Grain-size analyses from the 63, 32, 16 and 8 mm mesh sieves were obtained at the sample site location by sieving approximately 15 kg of material. A 500 to 1000 gm split of the <8 mm material (sand-silt-clay) was retained for laboratory sieve analysis. Laboratory sieve analyses

Exposure thickness (Exp), estimated deposit thickness (Dep), petrographic number (PN), grain-size percentages (based on percent retained on the 63 mm down to the -0.062 mm mesh sieves) and gravel (Grv), sand and silt-clay (SL-CL) content of sample

Note

Areas outside the coloured zones have no known potential for granular materials; however silty tills, rock rubble suitable for

Material of granular composition (e.g., sandy tills and colluvium) that generally contains up to 8 percent silt-clay, but could

Eskers: sinuous ridges of granular materials; moderate to high potential for economic exploitation

References

Kirby, F.T., Ricketts, R.J. and Vanderveer, D.G

In

Current

Recommended citation

Newfoundland and Labrador, Map 2011-17, Open File 13B/12/0034.

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