## APPENDIX H

## A Method to Determine Manure Application Rates

 (Adapted from MWPS-18, Livestock Waste Facilities Handbook)* Please note this methodology takes into account residual nitrogen in the soil from manure applications for the three previous years.


## Section A. Manure Composition and Soil Information

## 1. Manure composition:

a. Values from chemical analysis of manure.

| Composition |  | Your Farm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Laboratory data are often given in ppm. | Total N |  |
| To convert ppm to percent, divide by | Ammonium N | $-\quad \%$ |
| 10,000. If composition data are not | Nitrate N | - |
| available, use Table H.1 or H.2. | $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ | $-\quad \%$ |
|  | $\mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $-\quad \%$ |

b. Determine the amount of each nutrient per ton of solid manure or per $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$. of liquid manure. If nutrient contents are given in percent:
! \% nutrient in manure x $20=\mathrm{lb}$ nutrients/ton; or,
! \% nutrient in manure x $100=\mathrm{lb}$ nutrients/1,000 gal. (e.g., $0.5 \%$ Total N $=10 \mathrm{lb} /$ ton or $42.5 \mathrm{lb} / 1,000 \mathrm{gal}$.).

| Composition | Example (Table H.2) | Your Farm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total N | $36 \mathrm{lb} / 1,000 \mathrm{gal}$. | lb/ |
| Ammonium $\mathrm{N}^{*}$ | $26 \mathrm{lb} / 1,000 \mathrm{gal}$. | lb/ |
| Nitrate ${ }^{*}$ * | - lb/ | _ lb/ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ | $27 \mathrm{lb} / 1,000 \mathrm{gal}$. | lb/ |
| $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | $22 \mathrm{lb} / \underline{1,000 \mathrm{gal} \text {. }}$ | lb/ |

* If only total N is determined, assume $50 \%$ ammonium N and $5 \%$ nitrate N .
N.B. Figures in Section A.1.b needs to be consistent with what's in Table H2. Also Section B - "Nutrient Needs of Crop" needs to have figures consistent with Table H.4.
N.B. Original report Tables J1- J4 should be I.1-I.4.

2. Soil information:

| Soil Information | Example | Your Soil |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Texture | Sandy loam |  |
| Soil pH | lb/acre | - |
| Available P |  |  |
| Exchangeable K | lb/acre |  |

## Section B. Nutrient Needs of Crop



## Section C. Annual Rate of Manure Application

1. Calculate amount of organic $\mathbf{N}$ in manure (either per ton or per $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ gal):
lb total $\mathrm{N}-(\mathrm{lb}$ ammonium $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{lb}$ nitrate N$)=\mathrm{lb}$ organic N

Example:
$36-(\underline{26}+\ldots \quad)=\underline{10} \mathrm{lb}$ organic $\mathrm{N} / \underline{1,000 \mathrm{gal} .}$
Your manure:
$\qquad$ - $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ ) $=$ $\qquad$ lb organic N/ $\qquad$
2. Calculate amount of organic $\mathbf{N}$ in manure made available the first year.
lb organic $\mathrm{N} /($ ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal}) \mathrm{x}$ mineralization factor $($ Table J .3$)=$ lb available organic $\mathrm{N} /$ (ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ )

Example:
$\xrightarrow{10} \times \underline{0.35}+\ldots 3.5 \mathrm{lb}$ available organic $\mathrm{N} / \underline{1,000 \mathrm{gal} .}$
Your farm:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ lb available organic $\mathrm{N} /$ $\qquad$
3. Calculate amount of plant-available $\mathbf{N}$ in manure (use either a or below).
a. Incorporated application of manure (assume $25 \%$ of ammonium N is lost by identification if knifed-in; assume no loss if immediately incorporated by other methods):

Available organic N (sec C.2) + [Ammonium N (Sec A.1.b) x 0.75] + Nitrate N (Sec A.1.b) $=\mathrm{lb}$ plant - available $\mathrm{N} /($ ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal})$

Example:
$\underline{3.5}+[\underline{26} \times 0.75]+\ldots=\underline{23} \mathrm{lb}$ available $\mathrm{N} / \underline{1,000 \mathrm{gal}}$.

Your farm:
$\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ x 0.75] + $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ lb available $\mathrm{N} /$ $\qquad$
b. Surface application of manure (assumes $50 \%$ of ammonium N is lost by ammonia volatilization):

Available organic N (Sec C.2) + [Ammonium N (Sec A.1.b) x 0.50] + Nitrate $\mathrm{N}(\operatorname{Sec} A .1 . \mathrm{b})=\mathrm{lb}$ plant-available $\mathrm{N} /($ ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal})$

Your farm:
$\qquad$ x 0.50] + lb available $\mathrm{N} /$
4. Adjust $\mathbf{N}$ fertilizer recommendation to account for residual $\mathbf{N}$ from manure applications in the last 3 years.
a. Manure applied to field 1 year ago (if none, proceed to $b$ ):
lb organic $\mathrm{N} /$ (ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ ) of manure x (mineralization factor x 0.50 ) x tons or 1,000 gals applied $/$ acre $=\mathrm{lb}$ residual $\mathrm{N} /$ acre

Example:
$\underline{10 \mathrm{lb} / 1,000 \mathrm{gal} \times(\underline{0.35} \times 0.50) \times \underline{6,000}=\underline{10.5} \mathrm{lb} \text { residual } \mathrm{N} / \text { acre } . ~}$

Your farm:
$\qquad$ x $\qquad$ x 0.50) x $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ lb residual $\mathrm{N} /$ acre
b. Manure applied to field 2 years ago (if none, proceed to c.):
lb organic $\mathrm{N} /$ (ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ ) or manure x (mineralization factor x 0.25 ) x tons
or $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ applied/acre $=\mathrm{lb}$ residual $\mathrm{N} /$ acre
Your farm:
$\qquad$ x $\qquad$ x 0.25) x $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ lb residual $\mathrm{N} /$ acre
c. Manure applied 3 years ago (if none, proceed to d.):
$\mathrm{lb} \mathrm{N} /$ (ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ ) of manure x (mineralization factor x 0.125 ) x tons or $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ applied/acre $=\mathrm{lb}$ residual $\mathrm{N} /$ acre

Your farm:
$\qquad$ $\mathrm{x}(\ldots \quad \mathrm{x} 0.125) \mathrm{x}$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ lb residual $\mathrm{N} /$ acre
d. Total residual N :

Sec C.4. $\mathrm{a}+\operatorname{Sec} \mathrm{C} .4 . \mathrm{b}+\operatorname{Sec} \mathrm{C} .4 . \mathrm{c}=$ total lb residual $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{acre}$

Example:
$10.5+\ldots+\ldots=10.5$ total lb residual $\mathrm{N} /$ acre

Your farm:
$\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ total lb residual $\mathrm{N} /$ acre
e. Adjust N requirement of crop:
lb N required by crop $(\operatorname{Sec} \mathrm{B})-\mathrm{lb}$ residual $\mathrm{N}($ Sec $\mathrm{C} .4 . \mathrm{d})=\mathrm{lb} \mathrm{N}$ required/acre
Example:
$100-10.5=\underline{89.5 \mathrm{lb} \mathrm{N} \text { required/acre }}$

Your farm:
$\qquad$ - $\qquad$ lb N required/acre
5. Annual manure applications based on amount of $\mathbf{N}$ required by crop:

Adjusted N required (Sec C.4.e) $\div \mathrm{lb}$ available $\mathrm{N} /$ (ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ ) (Sec C.3.a or C.3.b) $=$ tons of manure/acre or number of $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ units of manure/acre

Example:
$\underline{89.5} \div \underline{23}=3.891$ tons of manure/ac or 1,000 gal units of manure/ac

Your farm:
$\qquad$ $\div$ $\qquad$ tons of manure/ac or 1,000 gal units of manure/ac
6. Annual manure application based on amount of $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ required by crop:
$\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ required by crop $(\mathrm{Sec} \mathrm{B}) \div 1 \mathrm{~b}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} /($ ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal})($ Sec A.1.b) $=$ tons manure/acre or number of $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ units of manure/acre

Example:
$\underline{55} \div \underline{27 / \mathrm{lb} / 1,000 \mathrm{gal}}=\underline{2.037}$ tons of manure/ac or $1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ units of manure/ac
Your farm:
$\ldots-$ $\qquad$ tons of manure/ac or 1,000 gal units of manure/ac
7. Select annual rate of manure to be applied. If manure is to supply all N and $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ needs of the crop, select the HIGHER of the two values (Sec C. 5 or Sec C.6) as your application rate per acre. If your aim is to maximize use of nutrients in animal manure, select the LOWER of the two values, then supplement with commercial fertilizer to supply the remainder of the nutrients required by the crop.

Rate of manure to be applied is:
Example:
$\underline{2.037}$ tons of manure/acre

Your farm:
$\qquad$ tons of manure/acre

## Section D. Additional Fertilizer Required

1. Nitrogen (do not complete if manure rate selected in Sec C. 7 supplies all of the required N).
a. Available N added in manure:

Tons or 1,000 gal units of manure added/acre (Sec C.7) x lb available $\mathrm{N} /($ ton or 1,000
gal) $($ Sec C.3.a or C.3.b $)=\mathrm{lb}$ available N applied

Example:
$\underline{2.037} \times \underline{23 \mathrm{lb} / 1,000 \mathrm{gal}}=\underline{46.9 \mathrm{lb}}$ available N applied

Your farm:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ = $\qquad$ available N applied
b. Additional fertilizer N required:

Adjusted N requirement (Sec C.4.e) -lb N applied (D.1.a) $=\mathrm{lb}$ fertilizer N required Example:
$\underline{89.5}-\underline{46.9}=\underline{42.6} \mathrm{lb}$ fertilizer N
Your farm:
$\qquad$

$\qquad$ lb fertilizer N
2. Phosphorus (do not complete if manure rate selected in Sec C. 7 supplies all of the required amount of $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ added in manure:

Tons or 1,000 gal units of manure/acre (Sec C.7) x lb $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} /($ ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal})$ (Sec A.1.b) $=\mathrm{lb} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ applied

Your farm:
$\qquad$ x $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ lb $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ applied
b. Additional fertilizer $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ required:
 Your farm:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ lb fertilizer $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ required

## 3. Potassium:

a. $\quad \mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ added in manure:

Tons or 1,000 gal units of manure/acre (Sec C.7) x lb $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O} /($ ton or $1,000 \mathrm{gal})$ (Sec A.1.b) $=1 b \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ applied

Example:
$\underline{2.037} \times \underline{22 \mathrm{lb} / 1,000}=\underline{44.8 \mathrm{lb} \mathrm{K}} \mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ added
Your farm:
$\qquad$ x $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ lb $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ added
b. Additional $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ required:
$\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ required by crop $(\mathrm{Sec} \mathrm{B})-\mathrm{lb} \mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ applied $(\mathrm{Sec} \mathrm{D} .3 . \mathrm{a})=\mathrm{lb}$ fertilizer $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ required Example:
$\underline{250}-\underline{44.8}=\underline{205.2} \mathrm{lb}$ fertilizer $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ required
Your farm:
$\qquad$ - $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ lb fertilizer $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ required

TABLE H. 1
Nutrients in Solid Manure at the Time of Land Application

| Species | Bedding or Litter | Dry <br> Matter | $\underset{\mathbf{m ~ N}}{\text { Ammoniu }}$ | Total N | $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \% | lb/ton manure |  |  |  |
| Poultry | No | 45 | 26 | 33 | 48 | 34 |
|  | Yes | 75 | 36 | 56 | 45 | 34 |
|  | Deep Pit | 76 | 44 | 68 | 64 | 45 |
| Turkey | No | 22 | 17 | 27 | 20 | 17 |
|  | Yes | 29 | 13 | 20 | 16 | 13 |

Source: MWPS-18, Livestock Waste Facilities Handbook.

TABLE H. 2
Nutrients in Liquid Manure at the Time of Land Application

| Species | Waste <br> Handling | Dry <br> Matter | Ammoniu <br> m N | Total N | $\mathbf{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ | $\mathbf{K}_{2} \mathbf{O}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  |  | \% | lb/ton manure |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Poultry | Liquid Pit | 13 | 64 | 80 | 36 | 96 |

Source: MWPS-18, Livestock Waste Facilities Handbook.

TABLE H. 3

Amount of Nitrogen Mineralized or Released from Organic Nitrogen Forms in Manure to Plant Available

Forms During the Growing Season

| Manure Type | Manure Handling | Mineralization Factor |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Poultry | Deep pit | 0.45 |
|  | Solid with litter | 0.30 |
|  | Solid without litter | 0.35 |

TABLE H. 4

Estimated Removal of Plant Nutrients By Various Crops

|  |  | Kilograms per hectare |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crop | D.M. Yield <br> (t/ha) | Nitrogen <br> $\mathbf{N}$ | Phosphorus <br> $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{2}} \mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{5}}$ | Potassium <br> $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{2}} \mathbf{O}$ | Calcium <br> $\mathbf{C a}$ | Magnesium <br> $\mathbf{M g}$ |  |
| Oat Grain | 3.1 | 56 | 22 | 17 | 3 | 4 |  |
| Oat Straw | 4.5 | 28 | 11 | 67 | 9 | 10 |  |
| Barley Grain | 3.2 | 56 | 28 | 17 | 2 | 3 |  |
| Barley Straw | 3.4 | 22 | 11 | 50 | 13 | 3 |  |
| Wheat Grain | 2.7 | 56 | 28 | 17 | 1 | 7 |  |
| Wheat Straw | 3.4 | 22 | 5 | 39 | 7 | 3 |  |
| Corn Silage | 12.3 | 112 | 56 | 151 | 12 | 21 |  |
| Alfalfa Hay | 8.9 | 213 | 50 | 275 | 132 | 27 |  |
| Timothy Hay | 8.9 | 151 | 39 | 163 | 20 | 11 |  |
| Red Clover Hay | 8.9 | 168 | 39 | 179 | 121 | 29 |  |

Source: Atlantic Provinces Field Crop Guide.

