

Real-Time Water Quality Deployment Report

Minipi River below Minipi Lake

May 29 to June 25, 2014



Government of Newfoundland & Labrador Department of Environment and Conservation Water Resources Management Division

Contents

General	4
Quality Assurance and Quality Control	4
Data Interpretation	6
Minipi River below Minipi Lake	6
Conclusions	13
Appendix 1	14

General

- Department of Environment and Conservation staff monitors the real-time web pages regularly.
- This deployment report discusses water quality related events occurring at the station on Minipi River below Minipi Lake.
- On May 29, 2014, a real-time water quality monitoring instrument was deployed at the station on the Minipi River below Minipi Lake. The instrument was deployed for a period of 26 days. The instrument was removed on June 25. This was the initial deployment of the season.

Quality Assurance and Quality Control

- As part of the Quality Assurance and Quality Control protocol (QA/QC), an assessment of the reliability
 of data recorded by an instrument is made at the beginning and end of the deployment period. The
 procedure is based on the approach used by the United States Geological Survey.
 - At deployment and removal, a QA/QC Sonde is temporarily deployed along side the Field Sonde. Values for temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen and turbidity are compared between the two instruments. Based on the degree of difference between parameters recorded by the Field Sonde and QA/QC Sonde at deployment and at removal, a qualitative statement is made on the data quality (Table 1).

	Rank					
Parameter	Excellent Good		Fair	Marginal	Poor	
Temperature (°C)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	<+/-1	
pH (unit)	<=+/-0.2	>+/-0.2 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1	
Sp. Conductance (µS/cm)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20	
Sp. Conductance > 35 μS/cm (%)	<=+/-3	>+/-3 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20	
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) (% Sat)	<=+/-0.3	>+/-0.3 to 0.5	>+/-0.5 to 0.8	>+/-0.8 to 1	>+/-1	
Turbidity <40 NTU (NTU)	<=+/-2	>+/-2 to 5	>+/-5 to 8	>+/-8 to 10	>+/-10	
Turbidity > 40 NTU (%)	<=+/-5	>+/-5 to 10	>+/-10 to 15	>+/-15 to 20	>+/-20	

Table 1: Ranking classifications for deployment and removal

It should be noted that the temperature sensor on any sonde is the most important. All other parameters can be broken down into three groups: temperature dependant, temperature compensated and temperature independent. Because the temperature sensor is not isolated from the rest of the sonde the entire sonde must be at the same temperature before the sensor will stabilize. The values may take some time to climb to the appropriate reading; if a reading is taken too soon it may not accurately portray the water body.

 Deployment and removal comparison rankings for the station on Minipi River deployed between May 29 and June 25, 2014 is summarized in Table 2.

Station	Date	Action	Comparison Ranking				
	Date	Action	Temperature	рН	Conductivity	Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity
Minipi River	May 29, 2014	Deployment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
winipi kiver	June 25, 2014	Removal	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent

Table 2: Comparison rankings for Minipi River station May 29 – June 25, 2014.

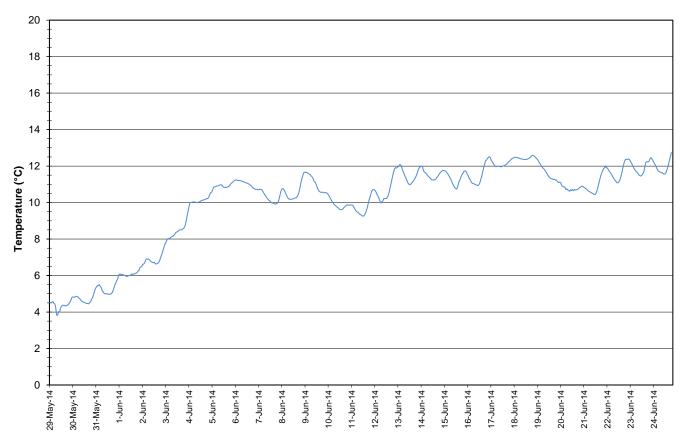
- At the Minipi River station, QA/QC rankings are not available for deployment due to the failure of the QA/QC sonde.
- All parameters ranked either, 'good' or 'excellent' at removal.

Data Interpretation

- The following graphs and discussion illustrate water quality-related events from May 29 to June 25 at the station on Minipi River below Minipi Lake.
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion below adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. Water Survey of Canada is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

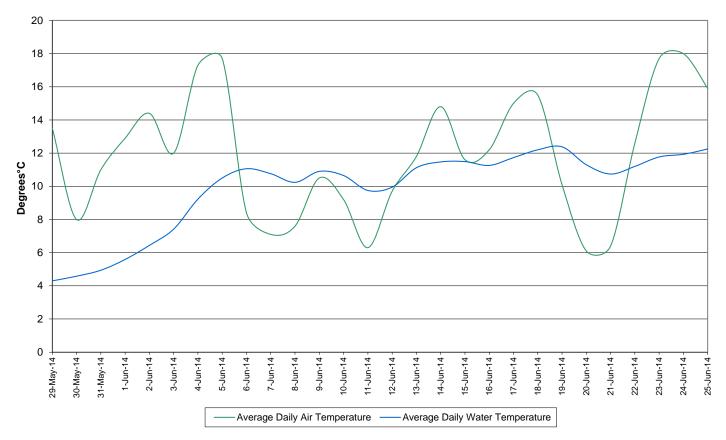
Minipi River below Minipi Lake

- Water temperature ranged from 3.83 to 12.74°C during this deployment period (Figure 1).
- Water temperature increased throughout the deployment period. This was expected, due to the rising ambient air temperature during this time. (Figure 2).



Water Temperature : Minipi River below Minipi Lake May 29 to June 25, 2014

Figure 1: Water temperature at Minipi River below Minipi Lake



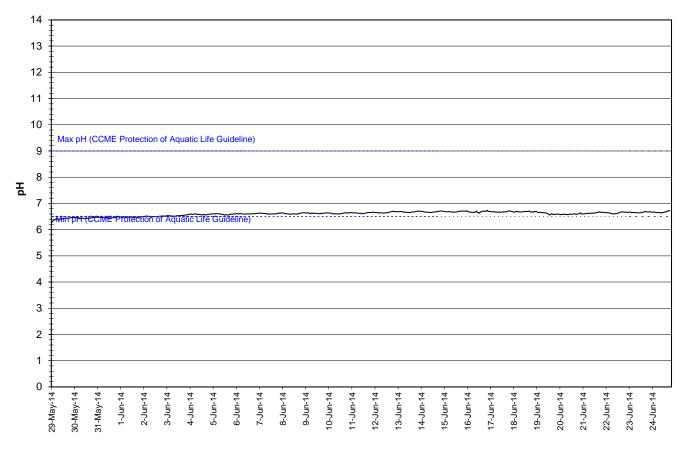
Average Daily Air and Water Temperature: Minipi River below Minipi Lake May 29 to June 25, 2014

Figure 2: Average daily air and water temperatures at Minipi River below Minipi Lake

(weather data collected at Goose Bay)

Minipi River below Minipi Lake, Newfoundland and Labrador

- pH ranges between 6.27 and 6.74 pH units throughout the deployment period, with a median value of 6.62 units (Figure 3).
- Most values during the deployment are within the CCME Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life (between 6.5 and 9 pH units). pH fluctuates slightly during the day and night.

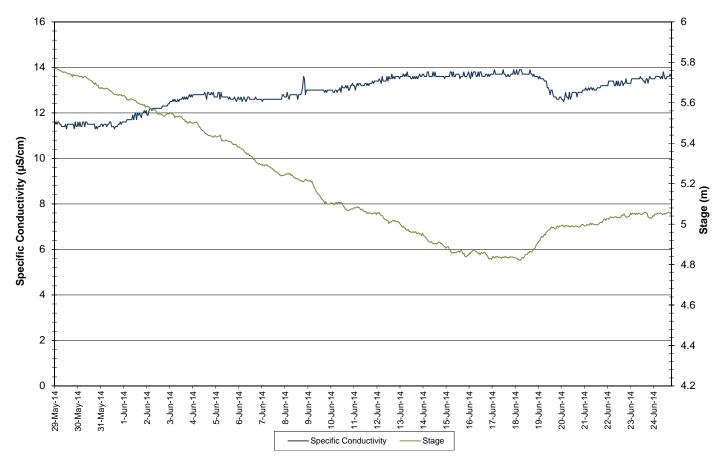


Water pH : Minipi River below Minipi Lake May 29 to June 25, 2014

Figure 3: pH at Minipi River below Minipi Lake

Minipi River below Minipi Lake, Newfoundland and Labrador

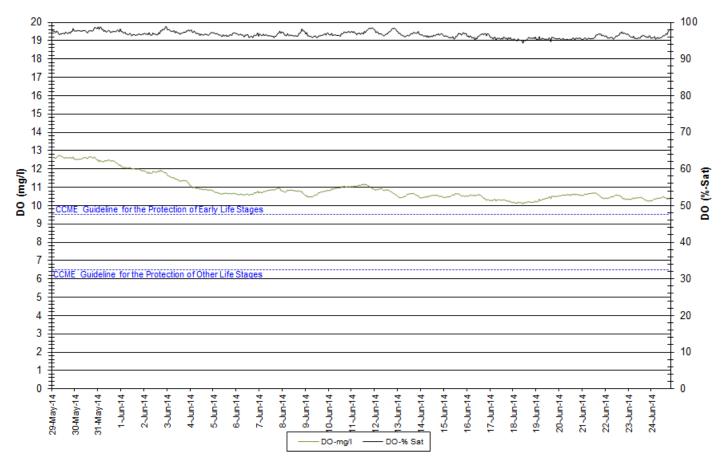
- Specific conductivity ranges from 11.3 to 13.9 μs/cm (Figure 4).
- Specific conductivity increased during the deployment period, while stage decreased.



Specific Conductivity of Water and Stage Level : Minipi River below Minipi Lake May 29 to June 25, 2014

Figure 4: Specific conductivity and stage level at Minipi River below Minipi Lake

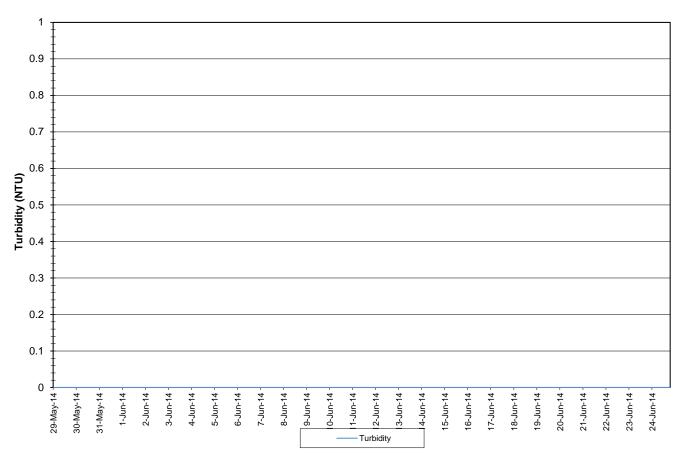
- The saturation of dissolved oxygen ranged from 94.3 to 98.8% and a range of 10.08 to 12.74 mg/l was found in the concentration of dissolved oxygen with a median value of 10.66 mg/l (Figure 5).
- All values were above the minimum CCME Guideline for the Protection of Other Life Stage Cold Water Biota of 6.5 mg/l and the minimum CCME Guideline for the Protection of Early Life Stage Cold Water Biota value of 9.5 mg/l. The guidelines are indicated in blue on Figure 5.
- Dissolved Oxygen content is generally stable with a slight decrease during the beginning of the deployment period, this is due to the rising water temperature. Dissolved oxygen content fluctuates diurnally, displaying the inverse relationship to water temperature.



Dissolved Oxygen Concentration and Saturation : Minipi River below Minipi Lake May 29 to June 25, 2014

Figure 5: Dissolved oxygen and percent saturation at Minipi River below Minipi Lake

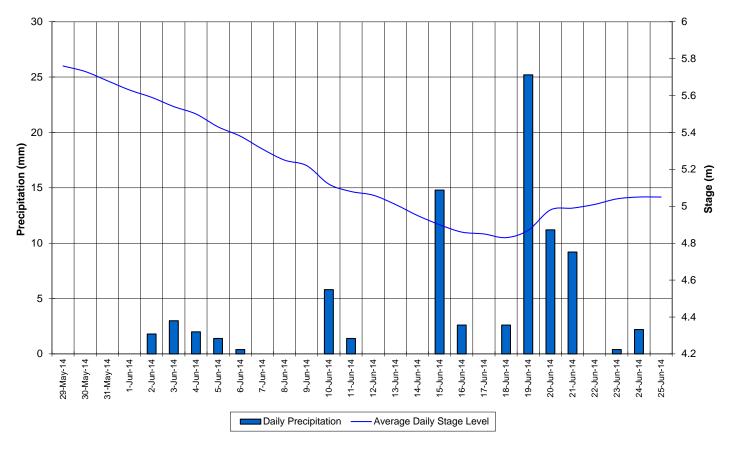
Turbidity values were ONTU for the entire deployment period (Figure 6).



Water Turbidity : Minipi River below Minipi Lake May 29 to June 25, 2014

Figure 6: Turbidity and stage level at Minipi River below Minipi Lake

- Stage and precipitation are graphed below to show the relationship between rainfall and water level (Figure 7). Stage varies throughout the deployment period with varying precipitation records.
- It is important to note the distance between where the precipitation data was collected (~100km to Goose Bay) and the area that drains the Minipi River at this point (~2300km²). There is no significant correlation between precipitation and stage during this time at this station.



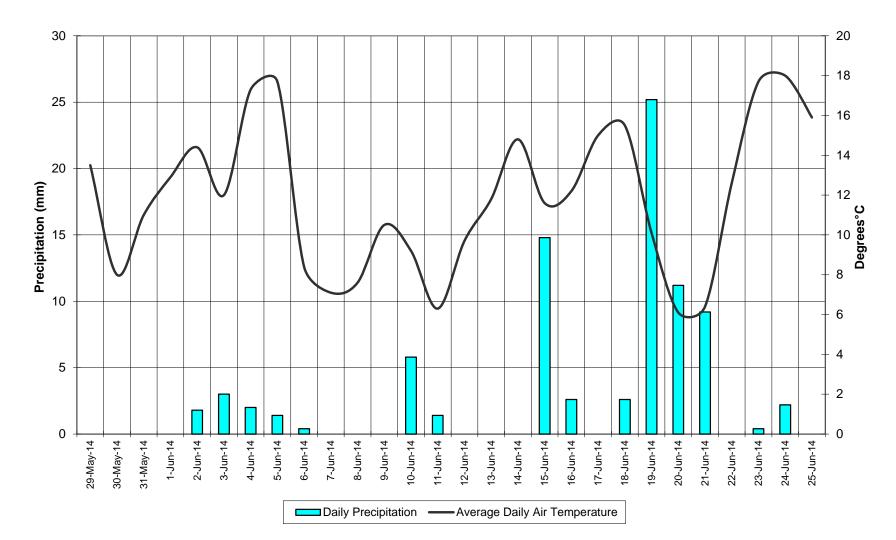
Daily Precipitation and Average Daily Stage Level: Minipi River below Minipi Lake May 29 to June 25, 2014

Figure 7: Stage and precipitation at Minipi River below Minipi Lake

Conclusions

- An instrument at the water quality monitoring station on the Minipi River below Minipi Lake was deployed on May 29 and removed on June 25.
- In most cases, weather related events or increase/decreases in water level could be used to explain the fluctuations. Most values recorded were within ranges as suggested by the CCME Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life for pH and dissolved oxygen.
- Temperature increased, while dissolved oxygen decreased slightly. Specific conductivity increased slightly, and pH was stable. Turbidity was 0 NTU for the entire deployment period.

Appendix 1



Average Daily Air Temperature and Precipitation: Happy Valley-Goose Bay May 29 to June 25, 2014