



BYRON BAY

A map of the present area was published uncoloured with an accompanying report (Gower, 1981), which superseded an article by Gower (1980). Most of the present map is based on investigations carried out in 1979, but additional field data were collected in subsequent visits. The map incorporates field data collected by Stevenson (1970) and Owen (1985), making use of original field notes recorded by W. Stevenson and associates, and basic material of J.V. Owen. Gower's (1981) map and report embedded follow-up examination of stained slabs and petrographic thin sections. U-Pb geochronological results (Krogh et al., 2002; Nd-Sm isochron data (Brooks, 1982; Owen, 1985; Owen et al., 1988), K-Ar isochron data (Goswami et al., 1972; Owen et al., 1985) and palaeontological sites (Park and Gower, 1998) are shown. Localities designated as mineral occurrences are based mostly on observations made during the 1979 field season, but include earlier reported discoveries (see Mineral Occurrence Table, current to 2009).

Since the previous map was published, interpretation for the region has evolved, so there are some differences between the current and previous versions of this map, particularly in the southeast part of the map, where the mapping of Owen (1985) has been incorporated. Unit modification is partly related to a compilation approach applied to the whole of eastern Labrador, but border regions of the map have been revised as a result of data integration with additional map areas. Geological boundaries are poorly controlled, especially away from shorelines, and have been extrapolated using structural observations, regional aeromagnetic data and topographic trends. Data station sites have been digitized from where originally located on aerial photographs or (rarely) on topographic maps, so reliability of location is likely mostly dependent on initial plotting accuracy.

As is characteristic of metamorphic and palaeozoic terranes, individual outcrops may be very complex, and embody several different rock types. Generally, the unit polygons depicted are based on what was judged to be the dominant rock type present, but this approach was not universally followed, due to the existence of specific situations, such as the need to emphasize minor rock types deemed to have high significance. All rock types recorded from any individual outcrop may be determined by consulting the Unit description, listing for that locality given in the digital database. The user is alerted to the fact that, in the digital database, no attempt has been made to reconcile rock names applied to field outcrops - versus those applied to stained slabs, or petrographic thin sections. Differences in nomenclature, however, more refined identifications, but other names may apply, such as the sample (or thin section) not being representative of its source material. Unit designator and program labels applied are based on an awareness of such factors.

Recommended citation
Gower, C.F., 2010. Geology of the Byron Bay area (NTS sheets 131/11, 12 and 13), eastern Labrador. Geological Survey of Canada, Department of Natural Resources, Government of Newfoundland and Labrador, Map 2010-04, Open File 013/0027.

Geological Survey by T. Paltravac, Cartographic Unit, Geological Survey, Department of Natural Resources.

Digital NTS base maps (NTS 131/11, 12 and 13) used for this map are available from Surveys and Mapping Branch, Natural Resources Canada.

Magnetic declination at 54° 30' N, 58° 00' W at the start of 2010 was 23° 33' W.
Elevations are in feet above sea level. Contour interval is 80 feet (131/11 and 13).
UTM (Universal Transverse Mercator) Grid Zone 21, NAD 83 North American Datum 83.

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Copies of this map may be obtained from the Geoscience Publications and Information Section, Geological Survey, Mines Branch, Department of Natural Resources, Government of Newfoundland and Labrador, P.O. Box 8700, St. John's, NL, A1B 4X8, Canada. Email: gip@gnr.gov.ca.

NOTE: Map 2010-04 is one of twenty-five maps on the geology of the Grenville Province in eastern Labrador and adjacent eastern Makovik Province produced by the Geological Survey, Mines Branch, Department of Natural Resources, Government of Newfoundland and Labrador.

Mines Branch website: <http://www.gov.nl.ca/mines/index.html>.

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MINERAL OCCURRENCE DATA SOURCES

Inventory No.	Map Area	State	Locality	Reference
21317P/2001	Py	Indication	47415	602619 (GSM, field notes, CO79-27)
21317C/2001	Py	Indication	48140	602619 (GSM, field notes, CO79-27)
21317C/2001	Py	Shawag	46310	603790 (Hwan (1960))
21317P/2001	Py	Indication	44956	604813 (Stevenson (1970), report, SG-88-081)
21317C/2001	Cu	Indication	43647	607798 (GSM, field notes, CO79-25)
21317P/2001	Py	Indication	44957	607798 (GSM, field notes, CO79-25)
21317P/2001	Py	Indication	44991	607469 (GSM, field notes, CO79-25)
21317P/2001	Py	Indication	44993	607464 (GSM, field notes, CO79-25)

ISOTOPIC DATA SOURCES

Author	Reference	Samples
U-Pb	Krogh et al. (2002)	CG92-066A, CG92-066B, CG92-066C, V192, V333
Nd-Sm	Krogh and Fryer (1984)	AKC-20, AKC-21
Rb-Sr	Brooks (1982)	CBL-340A, CBL-341, CBL-342, CBL-343, CBL-344, CBL-347, CBL-348, CBL-349, CBL-350, 640054, 640056, 640194
Rb-Sr	Owen (1985)	V178-1, V241, V207-E, V207-W, V207-V
Rb-Sr	Owen et al. (1988)	V119-1, V119-1b, V119-2, V192, V205-1, V205-2, V205-3, V331-1, V340, V341-1, V341-2, V347, V358, V340, V342, V192, V357
K-Ar	Goswami et al. (1989)	1170, 155A, 155B, 1698, 1699
K-Ar	Wanless et al. (1972)	CS701-138
K-Ar	Owen et al. (1988)	V776, V777, V774

ISOTOPIC DATA

U-Pb Geochronology	Nd-Sm Geochronology	Rb-Sr Geochronology	K-Ar Geochronology
Sample number Rock type Mineral Emplacement age Ante-/isothermal age Metamorphism/Deformation/Contact/Unroofed Pb loss age	Sample number Rock type Isotopic value Displaced mantle age Age of rock (7 age inferred)	Sample number Rock type Initial Sr ratio calculated from time t Age of rock (7 age inferred)	Sample number Rock type Biotite Hornblende Muscovite Whole rock Total gas age

MINERAL OCCURRENCE ABBREVIATIONS

Symbol	Mineral	Symbol	Mineral
And	Andalusite	Qtz	Quartz
Au	Gold	Py	Pyrite
Clay	Clay	Pyx	Pyroxene
Ch	Chromite	Pl	Plagioclase
Co	Copper	Pz	Pyrite
Cr	Chromite	Sp	Sphalerite
Fe	Fe-tal	St	Staurolite
Fl	Fluorite	Ss	Sillite
Grt	Garnet	Tm	Tourmaline
Il	Ilmenite	Tn	Tennantite
Lm	Linneboite	Tp	Topyrochlore
Li	Lithium	Tr	Triphylite
Mo	Molybdenite	U	Uranium
Mn	Muscovite	V	Vanadium
Nept	Nephteline	Zn	Zinc
Ni	Nickel	Zr	Zirconium
Pb	Lead		
Pb	Plumbum		
Py	Pyrite		
Pyx	Pyroxene		
Pl	Plagioclase		
Sp	Sphalerite		
St	Staurolite		
Ss	Sillite		
Tm	Tourmaline		
Tn	Tennantite		
Tp	Topyrochlore		
Tr	Triphylite		
U	Uranium		
V	Vanadium		
Zn	Zinc		
Zr	Zirconium		
	Occurrence assumed but visually suspect		

SYMBOLS

Symbol	Description
Geological contact	-----
Normal fault	-----
Strike-slip fault	-----
Thrust fault	-----
Normal fault reactivating thrust	-----
Fault (sense of movement unknown, distal, sinistral, normal)	-----
Joint	-----
Linear fabric (1st, 2nd, 3rd generation)	-----
Fold axis (1st, 2nd, 3rd generation)	-----
Structural data station	-----
Geological data station	-----
Geological data station (no fabric measured)	-----
Banding (dips known, unknown)	-----
Erosion	-----
Foliation (1st, 2nd, 3rd generation)	-----
Chloritoid (1st, 2nd generation)	-----
Unconformity	-----
Vertical structures see 80° dip value	-----
Unconformity (type known, unknown)	-----
Unconformity	-----
Shear zone (sense of movement unknown, distal, sinistral, normal)	-----

NOTE:

All mineral occurrence and structural symbols do not appear on each map.

Vertical structures see 80° dip value.

* Generation of structure only applicable at observation site.

PALEOMAGNETIC DATA

Mineral occurrence	Symbol
Mineral occurrence	X
Reference source	k
Geochronology location	p
	q

DEVONIAN (?)

SD Sandwich Bay and Belle Harbour dykes

EARLY CAMBRIAN

Fouquier Formation

Brook Formation (subdivided into L'Anse-au-Clair, Crow Head and Blanc-Sablon members)

NEOPROTEROZOIC - EARLY CAMBRIAN

Lighthouse Cove Formation

Bateau Formation

NEOPROTEROZOIC

Ndm Double Mer Formation

Ngi Gilbert arkose

Nsb Sandwich Bay conglomerate

LATE MESOPROTEROZOIC (M, 1200 - 900 Ma)

LATE POST-GRENVILLAN INTRUSIONS (M₂, ca. 975 - 955 Ma)
e.g. **Chelsea Pond Granite**

M₂cp Massive to weakly foliated megacrystic/porphyritic granite to quartz monzonite

M₂g Massive to weakly foliated granite to alkali-feldspar granite

M₂h Massive to weakly foliated leucogabbro to leucotrite

M₂mh Massive to weakly foliated monzogabbro and monzonite

M₂mq Massive to weakly foliated quartz monzonite, mantled feldspar textures

M₂nz Massive to weakly foliated monzonite to monzodiorite

M₂qy Massive to weakly foliated syenite, quartz syenite and alkali-feldspar quartz syenite

M₂d Unnamed mafic dykes

EARLY POST-GRENVILLAN INTRUSIONS (M₁, ca. 985 - 975 Ma)
e.g. **Beaver Brook and Pictou Pond plutons**

M₁cp Massive to weakly foliated granite to alkali-feldspar granite

M₁g Massive to moderately foliated granite to alkali-feldspar granite

M₁h Massive to moderately foliated leucogabbro to leucotrite

M₁mh Massive to moderately foliated monzogabbro to monzonite

M₁mq Weakly to moderately foliated monzonite to quartz monzonite

M₁nz Weakly to moderately foliated monzonite to monzodiorite

M₁qy Weakly to moderately foliated syenite, quartz syenite and alkali-feldspar quartz syenite

M₁d L'Anse-au-Clair, York Point, Gilbert Bay mafic dykes

M₁g Foliated to gneissic granite and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

M₁h Foliated to gneissic granite and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

M₁mh Moderately to strongly foliated megacrystic/porphyritic granitoid to quartz diorite

M₁mq Moderately to strongly foliated megacrystic/porphyritic granitoid to quartz diorite

M₁nz Moderately to strongly foliated granite to alkali-feldspar granite

M₁qy Moderately to strongly foliated syenite, quartz syenite and alkali-feldspar quartz syenite

M₁d Unnamed mafic dykes (Makkovik Province and adjacent Grenville Province)

PRE-GRENVILLAN INTRUSIONS (M₀, ca. 1200 - 1085 Ma)
e.g. **Gilbert Bay pluton**

M₀cp Weakly to strongly foliated granite

M₀mh Weakly to strongly foliated monzonite to monzodiorite

MIDDLE MESOPROTEROZOIC (M, 1350 - 1200 Ma)
e.g. **Upper North River intrusion**

M₀cp Weakly to strongly foliated granite and alkali-feldspar granite

M₀g Weakly to strongly foliated gabbro, norite and troctolite

M₀qy Weakly to strongly foliated syenite, quartz syenite and alkali-feldspar quartz syenite

M₀d Mafic dykes, includes Michael Gabbro

LATE MESOPROTEROZOIC (M, 1600 - 1350 Ma)
e.g. **Upper Paradise River, Kyanite Lake and 13B12 intrusions, and Michael Gabbro**

M₀cp Massive to weakly foliated monzonite to monzodiorite

M₀g Moderately to strongly foliated monzonite to quartz monzonite

M₀h Moderately to strongly foliated monzonite to quartz monzonite

M₀mh Moderately to strongly foliated monzonite to quartz monzonite

M₀mq Moderately to strongly foliated monzonite to quartz monzonite

M₀nz Massive to strongly foliated gabbro, norite and troctolite, commonly layered, subophitic and locally coritic; includes recrystallized derivatives retaining igneous textures

M₀qy Massive, weakly or strongly foliated ultramafic rocks, commonly layered and locally showing cumulate textures

M₀qz Moderately to strongly foliated syenite and quartz syenite

M₀d Mafic dykes, includes Michael Gabbro

LATE PALEOPROTEROZOIC AND EARLY MESOPROTEROZOIC (PM 1800 - 1350 Ma)
(Ages generally unknown, but ca. 1650 Ma and 1500 - 1470 Ma rocks identified)

RECYCLED LEUCOGABBRO ROCKS

P₁cp Foliated to gneissic granite, granite and quartz syenite

P₁g Foliated to gneissic granite and alkali-feldspar granite, and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

P₁h Foliated to gneissic megacrystic/porphyritic granitoid rocks, augen gneiss

P₁mh Foliated to gneissic quartz monzonite, grading into diorite or syenite, and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

P₁mq Moderately to strongly foliated monzonite to monzodiorite

P₁nz Massive to strongly foliated gabbro, norite and troctolite, commonly layered, subophitic and locally coritic; includes recrystallized derivatives retaining igneous textures

P₁qy Moderately to strongly foliated syenite and quartz syenite

P₁qz Foliated to gneissic granite and alkali-feldspar granite, and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

P₁d Mafic dykes, includes Michael Gabbro

PRE-LABRADORIAN GRANITOID AND MAFIC INTRUSIONS (P₀, 1600 - 1650 Ma)
e.g. **White Bear Arm complex and Sand Hill Big Pond intrusion**

P₀cp Massive to strongly foliated anorthositic amphibolite, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀g Massive to strongly foliated anorthositic and leucocratic gabbro, norite, commonly layered, subophitic and locally coritic

P₀h Primary textured to recrystallized leucotrite and leucogabbro, coritic locally

P₀mh Massive, weakly or strongly foliated ultramafic rocks, commonly layered and locally showing cumulate textures

P₀mq Massive, weakly or strongly foliated ultramafic rocks, commonly layered and locally showing cumulate textures

P₀nz Massive, weakly or strongly foliated ultramafic rocks, commonly layered and locally showing cumulate textures

P₀qy Weakly foliated to gneissic amphibolite and mafic granules, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀qz Weakly foliated to gneissic amphibolite and mafic granules, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀d Unnamed mafic dykes

EARLY LABRADORIAN ANORTHOSITIC AND MAFIC INTRUSIONS (P₀, 1600 - 1650 Ma)
e.g. **White Bear Arm complex and Sand Hill Big Pond intrusion**

P₀cp Massive to strongly foliated anorthositic amphibolite, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀g Massive to strongly foliated anorthositic and leucocratic gabbro, norite, commonly layered, subophitic and locally coritic

P₀h Primary textured to recrystallized leucotrite and leucogabbro, coritic locally

P₀mh Massive, weakly or strongly foliated ultramafic rocks, commonly layered and locally showing cumulate textures

P₀mq Massive, weakly or strongly foliated ultramafic rocks, commonly layered and locally showing cumulate textures

P₀nz Massive, weakly or strongly foliated ultramafic rocks, commonly layered and locally showing cumulate textures

P₀qy Weakly foliated to gneissic amphibolite and mafic granules, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀qz Weakly foliated to gneissic amphibolite and mafic granules, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀d Unnamed mafic dykes

EARLY LABRADORIAN GRANITOID AND ASSOCIATED ROCKS (P₀, 1710 - 1660 Ma)
e.g. **Alaska River anorthositic (assigned here although age is uncertain)**

P₀cp Foliated to gneissic diorite to quartz diorite, and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss; in part derived from leucogabbroites

P₀g Foliated to gneissic granitoid and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

P₀h Foliated to gneissic megacrystic/porphyritic granitoid rocks, augen gneiss

P₀mh Foliated to gneissic quartz monzonite, grading into diorite or syenite, and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

P₀mq Moderately to strongly foliated megacrystic/porphyritic granitoid to quartz diorite

P₀nz Moderately to strongly foliated granite to alkali-feldspar granite, and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

P₀qy Moderately to strongly foliated syenite, quartz syenite and alkali-feldspar quartz syenite

P₀qz Moderately to strongly foliated syenite, quartz syenite and alkali-feldspar quartz syenite

P₀d Unnamed mafic dykes

PRE-LABRADORIAN GRANITOID AND ASSOCIATED ROCKS (ca. 1678 and 1671 Ma)
e.g. **Nevelink Island and Red Island events**

P₀cp Foliated to gneissic diorite to quartz diorite, and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss; in part derived from leucogabbroites

P₀g Foliated to gneissic granitoid and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

P₀h Foliated to gneissic megacrystic/porphyritic granitoid rocks, augen gneiss

P₀mh Foliated to gneissic quartz monzonite, grading into diorite or syenite, and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

P₀mq Moderately to strongly foliated megacrystic/porphyritic granitoid to quartz diorite

P₀nz Moderately to strongly foliated granite to alkali-feldspar granite, and compositionally equivalent well-banded gneiss

P₀qy Moderately to strongly foliated syenite, quartz syenite and alkali-feldspar quartz syenite

P₀qz Moderately to strongly foliated syenite, quartz syenite and alkali-feldspar quartz syenite

P₀d Unnamed mafic dykes

PRE-LABRADORIAN SUPRACRUSTAL ROCKS (P₀, 1800 - 1710 Ma)
e.g. **Upper Paradise River, Kyanite Lake and 13B12 intrusions, and Michael Gabbro**

P₀cp Massive to weakly foliated anorthositic to leucogabbroites, indistinctly layered in places

P₀g Quartzite, meta-arkose, thin to thick bedded

P₀h Quartz-feldspar psammitic schist and gneiss; medium grained and commonly rusty-weathering

P₀mh Metasedimentary diastase; coarse grained to pegmatitic and characteristically associated with psammite gneiss and quartzite

P₀nz Foliated to gneissic amphibolite and mafic granules, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀qy Foliated to gneissic amphibolite and mafic granules, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀qz Foliated to gneissic amphibolite and mafic granules, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀d Unnamed mafic dykes

PRE-LABRADORIAN GRANITOID ROCKS (P₀, 1800 - 1710 Ma)
e.g. **Upper Paradise River, Kyanite Lake and 13B12 intrusions, and Michael Gabbro**

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P₀qz Foliated to gneissic amphibolite and mafic granules, plus leucocratic and melanocratic variants

P₀d Unnamed mafic dykes

SEDIMENTARY PROTOLITH

P₀cp Calc-silicate rocks, compositionally layered, medium grained

P₀g Fine to medium-grained pelitic schist and gneiss

P₀h Quartzite, meta-arkose, thin to thick bedded

P₀mh Quartz-feldspar psammitic schist and gneiss; medium grained and commonly rusty-weathering

P₀nz Metasedimentary diastase; coarse grained to pegmatitic and characteristically associated with psammite gneiss and quartzite

P₀qy Fine to medium-grained, banded quartzofeldspathic rocks; locally have lensoid shapes, possibly indicating felsic volcanoclastic protolith

P₀qz Fine to medium-grained, banded quartzofeldspathic rocks; locally have lensoid shapes, possibly indicating felsic volcanoclastic protolith

P₀d Felsic volcanic porphyry interpreted to be hydrothermal

Volcanic protolith

P₀cp Fine to medium-grained, banded quartzofeldspathic rocks; locally have lensoid shapes, possibly indicating felsic volcanoclastic protolith

P₀g Fine to medium-grained, banded quartzofeldspathic rocks; locally have lensoid shapes, possibly indicating felsic volcanoclastic protolith

P₀h Fine to medium-grained, banded quartzofeldspathic rocks; locally have lensoid shapes, possibly indicating felsic volcanoclastic protolith

P₀mh Fine to medium-grained, banded quartzofeldspathic rocks; locally have lensoid shapes, possibly indicating felsic volcanoclastic protolith

P₀nz Fine to medium-grained, banded quartzofeldspathic rocks; locally have lensoid shapes, possibly indicating felsic volcanoclastic protolith

P₀qy Fine to medium-grained, banded quartzofeldspathic rocks; locally have lensoid shapes, possibly indicating felsic volcanoclastic protolith

P₀qz Fine to medium-grained, banded quartzofeldspathic rocks; locally have lensoid shapes, possibly indicating felsic volcanoclastic protolith

P₀d Felsic volcanic porphyry interpreted to be hydrothermal

MAFIC AND ASSOCIATED INTRUSIVE ROCKS

P₀cp Amphibolite skarns, lenses and layers (mainly remnants of former dykes)

P₀g Amphibolite skarns, lenses and layers (mainly remnants of former dykes)

P₀h Massive to strongly foliated gabbro and norite, commonly layered, subophitic and locally coritic

P₀mh Unnamed mafic dykes

P₀nz Unnamed mafic dykes

SEDIMENTARY PROTOLITH

P₀cp Calc-silicate rocks, compositionally layered, medium grained

P₀g Fine to medium-grained pelitic schist and gneiss

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