FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2018

Management's Report

Management's Responsibility for the Provincial Information and Library Resources Board Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and the integrity and objectivity of these statements are management's responsibility. Management is also responsible for all of the notes to the financial statements, and for ensuring that this information is consistent, where appropriate, with the information contained in the financial statements.

Management is also responsible for implementing and maintaining a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized, assets are safeguarded and liabilities are recognized.

Management is also responsible for ensuring that transactions comply with relevant policies and authorities and are properly recorded to produce timely and reliable financial information.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control and exercises these responsibilities through the Board. The Board reviews internal financial information on a quarterly basis and external audited financial statements yearly.

The Auditor General conducts an independent audit of the annual financial statements of the Provincial Information and Library Resources Board, in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, in order to express and opinion thereon. The Auditor General has full and free access to financial management of the Provincial Information and Library Resources Board.

On behalf of the Provincial Information and Library Resources Board.

Mr. Andrew Hunt, CPA, CGA

Executive Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Provincial Information and Library Resources Board Stephenville, Newfoundland and Labrador

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Provincial Information and Library Resources Board which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2018, the statements of operations, remeasurement gains and losses, change in net financial assets (debt), and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report (cont.)

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Provincial Information and Library Resources Board as at March 31, 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

JULIA MULLALEY, CPA, CA

Julia Mullaley

Auditor General

July 23, 2018

St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at March 31		2018	2017
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash	\$	3,462,110	\$ 3,302,143
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	1 38 5	43,531	48,461
Portfolio investments (Note 5)		88,783	81,718
		3,594,424	3,432,322
LIABILITIES			5
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)		650,871	668,557
Employee future benefits (Note 7)		2,015,596	2,100,453
Deferred revenue (Note 8)		905,673	957,213
Obligation under capital lease (Note 10)		15,630	19,708
÷ .		3,587,770	3,745,931
Net financial assets (debt)	100	6,654	(313,609
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Inventories held for use		58,149	65,695
Prepaid expenses		163,901	182,327
Tangible capital assets (Note 11)		1,596,745	1,809,545
P	6	1,818,795	<u>2,057,5</u> 67
Accumulated surplus	\$	1,825,449	\$ 1,743,958
Accumulated surplus is comprised of:			
Accumulated operating surplus	\$	1,760,158	\$ 1,685,732
Accumulated remeasurement gains	Ψ	65,291	58,226
	\$	1,825,449	\$ 1,743,958

Contractual obligations (Note 9)
Trusts under administration (Note

Trusts under administration (Note 12)

The accompanying notes and supplementary schedules are an integral part of these financial statements.

Signed on behalf of the Board:

Chairperson

Member

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended March 31

For the Tear Ended Warth 51	2018 Budget	2018 Actual	2017 Actual
	(Note 14)		
REVENUE			
Province of Newfoundland and Labrador			
Operating grant	\$ 10,942,500	\$ 11,160,700	\$ 10,884,303
Capital grant	220,000	120,000	94,805
Early Literacy Program		138,636	86,190
Kinderstart Literacy Program		42,573	36,584
Miscellaneous	64,500	62,626	98,212
Fines and lost library materials	55,000	55,261	56,611
Interest	34,000	51,007	35,661
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	A STATE OF THE STA	1,800	_
Dividend revenue	<i>±</i>	2,987	2,768
TD summer reading program		4,781	
	11,316,000	11,640,371	11,295,134
EXPENSES (Note 17)			
Administration	2,248,717	2,366,403	2,532,872
Amortization	111 177 - 1000	370,266	413,852
Early Literacy Program		138,636	86,190
Kinderstart Literacy Program	P. B. Marie	42,573	36,584
Library Collection	1,570,274	1,637,504	1,672,727
Library Operations	7,264,136	6,755,165	6,377,234
Public Computer Access	321,756	250,617	234,614
TD Summer Reading Program		4,781	-
	11,404,883	11,565,945	11,354,073
Annual operating surplus (deficit)	(88,883)	74,426	(58,939)
Accumulated operating surplus,			
beginning of year	1,685,732	1,685,732	1,744,671
Accumulated operating surplus,			
end of year	\$ 1,596,849	\$ 1,760,158	\$ 1,685,732

STATEMENT OF REMEASUREMENT GAINS AND LOSSES

For the Year Ended March 31	2018	2017
Accumulated remeasurement gains, beginning of year	\$ 58,226	\$ 46,816
Unrealized gains attributable to: Portfolio investments	7,065	11,410
Accumulated remeasurement gains, end of year	\$ 65,291	\$ 58,226

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)

For the Year Ended March 31

		2018 Budget	2018 Actual		2017 Actual
		(Note 14)			
•					•
Annual operating surplus (deficit)	\$	(88,883)	\$ 74,426	\$	(58,939)
Changes in other non-financial assets				4	
Use of prepaid expenses			182,327		199,480
Acquisition of prepaid expenses			(163,901)		(182,327)
Net use of inventories held for use			7,546		16,177
	Ä		25,972		33,330
Changes in tangible capital assets					
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Net book value of tangible capital			(157,466)		(232,306)
asset disposals			-		1,586
Amortization of tangible capital assets		-	370,266		413,852
ì			212,800		183,132
Effect of remeasurement gains for the year			7,065		11,410
Decrease in net debt and increase in net financial assets/decrease in net debt		(88,883)	320,263		168,933
Net debt, beginning of year	_84	(313,609)	(313,609)		(482,542)
Net financial assets (debt), end of year	\$	(402,492)	\$ 6,654	\$	(313,609)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	
For the Year Ended March 31	2018

For the Year Ended March 31	2018	2017
Operating transactions		
Annual operating surplus (deficit)	\$ 74,426	\$ (58,939)
Adjustment for non-cash items		
Amortization	370,266	413,852
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	(1,800)	286
	442,892	355,199
Change in non-cash operating items		555,177
Accounts receivable	4,930	16 600
Due from the Province	4,930	16,698 296,165
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(17,686)	(5,464)
Employee future benefits	(84,857)	(36,450)
Deferred revenue	(51,540)	(379,482)
Inventories held for use	7,546	16,177
Prepaid expenses	18,426	17,153
*	10,120	17,133
Cash provided from operating transactions	319,711	279,996
Capital transactions		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(157,466)	(232,306)
Proceeds from disposal of tangible capital assets	1,800	1,300
Cash applied to capital transactions	(155,666)	(231,006)
Financing transactions		
Repayments of obligations under capital lease	(4,078)	(4,078)
Cash applied to financing transactions	(4,078)	(4,078)
Increase in cash	159,967	44,912
Cash, beginning of year	3,302,143	3,257,231
Cash, end of year	\$ 3,462,110	\$ 3,302,143

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING GRANTS TO LOCAL LIBRARIES
For the Year Ended March 31

For the Year Ended March 31	2018	2017
Eastern Division		
Arnold's Cove	\$ 6,194	\$ 5,311
Bay Roberts	74,953	74,336
Bell Island · .	986	1,002
Bonavista	4,172	4,602
Brigus	8,058	6,767
Burin	1,607	550
Carbonear	40,294	40,244
Catalina	5,334	3,354
Clarenville	20,885	14,692
Conception Bay South	11,434	10,674
Fortune	485	410
Fox Harbour	5,245	6,138
Garnish	612	454
Grand Bank	11,416	8,914
Harbour Grace	12,637	10,763
Holyrood	6,394	5,356
Marystown	550	441
Mount Pearl	16,747	12,224
Old Perlican	3,114	3,509
Placentia	24,719	24,049
Pouch Cove	1,766	2,013
St. Brides	7,669	7,655
St. Lawrence	735	428
Southern Harbour	2,923	2,506
Torbay	19,653	9,904
Trepassey	7,545	9,576
Victoria	495	9,370 843
Whitbourne	3,247	3,497
Winterton	1,553	530
	301,422	270,742

PROVINCIAL INFORMATION AND LIBRARY RESOURCES BOARD SCHEDULE OF OPERATING GRANTS TO LOCAL LIBRARIES (cont.)

2018

2017

For the Year Ended March 31

2010	2017
6,111	6,529
The state of the s	976
The state of the s	8,216
	572
	709
	1,016
	450
	554
	9,039
	38,650
	2,483
•	1,369
	523
	2,780
	3,779
970	729
	472
	4,033
728	563
3,922	3,676
	3,579
The state of the s	4,328
616	440
1,934	777
The state of the s	2,682
868	790
6,489	4,387
1,077	986
850	764
2,001	1,117
1,992	1,882
1,044	825
531	493
130,832	110,168
	703 5,497 728 3,922 3,433 8,181 616 1,934 1,790 868 6,489 1,077 850 2,001 1,992 1,044 531

PROVINCIAL INFORMATION AND LIBRARY RESOURCES BOARD SCHEDULE OF OPERATING GRANTS TO LOCAL LIBRARIES (cont.)

For the Year Ended March 31	2018	2017		
Western Newfoundland -				
Labrador Division				
Bay St. George South	2,071	2,06		
Burgeo	750	590		
Cape St. George	716	629		
Cartwright	513	427		
Codroy Valley	535	467		
Cormack	1,637	1,582		
Corner Brook .	206,653	208,121		
Cow Head	6,222	5,760		
Daniel's Harbour	1,408	1,270		
Deer Lake	22,807	15,674		
Happy Valley	2,529	1,963		
Labrador City	16,641	14,352		
L'Anse au Loup	720	650		
Lark Harbour	882	541		
Lourdes	811	653		
Norris Point	3,844	2,236		
Pasadena	2,008	3,754		
Port au Port	699	637		
Port aux Basques	17,608	12,712		
Port Saunders	5,265	7,665		
Ramea	612	533		
Rocky Harbour	463	837		
St. Anthony	1,891	1,961		
St. George's	1,879	1,198		
Sops Arm	001	827		
Stephenville	31,420	27,961		
Stephenville Crossing	1,405	1,239		
Wabush	2,249	1,882		
Woody Point	4,571	3,978		
	339,710	322,160		
	\$ 771,964	\$ 703,070		

PROVINCIAL INFORMATION AND LIBRARY RESOURCES BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2018

1. Nature of operations

The Provincial Information and Library Resources Board (the Board) operates under the authority of the *Public Libraries Act*. The purpose of the Board is to operate the public libraries in the Province. A majority of the members of the Board are appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. The Board reports to the Minister of Education and Early Childhood Development.

The reporting entity for the purpose of these financial statements is the Board's head office and divisional offices. These financial statements include expenditures for grants made to local libraries under the jurisdiction of the three divisional library boards detailed in the Schedule to the financial statements. Funds raised by local libraries are not reflected in these financial statements.

The Board is a Crown entity of the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador and as such is not subject to Provincial or Federal income taxes.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The Board is classified as an Other Government Organization as defined by Canadian public sector accounting standards (CPSAS). These financial statements have been prepared by the Board's management in accordance with CPSAS for provincial reporting entities established by the Canadian Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB). Outlined below are the significant accounting policies followed.

(b) Financial instruments

The Board's financial instruments recognized in the statement of financial position consist of cash, accounts receivable, portfolio investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and obligation under capital lease. The Board generally recognizes a financial instrument when it enters into a contract which creates a financial asset or financial liability. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value at the time of acquisition.

The Board subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost, except for portfolio investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Financial assets measured at cost include cash and accounts receivable. Financial liabilities measured at cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include obligation under capital lease.

The carrying values of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate current fair value due to their nature and the short-term maturity associated with these instruments. The carrying value of obligation under capital lease is considered to approximate market value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont.)

(b) Financial instruments (cont.)

The Board uses the quoted market price as at the fiscal year end to measure the fair value of its portfolio investments. Unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial instruments are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. Upon settlement, the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the statement of remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the statement of operations.

Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of operations.

(c) Cash

Cash includes cash in bank.

(d) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the assets. Cost includes overhead directly attributable to construction and development, as well as interest costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the asset.

Capital lease obligations are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments excluding executor costs (e.g. insurance, maintenance costs, etc.). The discount rate used to determine the present value of the lease payments is the lower of the Board's rate for incremental borrowing or the interest rate implicit in the lease. Note 10 provides a schedule of repayments and amount of interest on the leases.

The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets, excluding land, is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Building improvements	10 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Software	5 years
Assets under capital lease	10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont.)

(d) Tangible capital assets (cont.)

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to the Board's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net book value. The net write-downs are accounted for as expenses in the statement of operations.

Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded as revenue at their fair market value on the date of donation, except in circumstances where fair value cannot be reasonably determined, which are then recognized at nominal value. Transfers of tangible capital assets from related parties are recorded at carrying value.

(e) Inventories held for use

Inventories held for use include office supplies and postage, and are recorded at the lower of historical cost and replacement cost.

(f) Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include/subscriptions, insurance and licenses, and are charged to expenses over the periods expected to benefit from it.

(g) Employee future benefits

Employee future benefits include severance pay and accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefits.

- (i) Severance is accounted for on an accrual basis and is calculated based upon years of service and current salary levels.
- (ii) The cost of accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefits is actuarially determined using management's best estimates of long-term inflation rates, compensation increases, discount rate and remaining service life.

Under the *Public Libraries Act*, the employees of the Board are subject to the *Public Services Pensions Act*, 1991. Employee contributions are matched by the Board and remitted to Provident¹⁰ from which pensions will be paid to employees when they retire. This plan is a multi-employer defined benefit plan, providing a pension on retirement based on the member's age at retirement, length of service and the average of their best six years of earnings for service on or after January 1, 2015, and, for service before January 1, 2015, the higher of the average of the frozen best 5 years of earnings up to January 1, 2015, or the average of the best 6 years of earnings for all service.

Employee future benefits expenses are included with salaries and benefits in the Board's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont.)

(h) Revenues

Revenues are recorded on an accrual basis in the period in which the transactions or events which gave rise to the revenues occurred. When the accruals cannot be determined with a reasonable degree of certainty or when their estimation is impracticable, revenues are recorded when received.

Dividend revenue on portfolio investments is recognized when the dividend is declared.

Government transfers (Province of Newfoundland and Labrador grants) are recognized as revenues when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation related to the liabilities are settled.

Contributions from other sources are deferred when restrictions are placed on their use by the contributor, and are recognized as revenue when used for the specific purpose.

(i) Expenses

Expenses are reported on an accrual basis. The cost of all goods consumed and services received during the year is recorded as an expense in that year.

Transfers include operating grants to local libraries. These transfers are recorded as expenses when the transfer is authorized and eligibility criteria have been met by the recipient.

(j) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with CPSAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the period. Items requiring the use of significant estimates include the expected future life of tangible capital assets and the probability of future sick leave benefits utilized by employees.

Estimates are based on the best information available at the time of preparation of the financial statements and are reviewed annually to reflect new information as it becomes available. Measurement uncertainty exists in these financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

3. Changes in accounting policies

(a) New accounting standards

On April 1, 2017, the Board adopted the following five new CPSAS Handbook Sections:

PS 2200 Related Party Disclosures – a new standard defining related parties and establishing disclosure requirements for related party transactions.

PS 3210 Assets – a new standard providing guidance for applying the definition of assets and establishing general disclosure requirements for assets but does not provide guidance for the recognition and disclosure of specific types of assets.

PS 3320 Contingent Assets – a new standard defining and establishing disclosure requirements for contingent assets but does not include disclosure standards for specific types of contingent assets.

PS 3380 Contractual Rights – a new standard defining and establishing disclosure requirements for contractual rights but does not include disclosure standards for specific types of contractual rights.

PS 3420 Inter-entity Transactions – a new standard on how to account for and report transactions between public sector entities that comprise a government's reporting entity from both a provider and recipient perspective.

These accounting changes had no significant impact on the financial statements.

(b) Accounting pronouncement

The PSAB has issued *PS 3430 Restructuring Transactions* which is effective April 1, 2018. This is a new standard on how to account for and report restructuring transactions by both transferors and recipients of assets and/or liabilities. The standard has not been applied in these financial statements.

The Board plans to adopt this standard by the effective date and is currently analyzing the impact the standard will have on the financial statements.

4. Accounts receivable

Federal Government	<u>2018</u>				
Harmonized Sales Tax Other	\$	25,290 18,241	\$	32,158 16,303	
	\$	43,531	\$\$	48,461	

There is no allowance for doubtful accounts since all amounts are considered collectible.

PROVINCIAL INFORMATION AND LIBRARY RESOURCES BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

5. Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments consist of 1,678 shares of Sun Life Financial Services of Canada Inc. which were given to the Board as a result of the demutualization of Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada. The carrying value of the shares is equal to their market price at the time of transfer to the Board.

			Market	Val	<u>alue</u> <u>Carrying</u>			g Value		
			<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>			<u>2017</u>
	Investments held directly Sun Life Financial Services of Canada - 1,678 shares	\$	88,783	\$	81,718	\$	23,492		\$	23,492
6.	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities									
						<u>2018</u>				2017
	Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits				\$	121,608 529,263		\$	5	99,610 668,947
					\$	650,871		\$		668,557
7.	Employee future benefits									
	Employee future benefits consists of:									
						<u>2018</u>				<u>2017</u>
	Severance pay (a) Accumulating non-vesting sick leave benef	fit_	liability (b)		\$	1,372,555 643,041		\$		120,833 679,620
					\$:	2,015,596		\$	2,1	00,453

PROVINCIAL INFORMATION AND LIBRARY RESOURCES BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2018

7. Employee future benefits (cont.)

(a) Severance pay

Severance pay consists of the severance pay liability related to the following employees:

		<u>2018</u>		2017
Employees with 9 or more years of service Employees with less than 9 years of service	\$	1,140,487 232,068	\$	1,248,501 172,332
	\$	1,372,555	\$	1,420,833
(b) Accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefit liability				
		<u>2018</u>		2017
Accrued accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefit obligation, end of year Unamortized actuarial gain, end of year	\$	435,591 207,450	\$	440,311 239,309
Accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefit liability, end of year	\$	643,041	\$	679,620
(c) Change in accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefit	t liab	ility		
		<u>2018</u>		2017
Current year benefit cost Interest on accrued benefit obligation Amortization of actuarial gains	\$	36,450 15,736 (22,337)	\$	35,388 16,230 (22,337)
Accumulating non vesting sick leave benefit expense		29,849		29,281
Benefit payments		(66,428)		(64,494)
Change in accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefit liability	\$	(36,579)	\$\$	(35,213)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

7. Employee future benefits (cont.)

(d) Employee future benefits

(i) Severance pay

Severance is accounted for on an accrual basis and is calculated based upon years of service and current salary levels. The right to be paid severance vests with employees with nine years of continuous service, and accordingly a liability has been recorded by the Board for these employees. For employees with less than nine years of continuous service, the Board has made a provision in the accounts for the payment of severance which is based upon the Board's best estimate of the probability of having to pay severance to the employees and current salary levels. In determining the best estimate of the probability that employees would be paid severance, the Board considered the rate of employee turnover. Employees with prior service with the Government of Newfoundland and Labrador or a Crown corporation or agency may be considered for severance provided the previous employer followed the same or an equivalent severance policy. Severance is payable when the employee ceases employment with the Board provided no severance has been paid by Government or another Crown corporation or agency for the same period and the employee has at least nine years of continuous service.

On May 31, 2018, the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador enacted legislation affecting severance pay for executives, managers, and non-management/non-union employees as outlined in Note 20.

(ii) Accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefits

All unionized employees hired before May 4, 2004, are credited with 2 days per month and all unionized employees hired thereafter are credited with 1 day per month for use as paid absences in the year due to illness. Employees are allowed to accumulate unused sick day credits each year, up to the allowable maximum provided in their respective employment agreement. Accumulated credits may be used in future years to the extent that the employee's illness exceeds the current year's allocation of credits. The use of accumulated sick days for sick leave compensation ceases on termination of employment. The benefit costs and liabilities related to the plan are included in the financial statements. For the year ended March 31, 2018, a sick leave liability was calculated for 191 employees.

The accrued benefit obligation for accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefits for the year ended March 31, 2018, is based on an actuarial extrapolation for accounting purposes to March 31, 2018 (valuation date as of March 31, 2015).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

7. Employee future benefits (cont.)

(d) Employee future benefits (cont.)

(ii) Accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefits (cont.)

The actuarial extrapolation is based on assumptions about future events. The economic assumptions used in this extrapolation are the Board's best estimates of compensation increases of 3.75% per annum and discount rate of 3.3%. Other assumptions used in the extrapolation include estimates of expected termination rates, utilization rates and mortality rates.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed and assessed on a regular basis to ensure that the accounting assumptions take into account various changing conditions and reflect the Board's best estimate of expectations over the long term.

Experience gains or losses are amortized over 12 years, which is the estimated average remaining service life of active employees. The amortization amount will be included as an expense in the financial statements commencing in the year subsequent to the year in which the experience gain or loss arose.

(iii) Pension contributions

The Board and its employees contribute to the Public Service Pension Plan in accordance with the *Public Service Pensions Act*, 1991 (the Act). The plan is administered by Provident¹⁰, including payment of pension benefits to employees to whom the Act applies.

The plan provides a pension to employees based on their age at retirement, length of service and rates of pay. The maximum contribution rate for eligible employees was 11.85% (2017 - 11.85%). The Board's contributions equal the employees' contributions to the plan. Total Public Service Pension Plan expense for the Board for the year ended March 31, 2018, was \$396,051 (2017 - \$382,483).

Employees who do not qualify to participate in the Public Service Pension Plan (for example, part-time employees) participate in the Government Money Purchase Pension Plan (GMPP). The GMPP is a defined contribution plan which was established under the Government Money Purchase Pension Plan Act. Employees are required to contribute 5% of regular earnings which is matched by the Board. Employees may make additional voluntary contributions, however, the maximum amount for all contributions may not exceed the lesser of 18% of an employee's earnings and the maximum amount allowed as specified under the *Income Tax Act*. Total GMPP expense for the Board for the year ended March 31, 2018, was \$112,487 (2017 - \$118,073).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

8. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenues are set aside for specific purposes as required either by legislation, regulation or agreement. As at March 31, 2018, the Board reported the following:

	l:	Balance at beginning of year	Receipts during year	ansferred revenue	Balance at end of year
Provincial source revenue Other source revenue	\$	956,991 222	\$ 94,600 40,072	\$ 181,209 5,003	\$ 870,382 35,291
	\$	957,213	\$ 134,672	\$ 186,212	\$ 905,673

Deferred revenue relates to grants received for specific programs such as literacy initiatives and library book purchases, and renovations to local libraries which have not yet been spent for these purposes by the Board. These amounts will be recognized as revenue when the specific program expenses are incurred or the capital equipment is acquired.

9. Contractual obligations

The Board has entered into lease agreements for postal equipment and various rental properties throughout the Province. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2019	\$ 549,655
2020	460,691
2021	454,134
2022	411,972
2023	201,168
Thereafter	 1,693,165
	\$ 3,770,785

10. Obligation under capital lease

The Board acquired office furniture under the terms of a lease agreement ending January 31, 2022. There is no interest under the terms of the agreement and the Board will assume ownership at the end of the 10 year term.

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Obligation under capital lease	\$ 15,630	\$ 19,708

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

10. Obligation under capital lease (cont.)

Payments under this obligation for the next 4 years are as follows:

2019 2020	\$ 4,078
2021	4,078 4,078
2022	3,396
Total minimum lease nayments	\$ 15 630

11. Tangible capital assets

Original Cost

	Balance March 31,			Diamond	Balance March 31,
	2017	A	dditions	Disposal	s 2018
Land \$	285,907	\$	**	\$ -	\$ 285,907
Buildings	1,758,867		-		1,758,867
Building					
improvements	2,156,912		27,085	-	2,183,997
Furniture and					, .
equipment	1,858,938		35,226	1,35	9 1,892,805
Motor vehicles	225,416		23,284	23,02	5 225,675
Computer equipment	1,378,047		71,871	324,78	7 1,125,131
Software	168,688			•	168,688
Assets under					
capital lease	40,777			_	40,777
\$	7,873,552	\$	157,466	\$ 349,17	1 \$ 7,681,847

PROVINCIAL INFORMATION AND LIBRARY RESOURCES BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

11. Tangible capital assets (cont.)

Accumulated Amortization

	Balance March 31, 2017	Amortization	Disposals	Balance March 31, 2018	Net book value March 31, 2018	Net book value March 31, 2017
Land \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 285,907	\$ 285,907
Buildings Building	1,387,628	30,619	2	1,418,247	340,620	371,239
improvements Furniture and	1,523,384	138,299	¥	1,661,683	522,314	633,528
equipment	1,487,395	99,666	1,359	1,585,702	307,103	371,543
Motor vehicles Computer	178,015	17,466	23,025	172,456	53,219	47,401
equipment	1,294,429	80,138	324,787	1,049,780	75,351	83,618
Software Assets under	168,688	-	-	168,688	-	- %
capital lease	24,468	4,078		28,546	12,231	16,309
\$	6,064,007	\$ 370,266	\$ 349,171	\$ 6,085,102	\$ 1,596,745	\$ 1,809,545

12. Trusts under administration

Trust funds administered by the Board have not been included in the financial statements as expenditures of these funds are not controlled by the Board. The balances of funds held in trust are as follows:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Local libraries - deposits Provincial Territorial Public Library Council	\$ 119,798 83,200	\$ 116,723 73,003
	\$ 202,998	\$ 189,726

Funds raised by some local libraries have been deposited with the Board to cover the cost of wages for additional opening hours and for the purchase of books, periodicals and computers. The balance on deposit at March 31, 2018 consists of cash of \$28,518 (2017 - \$27,809), and 4,649 shares (2017 - 4,566 shares) of various Investor Group Mutual Funds held in trust for the St. John's Public Library Board which were donated to the Board. The carrying value of the mutual funds is recognized at \$91,280 (2017 - \$88,914), as determined by the average cost at the time the shares were acquired by the Board. The fair market value of these shares at March 31, 2018 was \$130,016 (2017 - \$126,178).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

12. Trusts under administration (cont.)

The Provincial/Territorial Public Library Council is a national public library group comprising the provincial/territorial public library directors or senior policy advisors whose mandate is to facilitate the coordination of cross-jurisdictional public-library initiatives and to act as a point of contact with national library organizations and the Federal government. The membership fees are paid annually into an account for operational support and special projects. The group has established guidelines regarding funding expenditures.

13. Related party transactions

Province of Newfoundland and Labrador

The Board receives grant funding from the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador. During the year, the Board received grants totaling \$11,375,300 (2017 - \$10,722,400). The Board recognized \$11,461,909 (2017 - \$11,101,882) in revenue from the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador.

14. Budget

The Board's budget is prepared on a cash basis. The 2018 budget expenses exceeded the Board's budgeted revenues and the expected difference would be funded from cash surpluses carried forward from prior years.

15. Donated acquisitions

Donated acquisitions are gifts of artwork, books, periodicals, DVDs and other library resources that the Board has received, and for which a tax receipt has been issued to the donor based on established rates per policy or an appraised value. Donated acquisitions are not reflected in the Board's financial statements. During the year, the Board issued receipts for non-cash donations of \$146,117 (2017 - \$157,197).

16. Financial risk management

The Board recognizes the importance of managing risks and this includes policies, procedures and oversight designed to reduce risks identified to an appropriate threshold. The Board is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk through its financial instruments. There was no significant change in the Board's exposure to these risks or its processes for managing these risks from the prior year.

PROVINCIAL INFORMATION AND LIBRARY RESOURCES BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2018

16. Financial risk management (cont.)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Board's main credit risk relates to cash and accounts receivable. The Board's maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amounts of these financial instruments. The Board is not exposed to significant credit risk with its cash because this financial instrument is held with a chartered bank. The Board is not exposed to significant credit risk related to its accounts receivable as it has policies and procedures for the monitoring and collection of its accounts receivable so as to mitigate potential credit losses. Any estimated impairment of these accounts receivable has been provided for through a provision for doubtful accounts. At the present time there is no provision for doubtful accounts as all amounts are considered collectible.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Board will be unable to meet its contractual obligations and financial liabilities. The Board manages liquidity risk by monitoring its cash flows and ensuring that it has sufficient resources available to meet its contractual obligations and financial liabilities. The Board's exposure to liquidity risk relates mainly to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities, obligation under capital lease and contractual obligations. The future minimum payments required from the Board in relation to its contractual obligations and obligation under capital lease are outlined in Notes 9 and 10 respectively.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency (foreign exchange) risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The Board is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk. The Board is not exposed to interest rate risk on its obligation under capital lease because it is non-interest bearing. In addition, the Board is not exposed to significant interest rate risk related to cash because of its nature.

The Board is exposed to other price risk on its portfolio investments (equity investments) as the investments are quoted in an active market in which share pricing can fluctuate. The Board's maximum other price risk is limited to the fair value of the shares as at March 31, 2018. As the Board's investment consists of 1,678 shares, any price fluctuation of \$1 to the quoted market price will result in an unrecognized gain or loss of \$1,678 for the Board.

PROVINCIAL INFORMATION AND LIBRARY RESOURCES BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2018

17. Expenses by Object

	2018 <u>Budget</u> (Note 14)	2018 <u>Actual</u>	2017 <u>Actual</u>
Amortization	\$ -	\$ 370,266	\$ 413,852
Books and Periodicals	902,500	893,565	907,408
Computerization of Libraries	355,000	307,116	255,461
Conference and Workshops	85,000	11,081	4,012
Early Literacy Program	•	138,636	86,188
Freight and Postage	58,750	32,049	35,186
Library Operations (Grants)	705,815	771,964	703,070
Insurance	76,630	74,037	67,564
Kinderstart Literacy Program	-	42,573	36,584
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	•	-	286
Miscellaneous	-	1,133	1,158
Office and Library Supplies	133,576	89,317	129,638
Professional Fees	35,000	21,499	46,774
Rental of Premises	360,669	356,590	356,591
Repairs and Maintenance	22,000	12,212	9,472
Salaries and Benefits	8,491,843	8,244,679	8,146,168
TD Summer Reading Program		4,781	-
Telephone	60,600	51,349	52,870
Travel	117,500	143,098	101,791
	\$ 11,404,883	\$ 11,565,945	\$ 11,354,073

18. Non-financial assets

The recognition and measurement of non-financial assets is based on their service potential. These assets will not provide resources to discharge liabilities of the Board. For non-financial assets, the future economic benefit consists of their capacity to render service to further the Board's objectives.

19. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to current year's presentation.

PROVINCIAL INFORMATION AND LIBRARY RESOURCES BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2018

20. Subsequent event

On May 31, 2018, the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador enacted legislation affecting severance pay for executives, managers, and non-management/non-union employees. Effective June 1, 2018 these non-union employees with at least one year of continuous service will be entitled to one week of salary for each complete year of service to a maximum of 20 weeks. The value of severance will be based on an employee's rate of pay as of May 31, 2018, and no additional severance will accrue beyond May 31, 2018. Employees may elect to receive all of their entitlement by March 31, 2019, or they may defer receiving their entitlement to a later date. The Board has included the impact of the legislation in the estimate of its severance pay liability for the year ended March 31, 2018.