

2. Inventory stocks are reported weekly by the EIA and include all inventories held with "primary" enterprises such as refiners and wholesalers of crude. Secondary

and tertiary inventories held by retailers or end users are not included. Crude stocks include all unrefined crude; gasoline stocks include all grades of gasoline; and

4. Sources for the World Oil Demand and Supply Outlooks are from the International Energy Agency (IEA) Oil Market Report, the OPEC Monthly Oil Market Report

3. Annual and monthly average prices for spot WTI and Brent crude from 2005 to 2012 are simple averages calculated from daily prices as reported by EIA.

distillate stocks include all grades of distillates (including home heating fuel and diesel fuel).

and the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) Short-Term Energy Outlook.

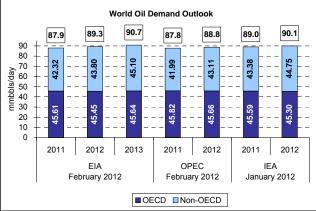
6. OPEC supply includes inventory stock draws and OPEC NGL's and condensate.

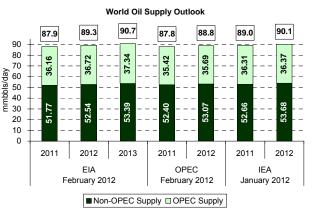
5. Totals may not add due to independent rounding.

► The outlooks expect world oil demand to increase by approximately 0.7 to 0.9 million barrels per day (mmbbls/day) in 2011, between 1.0 to 1.3 mmbbls/day in 2012 and 1.5 mmbbls/day in 2013 (EIA only for 2013).

▶ The outlooks expect for non-OPEC oil supply in 2011 to range from a decrease of 0.02 mmbbls/day to an increase of 0.1 mmbbls/day. In 2012, the outlooks expect non-OPEC supply to increase between 0.7 to 1.0 mmbbls/day and in 2013 increase by 0.9 mmbbls/day (EIA only for 2013).

► The outlooks expect OPEC oil supply to increase by approximately 0.6 to 0.8 mmbbls/day in 2011, between 0.1 to 0.6 mmbbls/day in 2012 and 0.6





Government of Newfoundland and Labrador Department of Natural Resources Energy Branch **Energy Economics Division** 

