## Physics 3204 <br> June 2011 Public Exam Outcome Report

This examination follows the specifications, conventions and standards set out in the:
Physics 3204 Provincial Exam Standards

Units | $1-$ Force, Motion and Energy |  |
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|  | 2 - Fields |
|  | 3 - Matter Energy Interface |

PART I: Selected Response-Total Value: 50\%

| Item | Curriculum <br> Guide Page | Outcome | Cognitive <br> Level | Outcome Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | (Unit 1) <br> 28 | $325-6$ | L1 | Identify an example of projectile motion. |
| 2 | 28 | $325-6$ | L1 | Calculate the horizontal component of an initial velocity. |
| 3 | $28 / 30$ | $325-6$ | L2 | Calculate the initial speed of a projectile launched horizontally given the horizontal <br> and vertical distance from launch. |
| 4 | 28 | $325-6$ | L1 | Find the magnitude of the final velocity of a projectile launched from ground level. |
| 5 | $28 / 30$ | $325-6$ | L2 | Calculate the maximum height of a projectile launched at an initial velocity. |
| 6 | 32 | $325-8$ | L1 | Find the applied force for an object moving horizontally at a constant velocity. |
| 7 | 32 | $325-8$ | L2 | Given a diagram, find an expression for the normal force acting on an object using <br> Newton's laws of motion. |
| 8 | 34 | $325-8$ | L2 | Find the coefficient of friction for an object sliding down an inclined plane. |
| 9 | 34 | $325-8$ | L3 | Calculate the tension in a string connecting a system of masses with a pulley on a <br> horizontal surface using Newton's laws of motion. |
| 10 | 44 | ACP-1 | L2 | Calculate the mass of an object in static equilibrium using vector analysis in two <br> dimensions. |
| 11 | 34 | $325-8$ | L2 | Given a diagram, calculate the acceleration of a system of masses with a pulley using <br> Newton's laws of motion. |
| 12 | 36 | $325-12$ | L2 | Calculate centripetal acceleration using the definition. <br> 13 |
| 38 | $325-13$ | L2 | Find the limiting velocity of an object at the top of a vertical circle. |  |


| 14 | 36 | $325-13$ | L2 | Calculate the centripetal acceleration using the definition. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 15 | $38 / 42$ | $325-13$ | L1 | Given a diagram, qualitatively analyze the motion of an object travelling in a <br> horizontal circle. |
| 16 | 40 | $325-13$ | L1 | Calculate the radius of a banked curve without friction. |
| 17 |  |  |  | Item dropped. |
| 18 | 46 | ACP-1 | L2 | Solve a static equilibrium problem by balancing forces and torques. |
| 19 | 44 | ACP-1 | L1 | Identify conditions necessary for rotational equilibrium. |
| 20 | 48 | ACP-1 | L3 | Qualitatively analyze the forces and torques applied on a system in static equilibrium <br> when an applied force changes. |
| 21 | (Unit 2) <br> 56 | $308-13$ <br> $308-14$ <br> $308-15$ | L1 | Identify the SI unit of charge. |
| 22 | 56 | $308-13$ <br> $308-14$ <br> $308-15$ | L2 | Calculate the charge on a body when given the number of excess electrons. |
| 23 | 60 | $328-4$ | L2 | Calculate the charge on an object using Coulomb's Law. |
| 24 | 62 | $328-1$ | $328-2$ | L1 |
| 25 | 68 | $328-1$ | Identify a correct electric field diagram for a point charge. |  |
| 26 | 72 | ACP-3 | L1 | Given the electric potential and charge, calculate the work done. <br> 27 |
| 78 | ACP-3 | L1 | Calculate the electric current when given the charge passing through a conductor and <br> the time taken. |  |
| 27 | 76 | ACP-3 the total resistance of a parallel circuit. |  |  |
| 28 | L2 | Calculate the resistivity of a wire. |  |  |
| 29 | 74 | ACP-3 | L1 | Calculate the voltage drop using Ohm's Law. |
| 30 | 80 | $213-8$ | L1 | Identify the correct apparatus to measure a given electrical quantity. |
| 31 | 80 | ACP-3 | L2 | Find the current using the definition of power. |
| 32 | 80 | ACP-3 | L2 | Calculate the cost of operating electrical equipment. |
| 33 | 80 | ACP-3 | L2 | Given a diagram, find the total resistance of a combination circuit. |
| 34 | 84 | $328-6$ | L1 | Identify the magnetic field produced by a current-carrying wire. |


| 35 | 86 | $328-5$ | L3 | Determine the direction of force on a moving charged particle in a magnetic field <br> created by a current-carrying conductor. |
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| 36 | 82 | $328-1$ <br> $328-2$ | L1 | Identify the magnetic field lines surrounding a magnet. |
| 37 | 86 | $328-5$ | L2 | Use Left Hand Rule \#3 to determine the direction of force on a current-carrying wire <br> in a magnetic field. |
| 38 | 86 | $328-5$ | L2 | Calculate the length of a wire placed in a magnetic field. |
| 39 | 88 | $328-7$ | L3 | Interpret the current output for a multi loop AC generator. |
| 40 | 86 | $328-5$ | L2 | Calculate the speed of a charged particle in a magnetic field. |
| 41 | (Unit 3) <br> 96 | $327-9$ | L1 | Define qualitatively the photoelectric effect. |
| 42 | 98 | $327-10$ | L1 | Calculate the energy of electromagnetic radiation. |
| 43 | 100 | $115-3$ | L2 | Calculate the wavelength of a photon using Compton's photon momentum equation. |
| 44 | 108 | $329-4$ | L1 | Identify the products of radioactive decay. |
| 45 | 100 | $115-3$ | L2 | Calculate the mass of an object using de Broglie's Wave Equation. |
| 46 | 110 | $329-6$ | L2 | Balance a nuclear reaction. |
| 47 | 102 | $329-2$ | L3 | Identify the number of emission lines for a Bohr atom given an energy level diagram. |
| 48 | 108 | $329-4$ | L2 | Calculate the energy released in a nuclear reaction using mass defect. |
| 49 | 108 | $329-4$ | L1 | Identify an equation for radioactive decay. |
| 50 | 110 | $329-6$ | L2 | Find the mass defect in a nuclear reaction given the energy released. |

PART II: Constructed Response-Total Value: 50\%

| Item | Curriculum Guide Page | Outcome | Cognitive Level | Value | Outcome Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 51a | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { (Unit 1) } \\ 28 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 325-6 | L3 | 3 | Determine if an object will hit a target when given the initial velocity. |
| 51b | 40 | 325-13 | L2 | 3 | Find the tension at the bottom of a vertical circle. |
| 51c(i) | 34 | 325-8 | L2 | 4 | Find the acceleration of a set of blocks on a pulley system on an inclined plane with friction (science communication mark). |
| 51c(ii) | 34 | 325-8 | L2 | 2 | Find the tension in the connecting string of the pulley system on an inclined plane with friction. |
| 51d(i) | 46 | ACP-1 | L2 | 2.5 | Calculate the force on a horizontal beam by balancing forces and torques for a system in static equilibrium. |
| 51d(ii) | 46 | ACP-1 | L2 | 2.5 | Calculate a distance on the horizontal beam by balancing forces and torques for a system in static equilibrium. |
| 51e | 44 | ACP-1 | L3 | 3 | Find an unknown quantity when a system of masses is in static equilibrium. |
| 52a | $\begin{gathered} (\text { Unit } 2) \\ 56 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 308-13 \\ & 308-14 \\ & 308-15 \end{aligned}$ | L2 | 2 | Identify and explain the charges on objects using the law of electric charges when given the method of charging. |
| 52b | 60 | 328-4 | L2 | 3 | Calculate the electric force on a charged particle due to the presence of other charges. |
| 52c | 64 | $\begin{aligned} & 328-1 \\ & 328-2 \\ & 328-3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | L3 | 3 | Determine the electric field strength for a charged particle whereby the forces on the particle are balanced. |
| 52d(i) | 80 | ACP-3 | L2 | 1 | Use Ohm's Law and Kirchoff's Law to solve a combination circuit: calculate the total resistance. |
| 52d(ii) | 80 | ACP-3 | L2 | 2 | Use Ohm's Law and Kirchoff's Law to solve a combination circuit: calculate the voltage across a resistor. |
| 52d(iii) | 80 | ACP-3 | L2 | 1 | Use Ohm's Law and Kirchoff's Law to solve a combination circuit: calculate the power dissipated in a resistor. |
| 52e | 90/124 | $\begin{aligned} & 118-2 \\ & 118-4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | L2 | 2 | Recognize and identify the impact that a change in distance has on the intensity of radiation that is experienced. |


| 52 f | 86 | $328-5$ | L2 | 3 | Find the current in a wire using Biot's Law (science communication <br> mark). |
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| 52 g | 86 | $328-5$ | L3 | 3 | Find the speed of a charged particle moving perpendicularly in a <br> magnetic field generating circular motion. |
| 53 a | (Unit 3) <br> 98 | $327-10$ | L2 | 2 | Calculate the kinetic energy of an electron by applying the photoelectric <br> effect equation. |
| 53 b | 108 | $329-4$ | L3 | 3 | Using mass defect calculations, explain and justify why the products in <br> a nuclear decay reaction are produced. |
| 53 c | 110 | $214-2$ | L2 | 3 | Find the half-life for a radioactive sample that has decayed (science <br> communication mark). |
| 53 d | 108 | $329-4$ | L2 | 2 | Calculate the energy released in a nuclear reaction using mass defect. |

