

Crude Price Report - For the Period November 24, 2010 to November 30, 2010

Sources/Notes:

1. West Texas Intermediate and Brent Crude prices are spot prices as reported weekly by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) of the Department of Energy (DOE) in the United States

2. Inventory stocks are reported weekly by the EIA and include all inventories held with "primary" enterprises such as refiners and wholesalers of crude. Secondary and tertiary inventories held by retailers or end users are not included. Crude stocks include all unrefined crude; gasoline stocks include all grades of gasoline; and distillate stocks include all grades of distillates (including home heating fuel and diesel fuel).

3. Annual and monthly average prices for spot WTI and Brent crude from 2003 to 2010 are simple averages calculated from daily prices as reported by EIA.

for West Texas Intermediate was up by \$3.03 week-over-week, at averaging \$85.31. For date November 25, no data was reported

▶ WTI began the period at \$83.21, ending higher at \$84.12 on November 30. Brent prices began the period at \$84.53, ending

ncreased from the previous period with WTI up \$0.10 to \$78.55.

▶ US crude oil stocks increased by 1.066 million bbls this period. The days of crude supply remained unchanged from the pervious

damage to a pipeline disrupted Nigerian exports and several other oil producers trimmed deliveries. Supply from OPEC with output targets (all except Iraq) averaged 26.70 million barrels per day (mbpd) this November, down from 26.79 mbpd in October. The Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Qatar and Angola. OPEC has stabilize prices. On October 14, the cartel left its output targets unchanged, maintaining a deal agreed in December 2008 when it imposed a record supply cut of 4.2 mbpd. The 11 members bound by the OPEC output agreement met 56% of their promised supply

▶ On November 30, CBC News reported that the National Energy meeting with territorial and federal leaders in the North. Gaetan Caron, chair of the federal regulator, met privately with Northwest devolution and the oil companies that are eager to start drilling. The Energy Minister told the board the North lacks ports and frontline emergency assistance, which are integral to the kind of drilling under consideration. The review is expected to last several months, but three major oil companies are waiting to move on millions of dollars in exploration leases. Imperial Oil, ExxonMobil and BP have formed a joint venture to explore offshore areas for which they secured leases in 2007 and 2008. Imperial Oil officials have said that no exploration work will be planned until after the energy board has finished its review. Imperial Oil has committed to spending \$585 million drilling in the Beaufort Sea. Under the terms of the nine-year exploration licence, the company must drill at least one well by October 2013 or face a penalty of more than \$100 million.

Government of Newfoundland and Labrador **Department of Natural Resources** Energy Branch **Energy Economics Division**

