Foxtrap Access Road Quarry
Environmental Assessment

Submitted By:
Black Diamond Construction Ltd
1 Centennial Street, Suite 105
Mount Pearl, NL, A1N 0C9
Phone: (709) 745-0100
Fax (709) 745-0002

May 21, 2020

File Ref #'s:
Department of Municipal Affairs and Environmental: 200.20.2940
Mineral Land’s: 71112707
# Table of Contents

List of Figures ........................................................................................................................................ 2  
List of Tables ........................................................................................................................................... 2  

1.0 Proponent ........................................................................................................................................... 3  
   1.1 Name of Corporate Body .................................................................................................................. 3  
   1.2 Address .......................................................................................................................................... 3  
   1.3 Chief Executive Officer .................................................................................................................... 3  
   1.4 Principal Contact for Purposes of Environmental Assessment ......................................................... 3  

2.0 The Undertaking .................................................................................................................................. 3  
   2.1 Name of the Undertaking .................................................................................................................. 3  
   2.2 Purpose for the Undertaking ............................................................................................................. 3  

3.0 Description of the Undertaking ............................................................................................................ 4  
   3.1 Geographical Location ..................................................................................................................... 4  
   3.2 Physical Features .............................................................................................................................. 9  
   3.3 Construction & Operations Potential Environmental Impacts with Mitigations .................................. 12  
      3.3.1 Clearing and Grubbing .............................................................................................................. 12  
      3.3.2 Fuel and Hazardous Materials .................................................................................................. 13  
      3.3.3 Airborne Emissions ................................................................................................................... 13  
      3.3.4 Water management, Siltation and Erosion Prevention ................................................................. 14  
      3.3.5 Solid Waste and Sewage ............................................................................................................ 14  
      3.3.6 Dust Suppression ....................................................................................................................... 14  
      3.3.8 Noise Management Plan ......................................................................................................... 15  
      3.3.9 Viewscape Management Plan .................................................................................................... 15  
   3.4 Operations ....................................................................................................................................... 20  
      3.4.1 Quarrying ................................................................................................................................. 20  
      3.4.2 Occupations ............................................................................................................................. 20  
      3.4.3 Reclamation and Closure ........................................................................................................... 21  

4.0 Project Related Documents ................................................................................................................. 21  
   4.1 Approval of the Undertaking .............................................................................................................. 21  

5.0 Schedule ........................................................................................................................................... 22  

6.0 Funding ............................................................................................................................................. 22
List of Figures
Figure 1: General Location Plan................................................................................................................. 4
Figure 2: Specific Location Plan.................................................................................................................. 5
Figure 3: Topographic Map......................................................................................................................... 6
Figure 4: City St. John's Land Zoning.......................................................................................................... 7
Figure 5: Coordinate Reference.................................................................................................................... 8
Figure 6: Phase Construction Plan............................................................................................................... 10
Figure 7: RLU 60 (MODIFIED).................................................................................................................. 11
Figure 8: Figure 8: Topographic Map for Viewscape Management............................................................... 17
Figure 9: Viewscape Management............................................................................................................... 18
Figure 10: Viewscape Management 2 ......................................................................................................... 19

List of Tables
Table 1: Coordinates...................................................................................................................................... 8
1.0 Proponent

1.1 Name of Corporate Body
Black Diamond Construction Ltd.

1.2 Address
1 Centennial Street, Suite 105
Mount Pearl, NL, A1N 0C9

1.3 Chief Executive Officer
Jon Cutler
1 Centennial Street, Suite 105
Mount Pearl, NL, A1N 0C9
(709)745-0100; BlackDiamondConstructionNL@gmail.com

1.4 Principal Contact for Purposes of Environmental Assessment
Jon Cutler
1 Centennial Street, Suite 105
Mount Pearl, NL, A1N 0C9
(709)745-0100; BlackDiamondConstructionNL@gmail.com

2.0 The Undertaking

2.1 Name of the Undertaking
The name of the undertaking is Black Diamond Construction

2.2 Purpose for the Undertaking
Black Diamond Construction is seeking a new rock and sand quarry located off Pasture Lands Road near the Foxtrap Access Road in Conception Bay South, NL. The purpose of this undertaking is to manufacture construction materials such as Class A, Class B, sand bedding, and structural rockfill for use in various municipal and government construction projects throughout the Avalon Peninsula.

Black Diamond Construction is a new construction company, looking to acquire a quarry and become long term occupants of the proposed area.
3.0 Description of the Undertaking

3.1 Geographical Location

The proposed undertaking is located within the City of St. John’s municipal boundaries near the southwest limits. Furthermore, the site is located off Pasture Lands Road near the Foxtrap Access Road and TCH Interchange. It is situated on Crown Land with no active leases or grants. The parcel is located immediately before the westbound TCH off-ramp at the Foxtrap Interchange. The land is currently zoned for Forestry Use (F), however The City’s development regulations state that it can be applied for under Discretionary Usage if the Mineral Workings requirements are maintained, and the proper procedures followed. The proposed site is enclosed to the east by a large hill, west by another quarry permit, to s by the City of St. John’s Watershed Boundary and NL Hydro’s Transmission Line, the north boundary is offset 100m from the TCH. The site is accessible from Pasture Lands Road, off the eastbound on and off ramp of the highway. See the figures on the following pages to assist in the description.
Figure 2: Specific Location Plan
Figure 3: Topographic Map
Figure 4: City St. John’s Land Zoning
Table 1: Coordinates WSG Datum (Google Earth Pro)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>POINT</th>
<th>EASTING</th>
<th>NORTHING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>353639.26</td>
<td>5257078.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>353742.87</td>
<td>5256784.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>353598.62</td>
<td>5256600.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>353466.65</td>
<td>5256537.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>353314.89</td>
<td>5256523.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>353236.36</td>
<td>5256713.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>353289.65</td>
<td>5256778.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>353503.27</td>
<td>5256912.78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5: Coordinate Reference
3.2 Physical Features

The proposed undertaking will encompass an area of 14.7 hectares and will be developed and reclaimed in four individual phases, between 3 and 6 hectares each. The land being applied for is in a valley and the base of the slope between two small hills. Within the boundaries of the proposed undertaking the land slopes gradually upwards towards the east and west from the access road. The western and eastern boundaries are the peaks of two different hills. The Hills and contours will be utilized to obstruct view from the public to our quarry. (See Figure 3).

The vegetation present on site consists mostly of a heavy to medium density boreal coniferous forest containing mainly spruce trees. The wildlife expected to be present in the area would consist of small to medium sized animals that are native to the area.

There are two small wetlands within the undertaking’s boundaries combined for a total area of 1 hectare. These wetlands can be classified as a bog using the Canadian Wetland Classification System (CWCS). Five classes are recognized under the CWCS; bog, fen, swamp, marsh and shallow water. They are classified according to vegetation, amount of water present and source of the water. Bogs are peat-covered wetlands, in which the vegetation shows the effects of a high-water table and a general lack of nutrients. The bog surface is often raised relative to the surrounding landscape and isolated from mineralized soil waters. The surface waters of bogs are strongly acid and the upper peat layers are generally nutrient poor. At least 40 cm of peat is typically present. The plant community consists of Sphagnum mosses (peat mosses), ericaceous shrubs and black spruce trees. The St. John’s watershed area borders the south side (See Figure 4) and it is at a higher elevation than the quarry, to prevent any waterflow towards these boundaries. This can be seen from the topographic map (See Figure 3) in comparison as well.

Physical features that will be present on the undertaking will include portable weigh scales and a temporary office trailer to serve as a scale house. An access road to the quarry from the existing road to the CLB/Scouts Canada Campgrounds. There will be no excavation, quarrying or restriction to the access road at anytime during the proposed development. The access road will be upgraded to handle the influx of heavy equipment traffic (dump trucks, front-end loaders, etc.) to a RLU 60 (MODIFIED) as per the Department of Transportation and Work’s Drawing 1111-1, with exception to the asphalt. We will maintain a 20m right of way and restrict access to the quarry by means of steel gate at the entrance of the quarry. Truck turning signs will also be installed on the access road to warn the public. The near by buildings would include the Boy Scouts Canada and the Church Lads Brigade’s cabins located 350m to the South East as shown in Figure 6.
Figure 6: Phase Construction Plan
Phases denoted in the white circles
Figure 7: RLU 60 (MODIFIED)

TYPICAL CROSS SECTION FOR
RLU 60 FINAL CONSTRUCTION

NOTE:
SHOULDER STAKE 4.25m FOR SHOULDERING
MACHINE TO ACHIEVE REQUIRED ROUNDED.

IF SCARIFYING IS REQUIRED WIDTH OF
SCARIFYING SHALL BE WIDTH OF PAVEMENT + LUS
300mm ON BOTH SIDES.

TYPICAL CROSS SECTION FOR
RLU 60 SUB-GRADE CONSTRUCTION
3.3 Construction & Operations Potential Environmental Impacts with Mitigations

3.3.1 Clearing and Grubbing

Construction for this site would initially begin with clearing of the vegetation in phase 1 for quarrying operations and depletion of the material in that phase before any construction in future phases. Occupation and construction would be commencing in fall 2020, dependent on approvals and permits. The clearing will be conducted via chainsaws and suitable timber stacked neatly to be removed and utilized as firewood. Potential environmental concerns include the loss of animal habitat.

To mitigation the environmental impacts we propose to adhere to the nesting, breeding window, and brood rearing period running April 15 to August 15, in which all clearing will be conducted outside these periods. Should a nest be found; the nest and neighboring vegetation should be left undisturbed until nesting is completed and clearing activities will be minimized in the immediate area until nesting is complete. An unnamed pond is located approximately 100m east from the proposed quarry boundary, combined with the vegetation buffer of 30m inside our boundary, there will be roughly 130m of undisturbed vegetation to ensure the fish habitats are left undisturbed.

We intended to work with a local tree harvesting company so that all profitable timber can to utilized. We have discussed operating together, so that they can harvest any trees that would be of benefit to them before, we operate in that area. This relationship is beneficial to both parties as they would save us the cost of clearing some of the land and we are proposing to upgrade the access road.

The grubbing will be removed in phase 1 initially and windrowed will the topsoil near the quarry boundary for future reclamation, and it will be conducted in other phases in a similar fashion. Grubbing activities will adhere to buffer zone requirements and during grubbing, care will be taken to ensure that grubbed material will not be pushed into areas that are to be left undisturbed.
3.3.2 Fuel and Hazardous Material Risks

A variety of potentially hazardous fluids will be used during construction and operation such as fuel hydraulic oil. The primary concern regarding the use and storage of fuel is accidental release into the environment. We are aware of the potential negative impacts associated with this hazard and are prepared to reduce or eliminate the sources of pollutants, utilizing our standard operating procedures and practices.

To reduce the impacts on the environment from a potential fuel/oil spill during the construction phase, Black Diamond will implement the following measures and practices; all employees operating equipment are required to complete a daily pre-trip inspection prior to using the equipment. These daily inspections will check fluid levels, condition of the lines and operational features to ensure the equipment is functioning properly. Even though inspections are made frequently, if a spill were to occur, spill control kits are readily available. Each kit includes oil absorbent water-resistant pads, highly absorbent granular particles (speedy dry), and absorbent oil booms/socks. Furthermore, Black Diamond Construction implements an inspection system after every scheduled break (three per day) as a standard practice. Every 1000 hours each piece of equipment is thoroughly inspected by qualified personnel for leaks, wear and tear on movable parts, and routine maintenance to prevent unnecessary breakdowns.

Fuel Tanks will be stored in aboveground, self-dyked tanks, registered with Service NL, and located in areas where spills, should they occur, are not likely to flow to waters watercourses or our ditch system. Fueling and greasing of equipment will occur in designated locations, using a drip pan beneath the equipment to contain any spill or drips during the process. Oily rags or materials at risk of spontaneous combustion will be stored in a designated bin. These materials will be removed from the quarry on a regularly to the appropriate waste disposal facility.

Any hazardous spill greater than 70 Litres shall be reported immediately through the Environmental Emergencies Telephone Line at (709) 772-2083 or 1-800-563-9089. Additionally, each spill shall be reported to the company HSE Advisor and the manager in the area inspected and given clearance by a representative of Service NL by calling (709) 729-2550.

3.3.3 Airborne Emissions

Airborne emissions occur during heavy equipment operation coming from the exhaust systems of various types of machinery. Airborne emissions are dealt within strict accordance to Heavy-duty Vehicle and Engine Greenhouse Gas Emissions Regulations. These regulations are implemented prior to a given manufacturer being able to sell their product in Canada. Black
Diamond’s standard inspections of the equipment check the operation of these features and ensure they are still in working order. These inspections are performed on a 1000-hour basis as well.

### 3.3.4 Water Management, Siltation and Erosion Prevention

Siltation of the waterway during the initially clearing process of each phase will follow proper procedures and recommendations as per DFO regulations such as use of silt fence and hay bails to mitigate the siltation of surface runoff. The silt fence and hay bails will be installed at 200m intervals in the existing ditch system along the access road. The existing ditch system will also be excavated to a 1m depth, with a side slope of 2:1 as shown in Figure 7, stabilized with clean rock (200-300 in diameter). This ensures that the silt from the newly stripped land will be contained and not enter the watercourse. The silt fence will be inspected weekly by the manager on site to ensure it is working as intended, and to be replaced or repaired as needed. The natural topography of the area situates the quarry in a low-lying area, working with these features, the surface runoff will be controlled by sloping the stripped ground towards the central ditch system and reclaiming a quarried area with hydroseeding upon depletion. Phases one and two will be sloped to the west and phases three through six will be graded towards the east. Before any surface runoff enters the environment, it will be contained in a holding pond to allow any particles to settle before entering, then directed towards a vegetative area to act as a natural filter.

### 3.3.5 Solid Waste and Sewage

The solid waste or domestic refuse and sewage will be disposed of in an appropriate manner. Solid waste or common trash will be disposed of using an industrial sized dumpster and hauled away regularly. The quarry will be kept clear of waste and litter to reduce the potential for attracting wildlife. Regular inspections of the area will be conducted by the manager or HSE representative to ensure that no garbage is inadequately stored.

During the initial construction, sewage will be contained via portable toilets located in a central area, away from the ditch system. Sewage waste will be trucked off site regular through a licensed waste disposal subcontractor weekly.

### 3.3.6 Dust Suppression

Dust generation related to construction activities may result in human health effects, as well as negative impacts on ecosystems and vegetation. To mitigation any dust concerns all equipment
will have the required dust and emission control filters. Dust created from travelling the access road and Pasture Lands Road will be controlled by water and calcium chloride, applied frequently via truck. Drilling subcontractors will be required to be fitted tested and wear half face respirators as well as anyone operating the crushers.

### 3.3.7 Noise Management Plan

Quarrying activities have the potential to generate noise from the use of heavy equipment, drilling and blasting, and the handling of construction materials. Noise generation has the potential to cause negative effects on wildlife in the area. Noise and vibration will be reduced by implementing best practice strategies from regulatory directives and guidelines. These mitigation measures will require short- and long-term monitoring, with regular reporting to address noise complaints or compliance issues. Equipment that emits noise and vibrations will be calibrated to perform using manufacturer specifications, and all equipment will be fitted with standard and noise suppression devices. Construction and operations will occur during daytime hours and idling of equipment will be kept to a minimum. Also, as stated before blasting will only occur during clear, optimal conditions. Considering the distance of the proposed site from residential areas, it is highly unlikely that any negative noise effects will be caused as a result of quarrying operations. During crushing operations, employees working in the vicinity will be required to wear double ear protection.

### 3.3.8. Viewscape Management and Buffer Zones

Due to the increase in the tourism industry, sightlines from the TCH to existing quarries in the general area (Harbour Arterial area and Incinerator Road), and the protection of animal habitats it is vital to enclose our proposed quarry by a vegetative buffer to ensure the operation remains concealed. Another potential impact is the erosion and siltation as a result of construction activities resulting in damage to water quality, and fish habitat. Without adequate buffer zone vegetation, streams, ponds and lakes can become laden with silt from run-off. Vegetative buffers are also necessary to provide stream bank stability and intercept runoff to absorb and slow down rainfall runoff before it enters a body of water.

The proposed quarry is offset approximately 100m from the TCH. The land between the highway and the site contains a thick, mature forest which will serve as a broad buffer. However, we are planning our development with the allowance of a 30m buffer zone along the entire perimeter inside of our proposed area.
To obscure our quarry from the TCH, it is strategically situated in a natural valley, between to hills. This will prevent us from being seen by approaching traffic both east and westbound. The elevation of the North boundary of the quarry is 194m at its lowest point and 204 m at the peaks on the East and West boundary. The neighbouring highway is situated at approximately 189m. That provides us 5m of elevation buffer from the highway, plus the consideration the height of a mature black spruce (15-20m), this will provide 20-25m of height protecting the visibility in span of 100m, this will provide adequate coverage from the highway.

In Figures 8 through 10 the topographic map is used for referencing and the photos show the approximately location of view. As approaching the proposed site from the east and west, the large hills and significant 100 m mature treed vegetative buffer will block all view from will obstruct the sightline of the proposed quarry.
Figure 8: Topographic Map for Viewscape Management
Figure 9: Viewscape Management
With regards fish habitats, the nearest edge of the proposed quarry to a body of water is Pond, located 100m East of the East boundary. Taking into consideration our 30 m vegetation buffer, this would create 130m of separation between the development and the pond. With respect to the contours shown on Figure 8, all surface runoff will natural flow away from the pond to the central valley in the proposed quarry.
3.4 Operations

The primary intentions for this quarry will be to manufacture granular construction materials such as Class A, Class B, structural rockfill and sand for use in various government and municipal construction projects throughout the Avalon Peninsula. This operation will include stripping and stockpiling of any topsoil and root mat for reuse in the reclamation process, excavation of the native material and screening of sand. Once excavated and screened the material will be separated and stockpiled. The operation would be phased and developed in areas of 3.25 to 7 hectares in size, as shown in Figure 6. With no more than one phase active at a time, once phase 1 is depleted, quarrying will begin in phase two and so fourth. The average production be approximately 10,000 to 15,000 tonnes annually. Our intent is to follow up this permit with an application to develop Crown Lands and apply for a long-term quarry lease.

3.4.1 Quarrying

The initial start-up phases of the quarry’s operation will be completed by utilizing portable crushing equipment consisting of a jaw-crusher and a cone-crusher or a jaw-roll that will produce aggregate from the excavated material. Throughout the development and the different phases of the proposed quarry, the crusher will be positioned near the rock face in order to maximize productivity and will be moved as necessary to keep up with production. The mobile jaw at the rock face will crush the material to 150 mm minus material and the secondary crusher will produce the smaller granulars. Other types of heavy equipment on site will include excavators, front end loaders, dump trucks and a screening plant for sand extraction.

Typical quarrying methods will be used to save the overburden sand and gravel in the area. The operation will include the excavation, crushing and loading of the sand and gravel materials at the working face of the quarry, and transportation of these materials to processing equipment.

Materials will be processed into aggregates of required specifications and stockpiled on site. Waste and oversized rock will also be stockpiled for future use to restrict site access, or specific armour stone and riparian projects.

3.4.2 Occupations

The proposed undertaking will employ various occupations during its lifecycle. During the initial construction/development phase of the undertaking the operations will employ approximately five personnel on a full-time seasonal basis (April to November) including:
2 - equipment operator (NOC: 7521)
2 - labourer (NOC: 7611),
1 - construction manager (NOC: 0711).

All work for construction portion of the project will be direct hires. Black Diamond Construction is committed to employment equity and fair workplace hiring practices.

During the operation of the proposed undertaking it will employ on average eight personnel on a full-time seasonal basis (April to November) including:

2 - equipment operator (NOC: 7521),
2 - labourer (NOC: 7611),
1 - mechanic (NOC: 7312)
2 - truckdriver (NOC: 7511)
1 - construction managers (NOC: 0711).

The duration of operations is dependent on the demand for materials produced but should last between 25 to 30 years. All work for the operations will be direct hire.

3.4.3 Reclamation and Closure

Reclamation will be conducted in phases progressively as the standard conditions of any quarry of substantial size. Our intentions are to quarry in phase one and reclaim that phase, then strip-clear and quarry phase two, then reclaim phase two, etc. This will cause preserve a healthier looking quarry, prevent a large amount of surface run-off pollution and create less of an environmental impact. Within each phase we intend to slope depleted areas and spread the original topsoil and organics from the site. Sloping around the perimeter of the site will be achieved by leaving a buffer of material in place along the boundary so that when re-contoured, the rock-face of the quarried area can be sloped to a 30-degree angle, not leaving a large sudden drop off the rock face. Following this final sloping and the contouring of quarry, the preserved organic material and soil is spread, hydro-seeded with grass seed, and planted with tree seedlings native to the area. Each phase will take three to five years to fully develop and reclaim depending on demand for materials. (Refer to Figure 6 Phase Development Plan)
4.0 Project Related Documents

4.1 Approval of the Undertaking

Permits, licences and approvals that will/could be required for this development are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Governing Body</th>
<th>Type Approval/Permit/License</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City of St. John's</td>
<td>Discretionary Use Application Development Application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mines and Energy Division, Department of Natural Resources</td>
<td>Quarry Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department of Environment and Conservation</td>
<td>Release from the EA process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forestry Division, Department of Natural Resources</td>
<td>Commercial Cutting Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service NL, Government Services Centre</td>
<td>Fuel Storage and Handling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Resources Division, Department of Environment and Conservation</td>
<td>Permit to extract water from a water body</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government Services Centre</td>
<td>Preliminary Application to Develop Land and Permit to Develop</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.0 Schedule

We would like to start ground work on this site in the fall of 2020, pending all permits and approvals. Access to this site this fall, will benefit us for upcoming St. John’s, Municipal Affairs, and Transportation & Works tenders in 2021, as we can price the project with supplying our own aggregate and rock, opposed to purchasing them from another supplier.

6.0 Funding

The proponent will provide all funds necessary to develop this site and production of material. The funds will be recovered through the sale of granular materials, rockfill and sand along with the cost savings of using owned material opposed to purchasing.

March 21, 2020

---------------------

Date

Signature