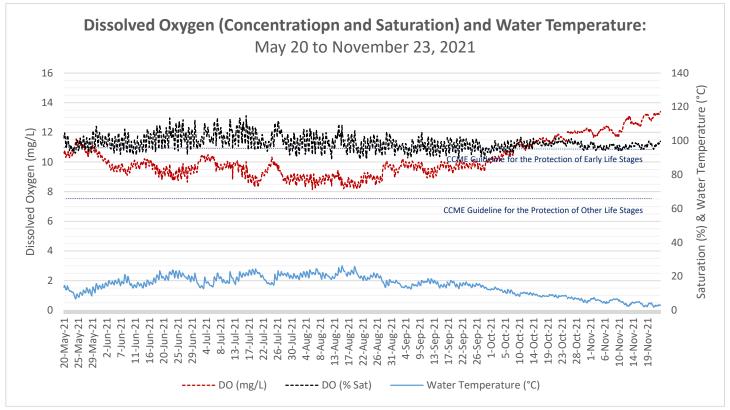


Figure 5: Dissolved Oxygen Concentration, Saturation and Water Temperature - Outflow of the Steady

- At the Outflow of the Steady station, turbidity values range from -0.83 to 3.51 NTU with a median value of 0.49 NTU (Figure 6). This indicates very low background turbidity at this location.
- Turbidity remained relatively stable throughout the deployment season with some spikes corresponding to stage increases which suspends sediment and particles into the water column for a short period of time. An increase observed on 15-Sep-2021 was related to the deployment of a replacement instrument with a calibration adjustment to eliminate questionable negative NTU values.
- Stage varied from 59.71m to 60.05m, with a range of 0.34m during the year.

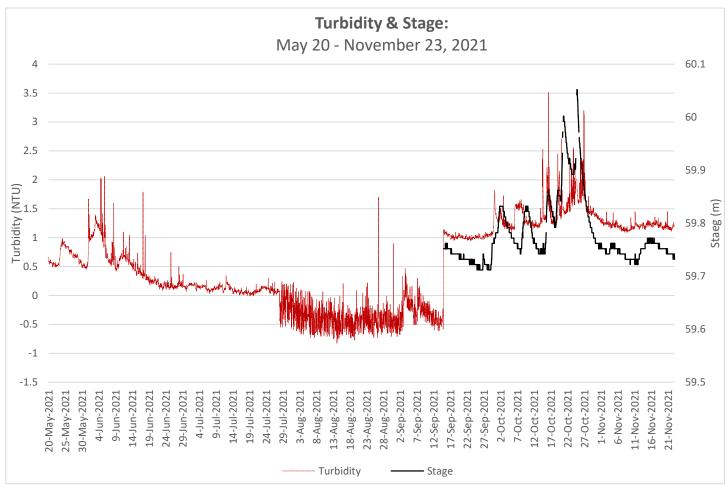


Figure 6: Turbidity and Stage - Outflow of the Steady

- Stage and precipitation are graphed below to show the relationship between rainfall and water level at Outflow of the Steady (Figure 7). Stage data was unavailable until September due to an equipment issue.
- For the available stage data, stage was variable in the fall and was strongly influenced by numerous precipitation events. Stage frequently increases in response to precipitation events, but not always. The largest precipitation event occurred September 3<sup>rd</sup> with 48.1 mm recorded at La Scie.

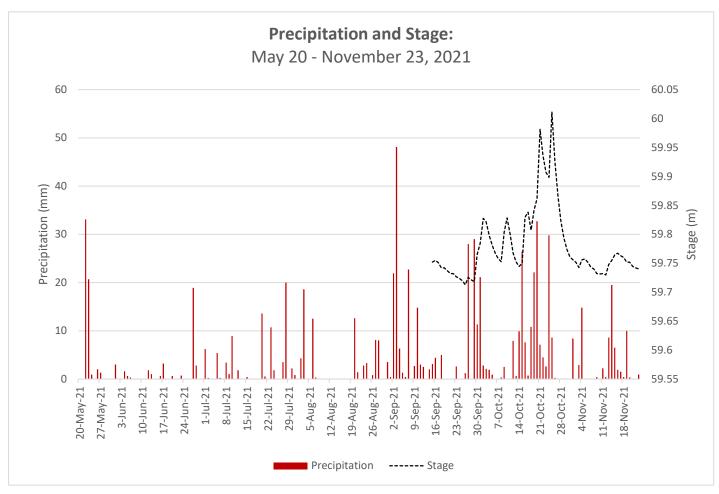


Figure 7: Stage and Precipitation – Outflow of the Steady (Weather data collected from ECCC climate station at La Scie)

## **Conclusions**

- The instrument at the water quality monitoring station Outflow of the Steady was deployed on May 20<sup>th</sup>, 2021 and removed on November 23<sup>th</sup>, 2021 for the winter season.
- Deployment periods were 69, 49 and 69 days. A typical deployment period would normally be approximately 45 days. Due to technical and logistical issues, the deployment periods in 2021 were extended. Staff monitored the data daily for issues. QA/QC sensor rankings show that the extended deployment had no negative effect on the data collected.
- With the exception of the hydrometric (stage/water quantity) sensor failure, the water quality instrument performed well for the 2021 season with no other issues.
- In most cases, weather related events or increases/decreases in water level explain the data fluctuations.
- Most values recorded were within ranges as suggested by the CCME Water Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life.
- Water temperature followed the seasonal trend of increasing during the summer and decreasing into the fall. Water temperature corresponded with air temperature.
- All pH values were within the acceptable range of the CCME Water Quality Guidelines for Protection of Aquatic Life.
- Specific conductivity showed an overall decreasing trend throughout the deployment period, but was influenced by stage increases due to precipitation events.
- When the water was warmest, dissolved oxygen values were below the minimum CCME Water Quality Guideline for the Protection of Aquatic Life for Cold Water Biota at Early Life Stages of 9.5 mg/l. All values were above the CCME Water Quality Guideline for the Protection of Aquatic Life for Cold water Biota at Other Life Stages of 6.5 mg/l.
- This station has low background turbidity, but is influenced by stage increases which often increase turbidity for a short period of time.

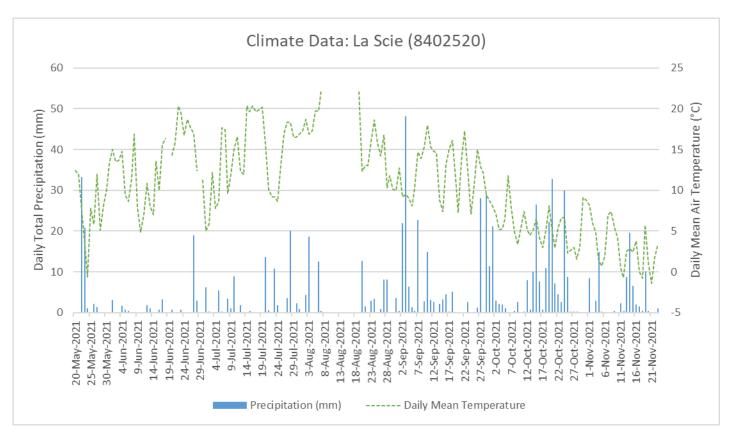
#### **Path Forward**

- The field instrument will undergo proficiency testing and evaluation during the winter of 2021-2022. ECC will inform Rambler Metals and Mining Canada Inc. of any instrument performance issues.
- ECC staff will deploy the real time water quality instrument in spring 2022 when ice conditions allow and perform regular site visits throughout the 2022 deployment season for calibration and maintenance of the instrument and water quantity equipment.
- If necessary, deployment techniques will be evaluated and modified, ensuring secure and suitable conditions for RTWQ monitoring.
- ECC will continue to work on its Automatic Data Retrieval System (ADRS), to incorporate new capabilities in data management and data display.
- Open communication lines will continue to be maintained between ECC and Rambler in order to respond
  to emerging issues on a proactive basis. Rambler Metals and Mining Canada Inc. will receive monthly
  deployment reports and an annual report, summarizing the events of the deployment season.

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**Appendix 2: RTWQ Monitoring Station Outflow of the Steady** 

