

Real Time Water Quality Monthly Report Leary's Brook - St. John's NL May 2006

General

 Data from the Leary's Brook monitoring station is monitored by the Water Resources Management Division staff on a monthly basis.

Maintenance and Calibration of Instrumentation

The following table displays the dates when the Datasonde was removed for routine cleaning, maintenance and calibration and when it was redeployed during the month of May. A second Hydrolab was used to replace the one that was removed on May 8, 2006. Table 1: Table of Datasonde removal and installation dates

Date Installed	Date Removed
	May 8, 2006
May 8, 2006	

 Water quality readings were taken with a Minisonde at the time of removal for comparison purposes. The Minisonde was calibrated prior to use.

Data Interpretation

- Areas in the graphs where the data lines go abruptly down to the x axis and show no readings occur when the datasonde is removed for routine cleaning, maintenance and calibration. The dates where this occurs correspond to Table 1 above.
- In general, water quality parameters were stable during the month of May with expected daily/nightly (diurnal) and seasonal changes occurring.
- Water temperatures fluctuated in response to daily maximum and minimum air temperatures. This is demonstrated by comparing the graph in Figure 1 to the air temperature data in Appendix 1. Temperatures were constant throughout the month of May.



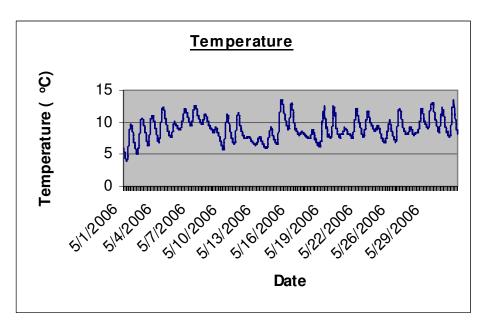
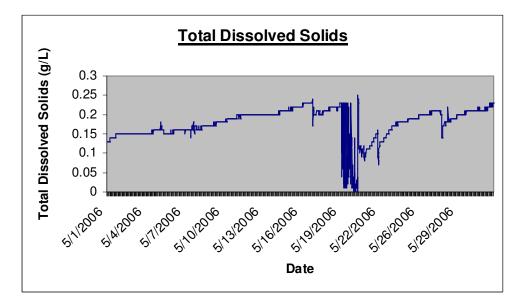
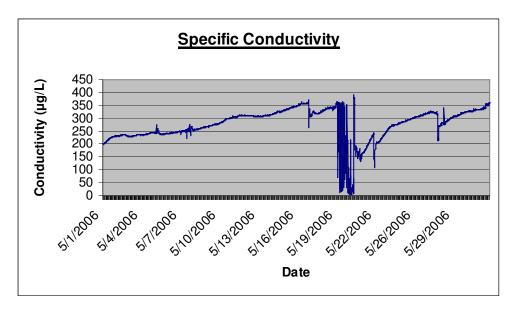


Figure 2



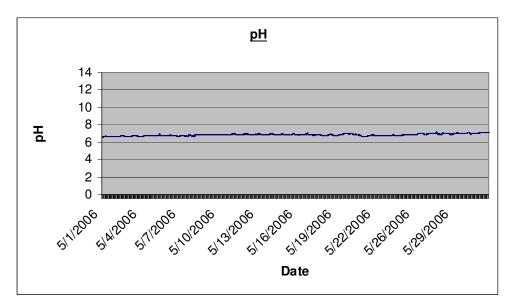
Total dissolved solids levels reflected the changes in conductivity as observed in Figure
Conductivity measurements are a good indication of total dissolved solids and total dissolved ion concentrations, although this is not an exact linear relationship.

Figure 3



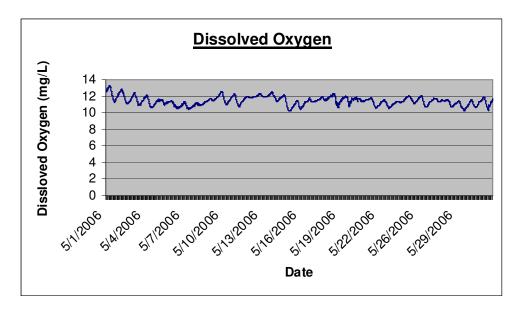
• Conductivity levels fluctuated throughout the month as observed in Figure 3.





• The pH levels had slight fluctuations throughout the month of May. The pH measurements were generally within the CCME recommended Canadian Water Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life of 6.5 to 9 (Figure 4).

Figure 5



 During the month of May, dissolved oxygen measurements started to decrease towards the end of the month with the increase in water temperature.

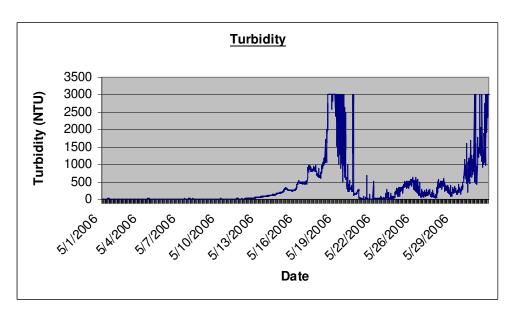
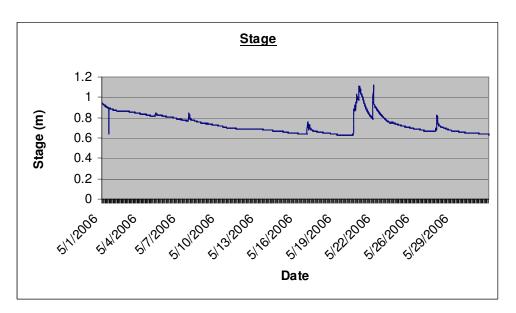


Figure 6

Turbidity levels fluctuated and had several small spikes noted throughout the month. The turbidity spikes (Figure 6) are normally in response to precipitation events. The high turbidity readings can be attributed to precipitation events and warm air temperatures, causing snow melt and subsequent runoff. Several turbidity spikes exceeded the CCME recommended maximum of 8 NTU above background levels.

Figure 7



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	Daily Data Report for May 2006										
D a y	Max Temp °C	Min Temp °C	<u>Mean</u> <u>Temp</u> °C	<u>Heat Deg</u> <u>Days</u> C	<u>Cool Deg</u> <u>Days</u> C	<u>Total</u> <u>Rain</u> mm	<u>Total</u> <u>Snow</u> cm	<u>Total</u> <u>Precip</u> mm	<u>Snow on</u> <u>Grnd</u> cm	<u>Dir of Max</u> <u>Gust</u> 10's Deg	<u>Spd of Max</u> <u>Gust</u> km/h
<u>01</u>	13.5	-1.5	6.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	27E	56E
<u>02</u>	19.1	1.5	10.3	7.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0		<31
<u>03</u>	15.6	1.6	8.6	9.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0		<31
<u>04</u>	20.7	4.8	12.8	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0		<31
<u>05</u>	13.4	4.4	8.9	9.1	0.0	1.4	0.0	1.4	0		<31
<u>06</u>	19.6	10.0	14.8	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0		<31
<u>07</u>	16.1	8.0	12.1	5.9	0.0	2.2	0.0	2.2	0	16E	37E
<u>08</u>	13.0	4.6	8.8	9.2	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.8	0		<31
<u>09</u>	6.6	0.6	3.6	14.4	0.0	Т	0.0	т	0		<31
<u>10</u>	9.2	0.6	4.9	13.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0		<31
<u>11</u>	6.9	-0.3	3.3	14.7	0.0	Т	0.0	т	0		<31
<u>12</u>	4.3	2.4	3.4	14.6	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0	36E	43E
<u>13</u>	4.9	1.8	3.4	14.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0	36E	41E
<u>14</u>	7.8	2.0	4.9	13.1	0.0	Т	0.0	т	0	36E	32E
<u>15</u>	23.5	4.6	14.1	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	26E	41E
<u>16</u>	7.6	1.9	4.8	13.2	0.0	Т	0.0	т	0		<31
<u>17</u>	5.1	2.4	3.8	14.2	0.0	6.2	0.0	6.2	0		<31
<u>18</u>	6.0	3.4	4.7	13.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0		<31
<u>19</u>	10.6	2.3	6.5	11.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0		<31
<u>20</u>	11.8	2.3	7.1	10.9	0.0	Т	0.0	т	0	15E	48E
<u>21</u>	9.2	5.2	7.2	10.8	0.0	29.8	0.0	29.8	0	13E	56E
<u>22</u>	15.5	4.9	10.2	7.8	0.0	11.4	0.0	11.4	0	21E	69E
<u>23</u>	12.8	4.9	8.9	9.1	0.0	т	0.0	т	0	25E	78E
<u>24</u>	8.3	2.0	5.2	12.8	0.0	1.6	0.0	1.6	0	34E	35E
<u>25</u>	8.6	2.0	5.3	12.7	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.8	0		<31
<u>26</u>	14.3	2.4	8.4	9.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	23E	35E
<u>27</u>	10.7	3.3	7.0	11.0	0.0	4.4	0.0	4.4	0	17E	83E
<u>28</u>	14.6	5.0	9.8	8.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0	25E	41E
<u>29</u>	15.8	2.0	8.9	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	26E	52E
<u>30</u>	9.6	1.5	5.6	12.4	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.6	0	32E	37E
<u>31</u>	13.5	0.5	7.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	31E	43E
Sum				327.7	0.0	61.2	0.0	61.2			

Appendix 1:	Weather information for St. John's, NL provided by Environment Canada for
	May 2006