Index to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2018

CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Position	2
Statement of Operations	3
Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-12

NOSEWORTHY CHAPMAN

chartered professional accountants

A: Suite 201, 516 Topsail Rd / St. John's NL / A1E 2C5 **T:** 709.364.5600 **F:** 709.368.2146 **W:** noseworthychapman.ca



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2018, and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities as at March 31, 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Chartered Professional Accountants St. John's, Newfoundland & Labrador

June 28, 2018

Statement of Financial Position Year Ended March 31, 2018

	2018			2017
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Cash	\$	1,116,271	\$	118,768
Receivables (Note 4)		28,367		827,895
HST receivable (Note 5)		170,843		92,726
Recoverable costs (Note 6)		1,918,812	·	2,237,077
		3,234,293		3,276,466
LIABILITIES				
Payables and accruals		201,630		222,610
Government remittances payable		18,528		644
Payroli accruals		922,317		901,650
		1,142,475		1,124,904
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	\$	2,091,818	\$	2,151,562
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Tangible capital assets (Note 8)	\$	58,271	\$	50,976
Prepaid expenses		12,055		9,721
		70,326		60,697
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$	2,162,144	\$	2,212,259
Accumulated surplus comprised of:				
Invested in capital assets (Note 8)	\$	58,271	\$	50,976
Internally restricted (Note 10)	•	1,477,815	*	1,525,449
Unrestricted		626,058		635,834
	\$	2,162,144	\$	2,212,259

Commitments (Note 13)

On Behalf of the Board:	
allhalen	Chairperson and CEO
f Africa	Director of Corporate Service
	

Statement of Operations Year Ended March 31, 2018

	Budget 2018 (Note 15)				
	(Unaudited)		2018		2017
REVENUES					
Regulatory assessments	\$ 2,766,287	\$	2,467,177	\$	2,784,960
Interest and other income	10,000		8,139		9,550
	2,776,287		2,475,316		2,794,510
EXPENDITURES	,				
Amortization	\$ -	\$	21,795	\$	18,555
Consulting fees	272,250	•	270,869	•	136,300
Office equipment, supplies, and services	95,107		86,775		78,482
Rent and insurance	225,100		225,096		225,091
Salaries and associated costs (Note 12)	2,048,166		1,837,580		1,810,377
Telecommunications	30,900		32,259		34,809
Training and membership	71,975		22,149		22,720
Travel	32,789		28,908		30,091
	2,776,287		2,525,431		2,356,425
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$	(50,115)	\$	438,085

Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets Year Ended March 31, 2018

	(Note	et 2018 e 15) udited)	2018	2017
	(Onat	idited)	2018	2017
Annual (deficit) surplus	\$	\$	(50,115) \$	438,085
Changes in tangible capital assets				
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	-		(29,090)	(15,711)
Amortization of tangible capital assets		<u></u>	21,795	18,555
		_	(7,295)	2,844
Change in other non-financial assets				
Net acquisition of prepaid expenses			(2,334)	(1,747)
		-	(2,334)	(1,747)
Increase in net assets			(59,744)	439,182
Net financial assets, beginning of year	2,1	51,562	2,151,562	1,712,380
Net financial assets, end of year	\$\$	- \$	2,091,818 \$	2,151,562

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended March 31, 2018

		2018	2017
Operating transactions			
Cash receipts from assessments and other revenues	\$	3,196,728 \$	3,778,323
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(2,488,400)	(2,729,123)
Cash from operating transactions		708,328	1,049,200
Hearing and review transaction			
Decrease (increase) in recoverable costs		318,265	(974,893)
Cash from (used in) hearing and review transactions		318,265	(974,893)
Capital transaction			
Purchase of capital assets		(29,090)	(15,711)
Cash used in capital transactions		(29,090)	(15,711)
Increase in cash during year		997,503	58,596
Cash position, beginning of year		118,768	60,172
Cash position, end of year	\$\$	1,116,271 \$	118,768

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2018

GENERAL

The Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities (the "Board") is an independent, quasi-judicial regulatory tribunal constituted in 1949 by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council pursuant to the *Public Utilities Act*. The Board regulates the electric utilities in the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador and is responsible for ensuring that the rates charged are reasonable and that the service provided is safe and reliable. Other responsibilities include: (a) the regulation of automobile insurance rates; (b) the regulation of, from June 8, 2004, fuel prices pursuant to the Petroleum Products Act; (c) limited regulation of the motor carrier industry as it relates to certain passenger and ambulance operations; and (d) establishing compensation for matters referred to the Board pursuant to the *Expropriation Act*. The Board was incorporated on May 12, 2000 pursuant to an amendment to the *Public Utilities Act* and as a Crown entity of the Province is not subject to provincial or federal income taxes.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The Board is classified as an Other Government Organization as defined by Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (CPSAS). These financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with CPSAS for provincial reporting entities established by the Canadian Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB). The Board does not prepare a statement of re-measurement gains and losses as the Board does not enter into relevant transactions or circumstances that are addressed by that statement.

Financial instruments

The Board's financial instruments recognized in the statement of financial position consist of cash, receivables, HST receivable, recoverable costs, payables and accruals, government remittances payable and payroll accruals. The Board generally recognizes a financial instrument when it enters into a contract which creates a financial asset or financial liability. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value at the time of acquisition.

The Board subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost. Transaction costs and any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized immediately in the statement of revenues and expenditures. Receivables are classified as loans and accounts payable are classified as other financial liabilities. Both are measured at amortized cost.

The Board's carrying value of cash, receivables, recoverable costs, payables and accruals, government remittance payable, HST payable and payroll accruals approximates its fair value due to the immediate or short term maturity of these instruments.

<u>Cash</u>

Cash includes cash in bank.

Recoverable costs

Recoverable costs relating to regulatory hearings and specific enquiries held by the Board are not accrued until the Board orders payment. The costs and subsequent recoveries for these enquiries are not included in the operating revenues and expenditures of the Board.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible capital assets

Capital assets are recorded on the Statement of Financial Position at cost net of accumulated amortization and are amortized as follows:

Furniture and equipment	20%	declining balance method
Computer hardware	35%	declining balance method
Computer software	50%	declining balance method
Leasehold improvements		the lesser of five year straight-line
		or remaining term of the lease

Capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to the Board's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the capital assets are less than their net book value. The net write-downs are accounted for as expenses in the statement of operations.

Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include amounts paid in advance for services, insurance, and workers compensation and are charged to expense over the periods expected to benefit from them.

Funds and reserves

Certain amounts, as approved by the Board, are set aside in accumulated surplus for future operating and capital purposes. Transfers to/from funds and reserves are an adjustment to the respective fund when approved.

Employee future benefits

(i) Severance pay

Certain employees of the Board are entitled to severance pay. Severance pay is accounted for on the accrual basis and is based upon years of service and current salary levels. Under new legislation which received Royal Assent on May 31, 2018, employees with at least one (1) year service to a maximum of twenty (20) years of continuous service are entitled to severance pay. The severance entitlement is calculated based on service years and rate of pay as of March 31, 2018 accrued in the financial statements. The total amount is expected to be paid by March 2019.

(ii) Pension fund

The employees of the Board are subject to the *Public Service Pension Act 1991*. Employee contributions are matched by the Board and then remitted to the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador Pooled Pension Fund from which pensions will be paid to employees when they retire. Contributions of the Board to the plan are recorded as expenses in the year the contributions are made.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenues

Revenues are recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues. All revenues are recorded on an accrual basis, except when the accruals cannot be determined with a reasonable degree of certainty or when their estimation is impracticable.

Expenditures

Expenditures are reported on an accrual basis. The costs of all goods consumed and services received during the year are expensed.

Inter-entity transactions

Inter-entity transactions are transactions between commonly controlled entities.

Inter-entity transactions are recorded at the exchange amount when they are undertaken on similar terms and conditions to those adopted if the entities were dealing at arm's length.

Cost allocations to/from commonly controlled entities are recorded on a gross basis.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Board is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of March 31, 2018:

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The Board is exposed to credit risk with respect to regulatory assessments. An allowance for doubtful accounts may be established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the Board manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The Board is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its floating interest rate bank credit agreement.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2018

4. RECEIVABLES

	2018	20)17
Revenues receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$ 23,230	\$	822,399 210
Other receivables	 5,137		5,286
	\$ 28,367	\$	827,895

5. HST RECEIVABLE (PAYABLE)

	 2018	2017
HST rebate receivable from federal government HST payable to federal government	\$ 193,682 \$ (22,839)	111,952 (19,226)
	\$ 170,843 \$	92,726

6. RECOVERABLE COSTS

	 2018	2017
Recoverable costs, beginning of year	\$ 2,237,077 \$	1,262,184
Add - specific enquiry costs incurred during the year:		
Consumer Advocate	1,291,763	968,982
Consulting fees	305,067	848,423
Legal	144,922	199,392
Advertising and notice	18,215	36,413
Transcription and printing	•	16,229
Other	_	9,194
	1,759,967	2,078,633
	3,997,044	3,340,817
Less - costs recovered during the year	(1,929,047)	(1,103,740)
Less - costs deemed non recoverable	 (149,185)	
Recoverable costs, end of year	\$ 1,918,812 \$	2,237,077

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2018

7. BANK CREDIT AGREEMENT

The Board has established a \$1,000,000 line of credit subject to a general security agreement over all accounts and book debts, equipment, tangible capital assets and certain other assets. Any outstanding balance bears interest at the bank prime rate plus 0.5%. As at March 31, 2018, the balance outstanding was \$Nil (2017-\$Nil).

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2018

8. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	 						2018
	 Furniture and Equipment	Har	Computer dware and Software	<u> </u>	Leasehold nprovements		Total
Cost							
Opening balance	\$ 266,009	\$	260,310	\$	197,046	\$	723,365
Additions	4,595		16,935	•	7,560	•	29,090
Disposals	 		-		•		
Closing balance	270,604		277,245		204,606		752,455
Accumulated amortization							
Opening balance	235,596		243,666		193,127		672,389
Amortization	7,002		11,975		2,818		21,79
Disposals	 -				-		
Closing balance	 242,598		255,641		195,945		694,18
Net book value	\$ 28,006	\$	21,604	\$	8,661	\$	58,27
							2017
	Furniture and	Ha	Computer rdware and		Leasehold		
	 Equipment.		Software	!	mprovements		Total
Cost							
Opening balance	\$ 255,044	\$	255,564	\$	197,046	\$	707,65
Additions	10,965		4,746		-		15,71
Disposals	 <u>.</u>		-		<u> </u>		
Closing balance	266,009		260,310		197,046		723,36
Accumulated amortization							
Opening balance	227,993		234,020		191,821		653,83
Amortization	7,603		9,646		1,306		18,55
Disposals	 						
Closing balance	235,596		243,666		193,127		672,38
Net book value	\$ 30,413	\$	16,644	\$	3,919	\$	50,97
to the second se	 						

9. NON-VESTED SICK LEAVE PAYOUTS

Prior to a change in government policy, several employees were permitted to accumulate unused sick day credits. As of March 31, 2018, there is one employee who has an accumulated sick-leave payout balance. Accumulated credits may be used in future years to the extent that the employee's illness or injury exceeds the current year's allocation of credits. The use of accumulated sick days for sick-leave compensation ceases

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2018

on termination of employment. The benefit costs and liabilities related to the plan are included in the financial statements.

10. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED SURPLUS

The Board has adopted a formal policy to accumulate and restrict estimated amounts required to meet expected future obligations. The amounts restricted as at March 31, 2018 are as follows:

		2018	2	017
Lease commitments	\$	283,681	\$	223,300
Payroll contingency		61,425		71,757
Redundancy pay contingency		686,110		767,677
Working capital	-	446,599		462,715
	\$	1,477,815	\$	1,525,449

11, RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Board incurs costs in relation to hearings held to deliver on its mandate which are recoverable from industry participants at cost. A portion of these costs are recoverable from Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro, an entity under common control.

	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 2,129,494	\$ 1,060,264
Costs incurred	1,155,070	1,177,942
Costs recovered	1,733,556	108,712
Ending balance	\$ 1,551,008	\$ 2,129,494

The Board has also charged Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro assessment fees in the amount of \$854,297 (2017; \$865,556).

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2018

12. DESIGNATED PENSION FUNDS AND PENSION ASSET (OBLIGATIONS)

Commissioners and employees are members of The Public Service Pension Fund Act 1991. Pension contributions deducted from commissioners' and employees' salaries are matched by the Board and then remitted to the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador Pooled Pension Fund from which pensions will be pald to commissioners and employees when they retire. The Board's share of pension expense for the year in the amount of \$125,511 (2017 - \$135,545) is included in salaries and associated costs.

The Board is also committed to make pension payments to a former Commissioner in the amount of \$2,043 per month (\$24,516 per annum). These payments are paid directly by the Board out of operating expenditures. An estimated liability in the amount of \$241,119, has been included in the financial statements, and reflects the present value of the pension obligation based an average life expectancy of 86 years and a discount rate of 2.36%.

13. COMMITMENTS

The Board has a premises lease agreement in the amount of \$18,608 plus HST per month (\$223,296 plus HST per annum), concluding May 31, 2018.

Subsequent to year end, the Board entered into a five year extension of their premises lease in the amount of \$24,646 plus HST per month (\$295,752 plus HST per annum), concluding May 31, 2023.

14. BUDGET FIGURES

Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the estimates approved by the Board.