TOWN OF LOGY BAY-MIDDLE COVE-OUTER COVE



DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS2005 - 2015

In Effect: September 9, 2005

PLEASE SEE LIST OF DEVELOPMENT REGULATION AMENDMENTS

Prepared By:

PLAN-TECH



ENVIRONMENT

URBAN AND RURAL PLANNING ACT RESOLUTION TO APPROVE TOWN OF LOGY BAY-MIDDLE COVE-OUTER COVE MUNICIPAL PLAN AND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS 2005-2015

Under the authority of section 16, section 17 and section 18 of the *Urban and Rural*Planning Act 2000, the Town Council of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove.

- Adopted the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Municipal Plan and Development Regulations 2005–2015 on the 14th day of June 2005.
- b) Gave Notice of the adoption of the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Municipal Plan and Development Regulations 2005–2015 by advertisement inserted on the 18th day and the 25th day of June 2005 in the Telegram newspaper.
- c) Set the 6th day of July at 7:30 p.m. at the Justina Community Centre, Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove, for the holding of a public hearing to consider objections and submissions.

Now under the authority of Section 23 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act 2000*, the Town Council of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove approves the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Municipal Plan and Development Regulations 2005-2015, as adopted.

SIGNED AND SEALED this of day of Anoms, 2005.

Mayor: Roled Pole (Council Seal)

Clerk:

Momoipal Plan/Amendment

REGISTERED

Number 24/5 - 2005 - 2004

Date 2 Stennan 2005

Signature



URBAN AND RURAL PLANNING ACT RESOLUTION TO ADOPT TOWN OF LOGY BAY-MIDDLE COVE-OUTER COVE MUNICIPAL PLAN AND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS 2005-2015

Under the authority of Section 16 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act 2000*, the Town Council of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove adopts the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Municipal Plan and Development Regulations 2005–2015.

Adopted by the Town Council of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove on the !! day of ..., 2005.

Signed and sealed this K day of Ahbust, 2005.

Mayor:

(Council Seal

Clerk:

CANADIAN INSTITUTE OF PLANNERS CERTIFICATION

I certify that the attached copy of the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Municipal Plan and Development Regulations 2005–2015 has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act*.

MCID-

(MCID Seal)



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TOWN OF LOGY BAY-MIDDLE COVE-OUTER COVE LAND USE, ZONING, SUBDIVISION AND ADVERTISEMENT REGULATIONS (DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS)

APPLICATION

1. Short Title

These Regulations may be cited as the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Development Regulations.

2. Interpretation

- (1) Words and phrases used in these Regulations shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Schedule A.
- (2) Words and phrases not defined in Schedule A shall have the meanings which are commonly assigned to them in the context in which they are used in the Regulations.

3. Commencement

These Regulations come into effect throughout the Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Municipal Planning Area, hereinafter referred to as the Planning Area, on the date of publication of a notice to that effect in the Newfoundland Gazette.

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4. Municipal Code and Regulations

The Building Code including the Plumbing Code, the Fire Code, the Electrical Code, and any other ancillary code and any Building Regulations, Waste Disposal Regulation and/or any other municipal regulations regulating or controlling the development, conservation and use of land in force in the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer, shall, under these Regulations apply to the entire Planning Area. The Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer does not have a Building Inspector; therefore compliance with the above mentioned building codes is the responsibility of the Applicant.

5. Authority

In these Regulations, "Council" means the Council of the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer.

PART I - GENERAL REGULATIONS

6. Compliance with Regulations

No development shall be carried out within the Planning Area except in accordance with these Regulations.

7. Permit Required

No person shall carry out any development within the Planning Area except where otherwise provided in these Regulations unless a permit for the development has been issued by the Council.

8. Permit to be Issued

Subject to Regulations 9 and 10, a permit shall be issued for development within the Planning Area that conforms to:

- (a) the general development standards set out in Part II of these Regulations, the requirements of Part V of these Regulations, and the use classes, standards, requirements, and conditions prescribed in Schedule C of these Regulations for the use zone in which the proposed development is located;
- (b) the standards set out in the Building Code and/or other ancillary codes, and any Building Regulations, Waste Disposal Regulations, and/or any other municipal regulation in force in the Planning Area regulating or controlling development, conservation and use of land and buildings;
- (c) the standards set out in Part III of these Regulations in the case of advertisement;
- (d) the standards set out in Part IV of these Regulations in the case of subdivision;
- (e) the standards of design and appearance established by the Council.

9. Permit Not to be Issued in Certain Cases

Neither a permit nor approval in principle shall be issued for development within the Planning Area when, in the opinion of the Council, it is premature by reason of the site lacking adequate road access, power, drainage, sanitary facilities, or domestic water supply, or being beyond the natural development of the area at the time of application unless the applicant contracts to pay the full cost of construction of the services deemed necessary by the Council and such cost shall attach to and upon the property in respect of which it is imposed.

10. Discretionary Powers of Council

- (1) In considering an application for a permit or for approval in principle to carry out development, the Council shall take into account the policies expressed in the Municipal Plan and any further scheme, plan or regulations pursuant thereto, and shall assess the general appearance of the development of the area, the amenity of the surroundings, availability of utilities, public safety and convenience, and any other considerations which are, in its opinion, material, and notwithstanding the conformity of the application with the requirements of these Regulations, the Council may, in its discretion, and as a result of its consideration of the matters set out in this Regulation, conditionally approve or refuse the application.;
- (2) An Council may, in its discretion, determine the uses that may or may not be developed in a use zone and those uses shall be listed in the Council's regulations as discretionary, permitted or prohibited uses for that area

11. Variances (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 12, January 2, 2001)

(1) Where an approval or permit cannot be given by the Council because a proposed development does not comply with development standards set out in development regulations, the Council may, in its discretion, vary the applicable development standards to a maximum of 10% if, in the Council's opinion, compliance with the development standards would prejudice the proper development of the land, building or structure in question or would be contrary to public interest.

- (2) The Council shall not allow a variance from development standards set out in development regulations if that variance, when considered together with other variances made or to be made with respect to the same land, building or structure, would have a cumulative effect that is greater than a 10% variance even though the individual variances are separately no more than 10%.
- (3) The Council shall not permit a variance from development standards where the proposed development would increase the non conformity of an existing development.

12. Notice of Variance (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 13, January 2, 2001)

Where the Council is to consider a proposed variance, the Council shall give written notice of the proposed variance from development standards to all persons whose land is in the immediate vicinity of the land that is the subject of the variance, and allow a minimum period of 7 days for response.

13. Service Levy

- (1) The Council may require a developer to pay a service levy where development is made possible or where the density of potential development is increased, or where the value of property is enhanced by the carrying out of public works either on or off the site of the development.
- (2) A service levy shall not exceed the cost, or estimated cost, including finance charges to the Council of constructing or improving the public works referred to in Regulation 13(1) that are necessary for the real property to be developed in accordance with the standards required by the Council and for uses that are permitted on that real property.
- (3) A service levy shall be assessed on the real property based on:
 - (a) the amount of real property benefited by the public works related to all the real property so benefited; and,
 - (b) the density of development made capable or increased by the public work.

- (4) The Council may require a service levy to be paid by the owner of the real property;
 - (a) at the time the levy is imposed;
 - (b) at the time development of the real property commences;
 - (c) at the time development of the real property is completed; or,
 - (d) at such other time as the Council may decide.

14. Financial Guarantees by Developer

- (1) The Council may require a developer before commencing a development to make such financial provisions and/or enter into such agreements as may be required to guarantee the payment of service levies, ensure site reinstatement, and to enforce the carrying out of any other condition attached to a permit or licence.
- (2) The financial provisions pursuant to Regulation 14(1) may be made in the form of:
 - (a) a cash deposit from the developer, to be held by the Council, or;
 - (b) a guarantee by a bank, or other institution acceptable to the Minister, for expenditures by the developer, or;
 - (c) a performance bond provided by an insurance company or a bank, or;
 - (d) an annual contribution to a sinking fund held by the Council, or;
 - (e) another form of financial guarantee that the Council may approve.

15. Dedication of Land for Public Use

In addition to the requirements for dedication of land under Regulation 78, the Council may require the dedication of a percentage of the land area of any subdivision or other development for public use, and such land shall be conveyed to the Council in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

16. Reinstatement of Land

Where the use of land is discontinued or the intensity of its use is decreased, the Council may order the developer, the occupier of the site, or the owner or all of them to reinstate the site, to remove all or any buildings or erections, to cover or fill all wells or excavations, and to close all or any accesses, or to do any of these things or all of them, as the case may be, and the developer, occupier or owner shall carry out the order of the Council and shall put the site in a clean and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Council.

17. Form of Application

- (1) An application for a development permit or for approval in principle shall be made only by the owner or by a person authorized by the owner to the Council on such form as may be prescribed by the Council, and every application shall include such plans, specifications and drawings as the Council may require, and be accompanied by the permit fee required by the Council.
- (2) The Council shall supply to every applicant a copy of the application forms referred to in Regulation 17(1) and a description of the plans, specifications and drawings required to be provided with the application and any information or requirements applicable to the application.

18. Register of Application

The Council shall keep a public register of all applications for development, and shall enter therein the Council's decision upon each application and the result of any appeal from that decision.

19. Deferment of Application

(1) The Council may, with the written agreement of the applicant, defer consideration of an application.

(2) Applications properly submitted in accordance with these Regulations which have not been determined by the Council and on which a decision has not been communicated to the applicant within eight weeks of the receipt thereof by the Council, and on which consideration has not been deferred in accordance with Regulation 18(1), shall be deemed to be refused.

20. Approval in Principle

- (1) The Council may grant approval in principle for the erection, alteration or conversion of a building if, after considering an application for approval in principle made under these Regulations, it is satisfied that the proposed development is, subject to the approval of detailed plans, in compliance with these Regulations.
- Where approval in principle is granted under this Regulation, it shall be subject to the subsequent approval by the Council of such details as may be listed in the approval in principle, which shall also specify that further application for approval of these details shall be received not later than two years from the grant of approval in principle.

21. Development Permit

- (1) A plan or drawing which has been approved by the Council and which bears a mark and/or signature indicating such approval together with a permit shall be deemed to be permission to develop land in accordance with these Regulations but such permission shall not relieve the applicant from full responsibility for obtaining permits or approvals under any other regulation or statute prior to commencing the development; from having the work carried out in accordance with these Regulations or any other regulations or statutes; and from compliance with all conditions imposed there under.
- (2) The Council may attach to a permit or to approval in principle such conditions as it deems fit in order to ensure that the proposed development will be in accordance with the purposes and intent of these Regulations.

- (3) Where the Council deems necessary, permits may be issued on a temporary basis for a period not exceeding two years, which may be extended in writing by the Council for further periods not exceeding two years.
- (4) A permit is valid for such period, not in excess of two years, as may be stated therein, and if the development has not commenced, the permit may be renewed for a further period not in excess of one year, but a permit shall not be renewed more than once, except in the case of a permit for an advertisement, which may be renewed in accordance with Part III of these Regulations.
- (5) The approval of any application and plans or drawings or the issue of a permit shall not prevent the Council from thereafter requiring the correction of errors, or from ordering the cessation, removal of, or remedial work on any development being carried out in the event that the same is in violation of this or any other regulations or statute.
- (6) The Council may revoke a permit for failure by the holder of it to comply with these Regulations or any condition attached to the permit or where the permit was issued in error or was issued on the basis of incorrect information.
- (7) No person shall erase, alter or modify any drawing or specifications upon which a permit to develop has been issued by the Council.
- (8) There shall be kept available on the premises where any work, matter or thing in being done for which a permit has been issued, a copy of the permit and any plans, drawings or specifications on which the issue of the permit was based during the whole progress of the work, or the doing of the matter or thing until completion.

22. Reasons for Refusing Permit

The Council shall, when refusing to issue a permit or attaching conditions to a permit, state the reasons for so doing.

23. Notice of Right to Appeal (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 5, January 2, 2001)

Where the Council makes a decision that may be appealed under section 42 of the Act, the Council shall, in writing, at the time of making that decision, notify the person to whom the decision applies of the:

- (a) person's right to appeal the decision to the board;
- (b) time by which an appeal is to be made;
- (c) right of other interested persons to appeal the decision; and
- (d) manner of making an appeal and the address for the filing of the appeal.

24. Appeal Requirements (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 6, January 2, 2001)

- (1) The secretary of the Appeal Board at the Department of Municipal and Provincial Affairs, Main Floor, Confederation Building (West Block), P.O. Box 8700, St. John's, Nfld., A1B 4J6 is the secretary to all Appeal Boards in the province and an appeal filed with that secretary within the time period referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act shall be considered to have been filed with the appropriate Appeal Board.
- (2) The fee required under section 44 of the Act shall be paid to the Appeal Board that hears the decision being appealed by filing it with the secretary referred to in subsection (1) or (2) within the 14 days referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act.
- (3) The Appeal Board that hears the decision being appealed shall, subject to subsection 44(3) of the Act, retain the fee paid to the Appeal Board.
- (4) Where an appeal of a decision and the required fee is not received by an Appeal Board in accordance with this section and Part VI of the Act, the right to appeal that decision shall be considered to have been forfeited.

- **25.** Appeal Registration (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 7, January 2, 2001)
 - (1) Upon receipt of an appeal and fee as required under the Act and these regulations, the secretary of the Appeal Board as referred to in subsections 24(1) and (2), shall immediately register the appeal.
 - (2) Where an appeal has been registered the secretary of the Appeal Board shall notify the Council of the appeal and shall provide to the Council a copy of the appeal and the documentation related to the appeal.
 - (3) Where the Council has been notified of an appeal that Council shall within one week of notification forward to the appropriate board a copy of the application being appealed, all correspondence, council minutes, plans and other relevant information relating to the appeal including the names and addresses of the applicant and other interested persons of whom the Council has knowledge.
 - (4) Upon receipt of the information under subsection (3), the secretary of the board shall publish in a newspaper circulated in the area of the appropriate Council, a notice that the appeal has been registered.
 - (5) A notice published under subsection (4) shall be published not fewer than 2 weeks before the date upon which the appeal is to be heard by the board.
- **26. Development Prohibited** (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 8, January 2, 2001)
 - (1) Immediately upon notice of the registration of an appeal the Council shall ensure that any development upon the property that is the subject of the appeal ceases.
 - (2) Sections 102 and 104 of the Act apply to the Council acting under subsection (1).
 - (3) Upon receipt of a notification of the registration of an appeal with respect to an order under section 102 of the Act, the Council shall not carry out work related to the matter being appealed.

27. Appeal Board

(1) The minister may, by order, establish an Appeal Board and shall assign to the Appeal Board a specific area of the province over which it shall have jurisdiction, as outlined in section 40, of the Act.

28. Appeals

- (1) A person or an association of persons aggrieved of a decision that, under the regulations, may be appealed, may appeal that decision to the appropriate Appeal Board where the decision is with respect to
 - (a) an application to undertake a development;
 - (b) a revocation of an approval or a permit to undertake a development;
 - (c) the issuance of a stop work order; and
 - (d) a decision permitted under the Act or another Act to be appealed to the board.
- (2) A decision of the Council to adopt, approve or proceed with a municipal plan, a scheme, development regulations and amendments and revisions of them is final and not subject to an appeal.
- (3) An Appeal Board shall not make a decision that does not comply with the municipal plan, a scheme and development regulations that apply to the matter being appealed.
- (4) An appeal shall be filed with the Appeal Board not more than 14 days after the person who made the original application appealed from has received the decision being appealed.
- (5) An appeal shall be made in writing and shall include
 - (a) a summary of the decision appealed from;
 - (b) the grounds for the appeal; and
 - (c) the required fee.

- (6) A person or group of persons affected by the subject of an appeal or their representatives may appear before an Appeal Board and make representations concerning the matter under appeal.
- (7) An Appeal Board may inform itself of the subject matter of the appeal in the manner it considers necessary to reach a decision.
- (8) An Appeal Board shall consider and determine appeals in accordance with the Act and the municipal plan, scheme and regulations that have been registered under section 24, of the Act, and having regard to the circumstances and merits of the case.
- (9) A decision of the Appeal Board must comply with the plan, scheme or development regulations that apply to the matter that has been appealed to that board.
- (10) In determining an appeal, an Appeal Board may confirm, reverse or vary the decision appealed from and may impose those conditions that the board considers appropriate in the circumstances and may direct the Council to carry out its decision or make the necessary order to have its decision implemented.
- (11) Notwithstanding subsection (10), where the Council may, in its discretion, make a decision, an Appeal Board shall not make another decision that overrules the discretionary decision.
- (12) The decision of a majority of the members of an Appeal Board present at the hearing of an appeal shall be the decision of the Appeal Board.
- (13) An Appeal Board shall, in writing notify the appellant and the appropriate Council of the decision of the Appeal Board.

- **29. Hearing Notice and Meetings** (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 9, January 2, 2001)
 - (1) An Appeal Board shall notify the appellant, applicant, Council and other persons affected by the subject of an appeal of the date, time and place for the appeal not fewer than 7 days before the date scheduled for the hearing of the appeal.
 - (2) An Appeal Board may meet as often as is necessary to conduct its work in an expeditious manner.

30. Hearing of Evidence (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 10, January 2, 2001)

- (1) An Appeal Board shall meet at a place within the area under its jurisdiction and the appellant and other persons notified under regulation 29(1) or their representative may appear before the Appeal Board and make representations with respect to the matter being appealed.
- (2) An Appeal Board shall hear an appeal in accordance with section 43 of the Act and these regulations.
- (3) A written report submitted under subsection 43(2) of the Act respecting a visit to and viewing of a property shall be considered to have been provided in the same manner as evidence directly provided at the hearing of the Appeal Board.
- (4) In the conduct of an appeal hearing, the Appeal Board is not bound by the rules of evidence.

31. Return of Appeal Fee

Where an appeal made by an appellant under section 42 of the Act, is successful, an amount of money equal to the fee paid by that appellant under regulation 24(2) shall be paid to him or her by the Council.

32. Right of Entry

The Council, the Director, or any inspector may enter upon any public or private land and may at all reasonable times enter any development or building upon the land for the purpose of making surveys or examinations or obtaining information relative to the carrying out of any development, construction, alteration, repair, or any other works whatsoever which the Council is empowered to regulate.

33. Notice of Application (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 13 and 15, January 2, 2001)

The Council may, and when a variance is necessary under Regulation 11 and the Council wishes to consider whether to authorize such a variance, when a change in nonconforming use is to be considered under Regulation 49, or when the development proposed is listed as a discretionary use in Schedule C of the Regulations shall, at the expense of the applicant, give notice of an application for a permit or for approval in principle, by public advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the area or by any other means deemed necessary, and under Regulation 12 and the Council shall give written notice of the proposed variance from development standards to all persons whose land is in the immediate vicinity of the land that is the subject of the variance, and allow a minimum period of 7 days for response.

34. Record of Violations

Every inspector shall keep a record of any violation of these regulations which comes to his knowledge and report that violation to the Council.

35. Stop Work Order and Prosecution

(1) Where a person begins a development contrary or apparently contrary to these Regulations, the Council may order that person to stop the development or work connected therewith pending final adjudication in any prosecution arising out of the development.

- (2) A person who does not comply with an order made under Regulation 35(1) is guilty of an offence under the provisions of the Act.
- **36. Delegation of Powers** (Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 18, January 2, 2001) The Council shall, where designating employees to whom a power is to be delegated under subsection 109(3) of the Act, make that designation in writing.

PART II - GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

37. Accesses and Service Streets

- (1) Access shall be located to the specification of the Council so as to ensure the greatest possible convenience and safety of the street system and the Council may prescribe the construction of service streets to reduce the number of accesses to collector and arterial streets.
- (2) No vehicular access shall be closer than 12 metres to the street line of any street intersection.

38. Accessory Buildings

- (1) Accessory buildings shall be clearly incidental and complementary to the use of the main buildings in character, use and size, and shall be contained on the same lot.
- (2) (a) No accessory building shall be located closer to the street line than the main building.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Section 38 (2) (a), the Council may approve the location of an accessory building closer to the street line than is the main dwelling where the Council considers that the location of an accessory building as required under Section 38 (2)(a) would pose a severe inconvenience or hazard, and provided that the location of the accessory building would not pose a threat to road safety.
- (3) The sideyard requirements set out in the use zone tables in these Regulations shall apply to accessory buildings wherever they are located on the lot.

39. Buffer Strips

Where any industrial development permitted in any Use Zone abuts an existing or proposed residential area, or is separated from it by a road only, the owner of the site of the industrial development shall provide a buffer strip not less than ten (10) metres wide between any residential activity and the industrial area. The buffer shall include the provision of such natural or structural barrier as may be required by the Council and shall be maintained by the owner or occupier to the satisfaction of the Council.

40. Advertisements

Advertisements shall not be erected or displayed except in accordance with Part III of these Regulations.

41. Building Height

The Council may permit the erection of buildings of a height greater than that specified in Schedule C, but in such cases the building line setback and rearyard requirements shall be varied as follows:

- (1) The building line setback shall be increased by 2 metres for every 1 metre increase in height.
- (2) The rearyard shall not be less than the minimum building line setback calculated as described in (1) above plus 6 metres.

42. Building Line and Setback

The Council, by resolution, may establish building lines on an existing or proposed street or service street and may require any new buildings to be located on those building lines, whether or not such building lines conform to the standards set out in the tables in Schedule C of these Regulations.

43. Family and Group Care Centres

Family group care centre use may be permitted in any dwelling or apartment that is adequate in size to accommodate the number of persons living in the group, inclusive of staff, provided that in the opinion of the Council, the use of the dwelling does not materially differ from, nor adversely affect, the amenities of the adjacent residences, or the neighbourhood in which it is located. The Council may require special access and safety features to be provided for the occupants before occupancy is permitted.

44. Height Exceptions

The height requirements prescribed in Schedule C of these Regulations may be waived in the case of communication masts and antennae, flagpoles, water towers, spires, belfries, or chimneys, but any such waiver which results in an increase of more than 10% the permitted height of the structure shall only be authorized under the provisions of Regulation 11.

45. Livestock Structures and Uses

- (1) No structure designed to contain more than five animal units shall be erected or used unless it complies with the following requirements:
 - (a) The structure shall be at least 610 m from a residence, (except a farm residence or a residence which is a non-conforming use in any zone in which agriculture is a permitted use class in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C of these Regulations), and, from an area designated for residential use in an approved Plan, and, from a Provincial or Federal Park.
 - (b) The structure shall be at least 60 m from the boundary of the property on which it is to be erected.
 - (c) The structure shall be at least 90 m from the centre line of a street.
 - (d) The erection of the structure shall be approved by the Department of Natural Resources and the Department of Environment and Conservation.

(2) No development for residential use shall be permitted within 610 m of an existing structure designed to contain more than five animal units unless the development is first approved by the Department of Natural Resources.

46. Lot Area

- (1) No lot shall be reduced in area, either by the conveyance or alienation of any portion thereof or otherwise, so that any building or structure on such lot shall have a lot coverage that exceeds, or a front yard, rear yard, side yard, frontage or lot area that is less than that permitted by these Regulations for the zone in which such lot is located.
- Where any part of a lot is required by these Regulations to be reserved as a yard, it shall continue to be so used regardless of any change in the ownership of the lot or any part thereof, and shall not be deemed to form part of an adjacent lot for the purpose of computing the area thereof available for building purposes.

47. Lot Frontage

Except where specifically provided for in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C of these Regulations, no residential or commercial building shall be erected unless the lot on which it is situated fronts directly onto a public street or forms part of a Comprehensive Development Scheme.

48. Lot Area and Size Exceptions

Where, at the time of coming into effect of these Regulations, one or more lots already **legally** exist in any residential zone, **which does not have the** frontage or area to permit the owner or purchaser of such a lot or lots to comply with the provisions of these Regulations, then these Regulations shall not prevent the issuing of a permit by the Council for the erection of a dwelling thereon provided: the lot has a minimum 30 m frontage and can meets all other standards set out in these Regulations.

DRA-2006-2 and NL Gazette

49. Non-Conforming Use

- (1) Notwithstanding the Municipal Plan, scheme or regulations made under this Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2001, the Council shall, in accordance with regulations made under this Act, allow a development or use of land to continue in a manner that does not conform with a regulation, scheme, or plan that applies to that land provided that the non-conforming use legally existed before the registration under section 24 of the Act, scheme or regulations made with respect to that kind of development or use.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a right to resume a discontinued non-conforming use of land shall not exceed 12 months after that discontinuance.
- (3) A building, structure or development that does not conform to a scheme, plan or regulations made under the Act that is allowed to continue under subsection (1)
 - (a) shall not be internally or externally varied, extended or expanded unless otherwise approved by the Council;
 - (b) shall not be structurally modified except as required for the safety of the building, structure or development;
 - shall not be reconstructed or repaired for use in the same non-conforming manner where 50% or more of the value of that building, structure or development has been destroyed;
 - (d) may have the existing use for that building, structure or development varied by the Council to a use that is, in the Council's opinion, more compatible with the plan and regulations applicable to it;
 - (e) may have the existing building extended by approval of the Council where, in the Council's opinion, the extension is not more than 50% of the existing building;
 - (f) where the non-conformance is with respect to the standards included in these

development regulations, shall not be expanded if the expansion would increase the non-conformity;

- (g) where a building, structure or development does not meet the development standards included in development regulations, the building, structure or development shall not be expanded if the expansion would increase the nonconformity and an expansion must comply with the development standards applicable to that building, structure or development.
- (h) where the building or structure is primarily zoned and used for residential purposes, may, in accordance with the municipal plan and regulations, be repaired or rebuilt where 50% or more of the value of that building or structure is destroyed.
- (4) Where considering a non conforming building, structure or development and before making a decision to vary an existing use of that non-conforming building, structure or development, the Council, at the applicant's expense, shall publish a notice in a newspaper circulating in the area or by other means give public notice of an application to vary the existing use of a non-conforming building, structure or development and shall consider any representations or submissions received in response to that advertisement.

50. Offensive and Dangerous Uses

No building or land shall be used for any purpose which may be dangerous by causing or promoting fires or other hazards or which may emit noxious, offensive or dangerous fumes, smoke, gases, radiation, smells, ash, dust or grit, excessive noise or vibration, or create any nuisance that has an unpleasant effect on the senses unless its use is authorized by the Council and any other council having jurisdiction.

51. Offstreet Parking Requirements

(1) For every building, structure or use to be erected, enlarged or established, there shall be provided and maintained a quantity of off-street parking spaces sufficient to ensure that

the flow of traffic on adjacent streets is not impeded by the on-street parking of vehicles associated with that building, structure or use.

- (2) The number of parking spaces to be provided for any building, structure, use of occupancy shall conform to the standards set out in Schedule D of these Regulations.
- (3) Each parking space, except in the case of one or two-family dwellings, shall be made accessible by means of a hard surfaced right-of-way at least 3 m in width. Parking required in a Residential Zone shall be provided on the same lot as the dwelling or dwellings. Parking space for apartments shall be provided in the rear yard where possible. In a Non-Residential Zone, parking spaces shall be provided within the limits of the zone in which the use is situated and not more than 200 m distant from the use concerned.
- (4) The parking facilities required by this Regulation shall, except in the case of single or attached dwellings, be arranged so that it is not necessary for any vehicle to reverse onto or from a street.
- (5) Where, in these Regulations, parking facilities for more than four vehicles are required or permitted:
 - (a) parking space shall mean an area of land, not less than 15 m² in size, capable of being used for the parking of a vehicle without the need to move other vehicles on adjacent areas;
 - (b) the parking area shall be constructed and maintained to the specifications of the Council;
 - (c) the lights used for illumination of the parking area shall be so arranged as to divert the light away from adjacent development;
 - (d) a structure, not more than 3 m in height and more than 5 m² in area may be erected in the parking area for the use of attendants in the area;
 - (e) except in zones in which a service station is a permitted use, no gasoline pump or other service station equipment shall be located or maintained on a parking area;
 - (f) no part of any off-street parking area shall be closer than 1.5 m to the front lot line in any zone;

- (g) access to parking areas in non-residential zones shall not be by way of residential zones;
- (h) where a parking area is in or abuts a residential zone, a natural or structural barrier at least 1 m in height shall be erected and maintained along all lot lines;
- (i) where, in the opinion of the Council, strict application of the above parking requirements is impractical or undesirable, the Council may as a condition of a permit require the developer to pay a service levy in accordance with these Regulations in lieu of the provision of a parking area, and the full amount of the levy charged shall be used by the Council for the provision and upkeep of alternative parking facilities within the general vicinity of the development.

52. Off-Street Loading Requirements

- (1) For every building, structure or use to be erected, enlarged or established requiring the shipping, loading or unloading of animals, goods, wares or merchandise, there shall be provided and maintained for the premises loading facilities on land that is not part of a street comprised of one or more loading spaces, 15 m long, 4 m wide, and having a vertical clearance of at least 4 m with direct access to a street or with access by a driveway of a minimum width of 6 m to a street.
- (2) The number of loading spaces to be provided shall be determined by the Council.
- (3) The loading facilities required by this Regulation shall be so arranged that vehicles can manoeuvre clear of any street and so that it is not necessary for any vehicle to reverse onto or from a street.

53. Parks and Playgrounds, and Conservation Uses

Nothing in these Regulations shall prevent the designation of conservation areas or the establishment of parks and playgrounds in any zones provided that such parks and playgrounds are not located in areas which may be hazardous to their use and are not operated for commercial

purposes.

54. Screening and Landscaping

The Council may, in the case of existing unsightly development, order the owner or occupier to provide adequate and suitable landscaping or screening; and for this purpose may require the submission of an application giving details of the landscaping or screening, and these Regulations shall then apply to that application. The provision of adequate and suitable landscaping or screening may be made a condition of any development permit where, in the opinion of the Council, the landscaping or screening is desirable to preserve amenity, or protect the environment.

55. Services and Public Utilities

The Council may within any zone permit land to be used in conjunction with the provision of public services and public utilities if the use of that land is necessary to the proper operation of the public service or public utility concerned provided that the design and landscaping of any development of any land so used is, in the opinion of the Council, adequate to protect the character and appearance of the area.

56. Service Stations

The following requirements shall apply to all proposed service stations:

- (a) All gasoline pumps shall be located on pump islands designed for such purpose, and to which automobiles may gain access from either side.
- (b) Pump islands shall be set back at least 4 metres from the front lot line.
- (c) Accesses shall not be less than 7 metres wide and shall be clearly marked, and where a service station is located on a corner lot, the minimum distance between an access and the intersection of street lines at the junction shall be 10 metres and the lot line between entrances shall be clearly indicated.
- (d) All surface run from the parking lot and around the pump island shall drain into an oil/water separator before being discharging into the natural storm drainage system.

57. Side Yards

A sideyard shall be kept clear of obstruction and shall be provided on the exposed sides of every building in order to provide access for the maintenance of that building. On a corner lot in any zone, no part of any building or accessory building shall be erected closer to the lot line of the flanking street than the front yard requirement of the zone.

58. Street Construction Standards

A new street may not be constructed except in accordance with and to the design and specifications laid down by the Council.

59. Subsidiary Apartments

Subsidiary apartments may be permitted in single dwellings only, and for the purposes of calculating lot area and yard requirements, shall be considered part of the self-contained dwelling.

60. Unsubdivided Land

Development is not permitted on unsubdivided land unless sufficient area is reserved to satisfy the yard and other allowances called for in the Use Zone in which it is located and the allowances shall be retained when the adjacent land is developed.

61. Corner Lot Sight Triangle

On a corner lot, a fence, sign, hedge, shrub, bush or tree or any other structure or vegetation shall not be erected or permitted to grow to a height greater than .6 metres (2 ft.) above grade of the streets that abut the lot within the triangular area included within the street lines for a distance of 6 metres (19.7 ft.) from their point of intersection.

Part III – Advertisement Page 28

PART III - ADVERTISEMENTS

62. Permit Required

Subject to the provisions of Regulation 67, no advertisement shall be erected or displayed in the Planning Area unless a permit for the advertisement is first obtained from the Council. Permit for erection or display of advertisement on Provincial Highways shall be obtained from the Government Service Centre.

63. Form of Application

Application for a permit to erect or display an advertisement shall be made to the Council in accordance with Regulation 17.

64. Advertisements Prohibited in Street Reservation

No advertisement shall be permitted to be erected or displayed within, on or over any highway or street reservation.

65. Permit Valid for Limited Period

A permit granted under these Regulations for the erection or display of an advertisement shall be for a limited period, not exceeding two years, but may be renewed at the discretion of the Council for similar periods.

66. Removal of Advertisements

Notwithstanding the provisions of these Regulations, the Council may require the removal of any advertisement which, in its opinion, is:

- (a) hazardous to road traffic by reason of its siting, colour, illumination, or structural condition, or;
- (b) detrimental to the amenities of the surrounding area.

Part III - Advertisement Page 29

67. Advertisements Exempt from Control

The following advertisements may be erected or displayed in the Planning Area without application to the Council:

- (a) on a dwelling or within the courtyard of a dwelling, one nameplate not exceeding 0.2 m² in area;
- (b) on an agricultural holding or farm, a notice board not exceeding 1 m² in area and relating to the operations being conducted on the land;
- (c) on land used for forestry purposes, signs or notices not exceeding 1 m² in area and relating to forestry operations or the location of logging operations conducted on the land;
- (d) on land used for mining or quarrying operations, a notice board not exceeding 1 m² in area relating to the operation conducted on the land;
- (e) on a dwelling or within the courtyard of a dwelling, one nameplate not exceeding 0.2 m² in area in connection with the practice of a professional person carried on in the premises;
- (f) on any site occupied by a church, school, library, art gallery, museum, institution or cemetery, one notice board not exceeding 1 m² in area;
- (g) on the principal facade of any commercial, industrial or public building, the name of the building or the name of the occupants of the building, in letters not exceeding one-tenth of the height of that facade or 3 m, whichever is the lesser;
- (h) on any parking lot directional signs and one sign not exceeding 1 m² in size, identifying the parking lot.

68. Approval Subject to Conditions

A permit may only be issued for the erection or display of advertisements which comply with the appropriate conditions and specifications set out in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C of these Regulations.

Part III - Advertisement Page 30

69. Non-Conforming Uses

Notwithstanding the provisions of Regulation 62, a permit may be used for the erection or display of advertisements on a building or within the courtyard of a building or on a parcel of land, the use of which is a non conforming use, provided that the advertisement does not exceed the size and type of advertisement which could be permitted if the development was in a Use Zone appropriate to its use, and subject to any other conditions deemed appropriate by the Council.

PART IV - SUBDIVISION OF LAND

70. Permit Required

No land in the Planning Area shall be subdivided unless a permit for the development of the subdivision is first obtained from the Council.

71. Services to be Provided

No permit shall be issued for the development of a subdivision unless provisions satisfactory to the Council have been made in the application for a supply of drinking water, a properly designed sewage disposal system, and a properly designed storm drainage system.

72. Payment of Service Levies and Other Charges

No permit shall be issued for the development of a subdivision until agreement has been reached for the payment of all fees levied by the Council for connection to services, utilities and streets deemed necessary for the proper development of the subdivision, and all service levies and other charges imposed under Regulations 13 and 14.

73. Issue of Permit Subject to Considerations

A permit shall not be issued when, in the opinion of the Council, the development of a subdivision does not contribute to the orderly growth of the municipality and does not demonstrate sound design principles. In considering an application, the Council shall, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, consider:

- (a) the location of the land;
- (b) the availability of and the demand created for schools, services, and utilities;
- (c) the provisions of the Plan and Regulations affecting the site;
- (d) the land use, physical form and character of adjacent developments;

- (e) the transportation network and traffic densities affecting the site;
- (f) the relationship of the project to existing or potential sources of nuisance;
- (g) soil and subsoil characteristics;
- (h) the topography of the site and its drainage;
- (i) natural features such as lakes, streams, topsoil, trees and shrubs;
- (j) prevailing winds;
- (k) visual quality;
- (l) community facilities;
- (m) energy conservation;
- (n) such other matters as may affect the proposed development.

74. Building Permits Required

Notwithstanding the approval of a subdivision by the Council, a separate building permit shall be obtained for each building proposed to be erected in the area of the subdivision, and no building permit for any building in the area shall be issued until the developer has complied with all the provisions of these Regulations with respect to the development of the subdivision.

75. Form of Application

Application for a permit to develop a subdivision shall be made to the Council in accordance with Regulation 17.

76. Subdivision Subject to Zoning

The subdivision of land shall be permitted only in conformity with the Use Zones delineated on the Zoning Maps.

77. Building Lines

The Council may establish building lines for any subdivision street and require any new building to be located on such building lines.

78. Land for Public Open Space

- (1) Before a development commences, the developer shall, if required, dedicate to the Council, at no cost to the Council, an area of land equivalent to not more than 10% of the gross area of the subdivision or 25 m² for every dwelling unit permitted in the subdivision, whichever is the greater, for public open space, provided that:
 - (a) where land is subdivided for any purpose other than residential use, the Council shall determine the percentage of land to be dedicated;
 - (b) if, in the opinion of the Council, no public open space is required, the land may be used for such other public use as the Council may determine;
 - (c) the location and suitability of any land dedicated under the provisions of this Regulation shall be subject to the approval of the Council but in any case, the Council shall not accept land which, in its opinion is incapable of development for any purpose;
 - (d) the Council may accept from the developer in lieu of such area or areas of land the payment of a sum of money equal to the value of the land which would otherwise be required to be dedicated;
 - (e) money received by the Council in accordance with Regulation 78(1)(d) above, shall be reserved by the Council for the purpose of the acquisition or development of land for public open space or other public purpose.
- (2) Land dedicated for public use in accordance with this Regulation shall be conveyed to the Council and may be sold or leased by the Council for the purposes of any development that conforms with the requirements of these Regulations, and the proceeds of any sale or other disposition of land shall be applied against the cost of acquisition or development of any other land for the purposes of public open space or other public purposes.
- (3) The Council may require a strip of land to be reserved and remain undeveloped along the banks of any river, brook or pond, and this land may, at the discretion of the Council, constitute the requirement of land for public use under Regulation 78(1).

79. Structure in Street Reservation

The placing within any street reservation of any structure (for example, a hydro pole, telegraph or telephone pole, fire hydrant, mail box, fire alarm, sign post) shall receive the prior approval of the Council which shall be satisfied on the question of safe construction and relationship to the adjoining buildings and other structures within the street reservation.

80. Subdivision Design Standards

No permit shall be issued for the development of a subdivision under these Regulations unless the design of the subdivision conforms to the following standards:

- (1) Streets in residential subdivisions shall be designed in accordance with the approved Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Subdivision Road Standards as attached in Schedule F. The following development standards shall apply to all residential subdivision:
- (a) No cul-de-sac shall be located so as to appear to terminate a collector street.
- (b) No lot intended for residential purposes shall have a depth exceeding four times the frontage.
- (c) Residential lots shall not be permitted which abut a local street at both front and rear lot lines.
- (d) The Council may require any existing natural, historical or architectural feature or part thereof to be retained when a subdivision is developed.
- (e) Land shall not be subdivided in such a manner as to prejudice the development of adjoining land.
- (2) Other non-residential roads shall follow the development standards as established by Council. The following minimum road development standards shall apply in the following table:

Type of Street	Street Reservation	Pavement Width	Sidewalk Width	Sidewalk Number
Arterial Streets	30 m	15 m	1.5 m	discretion of Council
Collector Streets	20 m	15 m	1.5 m	2

Service Streets	15 m	discretion of Council	discretion of	discretion of Council
			Council	

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81. Engineer to Design Works and Certify Construction Layout

- (1) Plans and specifications for all water mains, hydrants, sanitary sewers, storm sewers and all appurtenances thereto and all streets, paving, curbs, gutters and catch basins and all other utilities deemed necessary by the Council to service the area proposed to be developed or subdivided shall be designed and prepared by or approved by the Engineer. Such designs and specifications shall, upon approval by the Council, be incorporated in the plan of subdivision.
- Upon approval by the Council of the proposed subdivision, the Engineer shall certify all work of construction layout preliminary to the construction of the works and thereupon the developer shall proceed to the construction and installation, at his own cost and in accordance with the approved designs and specifications and the construction layout certified by the Engineer, of all such water mains, hydrants, sanitary sewers and all appurtenances and of all such streets and other works deemed necessary by the Council to service the said area.

82. Developer to Pay Engineer's Fees and Charges

The developer shall pay to the Council all the Engineer's fees and charges for the preparation of designs and specifications and for the layout and supervision of construction; such fees and charges being percentages of the total cost of materials and labour for the construction and installation of all works calculated in accordance with the Schedule of Fees recommended by the Association of Professional Engineers of Newfoundland and in effect at the time the work is carried out.

83. Street Works May Be Deferred

The construction and installation of all curbs and gutters, catch basins, sidewalks and paving

specified by the Council as being necessary, may, at the Council's discretion, be deferred until a later stage of the work on the development of the subdivision but the developer shall deposit with the Council before approval of his application, an amount estimated by the Engineer as reasonably sufficient to cover the cost of construction and installation of the works. In the later stage of the work of development, the Council shall call for tenders for the work of construction and installation of the works, and the amount so deposited by the developer shall be applied towards payment of the contract cost. If the contract cost exceeds the deposit, the developer shall pay to the Council the amount of the excess. If the contract price is less than the deposit, the Council shall refund the amount by which the deposit exceeds the contract price. Any amount so deposited with the Council by the developer shall be placed in a separate savings account in a bank and all interest earned thereon shall be credited to the developer.

84. Transfer of Streets and Utilities to Council

- (1) The developer shall, following the approval of the subdivision of land and upon request of the Council, transfer to the Council, at no cost to the Council, and clear of all liens and encumbrances:
 - (a) all lands in the area proposed to be developed or subdivided which are approved and designated by the Council for public uses as streets, or other rights-of-way, or for other public use;
 - (b) all services or public works including streets, water supply and distribution and sanitary and storm drainage systems installed in the subdivision that are normally owned and operated by the Council.
- (2) Before the Council shall accept the transfer of lands, services or public works of any subdivision, the Engineer shall, at the cost to the developer, test the streets, services and public works installed in the subdivision and certify his satisfaction with their installation.
- (3) The Council shall not provide maintenance for any street, service or public work in any subdivision until such time as such street, service or public work has been transferred to

and accepted by the Council.

85. Restriction on Sale of Lots

The developer shall not develop or dispose of any lot within a subdivision for the purposes of development and no building permit shall be issued until the Council is satisfied that:

- (a) the lot can be served with satisfactory water supply and sewage disposal systems, and;
- (b) satisfactory access to a street is provided for the lots.

86. Grouping of Buildings and Landscaping

- (1) Each plan of subdivision shall make provision for the grouping of building types and for landscaping in order to enhance the visual aspects of the completed development and to make the most use of existing topography and vegetation.
- (2) Building groupings, once approved by the Council, shall not be changed without written application to and subsequent approval of the Council.

PART V - USE ZONES

87. Use Zones

- (1) For the purpose of these Regulations, the Planning Area is divided into Use Zones which are shown on the Zoning Map attached to and forming part of these Regulations.
- (2) Subject to Regulation 87(3), the permitted use classes, discretionary use classes, standards, requirements and conditions applicable to each Use Zone are set out in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C of these Regulations.
- (3) Where standards, requirements and conditions applicable in a Use Zone are not set out in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C, the Council may in its discretion, determine the standards, requirements and conditions which shall apply.

88. Use Classes

The specific uses to be included in each Use Class set out in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C shall be determined by the Council in accordance with the classification and examples set out in

Schedule B.

89. Permitted Uses

Subject to these Regulations, the uses that fall within the Permitted Use Classes set out in the appropriate Use Zone Table in Schedule C shall be permitted by the Council in that Use Zone.

90. Discretionary Uses

Subject to these Regulations, the uses that fall within the Discretionary Use Classes set out in the appropriate Use Zone Table in Schedule C may be permitted in that Use Zone if the Council is satisfied that the development would not be contrary to the general intent and purpose of these Regulations, the Municipal Plan, or any further scheme or plan or regulation pursuant thereto, and to the public interest, and if the Council has given notice of the application in accordance with Regulation 332 and has considered any objections or representations which may have been received on the matter.

91. Uses Not Permitted

Uses that do not fall within the Permitted Use Classes or Discretionary Use Classes set out in the appropriate Use Zone Tables in Schedule C, shall not be permitted in that Use Zone.

NEWFOUNDLAND REGULATION 3/01

Development Regulations under the Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000.

(Filed January 2, 2001)

Under the authority of section 36 of the Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000, I make the following regulations.

Dated at St. John's, January 2, 2001.

Joan Marie Aylward Minister of Municipal and Provincial Affairs

REGULATIONS

Analysis

- 1. Short title
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1. Short title

These regulations may be cited as the Development Regulations.

2. Definitions

In these regulations,

- (a) "Act", unless the context indicate otherwise, means the Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000;
- (b) "applicant" means a person who has applied to an authority for an approval or permit to carry out a development;
- (c) "authority" means a council, authorized administrator or regional authority; and
- (d) "development regulations" means these regulations and regulations and by-laws respecting development that have been enacted by the relevant authority.

3. Application

- (1) These regulations shall be included in the development regulations of an authority and shall apply to all planning areas.
- Where there is a conflict between these regulations and development regulations or other regulations of an authority, these regulations shall apply.
- (3) Where another Act of the province provides a right of appeal to the board, these regulations shall apply to that appeal.

4. Interpretation

- (1) In development regulations and other regulations made with respect to a planning area the following terms shall have the meanings indicated in this section
 - (a) "access" means a way used or intended to be used by vehicles, pedestrians or animals in order to go from a street to adjacent or nearby land or to go from that land to the street;
 - (b) "accessory building" includes
 - (i) a detached subordinate building not used as a dwelling, located on the same lot as the main building to which it is an accessory and which has a use that is customarily incidental or complementary to the main use of the building or land,

- (ii) for residential uses, domestic garages, carports, ramps, sheds, swimming pools, greenhouses, cold frames, fuel sheds, vegetables storage cellars, shelters for domestic pets or radio and television antennae.
- (iii) for commercial uses, workshops or garages, and
- (iv) for industrial uses, garages, offices, raised ramps and docks;
- (c) "accessory use" means a use that is subsidiary to a permitted or discretionary use and that is customarily expected to occur with the permitted or discretionary use;
- (d) "building height" means the vertical distance, measured in metres from the established grade to the
 - (i) highest point of the roof surface of a flat roof,
 - (ii) deck line of a mansard roof, and
 - (iii) mean height level between the eave and the ridge of a gable, hip or gambrel roof, and in any case, a building height shall not include mechanical structure, smokestacks, steeples and purely ornamental structures above a roof;
- (e) "building line" means a line established by an authority that runs parallel to a street line and is set at the closest point to a street that a building may be placed;
- (f) "discretionary use" means a use that is listed within the discretionary use classes established in the use zone tables of an authority's development regulations;
- (g) "established grade" means,
 - (i) where used in reference to a building, the average elevation of the finished surface of the ground where it meets the exterior or the front of that building exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment, or
 - (ii) where used in reference to a structure that is not a building, the average elevation of the finished grade of the ground immediately surrounding the structure, exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment;
- (h) "floor area" means the total area of all floors in a building measured to the outside face of exterior walls;
- (i) "frontage" means the horizontal distance between side lot lines measured at the building line;
- (j) "lot" means a plot, tract or parcel of land which can be considered as a unit of land for a particular use or building;

- (k) "lot area" means the total horizontal area within the lines of the lot;
- (l) "lot coverage" means the combined area of all building on a lot measured at the level of the lowest floor above the established grade and expressed as a percentage of the total area of the lot;
- (m) "non-conforming use" means a legally existing use that is not .listed as a permitted or discretionary use for the use zone in which it is located or which does not meet the development standards for that use zone;
- (n) "owner" means a person or an organization of persons owning or having the legal right to use the land under consideration;
- (o) "permitted use" means a use that is listed within the permitted use classes set out in the use zone tables of an authority's development regulations;
- (p) "prohibited use" means a use that is not listed in a use zone within the permitted use classes or discretionary use classes or a use that an authority specifies as not permitted within a use zone;
- (q) "sign" means a word, letter, model, placard, board, device or representation, whether illuminated or not, in the nature of or employed wholly or in part for the purpose of advertisement, announcement or direction and excludes those things employed wholly as a memorial, advertisements of local government, utilities and boarding or similar structures used for the display of advertisements;
- (r) "rear yard depth" means the distance between the rear lot line and the rear wall of the main building on a lot;
- (s) "side yard depth" means the distance between the side lot line and the nearest side wall of a building on the lot;
- (t) "street" means a street, road, highway or other way designed for the passage of vehicles and pedestrians and which is accessible by fire department and other emergency vehicles;
- (u) "street line" means the edge of a street reservation as defined by the authority having jurisdiction;
- (v) "use" means a building or activity situated on a lot or a development permitted on a lot;
- (w) "use zone" or "zone" means an area of land including buildings and water designated on the zoning map to which the uses, standards and conditions of a particular use zone table apply;
- (x) "variance" means a departure, to a maximum of 10% from the yard, area, lot coverage, setback, size, height, frontage or any other numeric requirement of the applicable Use Zone Table of the authority's regulations; and

(y) "zoning map" means the map or maps attached to and forming a part of the authority's regulations.

(2) An authority may, in its discretion, determine the uses that may or may not be developed in a use zone and those uses shall be listed in the authority's regulations as discretionary, permitted or prohibited uses for that area.

5. Notice of right to appeal

Where an authority makes a decision that may be appealed under section 42 of the Act, that authority shall, in writing, at the time of making that decision, notify the person to whom the decision applies of the

- (y) person's right to appeal the decision to the board;
- (b) time by which an appeal is to be made;
- (c) right of other interested persons to appeal the decision; and
- (d) manner of making an appeal and the address for the filing of the appeal.

6. Appeal requirements

- (1) The secretary of the board at the Department of Municipal and Provincial Affairs, Main Floor, Confederation Building (West Block), P.O. Box 8700, St. John's, Nfld., A1B 4J6 is the secretary to all boards in the province and an appeal filed with that secretary within the time period referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act shall be considered to have been filed with the appropriate board.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where the City of Corner Brook, City of Mount Pearl or City of St. John's appoints an appeal board under subsection 40(2) of the Act, an appeal shall be filed with the secretary of that appointed board.
- (3) The fee required under section 44 of the Act shall be paid to the board that hears the decision being appealed by filing it with the secretary referred to in subsection (1) or (2) within the 14 days referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act.
- (4) The board that hears the decision being appealed shall, subject to subsection 44(3) of the Act, retain the fee paid to the board.
- (5) Where an appeal of a decision and the required fee is not received by a board in accordance with this section and Part VI of the Act, the right to appeal that decision shall be considered to have been forfeited.

7. Appeal registration

(1) Upon receipt of an appeal and fee as required under the Act and these regulations, the secretary of the board as referred to in subsections 6(1) and (2), shall immediately register the appeal.

- Where an appeal has been registered the secretary of the board shall notify the appropriate authority of the appeal and shall provide to the authority a copy of the appeal and the documentation related to the appeal.
- (3) Where an authority has been notified of an appeal that authority shall forward to the appropriate board a copy of the application being appealed, all correspondence, council minutes, plans and other relevant information relating to the appeal including the names and addresses of the applicant and other interested persons of whom the authority has knowledge.
- (4) Upon receipt of the information under subsection (3), the secretary of the board shall publish in a newspaper circulated in the area of the appropriate authority, a notice that the appeal has been registered.
- (5) A notice published under subsection (4) shall be published not fewer than 2 weeks before the date upon which the appeal is to be heard by the board.

8. Development prohibited

- (1) Immediately upon notice of the registration of an appeal the appropriate authority shall ensure that any development upon the property that is the subject of the appeal ceases.
- (2) Sections 102 and 104 of the Act apply to an authority acting under subsection (1).
- (3) Upon receipt of a notification of the registration of an appeal with respect to an order under section 102 of the Act, an authority shall not carry out work related to the matter being appealed.

9. Hearing notice and meetings

- (1) A board shall notify the appellant, applicant, authority and other persons affected by the subject of an appeal of the date, time and place for the appeal not fewer than 7 days before the date scheduled for the hearing of the appeal.
- (2) A board may meet as often as is necessary to conduct its work in an expeditious manner.

10. Hearing of evidence

(1) A board shall meet at a place within the area under its jurisdiction and the appellant and other persons notified under subsection 9(1) or their representative may appear before the board and make representations with respect to the matter being appealed.

- (2) A board shall hear an appeal in accordance with section 43 of the Act and these regulations.
- (3) A written report submitted under subsection 43(2) of the Act respecting a visit to and viewing of a property shall be considered to have been provided in the same manner as evidence directly provided at the hearing of the board.
- (4) In the conduct of an appeal hearing, the board is not bound by the rules of evidence.

11. Board decision

A decision of the board must comply with the plan, scheme or development regulations that apply to the matter that has been appealed to that board.

12. Variances

- (1) Where an approval or permit cannot be given by an authority because a proposed development does not comply with development standards set out in development regulations, an authority may, in its discretion, vary the applicable development standards to a maximum of 10% if, in the authority's opinion, compliance with the development standards would prejudice the proper development of the land, building or structure in question or would be contrary to public interest.
- (2) An authority shall not allow a variance from development standards set out in development regulations if that variance, when considered together with other variances made or to be made with respect to the same land, building or structure, would have a cumulative effect that is greater than a 10% variance even though the individual variances are separately no more than 10%.
- (3) An authority shall not permit a variance from development standards where the proposed development would increase the non conformity of an existing development.

13. Notice of variance

Where an authority is to consider a proposed variance, that authority shall give written notice of the proposed variance from development standards to all persons whose land is in the immediate vicinity of the land that is the subject of the variance.

14. Residential non conformity

A residential building or structure referred to in paragraph 108(3)(g) of the Act must, where being repaired or rebuilt, be repaired or rebuilt in accordance with the plan and development regulations applicable to that building or structure.

15. Notice and hearings on change of use

Where considering a non conforming building, structure or development under paragraph 108(3)(d) of the Act and before making a decision to vary an existing use of that non-conforming building, structure or development, an authority, at the applicant's expense, shall publish a notice in a newspaper circulating in the area or by other means give public notice of an application to vary the existing use of a non-conforming building, structure or development and shall consider any representations or submissions received in response to that advertisement.

16. Non-conformance with standards

Where a building, structure or development does not meet the development standards included in development regulations, the building, structure or development shall not be expanded if the expansion would increase the non-conformity and an expansion must comply with the development standards applicable to that building, structure or development.

17. Discontinuance of non-conforming use

An authority may make development regulations providing for a greater period of time than is provided under subsection 108(2) of the Act with respect to the time by which a discontinued non-conforming use may resume operation.

18. Delegation of powers

An authority shall, where designating employees to whom a power is to be delegated under subsection 109(3) of the Act, make that designation in writing.

19. Commencement

These regulations shall be considered to have come into force on January 1, 2001.

DEFINITIONS

ACCESS

means a way used or intended to be used by vehicles, pedestrians or animals in order to go from a street to adjacent or nearby land or to go from that land to the street.

ACCESSORY BUILDING includes:

- (a) a detached subordinate building not used as a dwelling, located on the same lot as the main building or use to which it is accessory, and which has a use which is customarily incidental or complimentary to the main use of the building or land:
- (b) for residential uses: domestic garages, carports, ramps, sheds, swimming pools, greenhouses, cold frames, fuel sheds, vegetable storage cellars, shelters for domestic pets, or radio and television antennae,
- (c) for commercial uses: workshops, garages, and
- (d) for industrial uses: garages, offices, raised ramps and docks.

ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT means a separate dwelling unit constructed within and subsidiary to the main use. The main use shall not be a single dwelling, double dwelling, row dwelling, and apartment building.

ACCESSORY USE means a use that is subsidiary to a permitted or discretionary use and that is customarily expected to occur with the permitted or discretionary use.

ACT unless the context indicates otherwise, means the Urban and Rural Planning Act.

AGRICULTURE means horticulture, fruit growing, grain growing, crop growing, seed growing, dairy farming, bee keeping, the breeding or keeping of animals for food, skins, or fur, the use of land, meadow land, market gardens and nursery grounds and the use of land for woodlands where that use is ancillary to the farming of the land. Agriculture includes primary processing of onsite products.

AMUSEMENT USE means the use of land or buildings equipped for the playing of electronic, mechanical, or other games and amusements including electronic games, pinball games and slot machine arcades and billiard and pool halls.

ANIMAL UNIT means one of the following animals or groups:

1 Dairy Cow (or calve) 2 Sows 1 Beef Cow (or calve) 1 Hog (operation based on 15-90 kg.) 1 Bull 1 Boars 1 Horse (or foal) 30 Broiler Chickens (less than 1.5 kg) 4 Ewe sheep or lambs 20 Layer Hens (less than 2.3 kg) 10 Foxes (inc.breed females, male & litter) 10 Turkeys 10 Mink (inc. breed females, males & litter) 20 Rabbits (doe includes litter) 1 Sow (farrow to finish) or as defined by the Council

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APARTMENT BUILDING means a building containing three or more dwelling units, but does not include a row dwelling or a single dwelling with a subsidiary apartment.

APPLICANT means a person who has applied to the authority for an approval to carry out a development.

APEAL BOARD means the appropriate Appeal Board established under the Act.

ARTERIAL STREET means the streets in the Planning Area constituting the main traffic arteries of the area and defined as arterial streets or highways in the Municipal Plan or on the Zoning Map.

APPROVAL IN PRINCIPLE means that Council when considering a development application shall evaluate the application to the development requirements within the Town. If the proposed development meets the development requirements of the Town an approval in principle maybe given to the application. Final approval and issuance of a permit to commence development are subject to the agreement by the applicant to meet specified conditions as outlined by Council.

AUTHORITY means a council, authorized administrator or regional authority.

BACKLOT means a lot characterized by the location of the residential lot generally at the rear of another residential lot, or otherwise separated from the public street which provides access, and by a narrower area extending from the rear residential lot to the public street.

BED AND BREAKFAST means a detached dwelling occupied by the property owner or the bed and breakfast host as a primary residence in which overnight accommodation and a breakfast meal are offered to registered guests for a fee.

BOARDING HOUSE means a dwelling in which at least 2 rooms are regularly rented to persons other than the immediate family of the owner or tenant.

BUFFER means a berm, row of trees or shrubs, hedge, fence, or distance separation that provides a barrier between incompatible sites, uses or districts.

BUILDING means:

- a structure, erection, excavation, alteration or improvement placed on, over or under land, or attached, anchored or moored to land; mobile structures, vehicles and marine vessels adapted or constructed for residential, commercial, industrial and other similar uses;
- (b) a part of and fixtures on buildings referred to in (a) and (b), and
- (c) an excavation of land whether or not that excavation is associated with the intended or actual construction of a building or thing referred to in subparagraphs (a) to (c).

BUILDING HEIGHT means the vertical distance, measured in metres, from established grade to the:

- a) highest point of the roof surface of a flat roof;
- b) deck line of a mansard roof; and
- c) mean height level between the eave and ridge of a gable, hip or gambrel roof.

and in any case, a Building Height shall not include mechanical structures, smokestacks, steeples, and purely ornamental structures above a roof.

BUILDING LINE means a line established by the Council that runs parallel to the street line and is set at the closest point to a street that a building may be placed.

CHILD CARE FACILITY means a building or part of a building in which services and care are regularly provided to children or adults, but does not include a school as defined by the Schools Act.

CORNER LOT SIGHT TRIANGLE means a corner lot, a fence, sign, hedge, shrub, bush or tree or any other structure or vegetation shall not be erected or permitted to grow to a height greater than .9 metres (3 ft.) above grade of the streets that abut the lot within the triangular area included within the street lines for a distance of 6 metres (19.7 ft.) from their point of intersection.

COUNCIL means the Municipal Council of the Town of Logy Bay –Middle Cove-Outer Cove.

DEVELOPMENT means the carrying out of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over, or under land, or the making of a material change in the use, or the intensity of use of land, buildings, or premises and the:

- (a) making of an access onto a highway, road or way,
- (b) erection of an advertisement or sign,
- (c) construction of a building,
- (d) the parking of a trailer, or vehicle used for the sale of refreshments or merchandise, or as an office, or for living accommodation, and excludes,
- (e) the carrying out of works for the maintenance, improvement or other alteration of a building, being works which affect only the interior of the building or which do not materially affect the external appearance or use of the building,
- (f) the carrying out by a highway authority of works required for the maintenance or improvement of a road, being works carried out on land within the boundaries of the road reservation.

- (g) the carrying out by a local authority or statutory undertaker of works for the purpose of inspecting, repairing or renewing any sewers, mains, pipes, cables or other apparatus, including the breaking open of streets or other land for that purpose,
- (h) the use of a building or land within the courtyard of a dwelling house for a purpose incidental to the enjoyment of a dwelling house as a dwelling.
- **DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT** means a written agreement between the municipality and a developer which establishes particular circumstances and conditions under which a development may be carried out.
- **DISCRETIONARY USE** means a use that is listed within the discretionary use classes established in the use zone tables of the Council's Development Regulations.
- **DIRECTOR** means the Director of Urban and Rural Planning.
- **DOUBLE DWELLING** means one building containing two dwelling units, placed one above the other, side by side, or joined by a carport with separate lot areas dedicated to each unit, but does not include a single dwelling containing a subsidiary apartment.
- **DWELLING UNIT** means a self-contained unit consisting of one or more habitable rooms used or designed as the living quarters for one or more persons.
- **ENGINEER** means an engineer who is a member of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Newfoundland, employed or retained by the Council.
- **ESTABLISHED BUILDING LINE** means the average distance from the street line of existing buildings in any block where more than half the frontage has been built upon in the past.

ESTABLISHED GRADE means

- a) where used in reference to a building, the average elevation of the finished surface of the ground where it meets the exterior of the front of that building exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment:
- b) where used in reference to a structure that is not a building, the average elevation of the finished grade of the ground immediately surrounding the structure, exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment.
- **FAMILY CHILD CARE USE** means a building or part of a building in which services and activities are regularly provided for up to six (6) children as defined in the Child Care Services Act, but do not include a school as defined by the Schools Act.

FLOODWAY means the inner portion of a flood risk area where the risk of flood is greatest, on average once in twenty years and where the flood depths and water velocities are greatest.

FLOODWAY FRINGE means the outer portion of a flood risk area, between the floodway and the outer boundary of the flood risk area, where the risk of flooding is lower, on average once in one hundred years, and flood waters are shallower and slower.

FLOOD PROOFING means structural and/or non-structural measures incorporated in the design of a building or structure which reduce or eliminate the risk of flood damage by ensuring that the ground floor elevation is higher than the projected flood level and that the building can be exited without hindrance in the event of a flood.

FLOOR AREA means the total area of all floors of a building measured to the outside face of exterior walls.

FORESTRY means the use of land for the purpose of forest and woodland management including the felling, cutting, trimming and thinning of forest or woodland for the extraction of timber, and includes reforestation, afforestation and silviculture.

FRONTAGE means the horizontal distance between side lot lines measured at the building line.

FRONT YARD DEPTH means the distance between the front lot line of a lot and the front wall of the main building on the lot.

GENERAL GARAGE means land or buildings used for the repair, maintenance and storage of motor vehicles and may include the sale of petroleum products.

GENERAL INDUSTRY means the use of land or buildings for the purpose of storing, assembling, altering, repairing, manufacturing, fabricating, preparing, processing, testing, salvaging, breaking up, demolishing, or treating any article, commodity or substance, and "Industry" shall be construed accordingly.

GROUP CHILD CARE USE means a building or part of a building in which services and activities are regularly provided for seven (7) or more children as defined in the Child Care Services Act, but do not include a school as defined by the Schools Act. .

GROUP HOME means a dwelling unit accommodating not more than 6 persons, exclusive of staff, in a home-like setting where staff provide care and supervision. This definition includes, but is not limited to, the facilities called "Transition House" and "Foster Home".

- **HAZARDOUS INDUSTRY** means the use of land or buildings for industrial purposes involving the use of materials or processes, which because of their inherent characteristics constitute a special fire, explosion, radiation or other hazard.
- **HOME OCCUPATION** means a secondary use of a dwelling unit or its accessory building by at least one of the residents of such dwelling unit to conduct a gainful occupation or business activity, and subsidiary to a residential use. Also referred to as a "Home based Business", and classified as an "Office" use.
- **HOME OFFICE** means a secondary use of a dwelling unit by at least one of the residents of such dwelling unit to conduct a gainful occupation or business activity with such occupation or business activity being restricted to office uses which do not involve visitation by clients, customers, or the general public to the site, nor the employment of non-residents, and subsidiary to a residential use. Also referred to as a "Home Based Business", and classified as an "Office" use.
- **HOSPITALITY HOME** means a dwelling unit in which at least 1 room is regularly rented, and includes the uses commonly referred to as "Bed and Breakfast", and "Boarding House".
- **INSPECTOR** means a person appointed as an inspector by the Council.
- **LAND** includes land covered by water, and buildings and structures on, over, or under the soil and fixtures that form part of those buildings and structures.
- **LANDSCAPING** means the development of land by altering the topography and ground cover and may include the use of turf, plants, shrubs, trees, retaining walls and fences.
- **LIGHT INDUSTRY** means the use of land or buildings for industrial use that can be carried out without hazard or intrusion and without detriment to the amenity of the surrounding area by reason of noise, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, grit, soot, ash, dust, glare or appearance.
- **LIVESTOCK OPERATION** means a livestock operation of agricultural animals confined in one location which consists of 5 or more animal units at a given point in time.
- **LOCAL STREET** means a street designed primarily to provide access to adjoining land and which is not designated as a collector street or arterial street in the Municipal Plan, or on the Zoning Map.
- **LOT** means a plot, tract or parcel of land that can be considered as a unit of land for a particular use or building.
- **LOT AREA** means the total horizontal area within the lines of a lot.

LOT COVERAGE means the combined area of all buildings on a lot measured at the level of the lowest floor above the established grade and expressed as a percentage of the total area of the lot.

MINERAL WORKING means land or buildings used for the working, stockpiling or extraction of rock, mineral, peat or aggregate material, and will include a "quarry".

MINI HOME means a factory produced single dwelling complying with the National Building Code and having the appearance of a mobile home.

MINISTER shall mean the Minister of Municipal and Provincial Affairs, unless otherwise specified.

MOBILE HOME means a transportable factory-built single family dwelling unit, which complies with space standards substantially equal to those laid down in Part IX of the National Building Code of Canada and is in accordance with the construction standards laid down by the Canadian Standards Association and all other applicable provincial and municipal regulations, and

which is designed to be transported on its own wheels and chassis to a lot, and subsequently supported on its own wheels, jacks, or posts or a permanent foundation;

and connected to exterior public utilities approved by the Authority, namely, piped water, piped sewer, electricity and telephone, in order for such mobile home unit to be suitable for year round term occupancy.

MUNICIPAL PLAN means a plan adopted by the Council as a Municipal Plan pursuant to the Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000.

NON-CONFORMING USE" means a legally existing use that is not listed as a permitted use or discretionary use for the use zone in which it is located or which does not meet the development standards for that use zone.

OWNER means a person or an organization or persons owning or having legal right to use the land under consideration.

PERMITTED USE means a use that is listed within the permitted use classes set out in the use zone tables of these Development Regulations.

PLANNING AREA means a regional planning area and a municipal planning area established under section 6 and 11 of the Act. For the purpose and context of these regulations, the Planning Area shall mean the area within the municipal boundaries of the Town of Paradise.

PROHIBITED USE means a use that is not listed in a use zone within the permitted use classes or discretionary use classes or a use that Council specifies as not permitted within a use zone.

REAR YARD DEPTH means the mean distance between the rear lot line and the rear of the main building on the lot.

RESTAURANT means a building or part of a building, licensed for the purpose of serving meals and includes a "Snack Bar".

ROW DWELLING means three or more dwelling units at ground level in one building, each unit separated vertically from the others;

SERVICE STATION means a building, including gas pumps, used for the sale of petroleum products, and may include general merchandise, minor automotive repairs, and washing of vehicles.

SERVICE STREET means a street constructed parallel to or close to another street for the purpose of limiting direct access to that street.

SHOP

means a building or part thereof used for retail trade wherein the primary purpose is the selling or offering for sale of goods, wares or merchandise by retail or the selling or offering for sale of retail services but does not include an establishment wherein the primary purpose is the serving of meals or refreshments, an amusement use, a general garage, or a service station.

SHOPPING CENTRE means a group of retail stores with integrated parking which is planned, developed and designed as a unit containing a minimum of 5 retail establishments.

SHOWROOM means a building or part of a building in which samples or patterns are displayed and in which orders may be taken for goods, wares or merchandise, including vehicles and equipment, for later delivery.

SIDEYARD WIDTH means the distance between a side lot line and the nearest side wall of a building on the lot.

SIGN

means a word, letter, model, placard, board, device or representation, whether illuminated or not, in the nature of or employed wholly or in part for the purpose of advertisement, announcement, or direction and excludes those things employed wholly as a memorial, advertisements or local government, utilities and boarding or similar structures used for the display of advertisements.

SINGLE DWELLING means one building containing a single dwelling unit for the use of one family, placed on its own lot, and can include a subsidiary apartment.

STREET means a street, road, highway or other way designed for the passage of vehicles and pedestrians, and which is accessible by fire department and other emergency vehicles.

STREET LINE means the edge of the right of way of a street reservation as defined by the authority having jurisdiction.

SUBDIVISION means the dividing of land, whether in single or joint ownership, into 2 or more pieces (including lots), for the purpose of development.

SUBSIDIARY APARTMENT means a separate dwelling unit constructed within and subsidiary to a single dwelling.

TAKE-OUT FOOD means a building in which the primary purpose is the preparation and sale of meals and refreshments for consumption off the premises.

USE means a building or activity situated on a lot or a development permitted on a lot.

USE ZONE or ZONE means an area of land including buildings and water designated on the zoning map to which the uses, standards and conditions of a particular use zone table apply.

VARIANCE means a departure, to a maximum of 10% from the yard, area, lot coverage, setback, size, height, frontage, or any other numeric requirement of the applicable use zone table of the Council's regulations.

ZONING MAP means the map or maps attached to and forming part of the Council's regulations.

CLASSIFICATION OF USES OF LAND AND BUILDINGS

ASSEMBLY USES		
USE CLASS	EXAMPLES	
(a) Theatre	Movie Theatre T.V. and Radio Studio admitting an audience Arts & Culture Centre Theatre (Live)	
(b) Cultural and Civic	Library Museum Art Gallery Tourist Chalet Court Room Municipal Office Convention Centre Interpretation Centre	
(c) Educational	University School College Private School	
(d) General Assembly	Community Halls Lodge Halls Dance Halls Gymnasium Auditorium Bowling Alleys	
(e) Place of Worship	Church and similar place of worship Church Hall	
(f) Passenger Assembly	Passenger Terminal Bus Terminal	
(g) Clubs and Lodges	Service Club Private Club Lodge (non-residential)	
(h) Catering	Restaurant/Smack bar Take Out (no seating) Lounges (includes night clubs and bars)	
(i) Funeral Home	Funeral Home Crematorium	
(j) Child Care	Family child care or Day Nursery Group child care or Day care centre Preschool	
(k) Amusement	Electronic Games Arcade Poolroom Youth Centre Bingo Hall Paintball Establishment	

ASSEMBLY USES (cont')		
(I) Indoor Assembly	Arena	
(l) Indoor Assembly	Sports Stadium	
	Rink	
	Swimming Pool	
	Dance Studio (Aerobics)	
	Shooting Range	
	Auditorium	
	Gymnasium	
(m) Outdoor Assembly	Sports Field	
(iii) Outdoor Assembly	Bleachers	
	Grandstand	
	Rink	
	Swimming Pool	
	Amusement Park	
	Fairground	
	Exhibition Ground	
	Drive-in Theatre	
	R.V. Camping Parks	

INSTITUTIONAL USES		
USE CLASS	EXAMPLES	
(a) Penal and Correctional Detention	Jail Penitentiary Police Station (with detention quarters) Prison Psychiatric Hospital (with Detention quarters) Reformatory	
(b) Medical Treatment and Special Care	Children's Homes Convalescent and Care Homes Personal care Home Hospitals Infirmaries Orphanages Psychiatric Hospitals Sanatorium	

RESIDENTIAL USES		
USE CLASS	EXAMPLES	
(a) Single Dwelling	Single Detached Dwelling	
(b) Double Dwelling	Semi-detached Dwelling Duplex Dwelling	

RESIDENTIAL USES (cont')		
USE CLASS	EXAMPLES	
(b) Double Dwelling	Family and Group Homes	
(c) Row Dwelling	Row House	
	Town House	
d) Apartment Building	Apartments	
c) Collective Decidential	Residential Colleges and Schools	
(e) Collective Residential	University and College Halls of Residence	
	Convents and Monasteries	
	Nurses and Hospital Residences	
f) Doording House Desidential	Boarding House	
f) Boarding House Residential	Lodging House	
	Bed & Breakfast Home	
	Hospitality Home	
	Tourist Home	
) Seasonal Residential	Summer Home & Cottage	
	Recreational Cabin	
	Hunting and Fishing Cabins	
j) Commercial Residential	Hotels and Motels	
-	Hostels	
	Residential Clubs	
k) Mobile Homes	Mobile Home	
	Mini Home	

USE CLASS	S AND PERSONAL SERVICES USES EXAMPLES
(a) Office	Office Building
(4) 521166	Office
	Bank
	Financial Service
(b) Medical & Professional	Professional Office
	Medical Office
	Dental/Denturist
	Legal Office
	Optometrist
	Veterinary Clinic
	Travel Agency
(c) Personal Service	Barber
	Hairdresser
	Beauty Salon
	Manicurist
	Health Spa
	Fitness Gym
	Tailor
	Arts & Crafts Instruction

USE CLASS	EXAMPLES
d) General Service	Laundry
,	Dry Cleaner
	Small Tool and Appliance Rentals/Repair
	Upholstery
e) Communications	TV Station
	Radio Station
	Telephone Exchange
	Telecommunication Facility
) Police Station	Police Stations Without Detention quarters
y) Taxi Stand	Taxi Stands with Waiting Areas
) Take Out Food Service	Take Out Food Service
i) Veterinary	Veterinary Surgeries

USE CLASS	COMMERCIAL USES EXAMPLES
(a) Shopping Centre	Shopping Mall
(a) Shopping Centre	Strip Mall (5 Units or more)
	Mini Mall (5 Units or less)
(b) Shop	Outlet for retailing of a general range of Merchandise
(b) Shop	Retail Store
	Showroom
	Department Store
	Video Store
	Pharmacy
	Crafts Store
	Gift Store
	Confectionary Store
	Building Supply Store
(c) Service Station	Gasoline Service Stations (not including general
``	repair garages)
	Gas Bars
(d) Indoor Market	Market Hall
	Auction Hall
	Flea Market
(e) Outdoor Market	Market Ground
	Animal Market
	Flea Market
	Vehicle Sales Lot & Automotive Sales Lots
(f) Convenience Store	Confectionary Stores
	Corner Stores
	Specialty Stores

INDUSTRIAL USES		
USE CLASS	EXAMPLES	
(a) Hazardous Industry	Bulk Storage of hazardous liquids and substances.	
•	Chemical Plant	
	Distillery	
	Feed Mill	
	Lacquer, Paint, Varnish, and Rubber Factory	
	Fibreglass Fabrication	
	Foundry	
	Pulp & Paper Mill	
	Auto Body Shop	
	Recycling Plant	
(b) General Industry (Uses involving limited	Factory	
hazardous substances and processes)	Fish Processing Plant	
	Marine Service Centre	
	Cold Storage Plant	
	Freight Depot	
	General Garage	
	Warehouse	
	Welding Shop	
(c) Light, Non-hazardous or non-intrusive	Light Industry	
industrial uses.	Parking Garages	
	Indoor Storage	
	Warehouses	
	Workshops	

NON-BUILDING USES		
USE CLASS	EXAMPLES	
(a) Agriculture	Piggery	
	Dairy Farm	
	Fur Farm	
	Bees	
	Green House	
	Poultry Farm	
	Apiary	
	Crop Farm	
	Hobby Farm	
	Orchards	
	Fruit Farm	
	Hydroponics	
	Market Garden & Nursery	
	Primary Processing Facility	
(b) Forestry	Tree Farming	
•	Tree Harvesting	
	Tree Nursery	
	Silviculture	

	NON-BUILDING USES
USE CLASS	EXAMPLES
(c) Mineral Working	Quarry and Stockpiling
	Pit and Stockpiling
	Topsoil Extraction and Composting
	Mine
	Oil Well
	Mineral Exploration
	Peat Extraction
(d) Recreational Open Space	Playing Field
• •	Sports Grounds
	Day Park
	Playground
	Recreational Trailer Park/ Camping Park
	Golf Course/Mini Golf
	Paint Ball Range/Shooting Range
	Amusement Park/ Theme Park
	Waterslide
	Go-Cart Track
	Bumper Boats
	Day park
	Playground
	Walkways and Trails
	Recreational Area (No Building)
	Play Area (No Building)
(e) Conservation	Nature Park/Sanctuary
(0) 0011501 (4412011	Watershed
	Steep Slope
	Buffer Strip
	Architectural, Historical and Scenic Site
	Walking and Hiking Trails
(f) Cemetery	Crematorium
(i) Semetery	Cemetery
	Graveyard
(g) Scrap Yard	Car Wrecking Yard
(g) Scrap Taru	Junk Yard
	Scrap Yard
	Automotive Recycle
(h) Solid Waste	Solid Waste Transfer Station
(n) Sond Waste	Solid Waste Recycling Center
	• •
(i) Animal	Sewage Treatment Plant Animal Pound
(I) AIIIMAI	
	Commercial Kennel
	Riding/ Boarding Stable
(D. A.)	Veterinary Hospital
(j) Antenna	TV, Radio & Communications
	Transmitting, Receiving Masts, Dishes & Antennae

NON-BUILDING USES		
USE CLASS	EXAMPLES	
(k) Transportation	Car Park	
_	Airfield	
	Helipad	
	Wharf	
	Dock and Harbour	
	Slipway	
	Breakwater	

TOWN OF LOGY BAY-MIDDLE COVE-OUTER COVE

SCHEDULE "C"

USE ZONE TABLES

NOTE

This schedule contains tables showing the use classes which may be permitted or which may be treated as discretionary use classes for the purposes of these Regulations. The tables also indicate the required standards of development and may also include conditions affecting some or all of the use classes.

The schedule contains tables for the following Use Zones:

Land Use Zone	Abbreviation	Page
Residential Medium Density	RMD	1
Residential Low Density	RLD	9
Residential Estate	R-EST	18
Residential Subdivision Area	RSA	26
Commercial Local	COM-L	28
Commercial Tourism	COM-T	31
Mixed Development	MD	35
Agriculture	A	42
Open Space/Conservation	OC	44
Coastal - Marine	CM	45
Public Use	PU	46
Rural	RUR	49

USE ZONE TABLE

RESIDENTIAL MEDIUM DENSITY

(RMD)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES - (see Regulation 89)

Single dwelling and recreational open space.

ZONE TITLE

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Boarding house residential (bed and breakfast only), agriculture, veterinary, convenience store, child care (family use only), medical and professional, personal service, office, civic, place of worship, medical treatment and special care (home for the aged only), light industrial, educational, and antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Development Standards

The development standards for this zone shall be as follows:

Minimum Lot Area	2025 m²
Minimum Floor Area	80 m²
Minimum Frontage at the front lot line	38 m or
Minimum Frontage at the building line (with a minimum of 25.91m at the front lot line)	38 m
Minimum Building Line Setback	10 m or
Maximum Building Line Setback (Or the established building line in the area whichever is greater)	30 m
Minimum Sideyard Width	3 m
Minimum Rearyard Depth	10 m

Maximum Height

8 m

2. Discretionary Uses - Site Standards

Where permitted, a place of worship and an educational use shall conform to the following standards:

Minimum Building Line Setback 10 m

Minimum Sideyard Width 5 m

Minimum Rearyard Depth 15 m

Maximum Height 15 m

3. Convenience Stores

Convenience stores will only be permitted as a discretionary use under the following conditions:

- i) The retail use shall be subsidiary to the residential character of the area, and shall not affect residential amenities of adjoining properties.
- ii) Adequate provision for on site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping.

4. Accessory Buildings

All accessory buildings shall have a combined maximum lot coverage not exceeding 7 %, up to a maximum floor area of 90 square metres, whichever is less and a maximum height of 6.0 metres. For lots greater than 6075 sq. m., the size of the accessory building shall be determined by Council. Accessory buildings should not have a negative effect on neighbouring properties and outside appearance shall be to the standards established by the Council.

An accessory building may be permitted in front of a building line if the lot has physical features that prohibit the development in the rear or side yard of the lot. Accessory building shall not be closer than 2.4 metres from another building, nor 3.0 metres from a property line

Accessory buildings are to be used strictly for ancillary purposes to the permitted uses listed in this use zone. Accessory buildings for residential properties shall not be used for non-residential uses without permission of Council. Aside from minor vehicle maintenance, no Person shall use an accessory building for the purpose of performing major repairs, painting, dismantling, or

scrapping of vehicles or machinery unless permitted by Council.

5. Scenic Roads

Every effort shall be made for development of all classes to retain the landscape in its natural form and to preserve the scenic value of the area.

6. Boarding House Residential (Bed and Breakfast Only)

A dwelling to be used for the purpose of providing room and board for tourists or the traveling public may be permitted as a discretionary use provided:

- i) The use does not detract from the residential character of the neighbourhood;
- ii) The use is carried out by a resident of the dwelling;
- Provision for off-street parking for each guest will be required and shall be in the side yards and rear yards of subject properties;
- iv) The dwelling has sufficient onsite water and sewage system;
- v) The Hospitality Home shall be licensed under Provincial Tourist Establishment Regulations;

7. Subsidiary Apartments

Subsidiary apartments may be permitted in a self-contained dwelling, subject to the following conditions:

- i) The floor area of the subsidiary apartment shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total floor area of the self-contained dwelling, or eighty (80) square meters, whichever is less.
- ii) No second entrance shall be permitted in the front wall of the self-contained dwelling. External entrances to the subsidiary apartment shall be restricted to the side or rear yards.
- iii) The number of additional off-street parking spaces required shall be determined by Council.
- iv) The single dwelling and apartment, if new construction, shall require the approval of

onsite septic system by the Department of Government Services.

8. Medical, Professional, Personal Services and Office Uses

Medical, professional, personal service, and office uses may be permitted as a discretionary use in a dwelling unit in the form of doctors consulting rooms, personal services, small business services, small appliance repair, sporting goods repair service, home office and similar uses provided that:

- No wholesale sales or storage of goods is carried out, any retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use and that no repairs to vehicles or heavy equipment are carried out.
- ii) Activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not cause noticeable noise, odor, dust or fumes, or inconvenience and are not a nuisance to occupants of adjoining residences.
- iii) No more than forty (40) percent of the total floor area of the dwelling up to a maximum of eighty (80) square metres is devoted to the use.
- iv) Provision for off-street parking will be required as per the off-street parking requirements of these Regulations;
- v) There will be no storage of unsightly materials or waste outdoors;
- vi) No change will be made in the type, class, intensity or extent of the business or service without a permit; and
- vii) The development and operation of uses will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Council.

9. Child Care (Family Only)

A day care or day nursery (i.e.: a child care operation in which services are regularly provided up to six children), is subject to the following conditions:

- i) The operation is in accordance with all applicable provincial laws and regulations;
- ii) The use will only be permitted in a residential dwelling;
- iii) The use will not occupy more than 80 square metres or 40% of the floor area, whichever

is less;

- iv) Any on-site, outdoor play space will have a fence erected around its perimeter, with a gate in case of emergency;
- v) Provision for off-street parking will be required as per the off-street parking requirements of these Regulations;
- vi) The drop-off and pick-up of children will not interfere with the free flow of vehicular traffic;
- vii) The use is not located adjacent to or near hazardous, dangerous, or incompatible uses. These include, but are not limited to, heavy industrial uses, service stations, garages, taverns, night clubs, and amusement uses;
- viii) The development and operation of the child care use will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove.

10. Lot Frontage

Notwithstanding the definition *frontage* in Schedule A, for the purpose of this zone, lot frontage, may be met at the front lot line, or, at the building line.

11. Medical Treatment and Special Care (Home for the Aged Only)

The use class will be limited to a residential home for the aged.

12. Advertisements Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted or existing as a legal non-conforming use in this use zone shall be as follows:

Advertisement on Building

- i) The sign on the building shall be inconspicuous and blend in with the residential property and the general amenities of the surrounding area. The sign shall not rise above the roof line or be situated on the roof of a building.
- ii) Sign on building shall be constructed of materials as required by the Council.

- iii) Illumination of sign on building will be specified by the Council.
- iv) Advertising for on site business on residential building shall be no greater then 1 square metre.

Advertisement on Site

- i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Council, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks, and the general amenities of the surrounding residential area.
- ii) Free standing portable illuminated signs ("yellow" or "Light Up Portable Signs") will not be allowed in the residential- medium density zone.
- Not subject to (ii) portable illuminated signs may be allowed for advertising special events on a temporary basis at the discretion of the Council.
- iv) Signs shall blend into the residential area and landscaping.
- v) No advertisement shall exceed 1.5 square metres in area.

13. Buffer (around waterways)

No development will be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of rivers or streams or within 30 metres of the shoreline of ponds, with the exception of conservation structures such as those designed to control flooding and erosion as well as bridges, pathways, and public services. The only exception is the buffer for Jones Pond shall be 50 metres to allow for the development of passive recreation trails. All development occurring within these limits is subject to the approval of Council.

14. Agricultural Use

Traditional small scale hobby and subsistence agricultural uses may be permitted such as vegetable gardens or a small number of animals, the number of such animals and the development requirements for barns, lot area, will be determined by Council in consultation with the Provincial Agriculture Division and Department of Environment and Conservation.

15. East Cost Trail

The East Coast Trail Association is developing a natural walking/hiking trail within the Town of

Logy Bay Middle Cove Outer Cove along the coastline of Atlantic Ocean as part of their much larger coastal trail system. The Council will encourage the maintenance of a buffer along the trail to protect the natural landscape and views from the trial, and to ensure that future development does not negatively impact the trail.

•

16. Floodway

Development within the Floodway designation shall be restricted to:

- i) Temporary alterations in a buffer zone, a designated floodway or the body of water itself.
- ii) Non-structural uses such as open space recreation, agriculture, service corridors and minor structures related to utilities and marine activities.
- iii) Placement of fill is prohibited unless required as a flood proofing measure or for public infrastructure. Fill shall not impede water flows or contribute to an increase in flood risk.
- iv) Development in the Floodway, Floodway Fringe and in the 15 metre buffer around these zones shall require the approval of the Water Resources Division, Department of Environment and Conservation.

17. Floodway Fringe

Development in the Floodway Fringe shall include public utilities, roads, bridges, marine related uses, industrial, commercial, residential, open space recreation uses. Development within the Floodway fringe designation shall meet the following conditions:

- i) The ground floor elevation of the structure is higher than the 1:100 year flood level;
- ii) The structure will not interfere with the flow of water or displace water such that it creates a worse flooding situation for other properties;
- iii) The structure and associated utilities must be designed and constructed in accordance with approved flood proofing guidelines of the Department of Environment and Conservation, and entrances and exists from the building can be safely used without hindrance in the event of a flood; and
- iv) The proposed use of the facility and site will not involve any storage of hazardous materials such as fuels, chemicals, pesticides, etc.
- v) Within the Floodway Fringe the following uses shall be prohibited from being developed: hospitals, senior citizen homes, homes for special care and any other use where flooding could pose a significant threat to the safety of residents if evacuation becomes necessary, police stations, fire stations and other facilities that may provide emergency services during a flood including government offices and schools.
- vi) Development in the Floodway, Floodway Fringe and in the 15 metre buffer around these zones shall require the approval of the Water Resources Division, Department of

Environment and Conservation.

18. Coastal Reservation

No building development will be permitted within 30 m buffer from the top of the steep coastlines along the shorelines of the Town. For the purposes of these regulations, the top edge of the steep coastline shall be defined as the area of land where the slope is less than 25% for more them a 30 m distance measured perpendicular to the coastline and running inland from the steep coastline. From a point located 30 m from the steep coastline edge another 30 m buffer is placed which no building development shall be permitted. Or as identified by the Town on the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Land Use Zoning Maps during the permitting of any development near the steep coastline.

19. Light Industrial

These uses shall be small scale light industrial uses such as workshops and repair shops;

- i) Activities associated with the use shall be carried on inside the accessory building.
- ii) The use does not detract from the residential character of the neighbourhood and activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not create a nuisance by reason of noticeable noise, odour, dust or flames, or result in electrical interference;
- iii) No outdoor storage of equipment, materials or waste outdoors.
- iv) Adequate on-site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping is provided.
- v) The use is carried out by a resident of the main dwelling and that person shall be the only one employed in the business.
- vi) Retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use.
- vii) No change will be made in the type, class, intensity or extent of the business or service without a permit; and
- viii) The development and operation of uses will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Council.

Town of LBMCOC Schedule C Page 9

USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE

RESIDENTIAL LOW DENSITY

(RLD)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES - (see Regulation 89)

Single dwelling and recreational open space.

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Boarding house residential (bed and breakfast only), agriculture, veterinary, convenience store, child care(family use only), medical and professional, personal service, office, service station, place of worship, medical treatment and special care (home for the aged only), light industrial, educational, and antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Development Standards

The development standards for this zone shall be as follows:

Development Standard	RLD Zone	Doran's Lane ¹
Minimum Lot Area	4050 m^2	8100 m^2
Minimum Floor Area	80 m ²	80 m ²
Minimum Frontage at the	45 m	45 m or
front lot line		
Minimum Frontage at the	45 m or	45 m
building line(With a minimum		
of 25.91m at the front lot line)		
Minimum Building Line	15 m or	15 m or
Setback		
Maximum Building Line	30 m	134 m
Setback		

¹ Along an eastern portion of Doran's Lane, where the land use zone is extended deeper than the normal building lot depth, the land ownder/developer can choose to build either 1-acre lot or 2-acre lot. This is to accommodate residential development on lots having steeper slopes or having other limiting development factors and/or offer exceptional scenic views.

(Or the established building line in the area whichever is greater)		
Minimum Sideyard Width	3 m	3 m
Minimum Rearyard Depth	10 m	10 m
Maximum Height	8 m	10 m

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2. Discretionary Use Classes

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided that they are complementary to uses within the permitted use classes or that their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses.

3. Discretionary Uses - Site Standards

Where permitted, a place of worship and an educational use shall conform to the following standards:

Minimum Building Line Setback	10 m
Minimum Sideyard Width	5 m
Minimum Rearyard Depth	15 m
Maximum Height	15 m

4. Scenic Roads

Every effort shall be made for development of all classes to retain the landscape in its natural form and to preserve the scenic value of the area.

5. Light Industrial

These uses shall be small scale light industrial uses such as workshops and repair shops;

- i) Activities associated with the use shall be carried on inside the accessory building.
- ii) The use does not detract from the residential character of the neighbourhood and activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not create a nuisance by reason of noticeable noise, odour, dust or flames, or result in electrical interference;
- iii) No outdoor storage of equipment, materials or waste outdoors.
- iv) Adequate on-site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping is provided.
- v) The use is carried out by a resident of the main dwelling and that person shall be the only one employed in the business.
- vi) Retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use.
- vii) No change will be made in the type, class, intensity or extent of the business or service without a permit; and
- viii) The development and operation of uses will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Council.

6. Convenience Stores

Convenience stores will only be permitted as a discretionary use under the following conditions:

- i) The retail use shall be subsidiary to the residential character of the area, and shall not affect residential amenities of adjoining properties.
- ii) Adequate provision be made for on site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping.

7. Buffer (around waterways)

No development will be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of rivers or streams or within 30 metres of the shoreline of ponds, with the exception of conservation structures such as those designed to control flooding and erosion as well as bridges, pathways, and public services. The only exception is the buffer for Jones Pond shall be 50 metres to allow for the development of passive recreation trails. All development occurring within these limits is subject to the approval of Council.

8. Accessory Buildings

All accessory buildings shall have a combined maximum lot coverage not exceeding 7 %, up to a maximum floor area of 90 square metres, whichever is less and a maximum height of 6.0 metres. For lots greater than 6075 sq. m., the size of the accessory building shall be determined by Council. Accessory buildings should not have a negative effect on neighbouring properties and outside appearance shall be to the standards established by the Council.

An accessory building may be permitted in front of a building line if the lot has physical features that prohibit the development in the rear or side yard of the lot. Accessory building shall not be closer than 2.4 metres from another building, nor 3.0 metres from a property line.

Accessory buildings are to be used strictly for ancillary purposes to the permitted uses listed in this use zone. Accessory buildings for residential properties shall not be used for non-residential uses without permission of Council. Aside from minor vehicle maintenance, no Person shall use an accessory building for the purpose of performing major repairs, painting, dismantling, or scrapping of vehicles or machinery unless permitted by Council.

9. Service Station

A Service Station may be permitted only in the form of pump islands to dispense motor vehicle fuel and only in conjunction with a Convenience Store on the same site.

10. Lot Frontage

Notwithstanding the definition *frontage* in Schedule A, for the purpose of this zone, lot frontage, may be met at the front lot line, or, at the building line.

11. Subsidiary Apartments

Subsidiary apartments may be permitted in a self-contained dwelling, subject to the following conditions:

i) The floor area of the subsidiary apartment shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total floor area of the self-contained dwelling, or eighty (80) square metres, whichever is less.

- ii) No second entrance shall be permitted in the front wall of the self-contained dwelling. External entrances to the subsidiary apartment shall be restricted to the side or rear yards.
- iii) The number of additional off-street parking spaces required shall be determined by Council.
- iv) The single dwelling and apartment shall require the approval of onsite septic system by the Department of Government Services.

12. Medical, Professional, Personal Services and Office Uses

Medical, professional, personal service, and office uses may be permitted as a discretionary use in a dwelling unit in the form of doctors consulting rooms, personal services, small business services, small appliance repair, sporting goods repair service, home office and similar uses provided that:

- i) No wholesale sales or storage of goods is carried out, any retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use and that no repairs to vehicles or heavy equipment are carried out.
- ii) Activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not cause noticeable noise, odor, dust or fumes, or inconvenience and are not a nuisance to occupants of adjoining residences.
- No more than forty (40) percent of the total floor area of the dwelling up to a maximum of eighty (80) square metres is devoted to the use.
- iv) Provision for off-street parking will be required as per the off-street parking requirements of these Regulations;
- v) There will be no storage of unsightly materials or waste outdoors;
- vi) No change will be made in the type, class, intensity or extent of the business or service without a permit; and
- vii) The development and operation of uses will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Council.

13. Medical Treatment and Special Care

The use class will be limited to a residential home for the aged.

14. Agricultural Use

Traditional small scale hobby and subsistence agricultural uses may be permitted such as vegetable gardens or a small number of animals, the number of such animals and the development requirements for barns, lot area, will be determined by Council in consultation with the Provincial Agriculture Division and Department of Environment and Conservation.

15. Boarding House Residential (Bed and Breakfast Only)

A dwelling to be used for the purpose of providing room and board for tourists or the traveling public may be permitted as a discretionary use provided:

- i) The use does not detract from the residential character of the neighbourhood;
- ii) The use is carried out by a resident of the dwelling;
- Provision for off-street parking for each guest will be required and shall be in the side yards and rear yards of subject properties;
- iv) The dwelling has sufficient onsite water and sewage system;
- v) The Hospitality Home shall be licensed under Provincial Tourist Establishment Regulations;
- vi) Signage is permitted as per condition #12.

16. Child Care (Family Care)

A Family day care or day nursery (i.e.: a child care operation in which services are regularly provided up to six children), is subject to the following conditions:

- i) The operation is in accordance with all applicable provincial laws and regulations;
- ii) The use will only be permitted in a residential dwelling;
- iii) The use will not occupy more than 80 square metres or 40% of the floor area, whichever is less;
- iv) Any on-site, outdoor play space will have a fence erected around its perimeter, with a

gate in case of emergency;

- v) Provision for off-street parking will be required as per the off-street parking requirements of these Regulations;
- vi) The drop-off and pick-up of children will not interfere with the free flow of vehicular traffic;
- vii) The use is not located adjacent to or near hazardous, dangerous, or incompatible uses. These include, but are not limited to, heavy industrial uses, service stations, garages, taverns, night clubs, and amusement uses;
- viii) The development and operation of the child care use will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove.

17. East Cost Trail

The East Coast Trail Association is developing a natural walking/hiking trail within the Town of Logy Bay Middle Cove Outer Cove along the coastline of Atlantic Ocean as part of their much larger coastal trail system. The Council will encourage the maintenance of a buffer along the trail to protect the natural landscape and views from the trial, and to ensure that future development does not negatively impact the trail.

18. Advertisements Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted or existing as a legal non-conforming use in this use zone, shall be as follows:

Advertisement on Building

The sign on the building shall be inconspicuous and blend in with the residential property and the general amenities of the surrounding area. The sign shall not rise above the roof line or be situated on the roof of a building.

- i) Sign on building shall be constructed of materials as required by the Council
- ii) Illumination of sign on building will be specified by the Council.
- iii) Advertising for on site business on residential building shall be no greater then 1 square

metre.

Advertisement on Site

- i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Council, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks, and the general amenities of the surrounding residential area.
- ii) Free standing portable illuminated signs ("yellow" or "Light Up Portable Signs") will not be allowed in the residential- medium density zone.
- iii) Not subject to (ii) portable illuminated signs may be allowed for advertising special events on a temporary basis at the discretion of the Council.
- iv) Signs shall blend into the residential area and landscaping.
- v) No advertisement shall exceed 1.5 square metres in area.

19. Coastal Reservation

No building development will be permitted within 30 m buffer from the top of the steep coastlines along the shorelines of the Town. For the purposes of these regulations, the top edge of the steep coastline shall be defined as the area of land where the slope is less than 25% for more them a 30 m distance measured perpendicular to the coastline and running inland from the steep coastline. From a point located 30 m from the steep coastline edge another 30 m buffer is placed which no building development shall be permitted. Or as identified by the Town on the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Land Use Zoning Maps during the permitting of any development near the steep coastline.

20. Floodway

Development within the Floodway designation shall be restricted to:

- i) Temporary alterations in a buffer zone, a designated floodway or the body of water itself.
- ii) Non-structural uses such as open space recreation, agriculture, service corridors and

minor structures related to utilities and marine activities.

- Placement of fill is prohibited unless required as a flood proofing measure or for public infrastructure. Fill shall not impede water flows or contribute to an increase in flood risk.
- iv) Development in the Floodway, Floodway Fringe and in the 15 metre buffer around these zones shall require the approval of the Water Resources Division, Department of Environment and Conservation.

21. Floodway Fringe

Development in the Floodway Fringe shall include public utilities, roads, bridges, marine related uses, industrial, commercial, residential, open space recreation uses. Development within the Floodway fringe designation shall meet the following conditions:

- i) The ground floor elevation of the structure is higher than the 1:100 year flood level;
- ii) The structure will not interfere with the flow of water or displace water such that it creates a worse flooding situation for other properties;
- iii) The structure and associated utilities must be designed and constructed in accordance with approved flood proofing guidelines of the Department of Environment and Conservation, and entrances and exists from the building can be safely used without hindrance in the event of a flood; and
- iv) The proposed use of the facility and site will not involve any storage of hazardous materials such as fuels, chemicals, pesticides, etc.
- v) Within the Floodway Fringe the following uses shall be prohibited from being developed: hospitals, senior citizen homes, homes for special care and any other use where flooding could pose a significant threat to the safety of residents if evacuation becomes necessary, police stations, fire stations and other facilities that may provide emergency services during a flood including government offices and schools.
- vi) Development in the Floodway, Floodway Fringe and in the 15 metre buffer around these zones shall require the approval of the Water Resources Division, Department of Environment and Conservation.

22. On Site Services

Development Standards for 8100m² within the Residential Low Density Zone for on site services shall be designed, certified and installed by a registered installer. On site services shall take into account existing steep slopes, surface and subsurface drainage, soils, vegetation, all other development on the lot, and be designed to meet any site specific requirements of each individual lot. All on site services designs shall comply with standards

established by the Department of Government Services in addition to any standards established by the Authority.

23. Private Driveway

The access to a single residential development on lots with steep slopes shall be established as a private driveway. The private driveway on lots with steep slots shall be designed and built to ensure that storm water drainage is controlled and manage so that any surface water runoff does not cause soil erosion or flooding. Runoff from the property shall not be channelled or discharged onto other adjoining lands unless it is an existing natural runoff course. Environmental friendly control measures shall be applied to reduce soil erosion, and washouts as a result of road construction and usage in particular on steep slopes along Doran's Lane area.

24. Landscaping Plan

The Authority shall require on 8100 m² lots on steep slopes the development of a Landscaping Plan, which shall be submitted for approval before a development permits is issued. The landscaping of the lot shall be completed within one year of completion of the main residential structure and all on site services. The long-term control of soil erosion and surface water runoff is important to maintaining the scenic attraction of the area. Landscaping Plan shall take into account steep slopes, mature trees and other vegetation and try to preserved and replaced as necessary during and after the development of the lands. Trees and other vegetation may be removed when they become dangerous because of age, disease, or proximity to a building, if they are overcrowded, and unduly inhibit light and air circulation or for landscaping purposes and building occupancy; or if they will unduly obstruct construction.

25. Soil Removal and Deposit, and Site Grading

The removal or deposit of soil, or the excavation and removal of excavated material or grading of the site requires a development permit under these Regulations. Before a development permit is issued a finished Site Grading Plan shall be submitted and approved by the Authority for development on lots with steep slopes such as Doran's Lane area. The following conditions shall be met before a development permit will be issued;

- a) Land intended for the activity or grading shall have a slop of less than 40%;
- b) Finished slopes or grades are stable and without hazards;
- c) When the earth works are completed, the area affected is covered with topsoil and other necessary material for vigorous plant growth and planted with appropriate vegetation; and
- d) Drainage is provided to the satisfaction of the Authority, and designed so as not to impair existing surface drainage nor to create soil erosion either on site or on adjacent lands or to cause the flooding of any adjacent lands.

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USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE RESIDENTIAL ESTATE (R-EST)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES - (see Regulation 89)

Single dwelling, recreational open space.

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Boarding house residential (bed and breakfast only), agriculture, veterinary, child care (family use only), medical and professional, personal service, office, place of worship, medical treatment and special care (home for the aged only), light industrial, educational, and antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Development Standards

Lot area (m²) minimum	20,250 m ²
Floor area (m²) minimum	80 m²
Frontage (m) minimum	90 m
Minimum Building Line Setback	30 m
Maximum Building Line Setback (Or the established building line in the area whichever is greater)	60 m
Sideyard Width (minimum)	6 m
Rearyard Depth (minimum)	10 m
Height (maximum)	8 m

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2. Discretionary Use Classes

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided that they are complementary to uses within the permitted use classes or that their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses.

3. Discretionary Uses - Site Standards

Where permitted, a place of worship and an educational use shall conform to the following standards:

Minimum Building Line Setback	10 m
Minimum Sideyard Width	5 m
Minimum Rearyard Depth	15 m
Maximum Height	15 m

4. Accessory Buildings

All accessory buildings shall have a maximum floor area of 90 square metres and a maximum height of 6.0 metres. Council may increase the size of accessory buildings under its discretion provided that certain conditions are meet as to location of accessory buildings, intended uses, height, and visual sighting of the buildings from public roads. Accessory buildings should not have a negative effect on neighbouring properties and outside appearance shall be to the standards established by the Council.

An accessory building may be permitted in front of a building line if the lot has physical features that prohibit the development in the rear or side yard of the lot. Accessory building shall not be closer than 2.4 metres from another building, nor 3.0 metres from a property line

Accessory buildings are to be used strictly for ancillary purposes to the permitted uses listed in this use zone. Accessory buildings for residential properties shall not be used for non-residential uses without permission of Council. Aside from minor vehicle maintenance, no Person shall use an accessory building for the purpose of performing major repairs, painting, dismantling, or scrapping of vehicles or machinery.

5. Coastal Reservation

No building development will be permitted within 30 m buffer from the top of the steep

coastlines along the shorelines of the Town. For the purposes of these regulations, the top edge of the steep coastline shall be defined as the area of land where the slope is less than 25% for more them a 30 m distance measured perpendicular to the coastline and running inland from the steep coastline. From a point located 30 m from the steep coastline edge another 30 m buffer is placed which no building development shall be permitted. Or as identified by the Town on the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Land Use Zoning Maps during the permitting of any development near the steep coastline.

6. Scenic Roads

Every effort shall be made for development of all classes to retain the landscape in its natural form and to preserve the scenic value of the area.

7. Lot Frontage

Notwithstanding the definition *frontage* in Schedule A, for the purpose of this zone, lot frontage, may be met at the front lot line, or, at the building line.

8. Buffer (around waterways)

No development will be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of rivers or streams or within 30 metres of the shoreline of ponds, with the exception of conservation structures such as those designed to control flooding and erosion as well as bridges, pathways, and public services. The only exception is the buffer for Jones Pond shall be 50 metres to allow for the development of passive recreation trails. All development occurring within these limits is subject to the approval of Council.

9. Agricultural Use

Traditional small scale hobby and subsistence agricultural uses may be permitted such as vegetable gardens or a small number of animals, the number of such animals and the development requirements for barns, lot area, will be determined by Council in consultation with the Provincial Agriculture Division and Department of Environment and Conservation.

10. East Cost Trail

The East Coast Trail Association is developing a natural walking/hiking trail within the Town of Logy Bay Middle Cove Outer Cove along the coastline of Atlantic Ocean as part of their much larger coastal trail system. The Council will encourage the maintenance of a buffer along the trail to protect the natural landscape and views from the trial, and to ensure that future development does not negatively impact the trail.

11. Medical, Professional, Personal Services and Office Uses

Medical, professional, personal service, and office uses may be permitted as a discretionary use in a dwelling unit in the form of doctors consulting rooms, personal services, small business services, small appliance repair, sporting goods repair service, home office and similar uses provided that:

- i) No wholesale sales or storage of goods is carried out, any retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use and that no repairs to vehicles or heavy equipment are carried out.
- ii) Activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not cause noticeable noise, odor, dust or fumes, or inconvenience and are not a nuisance to occupants of adjoining residences.
- No more than forty (40) percent of the total floor area of the dwelling up to a maximum of eighty (80) square metres is devoted to the use.
- iv) Provision for off-street parking will be required as per the off-street parking requirements of these Regulations;
- v) There will be no storage of unsightly materials or waste outdoors;
- vi) No change will be made in the type, class, intensity or extent of the business or service without a permit; and
- vii) The development and operation of uses will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Council.

12. Medical Treatment and Special Care

The use class will be limited to a residential home for the aged.

13. Subsidiary Apartments

Subsidiary apartments may be permitted in a self-contained dwelling, subject to the following conditions:

- i) The floor area of the subsidiary apartment shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total floor area of the self-contained dwelling, or eighty (80) square metres, whichever is less.
- ii) No second entrance shall be permitted in the front wall of the self-contained dwelling. External entrances to the subsidiary apartment shall be restricted to the side or rear yards.
- iii) The number of additional off-street parking spaces required shall be determined by Council.
- iv) The single dwelling and apartment shall require the approval of onsite septic system by the Department of Government Services.

14. Boarding House Residential (Bed and Breakfast Only)

A dwelling to be used for the purpose of providing room and board for tourists or the traveling public may be permitted as a discretionary use provided:

- i) The use does not detract from the residential character of the neighbourhood;
- ii) The use is carried out by a resident of the dwelling;
- Provision for off-street parking for each guest will be required and shall be in the side yards and rear yards of subject properties;
- iv) The dwelling has sufficient onsite water and sewage system;
- v) The Hospitality Home shall be licensed under Provincial Tourist Establishment Regulations;
- vi) Signage is permitted as per condition #12.

15. Child Care (Family Care)

A Family day care or day nursery (i.e.: a child care operation in which services are regularly provided up to six children), is subject to the following conditions:

- i) The operation is in accordance with all applicable provincial laws and regulations;
- ii) The use will only be permitted in a residential dwelling;
- iii) The use will not occupy more than 80 square metres or 40% of the floor area, whichever is less:
- iv) Any on-site, outdoor play space will have a fence erected around its perimeter, with a gate in case of emergency;
- v) Provision for off-street parking will be required as per the off-street parking requirements of these Regulations;
- vi) The drop-off and pick-up of children will not interfere with the free flow of vehicular traffic:
- vii) The use is not located adjacent to or near hazardous, dangerous, or incompatible uses. These include, but are not limited to, heavy industrial uses, service stations, garages, taverns, night clubs, and amusement uses;
- viii) The development and operation of the child care use will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove.

16. Advertisements Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted or existing as a legal non-conforming use in this use zone, shall be as follows:

Advertisement on Building

The sign on the building shall be inconspicuous and blend in with the residential property and the general amenities of the surrounding area. The sign shall not rise above the roof line or be situated on the roof of a building.

- i) Sign on building shall be constructed of materials as required by the Council
- ii) Illumination of sign on building will be specified by the Council.
- iii) Advertising for on site business on residential building shall be no greater then 1 square metre.

Advertisement on Site

- i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Council, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks, and the general amenities of the surrounding residential area.
- ii) Free standing portable illuminated signs ("yellow" or "Light Up Portable Signs") will not be allowed in the residential- medium density zone.
- iii) Not subject to (ii) portable illuminated signs may be allowed for advertising special events on a temporary basis at the discretion of the Council.
- iv) Signs shall blend into the residential area and landscaping.
- v) No advertisement shall exceed 1.5 square metres in area.

17. Light Industrial

These uses shall be small scale light industrial uses such as workshops and repair shops;

- i) Activities associated with the use shall be carried on inside the accessory building.
- ii) The use does not detract from the residential character of the neighbourhood and activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not create a nuisance by reason of noticeable noise, odour, dust or flames, or result in electrical interference;
- iii) No outdoor storage of equipment, materials or waste outdoors.
- iv) Adequate on-site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping is provided.
- v) The use is carried out by a resident of the main dwelling and that person shall be the only one employed in the business.
- vi) Retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use.
- vii) No change will be made in the type, class, intensity or extent of the business or service without a permit; and
- viii) The development and operation of uses will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Council.

18. Floodway

Development within the Floodway designation shall be restricted to:

- i) Temporary alterations in a buffer zone, a designated floodway or the body of water itself.
- ii) Non-structural uses such as open space recreation, agriculture, service corridors and minor structures related to utilities and marine activities.
- iii) Placement of fill is prohibited unless required as a flood proofing measure or for public infrastructure. Fill shall not impede water flows or contribute to an increase in flood risk.
- iv) Development in the Floodway, Floodway Fringe and in the 15 metre buffer around these zones shall require the approval of the Water Resources Division, Department of Environment and Conservation.

19. Floodway Fringe

Development in the Floodway Fringe shall include public utilities, roads, bridges, marine related uses, industrial, commercial, residential, open space recreation uses. Development within the Floodway fringe designation shall meet the following conditions:

- i) The ground floor elevation of the structure is higher than the 1:100 year flood level;
- ii) The structure will not interfere with the flow of water or displace water such that it creates a worse flooding situation for other properties;
- iii) The structure and associated utilities must be designed and constructed in accordance with approved flood proofing guidelines of the Department of Environment and Conservation, and entrances and exists from the building can be safely used without hindrance in the event of a flood; and
- iv) The proposed use of the facility and site will not involve any storage of hazardous materials such as fuels, chemicals, pesticides, etc.
- v) Within the Floodway Fringe the following uses shall be prohibited from being developed: hospitals, senior citizen homes, homes for special care and any other use where flooding could pose a significant threat to the safety of residents if evacuation becomes necessary, police stations, fire stations and other facilities that may provide emergency services during a flood including government offices and schools.
- vi) Development in the Floodway, Floodway Fringe and in the 15 metre buffer around these zones shall require the approval of the Water Resources Division, Department of

Environment and Conservation.

USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION AREA (RSA)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES

None prior to the preparation of a Comprehensive Development Scheme.

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Agriculture, forestry, conservation.

CONDITIONS

1. Area Concept Plan

An Area Concept Plan shall be developed for a proposed subdivision development and shall include adjacent lands within the area defined on the zoning map as a Residential Subdivision Area. The requirements for an Area Concept Plan are outlined in the Municipal Plan policy sections 4.4.1, section 14. The Area Concept Plan shall be advertised within a local newspaper and shall be placed on public display for five (5) days at the Town Hall, during regular businesses hours, for public viewing so that residents may be provided comments on the proposed development to Council in writing. Council shall review all written submissions and take these submissions into consideration before approving the Area Concept Plan and any Development Regulations Amendment to rezoning the Residential Subdivision Area to the appropriate land use zones on the Land Use Zoning Maps. Once the Area Concept Plan and Development Regulations Amendment are approved by Council, the amendment shall be forwarded to the Department of Municipal and Provincial Affairs for registration and publishing in the Newfoundland and Labrador *Gazette*. Note, under *The Urban and Rural Plan Act*, 2000, no public hearing is required for a Development Regulations Amendment

2. Subdivision Development Plan

A Subdivision Development in this zone will be considered only if it is in accordance to the requirements outlined in the Municipal Plan policy sections 4.4.1, section 13, 14 and 15. The subdivision development plan shall conform to the general design and layout of the area concept plan. The subdivision development plan does not require public consultation, but is required to be submitted to the Council for development approval and the issuing of any development permits.

2. Discretionary Use

Discretionary uses permitted in this zone prior to the preparation and approval of a Area Concept Plan shall not include the development of any permanent structure.

3. Onsite Water Supply and Sewage

All developments must have their water and sewage services designed by an "Approved Designer" licensed by the Department of Government Services. The Department of Government Services shall approve the onsite services designs before a permit to build will be granted by the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove. If the minimum lot area prescribed in the standards above is deemed by the appropriate agency to be insufficient to ensure adequate onsite sanitary water supply and sewage disposal, the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove will require a larger lot area as prescribed by the agency.

4. Coastal Reservation

No building development will be permitted within 30 m buffer from the top of the steep coastlines along the shorelines of the Town. For the purposes of these regulations, the top edge of the steep coastline shall be defined as the area of land where the slope is less than 25% for more them a 30 m distance measured perpendicular to the coastline and running inland from the steep coastline. From a point located 30 m from the steep coastline edge another 30 m buffer is placed which no building development shall be permitted. Or as identified by the Town on the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Land Use Zoning Maps during the permitting of any development near the steep coastline.

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USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE COMMERCIAL-LOCAL (COM-L)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES - (see Regulation 89)

Office, medical and professional, personal service, child care, convenience store, shop, recreational open space.

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Service station, catering, general service, light industry, catering (no lounges), outdoor markets, and antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Development Standard

The development standards for this zone shall be as follows:

Minimum Building Line Setback (or the established building line in the area whichever is greater)	8 m
Minimum Sideyard Width	5 m
Minimum Rearyard Depth	10 m
Maximum Height	10 m

2. Discretionary Use Classes

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided that they are complementary to uses within the permitted use classes or that their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses.

3. General Service Uses

General Service uses shall be small workshops and repair shops, in this zone;

- i) Activities associated with the use shall be carried on inside the building.
- ii) Activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not create a nuisance by reason of noticeable noise, odour, dust or flames, or result in electrical interference;
- iii) No outdoor storage of equipment or materials.
- iv) Adequate on-site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping is provided.

4. Light Industrial Uses

These uses shall be small scale light industrial uses such as workshops and repair shops, indoor storage, and warehouses in this zone;

- i) Activities associated with the use shall be carried on inside the building.
- ii) Activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not create a nuisance by reason of noticeable noise, odour, dust or flames, or result in electrical interference;
- iii) No outdoor storage of equipment or materials.
- iv) Adequate on-site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping is provided.

5. Advertisements

Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted or existing as a legal non-conforming use in this use zone, shall be as follows:

- i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Authority, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks, and the general amenities of the surrounding area.
- ii) No advertisement shall exceed 5 square metres in area.

Relating to Offsite Uses

The conditions to be applied to the erection or display of an advertisement on any site, relating to a use permitted in this or another zone, or not relating to a specific land use, shall be as follows:

- i) Each advertisement shall not exceed three square metres in area.
- ii) When the advertisements relate to a specific land use, they shall be located within a reasonable distance of, and only show therein the name and nature of the distance or direction to the premises to which they relate.
- iii) The location, siting and illumination of each advertisement shall be to the satisfaction of the Authority, having regard to the grade and alignment of streets, the location of street Junctions, the location of nearby buildings and the preservation of the amenities of the surrounding area.

6. Buffer (around waterways)

No development will be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of rivers or streams or within 30 metres of the shoreline of ponds, with the exception of conservation structures such as those designed to control flooding and erosion as well as bridges, pathways, and public services. The only exception is the buffer for Jones Pond shall be 50 metres to allow for the development of passive recreation trails. All development occurring within these limits is subject to the approval of Council.

USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE

COMMERCIAL-TOURISM

(COM-T)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES - (see Regulation 89)

Shop (see condition), cultural and civic, recreational open space, conservation.

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Catering (restaurant) outdoor assembly, light industry (see condition), and personal service (see condition).

CONDITIONS

1. Comprehensive Development Scheme

A Comprehensive Development Scheme in this zone will be considered only if it is in accordance to the requirements outlined in the Municipal Plan policy sections 4.4.2.2, section 3. The Comprehensive Development Scheme shall be advertised within a local newspaper and shall be placed on public display for five (5) days at the Town Hall, during regular businesses hours, for public viewing so that residents may be provided details on the proposed development and view the Development Plan, and provide any comments to Council in writing. Council shall review all written submissions and take these submissions into consideration before approving the applications and Development Plan.

2. Development Standard

The development standards for this zone shall be as follows:

Minimum Lot Area 12,100 m²

Minimum Building Line Setback (Or the established building line in the area whichever is greater) Minimum Sideyard Width 5 metres Minimum Rearyard Depth 10 metres

10 metres Maximum Height

3. **Discretionary Use Classes**

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided that they are complementary to uses within the permitted use classes or that their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses.

8 metres

4. **Light Industrial Uses**

Light industrial uses shall be restricted to small craft products associated with traditional manufacturing of craft products and handcrafts. This small scale light industrial uses shall be subsidiary to the permitted uses and meet the following conditions:

- i) Retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use and there is no outdoor storage of equipment or materials.
- ii) Activities associated with the use shall be carried on inside the building;
- iii) Activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not create a nuisance by reason of noticeable noise, odour, dust or flames, or result in electrical interference;
- No change is made in the type, class or extent of the use without a permit. iv)
- Adequate on-site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping is provided. v)

5. **Advertisements Relating to Onsite Uses**

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted or existing as a legal non-conforming use in this use zone, shall be as follows:

i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Council, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of

adjacent streets and sidewalks, and the general amenities of the surrounding area.

ii) No advertisement shall exceed 5 square metres in area.

6. Advertisements Relating to Offsite Uses

The conditions to be applied to the erection or display of an advertisement on any site, relating to a use permitted in this or another zone, or not relating to a specific land use, shall be as follows:

- i) Each advertisement shall not exceed three square metres in area.
- ii) When the advertisements relate to a specific land use, they shall be located within a reasonable distance of, and only show therein the name and nature of the distance or direction to the premises to which they relate.
- iii) The location, siting and illumination of each advertisement shall be to the satisfaction of the Council, having regard to the grade and alignment of streets, the location of street Junctions, the location of nearby buildings and the preservation of the amenities of the surrounding area.

7. Buffer (around waterways)

No development will be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of rivers or streams or within 30 metres of the shoreline of ponds, with the exception of conservation structures such as those designed to control flooding and erosion as well as bridges, pathways, and public services. The only exception is the buffer for Jones Pond shall be 50 metres to allow for the development of passive recreation trails. All development occurring within these limits is subject to the approval of Council.

8. Catering

Catering shall be limited to formal seat down style restaurant. No lounges or take outs will be permitted within this zone. However, take out food service maybe permitted in association with a full restaurant service. The sale of alcohol shall be permitted in association with the restaurant during operating hours.

9. Shop

Shop uses shall be limited to only those that cater or service the traveling/tourist public. Types of shops shall include crafts store, gift store, specialty store, and rental/retail store for sporting goods.

10. Personal Service

Personal services shall be limited to the development and training of the general public and tourist in the making of arts and crafts. This may include such uses as a design studio, painting classes, small work shops for wood or rock carving, etc.

11. East Cost Trail

The East Coast Trail Association is developing a natural walking/hiking trail within the Town of Logy Bay Middle Cove Outer Cove along the coastline of Atlantic Ocean as part of their much larger coastal trail system. The Council will encourage the maintenance of a buffer along the trail to protect the natural landscape and views from the trial, and to ensure that future development does not negatively impact the trail.

12. Cultural and Civic

These uses shall be limited to museum, art galley, tourist chalet, and interpretation centre.

13. Coastal Reservation

No building development will be permitted within 30 m buffer from the top of the steep coastlines along the shorelines of the Town. For the purposes of these regulations, the top edge of the steep coastline shall be defined as the area of land where the slope is less than 25% for more them a 30 m distance measured perpendicular to the coastline and running inland from the steep coastline. From a point located 30 m from the steep coastline edge another 30 m buffer is placed which no building development shall be permitted. Or as identified by the Town on the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Land Use Zoning Maps during the permitting of any development near the steep coastline.

USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE MIXED DEVELOPMENT (MD)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES - (see Regulation 89)

Single dwelling, recreational open space.

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Child care, boarding house residential (bed and breakfast only), medical treatment and special care (home for the aged only), medical professional and personal service, office, convenience store, service station, general industry and light industry (see condition), agriculture, veterinary, and antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Development Standard

a) The development standards for this zone shall be as follows:

Minimum Building Line Setback

Or the established building line in the area whichever is greater)	
Minimum Sideyard Width	5 m
Minimum Rearyard Depth	10 m
Maximum Height	10 m

8 m

b) Residential development shall conform to the standards of the Residential **Medium** Density Use Zone.

DRA-2006-2 and NL Gazette

2. Discretionary Use Classes

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided that they are complementary to uses within the permitted use classes or that their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses.

3. Accessory Building

All accessory buildings shall have a combined maximum lot coverage not exceeding 7 %, up to a maximum floor area of 90 square metres, whichever is less and a maximum height of 6.0 metres. For lots greater than 6075 sq. m., the size of the accessory building shall be determined by Council. Accessory buildings should not have a negative effect on neighbouring properties and outside appearance shall be to the standards established by the Council.

An accessory building may be permitted in front of a building line if the lot has physical features that prohibit the development in the rear or side yard of the lot. Accessory building shall not be closer than 2.4 metres from another building, nor 3.0 metres from a property line.

Accessory buildings are to be used strictly for ancillary purposes to the permitted uses listed in this use zone. Accessory buildings for residential properties shall not be used for non-residential uses without permission of Council. Aside from minor vehicle maintenance, no Person shall use an accessory building for the purpose of performing major repairs, painting, dismantling, or scrapping of vehicles or machinery unless permitted by Council.

4. Boarding House Residential (Bed and Breakfast Only)

A dwelling to be used for the purpose of providing room and board for tourists or the traveling public may be permitted as a discretionary use provided:

- i) The use does not detract from the residential character of the neighbourhood;
- ii) The use is carried out by a resident of the dwelling;
- Provision for off-street parking for each guest will be required and shall be in the side yards and rear yards of subject properties;
- iv) The dwelling has sufficient onsite water and sewage system;
- v) The Hospitality Home shall be licensed under Provincial Tourist Establishment Regulations;

5. Convenience Stores

Convenience stores will only be permitted as a discretionary use under the following conditions:

- i) The retail use shall be subsidiary to the residential character of the area, and shall not affect residential amenities of adjoining properties.
- ii) The adequate provision of on site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping.

6. Child Care (Group)

A day care or day nursery (i.e.: a child care operation in which services are regularly provided up to seven or more children), may be permitted as a discretionary use, subject to the following conditions:

- i) The operation is in accordance with all applicable provincial laws and regulations;
- ii) The building shall be designed so that its type, massing and visual appearance is general appropriate to the residential neighborhood and is acceptable to the Council;
- iii) Any on-site, outdoor play space will have a fence erected around its perimeter, with a gate in case of emergency;
- iv) Provision for off-street parking will be required as per the off-street parking requirements of these Regulations;
- v) The drop-off and pick-up of children will not interfere with the free flow of vehicular traffic:
- vi) The use is not located adjacent to or near hazardous, dangerous, or incompatible uses. These include, but are not limited to, heavy industrial uses, service stations, garages, taverns, night clubs, and amusement uses;
- vii) The development and operation of the child care use will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove.

7. Child Care (Family)

A day care or day nursery (i.e.: a child care operation in which services are regularly provided up to six children), is subject to the following conditions:

i) The operation is in accordance with all applicable provincial laws and regulations;

- ii) The use will only be permitted in a residential dwelling;
- iii) The use will not occupy more than 80 square metres or 40% of the floor area, whichever is less;
- iv) Any on-site, outdoor play space will have a fence erected around its perimeter, with a gate in case of emergency;
- v) Provision for off-street parking will be required as per the off-street parking requirements of these Regulations;
- vi) The drop-off and pick-up of children will not interfere with the free flow of vehicular traffic;
- vii) The use is not located adjacent to or near hazardous, dangerous, or incompatible uses. These include, but are not limited to, heavy industrial uses, service stations, garages, taverns, night clubs, and amusement uses;
- viii) The development and operation of the child care use will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove.

8. Medical, Professional, Office, and Personal Service Uses

Medical, professional, office, and personal service uses may be permitted as a discretionary use in a dwelling unit in the form of doctors' consulting rooms, personal services, small business services, office, small appliance repair and sporting goods repair service and similar uses provided that:

- i) No wholesale sales or storage of goods is carried out; any retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use.
- ii) Activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not cause noticeable noise, odour, dust or fumes, or inconvenience and are not a nuisance to the occupants of adjoining residences.
- iii) Not more than fifty (50) percent of the total floor area of the dwelling up a maximum of eighty -five square metres is devoted to the use.
- iv) No change shall be made in the type, class or extent of service provide without a permit.

9. Buffer (around waterways)

No development will be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of rivers or streams or within 30 metres of the shoreline of ponds, with the exception of conservation structures such as those designed to control flooding and erosion as well as bridges, pathways, and public services. The only exception is the buffer for Jones Pond shall be 50 metres to allow for the development of passive recreation trails. All development occurring within these limits is subject to the approval of Council.

10. Medical Treatment and Special Care (Home for the Aged Only)

The use class will be limited to a residential home for the aged.

11. General and Light Industrial Uses

General industrial uses shall be small scale light industrial uses such as small workshops and warehouses, and autobody repair shops in this zone, shall be restricted to developed residential lots, provided that;

- i) The use shall constitute entirely or partly the livelihood of a person living in the specified dwelling;
- ii) Activities associated with the use shall be carried on inside the dwelling or in building separate from the dwelling;
- iii) One building only, separate from the dwelling, and located in the rear or side yard a minimum of 2 m from any lot line, and having a maximum floor area of 75 m² and a height of no more than 6 m, may be used in connection with the industrial use;
- iv) Activities associated with the use are not hazardous and do not create a nuisance by reason of noticeable noise, odour, dust or flames, or result in electrical interference;
- v) Retail sales are incidental and subsidiary to the approved use and there is no outdoor storage of equipment or materials.
- vi) No change is made in the type, class or extent of the use without a permit.
- vii) Adequate on-site parking, loading, buffering and landscaping is provided.

12. Agricultural Use

Traditional small scale hobby and subsistence agricultural uses may be permitted such as vegetable gardens or a small number of animals, the number of such animals and the development requirements for barns, lot area, will be determined by Council in consultation with the Provincial Agriculture Division and Department of Environment and Conservation.

13. Service Station

A Service Station may be permitted only in the form of pump islands to dispense motor vehicle fuel and only in conjunction with a convenience Store on the same site.

14. Advertisements

Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted or existing as a legal non-conforming use in this use zone shall be as follows:

- i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Council, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks, and the general amenities of the surrounding area.
- ii) No advertisement shall exceed 5 square metres in area.

Relating to Offsite Uses

The conditions to be applied to the erection or display of an advertisement on any site, relating to a use permitted in this or another zone, or not relating to a specific land use, shall be as follows:

- i) Each advertisement shall not exceed three square metres in area.
- ii) When the advertisements relate to a specific land use, they shall be located within a reasonable distance of, and only show therein the name and nature of the distance or direction to the premises to which they relate.
- iii) The location, siting and illumination of each advertisement shall be to the satisfaction of the Council, having regard to the grade and alignment of streets, the location of street Junctions, the location of nearby buildings and the preservation of the amenities of the

surrounding area.

USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE	AGRICULTURE	(A)
PERMITTED USE CLASS	SES - (see Regulation 89)	
Agriculture, animal.		
DISCRETIONARY USE C	LASSES (see Regulations 33 and 90)	
Veterinary, outdoor market,	single dwelling, rural industry, forestry, mineral work	king, antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Development Standards

The development standards for this zone shall be as follows:

Minimum Lot Area	4050 m ²
Minimum Frontage	45 m
Minimum Building Line Setback	15 m
Minimum Sideyard Width	3 m
Minimum Rearyard Depth	10 m
Maximum Height	8 m
Maximum Building Line Setback	30 m

2. Discretionary Uses

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided they are complementary to uses under the permitted use classes and they have been determined by the Land Development Advisory Authority to have minimal impact upon agriculture.

3. Advertisements Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted in this use zone shall be as follows:

- i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Council, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks and the general amenities of the surrounding area.
- ii) No advertisement shall exceed 5 square metres in area.

4. Single Dwelling

A single dwelling shall only be permitted subject to the following conditions:

- i) The single dwelling has received the approval of the Land Development Advisory Authority, Department Natural Resources.
- ii) The single dwelling shall be related to or associated with a farm unit or agricultural land tenure or shall have been determined by the Land Development Advisory Authority to have minimal impact upon agriculture.
- iii) The lot or farm unit on which the single dwelling is located shall have direct access and frontage on a street or publicly maintained road; and
- iv) The single dwelling is located within an area presently characterized by a mix of residential and agricultural development as identified by the Council.

5. Buffer (around waterways)

No development will be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of rivers or streams or within 30 metres of the shoreline of ponds, with the exception of conservation

structures such as those designed to control flooding and erosion as well as bridges, pathways, and public services. The only exception is the buffer for Jones Pond shall be 50 metres to allow for the development of passive recreation trails. All development occurring within these limits is subject to the approval of Council.

USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE OPEN SPACE/CONSERVATION (OC)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES - (see Regulation 89)

Conservation, open space recreational.

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Agriculture, antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Discretionary Use classes

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Council provided that they are complementary to uses within the permitted use classes or that their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses.

2. Agricultural Use

Traditional small scale hobby and subsistence agricultural uses may be permitted such as vegetable gardens.

3. East Cost Trail

The East Coast Trail Association is developing a natural walking/hiking trail within the Town of Logy Bay Middle Cove Outer Cove along the coastline of Atlantic Ocean as part of their much larger coastal trail system. The Council will encourage the maintenance of a buffer along the trail to protect the natural landscape and views from the trial, and to ensure that future development does not negatively impact the trail.

USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE COASTAL-MARINE (CM)

PERMITTED CLASSES -(see Regulation 89)

Fishery, marine-related uses, recreational open space, educational, antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Docks and Harbours

Transportation use shall be restricted to docks, harbours, wharfs, slipways and other such marine related structures.

2. Educational

Educational use shall be restricted to marine related institutional facilities.

3. Advertisements Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted in this use zone shall be as follows:

- i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Council, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks and the general amenities of the surrounding area.
- ii) No advertisement shall exceed 5 square metres in area.

4. East Cost Trail

The East Coast Trail Association is developing a natural walking/hiking trail within the Town of Logy Bay Middle Cove Outer Cove along the coastline of Atlantic Ocean as part of their much larger coastal trail system. The Council will encourage the maintenance of a buffer along the trail to protect the natural landscape and views from the trial, and to ensure that future development does not negatively impact the trail.

USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE PUBLIC USE (PU)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES - (see Regulation 89)

Educational, general assembly, place of worship, child care (group), recreational open space, cultural and civic, and conservation.

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Indoor assembly, outdoor assembly, cemetery, office, medical treatment and special care, and antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Development Standards

The development standards for this zone shall be as follows:

Minimum Building Line Setback 8 metres

Minimum Sideyard Width 5 metres

Minimum Rearyard Depth 15 metres

Maximum Height 14 metres

2. Discretionary Use Classes

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Council provided that they are accessory to uses within the permitted use classes or where their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses.

3. Buffer (around waterways)

No development will be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of rivers or streams or within 30 metres of the shoreline of ponds, with the exception of conservation structures such as those designed to control flooding and erosion as well as bridges, pathways, and public services. The only exception is the buffer for Jones Pond shall be 50 metres to allow for the development of passive recreation trails. All development occurring within these limits is subject to the approval of Council.

4. Group Child Care

A day care or day nursery (ie: a child care operation in which services are regularly provided up to seven or more children), may be permitted as a discretionary use, subject to the following conditions:

- i) The operation is in accordance with all applicable provincial laws and regulations;
- ii) The building shall be designed so that its type, massing and visual appearance is general appropriate to the residential neighborhood and is acceptable to the Council;
- iii) Any on-site, outdoor play space will have a fence erected around its perimeter, with a gate in case of emergency;
- iv) Provision for off-street parking will be required as per the off-street parking requirements of these Regulations;
- v) The drop-off and pick-up of children will not interfere with the free flow of vehicular traffic;
- vi) The use is not located adjacent to or near hazardous, dangerous, or incompatible uses. These include, but are not limited to, heavy industrial uses, service stations, garages, taverns, night clubs, and amusement uses;

vii) The development and operation of the child care use will be subject to conditions outlined in a permit issued by the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove.

5. Medical Treatment and Special Care (Home for the Aged Only)

The use class will be limited to a residential home for the aged.

6. Advertisements Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted or existing as a legal non-conforming use in this use zone, shall be as follows:

- i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Council, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks, and the general amenities of the surrounding area.
- ii) No advertisement shall exceed 5 square metres in area.

Relating to Offsite Uses

The conditions to be applied to the erection or display of an advertisement on any site, relating to a use permitted in another zone, or not relating to a specific land use, shall be as follows:

- i) Each advertisement shall not exceed three square metres in area.
- ii) When the advertisements relate to a specific land use, they shall be located within a reasonable distance of, and only show therein the name and nature of the distance or direction to the premises to which they relate.
- iii) The location, siting and illumination of each advertisement shall be to the satisfaction of the Council, having regard to the grade and alignment of streets, the location of street Junctions, the location of nearby buildings and the preservation of the amenities of the surrounding area.

7. Coastal Reservation

No building development will be permitted within 30 m buffer from the top of the steep coastlines along the shorelines of the Town. For the purposes of these regulations, the top edge

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of the steep coastline shall be defined as the area of land where the slope is less than 25% for more them a 30 m distance measured perpendicular to the coastline and running inland from the steep coastline. From a point located 30 m from the steep coastline edge another 30 m buffer is placed which no building development shall be permitted. Or as identified by the Town on the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Land Use Zoning Maps during the permitting of any development near the steep coastline.

USE ZONE TABLE

ZONE TITLE RURAL (RUR)

PERMITTED USE CLASSES - (see Regulation 89)

Agriculture, forestry, and conservation.

DISCRETIONARY USE CLASSES - (see Regulations 33 and 90)

Outdoor assembly, single dwelling, veterinary, outdoor market, rural industry, mineral working, recreational open space, cemetery, animal and antenna.

CONDITIONS

1. Development Standards

The development standards for this zone shall be as follows:

Minimum Building Line Setback

20 metres

Minimum Sideyard Width

5 metres

2. Advertisements Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site

occupied by a use permitted in this use zone, shall be as follows:

- i) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Council, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks and the general amenities of the surrounding area.
- ii) No advertisement shall exceed 5 square metres in area.

3. Advertisements Relating to Offsite Uses

The conditions to be applied to the erection or display of an advertisement on any site relating to a use permitted in this or another zone shall be as follows:

- i) Each advertisement shall not exceed 3 square metres in area.
- ii) The advertisements shall be located within a reasonable distance of and only the distance or direction to the premises to which they relate.
- iii) The location siting and illumination of each advertisement shall be to the satisfaction of the Council, having regard to the grade and alignment of streets, the location of street junctions, the location of nearby buildings and the preservation of the amenities of the surrounding area.

4. Discretionary Use Classes

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Council provided they are complementary to uses within the permitted use classes or that their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses, and in the case of general industry, that they be restricted to maintenance and repair of equipment, processing and storage related to resource uses.

5. Accessory Buildings

Accessory buildings total floor area and height shall be determined by Council under its discretion on a lot by lot application. Accessory buildings for residential properties shall not be used for non-residential uses without permission of Council. Accessory buildings should not have a negative effect on neighbouring properties and outside appearance shall be to the standards established by the Council.

An accessory building may be permitted in front of a building line if the lot has physical features

that prohibit the development in the rear or side yard of the lot. Accessory building shall not be closer than 2.4 metres from another building, nor 3.0 metres from a property line

Accessory buildings for residential properties shall not be used for non-residential uses without permission of Council.

6. Single Dwelling

Single residential dwelling may be permitted in conjunction with permitted use such as agriculture or discretionary use such as veterinary. The residence shall be required to meet development standard of 1 acre lot. The Council under its discretion may allow the development to occur on lands that do not front onto a public road.

7. East Cost Trail

The East Coast Trail Association is developing a natural walking/hiking trail within the Town of Logy Bay Middle Cove Outer Cove along the coastline of Atlantic Ocean as part of their much larger coastal trail system. The Council will encourage the maintenance of a buffer along the trail to protect the natural landscape and views from the trial, and to ensure that future development does not negatively impact the trail.

8. Separation from Adjacent Uses

Unless the Council is satisfied that the working will not create a nuisance and will not adversely affect the amenity of the specified development or natural feature, no mineral working shall be located closer than the minimum distances set out below to the specified development or natural feature:

Type of Development	Minimum Distance from Mineral Working
Existing or proposed residential development	300 metres
Any other developed area or area likely to be developed during the life of pit or quarry working for any purpose other than residential	150 metres

Public highway or street	50 metres
Protected Road	90 metres
Any of the above, with regard to a mineral working operation in which blasting may take place (or any bedrock quarry or reserve)	1000 metres
Waterbody or watercourse	50 metres

9. Screening

A mineral working shall be screened in the following manner where it is visible from a public street or highway, developed area, or area likely to be developed during the life of the use:

- (a) Where tree screens exist between the mineral working and adjacent public highways and streets or other land uses (excepting forestry and agriculture), the tree screens shall be retained in a 30-metre wide strip of vegetation so that visibility of any part of the use from the surrounding uses or streets will be prevented. The tree screens must be maintained by the owner or occupier of the use to retain 30 metres in a forested appearance. Where vegetation dies or is removed from the 30-metre strip, the Council may require new trees of a minimum height of 1 metre be planted to fill in the areas affected to the satisfaction of the Council or, at the discretion of the Council, condition 4(b) must be undertaken.
- (b) Where no tree screens exist of sufficient width and density to constitute a visual screen, earthen berms shall be constructed to a height sufficient to prevent visibility of any part of the mineral working from adjacent uses (excepting forestry and agriculture), or adjacent public highways and streets. The berms shall be landscaped to the Council's satisfaction.
- (c) Where natural topography creates a visual screen between mineral workings and adjacent public highways and streets or other land uses (excepting forestry and agriculture), additional screening may not be required.
- (d) Where effective screening for any mineral working or associated processing or manufacturing use cannot be installed or located as required in (a) (c) above, the Council may refuse to permit the use or associated activity.

10. Fencing

The Council may require the mineral working site or excavated areas of a pit or quarry working to be enclosed by a fence designed and constructed to its specifications and no less than 1.8 metres in height.

11. Water Pollution

No mineral working or associated storm or sanitary drainage shall unacceptably reduce the quality of water in any waterbody or watercourse. Any access road to a pit or quarry working which crosses a brook or stream shall be bridged or culverted at the crossing in accordance with the Regulations of the Department of Environment and Conservation.

12. Erosion Control

No mineral working shall be carried out in a manner so as to cause erosion of adjacent land.

13. Water Ponding

No mineral working or associated storm or sanitary drainage shall unacceptably reduce the quality of water in any waterbody or watercourse. Any access road to a pit or quarry working which crosses a brook or stream shall be bridged or culverted at the crossing in accordance with the Regulations of the Department of Environment and Conservation.

14. Site Maintenance

The mineral working shall be kept clean of refuse, abandoned vehicles, and abandoned equipment and any derelict buildings.

15. Access Roads

During extended periods of shutdown, access roads to a mineral working shall be ditched or barred to the satisfaction of the Council.

16. Stockpiling Cover Material

All stumps, organic material and topsoil, including the rusty coloured and iron stained layer, shall be stripped and stockpiled at least 5 metres from active quarry or stockpile areas. The owner or operator shall ensure that the quality of the topsoil is not affected by dilution with other materials.

17. Operating Plant and Associated Processing and Manufacturing

The Council may permit processing and manufacturing use associated with mineral workings provided that, in the opinion of the Council, the use does not create a nuisance nor is liable to become a nuisance or offensive by the creation of noise or vibration, or by reason of the emission of fumes, dust, dirt, objectionable odour, or by reason of unsightly storage of materials.

18. Building Location

All permanent or temporary buildings, plants and structures associated with processing and manufacturing will be located so as not to interfere with the present or future extraction of aggregate resources.

19. Buffer Area

The Council may specify a minimum separation distance between operating plant or associated processing and manufacturing structure or equipment and adjacent developed areas likely to be developed during the life of the mineral working.

20. Additional Extraction

If the mineral working contains reserves of material sufficient to support further extraction operations, the Council may require the work described above to be carried out only in areas of the site where extraction has depleted aggregate reserves.

21. Termination and Site Rehabilitation

Upon completion of the mineral working, the following work shall be carried out by the operation:

- (a) All buildings, machinery and equipment shall be removed.
- (b) All pit and quarry slopes shall be graded to slopes less than 20° or to the slope conforming to that existing prior to the mineral working.
- (c) Topsoil and any organic materials shall be re-spread over the entire quarried area.
- (d) The access road to the working shall be ditched or barred to the satisfaction of the Council.

22. Short-term Mineral Workings

The following conditions shall apply to a Mineral Working which is subject to a Department of Natural Resources Quarry Permit or which is proposed for duration of less than five years. The Council may require an applicant for a development permit under this condition to meet the stipulations set out in condition 18 below, if the Council determines that the size of the parcel or of the proposed mineral working, or the size of the aggregate resource in the surrounding area is sufficiently large or the duration is sufficiently long to warrant the application of condition 18.

a) An application for a development permit for the proposed Mineral Working use shall be accompanied by a detailed sketch or sketches satisfactory to the Council which shall show the location of physical site features and extraction and processing features required by the Council, including but not limited to:

- i) The general area of the location of the mineral working;
- ii) Boundaries of the parcel to be mined (ie. land covered by the development application);
- iii) Extent of the site area to be mined;
- iv) Roads, parking and loading areas and entrance and exit to the site;
- v) Waterbodies within the boundaries;
- vi) Waterbodies within 250 metre radius of the boundary;
- vii) Channels or ponds to be removed, shifted and created; and
- viii) The location of any building or structure and equipment which will be located on the site.
- b) Upon completion of the mineral working operations on the site, the developer shall meet the conditions set out above and any other condition(s) stated in the development permit that the Council deems necessary for restoration of the site.
- c) A temporary development permit may be issued for a maximum of one year and may not be renewed after five consecutive years. Upon expiry of the development permit the Council shall inspect the site to confirm compliance with the development permit and development regulations.

23. Long-term Mineral Workings

The following conditions shall apply to a Mineral Working subject to a Department of Natural Resources Quarry Lease or of duration of 5 years or greater.

- a) An application for a development permit shall include a Mineral Working Development Plan satisfactory to the Council for the proposed Mineral Working use, which shall include a site plan showing the location of physical site features and extraction and processing features required by the Council including but not limited to:
 - i) Boundaries of the parcel to be mined;

- ii) Extent of site area(s) to be mined;
- iii) Buildings and structures on the site;
- iv) Roads, parking and loading areas and entrance and exit to the site;
- v) Fences, berms and landscaping provided for screening;
- vi) Waterbodies and channels to be removed, shifted and created;
- vii) Location and expected maximum height of stockpiles of mined ores, sand and gravel;
- viii) Location of major machinery and conveyors for receiving and processing raw ores including machinery for sifting, washing and grading ores, and the manufacturing of concrete and stone products;
- ix) The probable location of storage piles of topsoil and overburden removed from earlier phases of mined areas and temporarily being stored for replacement under the Reclamation plan; and
- x) Intended phases of mining operations to be carried out over all portions of the site.
- An application for a development permit shall include a Mineral Working Reclamation Plan satisfactory to the Council for the proposed mineral working use which shall explain, illustrate and show to the satisfaction of the Council a plan for restoration of the site which includes final ground contours, slopes, depth of topsoil, and vegetation and a phasing plan if necessary in the form of a grading and landscape plan or plans.

24. Financial Guarantee

1) The developer shall provide a financial guarantee in the form of a performance bond or unconditional and irrevocable letter of credit or other form acceptable to the Council.

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- 2) The financial guarantee shall be the greater of (a) \$5,000 per hectare, prorated on the basis of area to a minimum of \$500, or (b) an amount to cover the costs of restoring or landscaping the site after the quarry operations have ended or the site is abandoned by the applicant.
- 3) The financial guarantee shall be returned when the Reclamation Plan has been carried out or the development terminated and any conditions attached to the development permit have been met to the satisfaction of the Council."

25. Permit Fee

The development permit fee for a Mineral Working use shall be determined by the Council in an amount sufficient to cover the review of the Development and Reclamation Plans or the detailed sketch as required above, and determination of the amount of the financial guarantee described in section 19 above by a professional engineer, ongoing inspection of the site for conformity with the named Plans or sketches and with the conditions of the development permit, and inspection of the site to determine acceptable reclamation for purposes of return or cancellation of the financial guarantee.

26. Buffer (around waterways)

No development will be permitted within 15 metres of the high water mark of rivers or streams or within 30 metres of the shoreline of ponds, with the exception of conservation structures such as those designed to control flooding and erosion as well as bridges, pathways, and public services. The only exception is the buffer for Jones Pond shall be 50 metres to allow for the development of passive recreation trails. All development occurring within these limits is subject to the approval of Council.

27. Coastal Reservation

No building development will be permitted within 30 m buffer from the top of the steep coastlines along the shorelines of the Town. For the purposes of these regulations, the top edge of the steep coastline shall be defined as the area of land where the slope is less than 25% for more them a 30 m distance measured perpendicular to the coastline and running inland from the steep coastline. From a point located 30 m from the steep coastline edge another 30 m buffer is placed which no building development shall be permitted. Or as identified by the Town on the Town of Logy Bay-Middle Cove-Outer Cove Land Use Zoning Maps during the permitting of

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any development near the steep coastline.

OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS

CLASS			
	ASSEMBLY USES		
(a) Theatre	Two spaces for every 5 seats.		
(b) Cultural and Civic	One space for every 50m ² of gross floor area.		
(c) Educational	K - 12 - 3 spaces for every classroom.		
	Other facilities - 1 space for every 5 persons using the facilities (students,		
	faculty and staff).		
(d) Place of Worship	Two spaces for every 5 seats.		
(e) Passenger Assembly	As specified by the Council.		
(f) Private Club	One space for every 3 persons that may be accommodated at one time.		
(g) Catering	One space for every 3 persons that may be accommodated at one time.		
(h) Lounges and Bars	One space for every 3 persons that may be accommodated at one time.		
(i) Funeral Home	One space for every 10m ² of gross floor area.		
(j) Child Care	One space for every 20m ² of gross floor area.		
(k) Amusement	One space for every 10m ² of gross floor area.		
(l) Indoor Assembly	One space for every 10 persons that may be accommodated at one time.		
(m) Outdoor Assembly	As specified by the Council.		

CLASS	
INSTITUTIONAL USES	
(a) Detention Centre	As specified by the Council.
(b) Medical Treatment and Special Care	One space for every 20m ² of gross floor area
(c) Special Care	One space for every bed.
(d) Collective Residential	As specified by the Council.

CLASS	
RESIDENTIAL USES	
(a) Single Dwelling	Two spaces for every dwelling unit.
(b) Double Dwelling	Two spaces for every dwelling unit.
(c) Row Dwelling	Two spaces for every dwelling unit.
(d) Apartment Building	Three spaces for every 2-dwelling units
(e) Subsidiary Apartment	One space for every apartment unit.
(f) Hospitality Home	As specified by the Council.
(g) Boarding House Residential	One space for every residential unit.
(h) Mobile Home	Two spaces for every residential unit.

	CLASS
BUSINESS	S AND PERSONAL SREVICES
(a) Office	One space for every 20m ² of gross floor area.
(b) Professional Service	One space for every 20m ² of gross floor area.
(c) Personal Service	One space for every 20m ² of gross floor area.
(d) General Service	One space for every 20m ² of gross floor area
(e) Communications	As specified by the Council.
(f) Home Occupation	Minimum of 1 space per non-resident employee

CLASS		
COMMERCIAL USES		
(a) Shopping Centre	One space for every 20m ² of gross floor area.	
(b) Shop	Minimum of 2 spaces plus one space for every 20m ² of gross floor area.	
(c) Convenience Store	Minimum of 2 spaces plus one space for every 20m ² of gross floor area.	
(d) Take-Out Food	Minimum of 2 spaces plus one space for every 15m ² of gross floor area.	
(e) Vending Stand	Minimum of 2 spaces plus additional as specified by the Council.	
(f) Indoor Market	As specified by the Council.	
(g) Outdoor Market	As specified by the Council	
(h) Service Station	One space for every 20m ² of gross floor area.	
(i) Commercial Residential	One space for every rental room.	

CLASS		
INDUSTRIAL USES		
(a) Hazardous Industry	One space for every employee, plus 3.	
(b) General Industry	One space for every employee, plus 3.	
(c) Light Industry	One space for every employee, plus 3.	

CLASS	
NON-BUILDING USES	
(a) Outdoor Recreation	As specified by the Council.
(b) Conservation	As specified by the Council.
(c) Cemetery	As specified by the Council.
(d) Scrap Yard	As specified by the Council.
(e) Animal	Minimum of 2 spaces plus one space for every 20m ² of gross floor area.
(f) Transportation	As specified by the Council.