PRELIMINARY ORDOVICIAN TRILOBITE BIOSTRATIGRAPHY OF THE EDDIES COVE WEST - PORT AU CHOIX AREA, WESTERN NEWFOUNDLAND

bу

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INTRODUCTION

The Cambrian-Ordovician carbonate deposits of the Great Northern Peninsula are the object of a continuing regional taxonomic-biostratigraphic study aimed at correlating western Newfoundland trilobite faunas with the standard Cambrian and Ordovician trilobite zonal schemes of North America (Palmer, 1977; Ross, 1951; Hintze, 1953). This report focusses on new Ordovician trilobite collections obtained by the author in September 1982 while acting as field assistant to Knight (this volume), who measured detailed lithostratigraphic sections in the Eddies Cove West - Port au Choix area. Close to one hundred fossiliferous horizons were sampled for trilobites. The information obtained by the author expands, updates and modifies the work of Boyce (1978, 1979, in preparation) and Fortey (1979) and allows their respective biostratigraphic sections to be linked for the first time. In addition, the faunal gap recorded by Boyce (1978, 1979, in preparation) at Boat Harbour is now shown to be recognizable at Eddies Cove West as well.

LITHOSTRATIGRAPHY

See Knight (this volume) for a detailed discussion of the lithostratigraphy. Of interest here are Ordovician rock units belonging to the Boat Harbour, Catoche and Aguathuna Formations (Units 6, 7 and 8, Knight, this volume) of the St. George Group.

BIOSTRATIGRAPHY - THE SEQUENCE OF TRILOBITE FAUNAS

Unit 6

Along the coast south of Squid Cove and north of Fish Point, beds assigned to Unit 6 have yielded the trilobite Hystricurus oculilumatus Ross (1951) in association with rare straight cephalopods and the planispiral gastropod Lecanospira. Hystricurus oculilumatus Ross and Lecanospira have also been obtained from a roadside quarry along the Viking Trail, 4 km north of the junction with the road to Port Saunders.

At Fish Point, Unit 6a has yielded the trilobites *Parahystricurus* cf. *P. carinatus* Ross (1951) and *?Paraplethopeltis* sp.. The species *Parahystricurus carinatus* Ross occurs in the Early Ordovician Ross-Hintze Zone E in Utah (Ross, 1951).

In the vicinity of Eddies Cove West at Old Man Cove, an incompletely exposed dolomitized interval occurs near the top of Unit 6b. In the equivalent sequence at Barbace Point, Port au Choix Peninsula, Knight (this volume) has identified two sequences that contain numerous white to vitreous blue quartz- lined spherical vugs. A solution surface has also been identified at the top of the second sequence. This dolomitized interval is believed to be stratigraphically equivalent to that in Boat Harbour containing the "pebble bed" disconformity of Knight (1977, 1978, 1980), Boyce (1978, 1979, in preparation) and Stouge and Boyce (in press).

In Eddies Cove West, twenty-one fossiliferous horizons were sampled in Unit 6b below the Old Man Cove dolomitized interval. The following trilobites were obtained: Hustricurus sp. nov. 1 preparation), "Parain (Boyce, bellefontia" sp. (Boyce, in preparation), Hystricurus oculilunatus Ross, Parahystricurus sp. nov. (Boyce, in preparation), Leiostegium sp. nov. (Boyce, in preparation), Tesselacauda cf. T. depressa Ross sensu Demeter (1973), Paraplethopeltis seelyi (Whit-

field, 1889), Hystricurus sp. nov. 2 and Huperbolochilus sp. nov. (Boyce, in preparation). Associated with these trilobites were brachiopods (Diaphcephalopods elasma, orthids), (Bassleroceras), echinoderms (eocrinoid debris) and gastropods (Ecculiomphalus, Lecanospira). The same fauna occurs below the Boat Harbour "pebble bed". Hustricurus oculilunatus Ross occurs in Early Ordovician Ross-Hintze Zones E and F in Utah (Ross, 1951; Hintze, 1953; Terrell, 1973) while Tesselacauda sensu Demeter depressa Ross apparently rescricted to Zone (Demeter, 1973).

Above the Old Man Cove dolomitized interval, four fossiliferous horizons were sampled in Unit 6b. The following trilobites were collected: Bolbocephalus sp. nov. 1 (Boyce, in preparation), Isoteloides peri Fortey (1979), Bolbocephalus convexus (Billings, 1865), Benthamaspis sp. nov. (Boyce, in preparation; the same species as unassigned pygidium of Hintze, 1953; pl. XV, figs. 18a,b), Hystricurus sp. nov. 3 (possibly the same species as undetermined pygidium of Hintze, 1953; pl. XX, figs. 14a,b), Bathyurina sp. nov. (Boyce, in preparation; the same species as Genus et sp. indet. II of Poulsen, 1946; pl. XXIII, fig. 10 only) and Bathyurellus abruptus Billings (1865). The species Benthamaspis sp. nov. (Boyce, in preparation) occurs in the Early Ordovician Ross-Hintze Zone G_2 , as possibly does Hustricurus sp. nov. 3. On the north side of Barbace Cove on the Port au Choix Peninsula, six fossiliferous horizons from this interval yielded only Isoteloides peri Fortey.

The Significance of the Old Man Cove Dolomitized Interval

The incompletely exposed Old Man Cove dolomitized interval separates Zone E-F and Zone G_2 trilobite faunas. Zone G_1 faunas are apparently absent, as is the case farther north in the Boat Harbour area where the "pebble bed" disconformity of Knight (1977, 1978, 1980),

Boyce (1978, 1979, in preparation), and Stouge and Boyce (in press) also separates Zone E-F and Zone G trilobite faunas. The magnitude of the faunal gap may be different in Eddies Cove West, however.

Unit 7

In the Eddies Cove West area, fortyone fossiliferous horizons were sampled in Unit 7 and the following trilobites obtained: Isoteloides peri Fortey, Bolbocephalus convexus (Billings), Hustricurus sp. nov. 3, Bathyurina sp. nov. (Boyce, ìin preparation), Bathvurellus abruptus Billings, Peltabellia cf. P. willistoni Lochman (1966), Petigurus cf. P. groenlandicus Poulsen (1937), Uromystrum affine 1937), (Poulsen, Petigurus nero (Billings, 1865), Grinnellaspis sp. nov. (Boyce, in preparation), Benthamasvis sp. undet., Ischyrotoma sp. undet.. Benthamaspis conica Fortey (1979), Strigigenalis caudata (Billings, 1865), Isoteloides latimarginatus Fortey (1979), Punka flahelliformis Fortey (1979), Ischyrotoma anataphra Fortey (1979), Uromystrum sp. nov. Bathyurina timon (Billings, 1865), Catochia ornata Fortey (1979),Strotactinus insularis (Billings, 1865), Benthamaspis qibberula (Billings, 1865), Bolbocephalus sp. nov. 2 (= Genus et sp. ind. Poulsen, 1937; pl. 8, fig. 2), Uromystrum sp. nov. 2 (Boyce, in preparation; = Uromystrum cf. affine, Fortey, 1979), Bathyurellus platypus Fortey (1979), and Catochia glabra Fortey (1979). A Ross-Hintze Zone G, age is suggested by the species Hystricurus sp. nov. 3 (Boyce, this report) and Benthamaspis conica (Fortey, 1979, p. 102). A Zone H age is also indicated by the presence of Benthamaspis gibberula (Billings), which Fortey (1979, p. 101-102) has identified from that zone in Utah (i.e. B. distinctus Young, 1973, p. 98; pl. 1, figs. 9-17).

On the north side of Barbace Cove on the Port au Choix Peninsula, seven fossiliferous horizons were sampled in Unit 7. The following trilobites were collected: Isoteloides peri Fortey, Benthamaspis sp. nov. (Boyce, in prepar-Ischyrotoma sp. undet.. Hystricurus sp. nov. 3, Bathyurina sp. (Boyce, in preparation), Bolbocephalus convexus (Billings), Peltabellia cf. P. willistoni Lochman, Grinnellaspis sp. nov. (Boyce, preparation), Petigurus cf. groenlandicus Poulsen, Petigurus nero (Billings), Benthamaspis conica Fortey and Strigigenalis caudata (Billings). The species Hystricurus sp. nov. 3, Benthamasvis sp. nov. (Boyce, in preparation) and Benthamaspis conica Fortey suggest only a Ross-Hintze Zone G, age for the rocks exposed here. On the south side of Barbace Cove, however, Fortey (1979, p. 63, fig. 11) has identified in Unit 7 the Zone H species Carolinites genacinaca nevadensis Hintze (1953) and Benthamaspis aibberula (Billings). Here, Fortey (1979) sampled thirteen fossiliferous horizons.

Unit 8

At Back Arm in Port au Choix, Unit 8 has yielded the trilobite *Bathyurus* perplexus Billings (1865) of probable early Middle Ordovician age. It was previously unknown from this locality.

SUMMARY

Below the incompletely exposed dolomitized interval in the Eddies Cove West - Port au Choix area, Unit 6 is of Early Ordovician Ross-Hintze Zone E-F age. Above this interval, however, Unit 6 is of Early Ordovician Zone G_2 age. Zone G_1 trilobite faunas are apparently absent, as is the case farther north in the Boat Harbour area. The magnitude of the faunal gap in the Eddies Cove West - Port au Choix area may be different, however. Unit 7 is of Early Ordovician Ross-Hintze Zone G_2 -H age and Unit 8 is, at least in its uppermost part, of probable early Middle Ordovician age.

The information obtained by the author from the continuous Eddies Cove West section will allow a comprehensive Ordovician trilobite biostratigraphic zonation for western Newfoundland to be erected from the non-overlapping biostratigraphic sections of Boyce (in preparation) and Fortey (1979).

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