



Deployment Period 2017-08-09 to 2017-09-06



Government of Newfoundland & Labrador Department of Municipal Affairs & Environment Water Resources Management Division St. John's, NL, A1B 4J6 Canada

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General

- The Water Resources Management Division, in partnership with Tata Steel Minerals Canada Limited and Environment and Climate Change Canada, maintains three real-time water quality and water quantity stations in close proximity to the Elross Lake Iron Ore Mine in western Labrador, near Schefferville, QC.
- The official name of each station is ELROSS CREEK BELOW PINETTE LAKE INFLOW, GOODREAM CREEK 2KM NORTHWEST OF TIMMINS 6, and JOAN BROOK BELOW OUTLET OF JOAN LAKE, hereafter referred to as the *Elross Creek Station*, the *Goodream Creek Station*, and the *Joan Brook Station*, respectively.
- Station sites were selected to monitor all surface water outflows from the Elross Lake and the DSO4 Project 2B mining sites. The Elross Creek Station is situated downstream of the Timmins 1 pit, and downstream of Pinette Lake. The Goodream Creek Station will serve to monitor potential impacts from groundwater flowing from Timmins 6 pit into the surface water of Goodream Creek. The Joan Brook station is downstream of the five pits (Kivivic 1, 2, 3N, 4 and 5) which are included in the DSO4 Project 2B mining operation.
- The Water Resources Management Division will inform Tata Steel Minerals Canada Limited of any significant water quality events by email notification and by monthly deployment reports.
- This monthly deployment report, presents water quality and water quantity data recorded at the Elross Creek, Goodream Creek and Joan Brook stations from August 9th, 2017 to September 6th, 2017, which was the third deployment period for the 2017 field season.

Quality Assurance / Quality Control

- Water quality instrument performance is tested at the beginning and end of its deployment period. The process is outlined in Appendix A.
- Instruments are assigned a performance rating (i.e., poor, marginal, fair, good or excellent) for each water quality parameter measured.
- Table 1 shows the performance ratings of five water quality parameters (i.e., temperature, pH, specific conductivity, dissolved oxygen and turbidity) measured by instruments deployed at the water monitoring stations.
- With the exception of water quantity data (stage height), all data used in the preparation of the graphs and subsequent discussion below adhere to this stringent QA/QC protocol. The stage data is raw data that is transmitted via satellite and published on our web page. It has not been corrected for backwater effect. Water Survey of Canada is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.



	Elross Creek		Goodrea	m Creek	Joan Brook	
Stage of	Beginning	End	Beginning	End	Beginning	End
deployment						
Date	2017-8-9	2017-9-5	2017-8-9	2017-9-6	2017-8-9	2017-9-6
Temperature	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Good	Excellent	Excellent
pН	Excellent	Fair	Good	Good	Fair	Good
Specific	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Good	Excellent	Excellent
Conductivity						
Dissolved	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Oxygen						
Turbidity	Excellent	Marginal	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent

Table 1: Water quality instrument performance at the beginning and end of deployment

- The performance of the pH sensor at Elross Creek was marginal at the end of the deployment period, which was most likely due to calibration drift over the deployment period.
- The performance of all remaining sensors at all three stations were within acceptable limits during this deployment period (Table 1).

Deployment Notes

• Water quality monitoring for this deployment period started on August 9th, 2017 at all three stations. Continuous real-time monitoring continued and at at Elross Creek until September 5th, 2017, and at Goodream Creek and Joan Brook until September 6th. All three stations ran for the full deployment period with no operational issues.

Data Interpretation

- Data records were interpreted for each station during the deployment period for the following six parameters:
 - (i.) Stage (m)
 - (ii.) Temperature (°C)
 - (iii.) pH
- (iv.) Specific conductivity (μ S/cm)
- (v.) Dissolved oxygen (mg/l)
- (vi.) Turbidity (NTU)



Stage

- The stage data is raw data that is transmitted via satellite and published on our web page. It has not been corrected for backwater effect. Water Survey of Canada is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.
- During the deployment period covered by this report, stage height values ranged from 1.10 m to 1.23 m at Elross Creek, from 1.80 m to 2.08 m at Goodream Creek, which corresponded to a flow of 0.00 m³/sec to 0.33 m³/sec , and from 1.55 m to 1.66 m at Joan Brook (Figures 1, 2 and 3). Stage height is directly related to the volume of flow in a stream, as defined by a rating curve which is unique for every site.
- At all three stations the most significant increase in Stage Height is around August 23rd (see inside red ovals) which corresponds with significant rainfall for the same period.

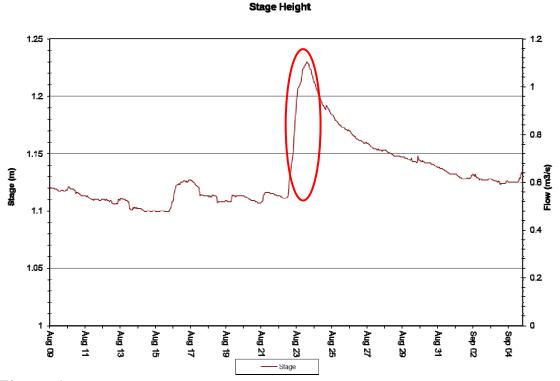


Figure 1: Stage Height (m) at Elross Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 5, 2017



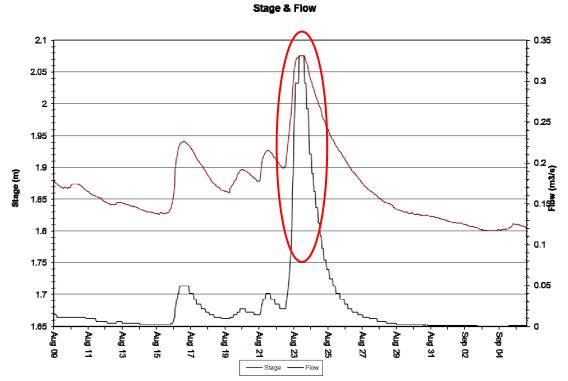


Figure 2: Stage Height (m) and Flow (m3/s) at Goodream Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017

Stage Height

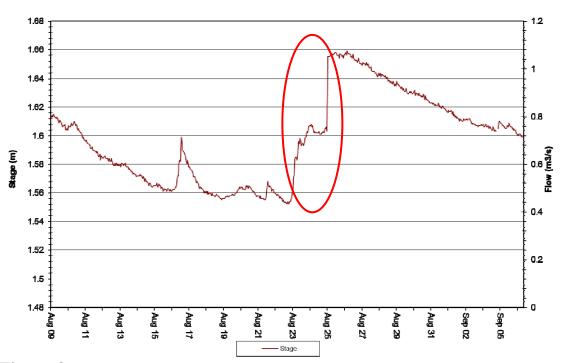
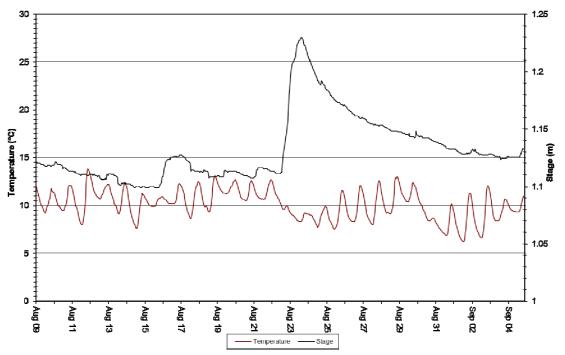


Figure 3: Stage Height (m) at Joan Brook - August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017



Temperature

- The stage data is raw data that is transmitted via satellite and published on our web page. It has not been corrected for backwater effect. Water Survey of Canada is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.
- During the deployment period covered by this report, water temperature ranged from 6.2°C to 13.80°C at Elross Creek, from 3.30°C to 16.10°C at Goodream Creek, and from 4.80 °C to 12.80 °C at Joan Brook (Figures 4, 5 & 6).
- All three stations display noticeable diurnal variations, typical of shallow water streams and ponds that are highly influenced by diurnal variations in ambient air temperatures.



Water Temperature and Stage Level

Figure 4: Temperature (°C) - Elross Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 5, 2017



Water Temperature and Stage Level

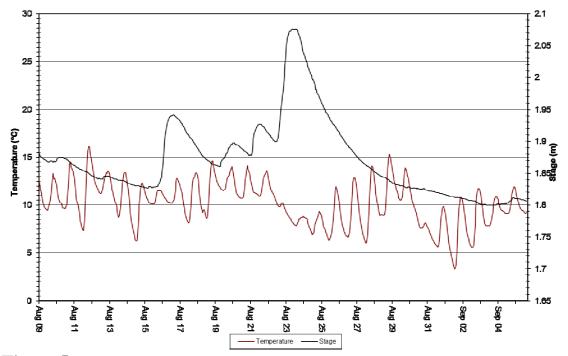


Figure 5: Temperature (°C) - Goodream Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017

Water Temperature and Stage Level

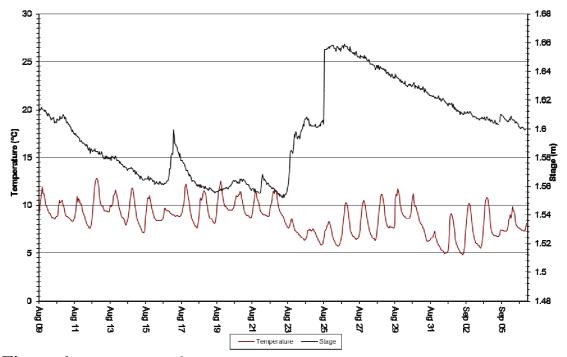
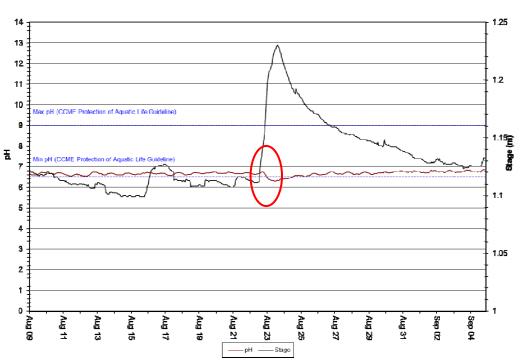


Figure 6: Temperature (°C) – Joan Brook – August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017



- The stage data is raw data that is transmitted via satellite and published on our web page. It has not been corrected for backwater effect. Water Survey of Canada is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.
- During the deployment period covered by this report, pH values ranged from 6.29 units to 6.85 units at Elross Creek, from 5.27 units to 6.30 units at Goodream Creek, and from 6.57 units to 6.87 units at Joan Brook (Figures 7, 8 & 9).
- pH tends to show a diurnal trend which is related to the diurnal temperature trend. This diurnal trend is visible at all three stations.
- pH appears to be relatively stable at all three stations during this deployment period however during a peak in stage height around August 23rd, which was caused by heavy rain, pH took a dip which was noticeable at Elross and Goodream Creeks (see inside red ovals).
- With a median value of 6.67 units, pH values at Elross Creek are very close to the minimum guideline set for the protection of aquatic life (i.e., 6.5 units), as defined by the Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment (CCME) (2007). At Goodream Creek the median pH value is 6.13 units with all pH values below this minimum guideline range. At Joan Brook the median pH value is 6.76 units with all values just above the minimum guideline range. It should be noted that acidic waters are quite common in Canada, particularly in boreal and northern ecoregions, and pH is often naturally below the 6.5 unit guideline.



Water pH and Stage Level

Figure 7: pH at Elross Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 5, 2017





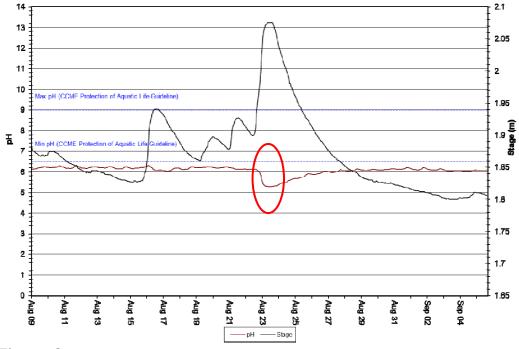
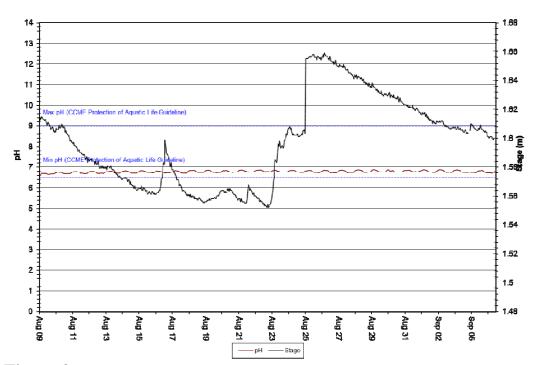


Figure 8: pH at Goodream Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017



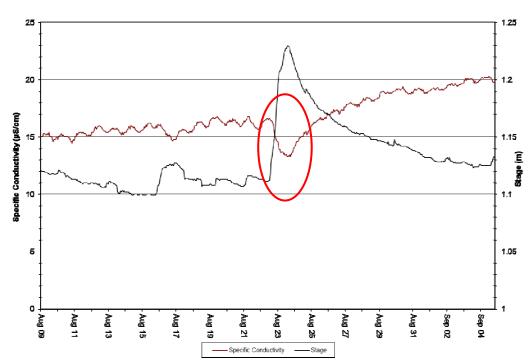
Water pH and Stage Level

Figure 9: pH at Joan Brook - August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017



Specific Conductivity

- The stage data is raw data that is transmitted via satellite and published on our web page. It has not been corrected for backwater effect. Water Survey of Canada is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.
- During the deployment period covered by this report, specific conductivity ranged from 13.3 μs/cm to 20.3 μs/cm at Elross Creek, from 3.5 μs/cm to 9.7 μs/cm at Goodream Creek, and from 7.2 μs/cm to 8.6 μs/cm at Joan Brook (Figures 10, 11 & 12).
- During a peak in stage height around August 23rd, which was caused by heavy rain, specific conductivity took a dip which was noticeable at Elross and Goodream Creeks (see inside red ovals).
- Specific conductivity normally shows clear diurnal trends which are related to the diurnal temperature trend. At both Elross and Goodream Creeks specific conductivity seems to increase over the second half of the deployment as stage decreases.



Specific Conductivity of Water and Stage Level

Figure 10: Specific Conductivity at Elross Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 5, 2017



Specific Conductivity of Water and Stage Level

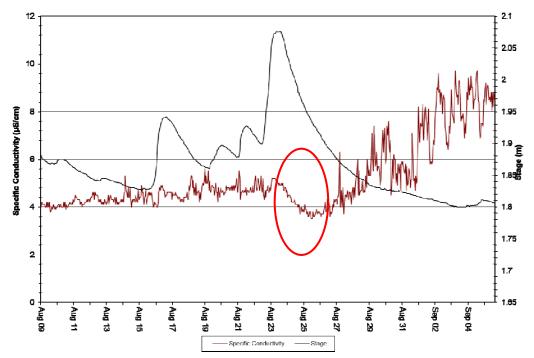


Figure 11: Specific Conductivity at Goodream Creek - August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017

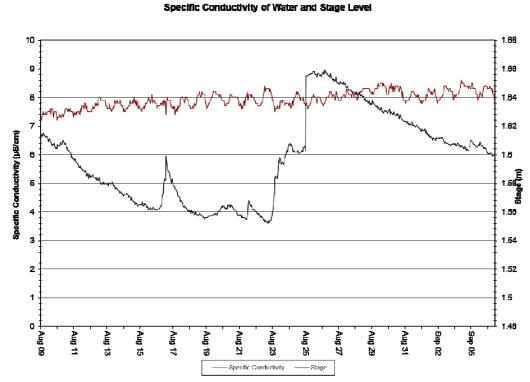
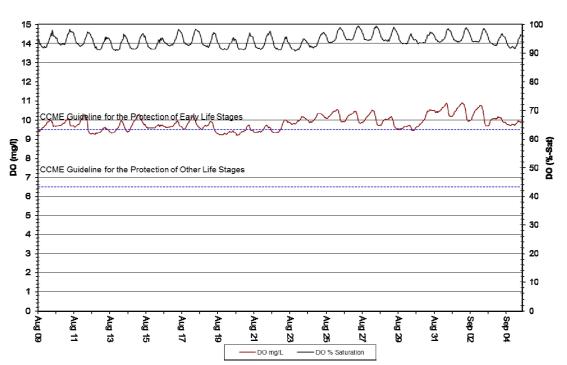


Figure 12: Specific Conductivity at Joan Brook – August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017



Dissolved Oxygen

- During the deployment period covered by this report, dissolved oxygen (DO) values ranged from 9.20 mg/l (90.7% saturation) to 10.88 mg/l (99.5% saturation) at Elross Creek, from 8.69 mg/l (85.1% saturation) to 11.12 mg/l (107.4% saturation) at Goodream Creek, and from 9.89 mg/l (95.5% saturation) to 11.77 mg/l (102.8% saturation) at Joan Brook (Figures 13, 14 & 15).
- At all three stations there are obvious diurnal trends in DO which are related to diurnal temperature trends.
- The DO values at all three stations are above the minimum guideline set for other life stages (6.5 mg/l), as determined by the Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment (2007). At Joan Brook the DO values were above the minimum guidelines set for the protection of early life stages(9.5 mg/l) while at Elross and Goodream Creeks the DO values were at or slightly below this guideline.



Dissolved Oxygen Concentration and Saturation

Figure 13: DO (mg/l & % Sat.) at Elross Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 5, 2017



Dissolved Oxygen Concentration and Saturation

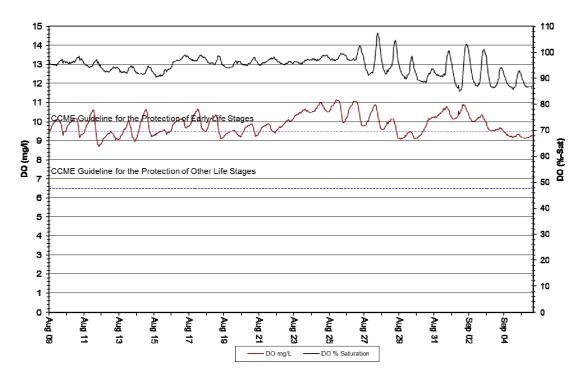
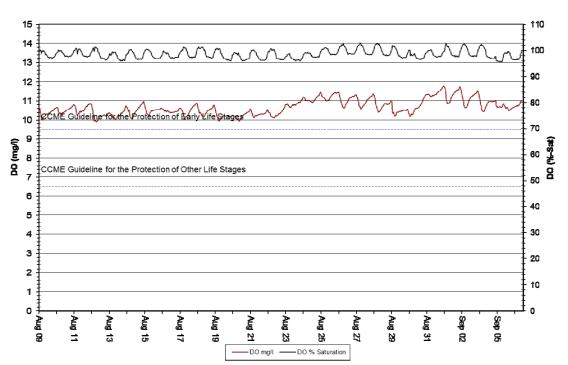


Figure 14: DO (mg/l & % Sat.) at Goodream Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017



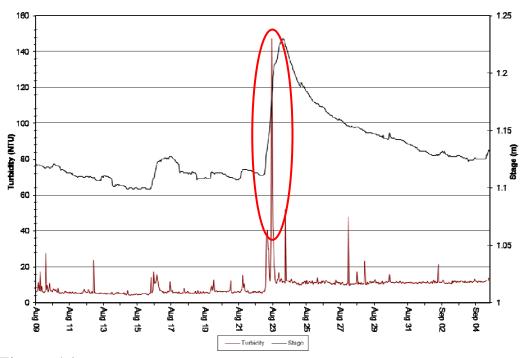
Dissolved Oxygen Concentration and Saturation

Figure 15: DO (mg/l & % Sat.) at Joan Brook – August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017



Turbidity

- The stage data is raw data that is transmitted via satellite and published on our web page. It has not been corrected for backwater effect. Water Survey of Canada is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.
- During the deployment period covered by this report, turbidity values ranged from 4.0 NTU to 147.1 NTU at Elross Creek, from 0.0 NTU to 15.0 NTU at Goodream Creek and from 0.6 NTU to 635.0 NTU Joan Brook (Figures 16, 17 & 18).
- At all three stations there is a significant spike in turbidity around August 23rd, (see inside red ovals) which corresponds with an increases in Stage Height related to a significant precipitation event. At Joan brook there is an additional spike in Turbidity several days earlier (see inside green oval) which is also associated with an increase in stage height.



Water Turbidity and Stage Level

Figure 16: Turbidity (NTU) at Elross Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 5, 2017



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Water Turbidity and Stage Level
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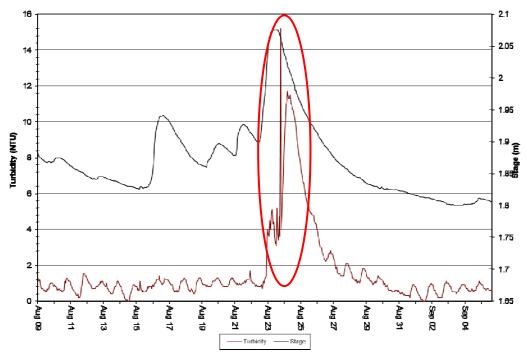
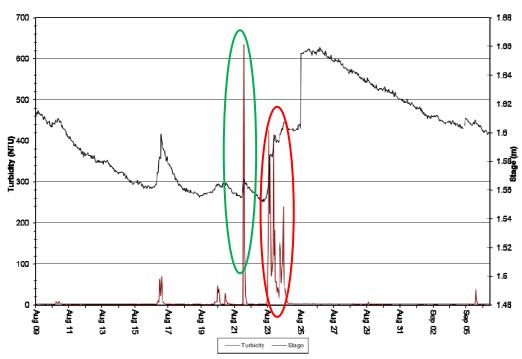


Figure 17: Turbidity (NTU) at Goodream Creek – August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017



Water Turbidity and Stage Level

Figure 18: Turbidity (NTU) at Joan Brook – August 9, 2017 to September 6, 2017



Conclusions

- This monthly deployment report, presents water quality and water quantity data recorded at the Elross Creek, Goodream Creek, and Joan Brook stations from August 9th, 2017 to September 6th, 2017.
- Field instruments for all three stations performed well over the deployment period with only minor operational issues.
- Variations in water quality/quantity values recorded at each station are summarized below:
 - For all three stations the stage height was typical for the late summer season when hydrological conditions are affected by significant rainfall events which cause spikes that are relatively short lived.
 - For all three stations temperatures were typical of the late summer season in this northerly location.
 - During the deployment period covered by this report, pH values ranged from 6.29 units to 6.85 units at Elross Creek, from 5.27 units to 6.30 units at Goodream Creek, and from 6.57 units to 6.87 units at Joan Brook.
 - During the deployment period covered by this report, specific conductivity ranged from 13.3 µs/cm to 20.3 µs/cm at Elross Creek, from 3.5 µs/cm to 9.7 µs/cm at Goodream Creek, and from 7.2 µs/cm to 8.6 µs/cm at Joan Brook.
 - During the deployment period covered by this report, dissolved oxygen (DO) values ranged from 9.20 mg/l (90.7% saturation) to 10.88 mg/l (99.5% saturation) at Elross Creek, from 8.69 mg/l (85.1% saturation) to 11.12 mg/l (107.4% saturation) at Goodream Creek, and from 9.89 mg/l (95.5% saturation) to 11.77 mg/l (102.8% saturation) at Joan Brook.
 - During the deployment period covered by this report, turbidity values ranged from 4.0 NTU to 147.1 NTU at Elross Creek, from 0.0 NTU to 15.0 NTU at Goodream Creek and from 0.6 NTU to 635.0 NTU at Joan Brook.



References

Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment. 2007. Canadian water quality guidelines for the protection of aquatic life: Summary table. Updated December, 2007. In: Canadian environmental quality guidelines, 1999, Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, Winnipeg. (Website: <u>http://ceqg-rcqe.ccme.ca/download/en/222/</u>)



APPENDIX A Quality Assurance / Quality Control Procedures

- As part of the Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QA/QC) protocol, the performance of a station's water quality instrument (i.e., Field Sonde) is rated at the beginning and end of its deployment period. The procedure is based on the approach used by the United States Geological Survey (Wagner *et al.* 2006)¹.
- At the beginning of the deployment period, a fully cleaned and calibrated QA/QC water quality instrument (i.e., QA/QC Sonde) is placed *in-situ* with the fully cleaned and calibrated Field Sonde. After Sonde readings have stabilized, which may take up to five minutes in some cases, water quality parameters, as measured by both Sondes, are recorded to a field sheet. Field Sonde performance for all parameters is rated based on differences recorded by the Field Sonde and QA/QC Sonde. If the readings from both Sondes are in close agreement, the QA/QC Sonde can be removed from the water. If the readings are not in close agreement, there will be attempts to reconcile the problem on site (e.g., removing air bubbles from sensors, etc.). If no fix is made, the Field Sonde may be removed for recalibration.
- At the end of the deployment period, a fully cleaned and calibrated QA/QC Sonde is once again deployed *in-situ* with the Field Sonde, which has already been deployment for 30-40 days. After Sonde readings have stabilized, water quality parameters, as measured by both Sondes, are recorded to a field sheet. Field Sonde performance for all parameters is rated based on differences recorded by the Field Sonde and QA/QC Sonde.

	Rating						
Parameter	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Poor		
Temperature (°C)	$\leq \pm 0.2$	$> \pm 0.2$ to 0.5	$> \pm 0.5$ to 0.8	$> \pm 0.8$ to 1	$>\pm1$		
pH (unit)	$\leq \pm 0.2$	$> \pm 0.2$ to 0.5	$> \pm 0.5$ to 0.8	$> \pm 0.8$ to 1	$>\pm1$		
Sp. Conductance (µS/cm)	$\leq \pm 3$	> ±3 to 10	$> \pm 10$ to 15	>±15 to 20	$>\pm20$		
Sp. Conductance > 35 μ S/cm (%)	$\leq \pm 3$	> ±3 to 10	$> \pm 10$ to 15	>±15 to 20	$>\pm20$		
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) (% Sat)	$\leq \pm 0.3$	$> \pm 0.3$ to 0.5	$> \pm 0.5$ to 0.8	$> \pm 0.8$ to 1	$>\pm1$		
Turbidity <40 NTU (NTU)	$\leq \pm 2$	> ± 2 to 5	$>\pm 5$ to 8	>±8 to 10	$>\pm10$		
Turbidity > 40 NTU (%)	$\leq \pm 5$	>±5 to 10	>±10 to 15	$> \pm 15$ to 20	$>\pm 20$		

Performance ratings are based on differences listed in the table below.

¹ Wagner, R.J., Boulger, R.W., Jr., Oblinger, C.J., and Smith, B.A., 2006, Guidelines and standard procedures for continuous waterquality monitors—Station operation, record computation, and data reporting: U.S. Geological Survey Techniques and Methods 1– D3, 51 p. + 8 attachments; accessed April 10, 2006, at *http://pubs.water.usgs.gov/tm1d3*



APENDIX B

Environment Canada Weather Data – Schefferville (August 8, 2017 to September 6, 2017						
Date/Time	Max Temp (°C)	Min Temp (°C)	Mean Temp (°C)	Heat Deg Days (°C)	Cool Deg Days (°C)	Total Precip (mm)
8/8/2017	14.6	4.7	9.7	8.3	0	0.2
8/9/2017	16.8	5	10.9	7.1	0	1.8
8/10/2017	13.1	8.4	10.8	7.2	0	4.2
8/11/2017	15.4	8	11.7	6.3	0	0
8/12/2017	20	4.6	12.3	5.7	0	0
8/13/2017	15.1	8.2	11.7	6.3	0	7.2
8/14/2017	14.4	5.2	9.8	8.2	0	0
8/15/2017	14.3	3.1	8.7	9.3	0	0.9
8/16/2017	12.1	9.8	11	7	0	11.1
8/17/2017	17.4	7.2	12.3	5.7	0	0.5
8/18/2017	18.8	4.8	11.8	6.2	0	1
8/19/2017	19.6	9.4	14.5	3.5	0	2.4
8/20/2017	17.5	9.3	13.4	4.6	0	3.7
8/21/2017	14.9	10.1	12.5	5.5	0	6
8/22/2017	15.9	9.1	12.5	5.5	0	0.5
8/23/2017	9.1	4.3	6.7	11.3	0	25.3
8/24/2017	7.9	4	6	12	0	12
8/25/2017	12.2	1.4	6.8	11.2	0	0
8/26/2017	15.2	1.5	8.4	9.6	0	0.3
8/27/2017	17.8	6.3	12.1	5.9	0	0
8/28/2017	20.1	5	12.6	5.4	0	0
8/29/2017	21.6	11.1	16.4	1.6	0	0
8/30/2017	20.6	6	13.3	4.7	0	2.1
8/31/2017	6	2.2	4.1	13.9	0	0.4
9/1/2017	10.9	1.7	6.3	11.7	0	0.2
9/2/2017	16.7	0.6	8.7	9.3	0	1.3
9/3/2017	19.9	3.5	11.7	6.3	0	0.8
9/4/2017	14.1	8.4	11.3	6.7	0	1.3
9/5/2017	14.8	9.2	12	6	0	2.2
9/6/2017	14.3	7.3	10.8	7.2	0	0.2