Appendix A

Learning Outcomes

The following specific skill objectives are provided as a guideline for developing learning outcomes for individual students within the ensemble. These skill objectives are not intended to be restrictive or exhaustive. Rather, they are intended to provide direction and sequence in delivering a flexible and relative program.

The objectives are divided into three levels: **Beginning**, **Intermediate**, and **Advanced**. However, these do not necessarily correspond with the levels of *Ensemble Performance* (1105, 2105, 3105). Students enter *Ensemble Performance* 1105 at their own level and progress through these minimal learning outcomes.

Vocal Production	Literacy Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
Tone production Breath support Open throat Vocal range Posture Vowels Diction Intonation Vocal colour A cappella singing Aural concept of a good sound Vocal technique • scales • arpeggiated passages Part-singing • homophonic texture • polyphonic texture Care of the voice	Understand and interpret the function of the following: Staff notation • leger lines • key signature • measure • double bar • fermata • repeat sign • 1st and 2nd ending • coda • D.C. al fine • D.S. al fine • accidentals Notes/Rests Rhythm Patterns A	Recognize and understand • phrasing • cadence • AB • ABA • texture: homophonic polyphonic • contrast and repetition	Identify and perform phrases, achieving musical sensitivity through stylistic practices such as intensity flexibility of tempo dynamic contrasts Develop an awareness of balance, blend and texture within an ensemble Perform repertoire to reflect different styles, cultures, and historical backgrounds, including 20th century performance practices and techniques Develop an awareness of stylistic practices found in choral repertoire, e.g., picardy 3rd (Renaissance) Develop musical independence Sing from memory Realize the importance of music to society

Vocal Production	Literacy Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
	Scales • major and minor, up to 2# and 2b		
	Chords • tonic and dominant		
	Intervals major/minor 2nds major/minor 3rds perfect 5th		
in en Amerika (Legat year) (j. 1704) 1805 - Amerika (Legat year)	 whole and half steps 	te e	
	Sight-reading • Sing parts with solfege	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Dynamics • pp, p, mp, mf, f ff • crescendo • decrescendo	e e e	
	Articulation legato staccato detached slur		
	 marcato Terminology as encountered in the literature studied 		
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Vocal Production	Literacy Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
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	Articulation	·	
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	• staccato	•	
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	literature studied	4.97	
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CHORAL - Advanced Level

Vocal Production	Literacy Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
Refine the following: Evenness of sound throughout the vocal register Awareness of intonation problems specific to choral singing and possible solutions	Meters and Conducting Patterns • Add: 2 3 4 7 7 2 2 2 4 8 Refine: • hemiola • changing meters • more compound meters	Continuation and addition of forms as found in choral literature Recognize and understand phrasing cadence AB ABA	Identify and perform phrases, achieving musical sensitivity through stylistic practices such as intensity flexibility of tempo dynamic contrasts Develop an awareness of balance, blend and
Tone production Breath support Open throat	Scales • major and minor, up	texture: homophonic polyphonic contrast and	texture within an ensemble
Vocal range Posture Vowels Diction	to 4# and 4b (harmonic and melodic)	repetition	Perform repertoire to reflect different styles, cultures, and historical backgrounds, including 20th century
Intonation Vocal colour	other scales which may be encountered in the literature		performance practices and techniques
A cappella singing Aural concept of a good sound	(modal, whole, pentatonic, chromatic)		Develop an awareness of stylistic practices found in choral
Vocal technique • scales	Chords • tonic, sub-dominant, dominant, dominant		repertoire, e.g., picardy 3rd (Renaissance)
arpeggiated passages Part-singing	seventh (major and minor)		Develop musical independence
homophonic texturepolyphonic texture			Sing from memory Realize the importance
Care of the voice			of music to society
			-

Vocal Production	Literacy Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
	Intervals major/minor 2nds major/minor 3rds perfect 5th		
	whole and half steps	v *	
garante Makering	Sight-reading sing parts with solfege 		en en en Herioù en
	Dynamics Refine:		
Linguista Baring Something Color Linguistan	 relativity of dynamic range 		
er i de la companya d	Articulation Refine: legato staccato	+ 1	
ing and the second of the seco	detachedslurmarcato		e de la companya de l
	Terminology as encountered in the literature studied		
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Technical Skills			
Basic (all)	Woodwind/Brass	Percussion	String
Recognize and understand the function of the following: Staff Notation • leger lines, key • key signatures • measure • double bar • fermata • repeat sign • 1st and 2nd endings • coda • D.C. al fine • D.S. al fine • accidentals Notes/Rests	Range • up to 1 1/2 octaves Articulation • attack: tu/du accent • release: detached, legato, staccato • slur • legato tonguing Scales and Arpeggios • Eb, Bb, C, F, G	Snare Drum alternating sticking single, double stroke paradiddles flams multiple bounce rolls (5, 9, 17) reading skills dynamics (p, mf, f < >) Mallet Instruments single stroke roll some scales and arpeggios as WW/BRASS Timpani tuning/matching pitches dampening single stroke roll Bass Drum and Auxiliary attack and release dampening	Bowing • détaché • stopped bows • long, smooth legato • martelé • slurring (2 - 4 notes to a bow) • string crossings • simple double stops Pizzicato • right hand (with and without bow in hand) • left hand (using 4th finger) Left Hand • finger dexterity (speed skills, rhythmic variations, etc.) • basic harmonics Scales and Arpeggios • Violin: G, D (2 octaves) C, A (1 octave) • Viola/Cello: G, D (1 octave) C (2 octaves) • Bass: those playable in first and half positions
Dynamics pp, p, mp, mf, f, ff < > fp			

Tone Production/ Fundamentals	Musicianship Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
Assembly,	Patsch rhythms up to	Recognize and	Recognize that the
Maintenance, and	16th note groupings	understand	phrase is a musical
Care of Instrument		• phrasing	sentence
	Sing melodies before	• cadence	
Posture/Hand	playing them (using	even measure in	Identify and perform
Position	solfege)	phrases	phrases, achieving
· ·	<u>.</u>	• AB	musical sensitivity
Intonation	Recognize	• ABA	through stylistic
• development of	• tone		practices such as
listening skill	• semitone	Stylistic features of	 intensity
sufficient to play	• interval relations	music	• flexibility of tempo
with acceptable	(3rds, 4ths, 5ths)	1	 dynamic contrasts
intonation	77-3 11	Historical context of	
 tuning of intervals 	Understand how	the repertoire studied	Develop an awareness
Conducting Gestures	accidentals affect pitch		of balance, blend and
 watch and respond 	(vocally and instrumentally through		texture within an
• patterns as found in	changes of		ensemble
the repertoire	fingering/slide		Perform repertoire to
• tempi	position)		reflect different styles.
• cuing	position)		culture, and historical
 dynamics 	Develop a concept of		backgrounds, includin
 articulation 	tonality		20th century
 interpretation 	,		performance practices
•	Transpose a melody to		and techniques
Positive Musical	another tonal centre	·	and toominguous
Attitude	(up or down one tone)		
 regular attendance 			
 good practise habits 			-
 appropriate rehearsal 	Match an appropriate		
and performance	tuning note		,
deportment			V
 participation in 			
extra-curricular	Recognize solo	,	
musical activities	performances that		·
commitment to task	demonstrate a	1	
and to program	characteristic tone	· ·	
	production		
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Technical Skills

Basic (all)	Woodwind/Brass	Percussion	String
Sight-reading			Intervals
			• Understand
Terms			difference between
• tempo			half and whole step
• andante			wan and whole step
• allegro			Terms (additional)
ritardando			• pizzicato
 accelerando 			• tone
moderato	·	İ	• up bow/down bow
allegro moderato			• legato
syncopation		**	• intonation
accompaniment		100	 harmonics
• phrase			 key signature
•		•	• shifting
			• martelé
Scale			• arco
Structure of major,	•	No. 19	• détaché
ninor and chromatic			• tie
cales			• slur
_		. •	• octave
Fransposition			
concert pitch (in			Staff Notation
relation to			(additional)
transposing			• up bow
instruments)			• down bow
match an appropriate			• lift bow (circle bow
tuning note			,
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Tone Production/ Fundamentals	Musicianship Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
WOODWIND/BRASS Tone Production • embouchure • breath support • aural concept of a good sound	Develop improvisational skills: • play tunes by ear • play tunes from memory • improvize simple tunes based on chords and scales.		Develop creative ability. Develop positive attitude toward self and others. Develop self-confidence.
STRINGS	10		Develop poise and stage presence.
Posture and Hand Position • sitting/standing position • bow hold • left hand placement			Develop musical independence and perform self-directed activities.
right hand placementposture Tone Production		e es de la companya d	
 clear, even tone awareness of pitch variations adjustment of finger position to very pitch bow/arm weight 			
bow pathbow distribution			
		i i	

Technical Skills			
Basic (all)	Woodwind/Brass	Percussion	String
Advanced Rhythm Patterns simple	Range • up to 2 - 2 octaves Articulation • more precise attacks/releases • more musical articulation • legato/staccato/ tenuto • trombone: legato tonguing • matching articulations in sectional/ensemble playing • lip flexibility	Snare Drum • refinement in 5, 9, 11, 13, 17 stroke roll • ruffs, flams, off-beat accents combined with paradiddles Advanced Rhythms simple compound	Bowing • spiccato • slurring many notes in one bow Left Hand • continue to develop dexterity • vibrato • trilling with all fingers Scales/Arpeggios • Violin: • add: Bb, F, E (1 octave); D, G, A, C (2 octaves) • add: a, d, e, g
Aeter 5 6 9 12 4 4 8 8 hemiola changing meters more compound meters ransposition at 8 ^{ve} ynamics pp, p, mp, mf, f, ff, sfzp, fp < sfz > <>> \lambda	Alternate Fingerings Transposition at 8 ^{ve} Scales/Arpeggios Major: Bb, Eb, F, Ab, C, G, D, A Minor: A, C, G (harmonic and melodic) modes	Tympani • refinement of rolls • cross-sticking Mallet Instruments • refinement of rolls • 2-part playing Multiple Percussion	(natural, harmonic, melodic) (2 octaves) Viola: add: G, D cotaves); Bb, F, E, A (1 octave) add appropriate minor scales Cello: add: G, D (2 octaves); F, Bb (1 octave) Bass: appropriate scales up through fifth

- Intermediate Level

Tone Production/ Fundamentals	Musicianship Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
WOODWIND/	Patsch rhythms listed	Recognize and	Same as Beginning
BRASS	in Technical Skills	understand the	Level
		following forms as	
Tone Production	Sing all melodies	related to the literature	
Refinement in	using solfège	studied:	
embouchure for		extended Binary and	
changes in registers	Transposition at 8 ^{ve}	Ternary	
Fine tuning		• suite	
techniques	Tuning of 3 or 4 note	• symphony	
Breath control:	chords	theme and variations	
8 seconds for flutes		• rondo	
and tuba	Recognizing quality of	• sonata	
• 15 seconds for all others	chords	• overture	
Tone quality:	STRINGS (additional)	Ca Natio Cont. 110 C	
awareness of good	Daviden skilitu ta tuna	Stylistic features of	
tone Evenness of sound	Develop ability to tune own instrument	music	
throughout the	own institution	·	
instrument	Improvisation of	Historical context of	
mon umon	melodies using	repertoire studied	
Intonation	primary triads	Toponono stadioa	
Refine the ability to	p	Structure and	
correct intonation.		background of	
Develop an		• instruments	
awareness of		• band	
intonation problems		symphony	
specific to a given	·	• ensembles	
instrument and		• jazz	
possible solutions.		• composers	
Tune 3 or 4 note			
chords.		STRINGS (additional)	
PERCUSSION		Structure and	
Develop execution of		background of:	
stroke for the best	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 symphony orchestra 	
tone.		 chamber music 	
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Technical Skills

Basic (all)	Woodwind/Brass	Percussion	String
Recognize and understand the function of the following: • grave			All scales are to be done with variations or hythms, articulations, and bowings.
adagioandantinodolce			
similemenosostenuto			
molto subitoalla marciadiminuendo			
rallentandoallargando			
grandiosocantabilelargo			
prestoagitatomarcato			
a tempo piu tutti			
tacet poco a poco			
octave 8 % grazioso	et State of		
STRINGS			
Ferms (additional) vibrato			
staccato sul tasto sul ponticello			
con sordino tremolo spiccato			
chromatic unis/divisi			

Tone Production/ Fundamentals	Musicianship Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
STRINGS		<u>.</u>	
 refine and demonstrate good posture refine tone (bow control and distribution) refine ability to discern small variations in pitch and adjust 			
accordingly		·	
			·
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Technical Skills			
Woodwind/Brass	Percussion	String	
Range • full accepted ranges with extensions on all instruments Articulation • articulation to reflect the natural accents found within simple and compound meter • lip flexibility into the more extreme ranges • rapid single tonguing and basic skill in double, triple, and flutter tonguing Scales/Arpeggios/V ₇ • Major: up to and including 6 and 6 b • Melodic and harmonic relative minor: up to and including 4 and 4 b	Snare Drum refinement of concert roll double and single stroke rolls (openclosed-open) rstroke roll Rhythms complex rhythms 7 7 4 4 8 Tympani required tuning for literature complete control of rolls on each drum at each dynamic level Mallets refinement of single stroke roll octave playing use of 3-4 mallets	Bowing refine bow techniques introduced earlier col legno sul ponticello ricochett slurred staccato portamento Left Hand harmonics (artificial) thumb position (cello) vibrato position work: 5th position (violin) shifting adjacent finger shifts foundation shifts replacement shifts glissando complex double stops backward/forward extensions (cello)	
octaves • Arpeggios: I, IV, V, V ₇ in all the above keys • modes		Scales/Arpeggios Violin/viola: add: Eb, Ab one finger scales with each finger natural, harmonic, and melodic minor scales 3 octave scales	
	Range • full accepted ranges with extensions on all instruments Articulation • articulation to reflect the natural accents found within simple and compound meter • lip flexibility into the more extreme ranges • rapid single tonguing and basic skill in double, triple, and flutter tonguing Scales/Arpeggios/V, • Major: up to and including 6 and 6 and 6 and harmonic relative minor: up to and including 4 and	Range • full accepted ranges with extensions on all instruments Articulation • articulation to reflect the natural accents found within simple and compound meter • lip flexibility into the more extreme ranges • rapid single tonguing and basic skill in double, triple, and flutter tonguing Scales/Arpeggios/V₁ • Major: up to and including 6♯ and 6♭ • Melodic and harmonic relative minor: up to and including 4♯ and 4♭ • Chromatic: two octaves • Arpeggios: I, IV, V, V₁ in all the above keys	

Tone Production/ Fundamentals	Musicianship Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
 hold a pleasant tone for 25-30 seconds (flutes and tubas 10-15 seconds) demonstrate good tone quality in extreme and extended ranges implement characteristic vibrato; know when to use it Intonation adjust pitch using embouchure adjustments and alternate fingerings PERCUSSION tune and otherwise adjust membranic instruments 	Intervals All major, minor, perfect, and diminished intervals within the compass of an octave above and below a given pitch Chords Major, minor, augmented, diminished, and dominant seventh Scales whole tone, pentatonic, chromatic, minor (harmonic, methodic, and natural), major, modes Sing each scale Sing melodies using solfège Sing all intervals listed above Identify melodies, rhythms, and meters music characteristic of various historical periods	Recognize and understand sonata theme and variation rondo suite symphony Continuation and addition of forms as found in band and orchestral literature	Same as Beginning and Intermediate Levels Knowledge of stylistic performance practices
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Technical Skills

Basic (all)	Woodwind/Brass	Domessa	
	V COGWING/DI ASS	Percussion	String
			• Cello: • add: A, E, Eb, Ab, Bb, F (2 octaves) • natural,
			harmonic, and melodic minor scales up to 4# and 4b • 3 octave scales and arpeggios
			 Bass: all scales and arpeggios (major and minor) up to 4# and 4b
			Chromatic scales
			 Arpeggios: I, IV, V V₇ in all the above keys

Tone Production/ Fundamentals	Musicianship Skills	Form	Interpretation Skills
STRINGS			
Posture • good posture as a reflex action			
 Intonation demonstrate almost perfect intonation in first position refine ability to discern pitch discrepancies in position playing 			
 Tone Production good sound with well-developed vibrato smooth bow changes 			