



Clean and Safe Drinking Water Workshop

Occupational Health requirements for Chlorination Buildings

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OHS Mandate



- The Division's mandate is to maintain and improve health and safety standards in the workplace through the administration of:
 - The OHS Act and Regulations 2012 (every workplace must have a copy)
 - The Radiation Health and Safety Act and Regulations
 - Other associated Regulations, Codes of Practice and specified standards

OHS Activities



- Investigating workplace accidents and incidents.
- Conducting compliance inspections and detailed strategic inspections of workplaces.
- Hygiene assessments of various physical, chemical, biological and ergonomic agents in the workplace in order to protect worker health.
- Evaluating and inspecting radiation control measures in workplaces.
- Enforcing Occupational Health and Safety Legislation

OHS Sections



- Inspection Section
- Occupational Health Section
- Compliance Section
- Standards & Regulatory review Section

Presentation Objectives



- PPE for chlorination systems
- Alarm settings
- Storage requirements
- Typical infractions in chlorination buildings



PPE for Chlorination Systems



Personal Protective Equipment

- Eye Protection
 - Tight chemical goggles
 - Face shield may be necessary
 - Full-facepiece respirator
 - Contact lenses should not be worn





Personal Protective Equipment

- Skin Protection
 - Chemical Protective Clothing
 - Gloves
 - Aprons
 - Boots
 - Emergency Response Workers
 - Full-body protective suits



When are respirators required?



- Respirators are required when changing a gas cylinder in gas chlorination systems.
- When there is a leak that needs to be repaired.
- If using powdered chlorine a particulate respirator may be required.
- Depending on ventilation and quantity of liquid sodium hypochlorite a respirator may be required.



Respiratory Protection

- Full-facepiece air purifying respirators
- SCBA respirators for emergency response or when the full face respirator does not provide enough protection.
- Escape Respirator
- Particulate/OV respirators where powdered calcium hypochlorite is being used.





Table 4: Choosing the right respirator

Situation	Chlorine concentration	Respirator choice
Routine work in chlorine room	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Escape respirator (If a leak occurs, the concentration will be unknown. Exit room immediately.)
Working on chlorine system	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Half-facepiece respirator with tight chemical goggles, or • Full-facepiece respirator (If a leak occurs, the concentration will be unknown. Exit room immediately.)
Leak occurs, enter to repair	Up to 5 ppm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Half-facepiece respirator with tight chemical goggles, or • Full-facepiece respirator
	Greater than 5 ppm up to 10 ppm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Full-facepiece respirator
	Greater than 10 ppm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SCBA
	Unknown; always assume to be IDLH level	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SCBA



Assigned Protection Factors (APF)

Concentration of Chlorine Gas	PPE Required
Less than 0.5ppm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No specialized PPE required
0.5ppm to 10ppm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Full Face Respirator fitted with Acid Gas Cartridges
Greater than 10ppm*	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SCBA• Full Body Protective Clothing



Alarm settings



Exposure Limits

- TWA – 0.5ppm
- STEL – 1ppm
- Notations – A4
- TLV Basis – URT & eye irritation
- NIOSH REL - 0.5 ppm 15-minute
CEILING
- Current OSHA PEL - 1 ppm CEILING





Alarm Settings

- Often factory set at 1ppm and 3ppm
- ❖ Proper alarm settings (should be set at 0.5 ppm for the first alarm and 1.0 ppm for the high alarm)
- ❖ Systems must be tested and calibrated as per manufacturer's instructions.
- ❖ Workers must know the alarm levels.



Storage Requirements National Fire Code 2015



NFC Indoor Storage

- Indoor Storage of Toxic or Oxidizing Gases (3.2.8.3)
 - Cylinders shall be located in a room that
 - Is separated from the rest of the building
 - Is located on an exterior wall
 - Can be entered from the exterior
 - Is provided with ventilation to the outdoors
 - Cylinders
 - Cylinders shall not be stored in a room containing combustible materials

NFC Indoor Storage



- Compressed Gas (3.1.2.5)
 - Compressed gas cylinders shall be protected against mechanical damage
 - Stored cylinders shall be protected against valve damage and secured in a position that will not interfere with the operation of the cylinder valve assembly

NFC Indoor Storage



- Access Aisles(3.2.2.2)
 - ❖ Adequate access for firefighting purposes shall be provided and maintained to all portions of the storage area
- Fire Suppression Systems (3.2.7.9)
 - ❖ Buildings shall be equipped throughout with a sprinkler system or other fire suppression system

NFC Indoor Storage



- Ambient Conditions (3.2.7.3)
 - Rooms shall be cool and dry
 - Shall be provided with a ventilation system to exhaust toxic gases or vapours outdoors
- Spill Control (3.2.7.11)
 - Measures to control spilled liquid or solid shall be provided.



Regulatory Requirements



Documents to be Requested and Reviewed

- Occupational Health and Safety Program
- Respiratory Protection Program
- Material Safety Data Sheets
- Written Emergency Procedures
- Written Preventative Maintenance procedures
- Procedures for checking on a worker working alone
- Written safe work procedures including:
 - Changing Chlorine Cylinders
 - Leak Detection and Control
 - Container Repair and use of the repair kit
 - Disposal of damaged containers
- First aid training records
- Information on the location of confined spaces, if applicable, and entry procedures.



Legislative Requirements

- WHMIS Regulations
 - Section 13(11) - Material Safety Data Sheets
 - Labelling
 - Decanting
- ❖ Emergency Washing Facilities
 - ❖ OHS Regulations - Section 42(11)
- ❖ Personal Protective Equipment
 - OHS Regulations - Part VII
- First Aid Regulations



Legislative Requirements

- ❖ Emergency response Plan
 - OHS Regulations - Section 12(j)

- ❖ Working Alone
 - OHS Regulations - Section 15





Legislative Requirements

- ❖ Safe Work Procedures
 - OHS Regulations - Section 12(1)(c)
- Training/Education
 - OHS Act - Section 5(b)



Legislative Requirements



- Chlorine Gas Storage Practices
 - OHS Regulations
 - Section 59 - Storage
 - Section 32 – Signage
- Chlorine gas storage practices and area must be appropriate for location, type and quantity



Legislative Requirements

- Engineering Controls
 - OHS Regulations
 - Section 45 – Ventilation
 - Section 42 (1) – Gas detection / alarm system
- Noise
 - ❖ OHS Regulations
 - ❖ Section 68





Thank you!