

# **Land Use Zoning, Subdivision & Advertisement Regulations 2014 - 2024**

**(Development Regulations)**

prepared for:

Town Council of L'Anse au Loup

prepared by:



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**COUNCIL RESOLUTION TO ADOPT**  
**TOWN OF L'ANSE AU LOUP DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS**

Under the authority of Section 35 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act 2000*, the Town Council of L'Anse au Loup adopts Part I to V and Schedule A (Definitions) of the Development Regulations in order to bring the L'Anse au Loup Development Regulations into conformity with the *Urban and Rural Planning Act 2000*.

Adopted by the Town Council of L'Anse au Loup on the 2 day of November, 2015

Signed and sealed this 22 day of Nov, 2015

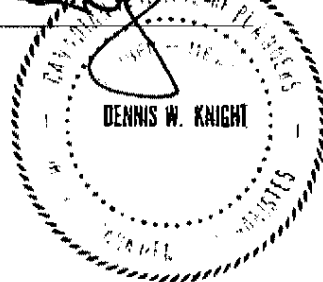
Mayor: [Signature]

Clerk: [Signature]

**CANADIAN INSTITUTE OF PLANNERS CERTIFICATION**

I certify that the attached Development Regulations have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act*.

MCIP: [Signature]



**URBAN AND RURAL PLANNING ACT  
RESOLUTION TO APPROVE  
TOWN OF L'ANSE AU LOUP DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS 2014-2024**

Under the authority of section 16, 17, and 18 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act 2000*, the Town Council of L'Anse au Loup:

- a) adopted the L'Anse au Loup Development Regulations on the 2<sup>nd</sup> day of November, 2015;
- b) gave notice of the adoption of the L'Anse au Loup Development Regulations by advertisement inserted on the 1<sup>st</sup> day and the 8<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2016 in the Northern Pen newspaper; and
- c) set the 17th day of February at 10:30 a.m. at the L'Anse au Loup Town Hall for the holding of a public hearing to consider objections and submissions.

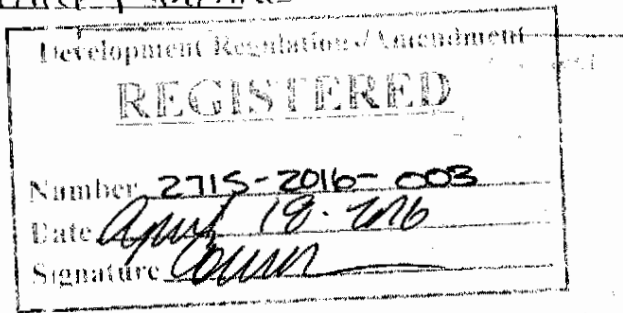
Now under the authority of section 23 of the *Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000*, the Town Council of L'Anse au Loup approves the L'Anse au Loup Municipal Plan 2014-2024 as adopted.

SIGNED AND SEALED this 11<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2016

Mayor: [Signature]

Clerk: [Signature]

(Council Seal)



## NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR REGULATION 3/01

Approved under the authority of Section 36, Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000, January 2, 2001 by the Honourable Joan Marie Aylward, Minister of Municipal and Provincial Affairs

### Short title

1. These regulations may be cited as the *Development Regulations*.

### Definitions

2. In these regulations,

- (a) "Act", unless the context indicate otherwise, means the *Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000*;
- (b) "applicant" means a person who has applied to an authority for an approval or permit to carry out a development;
- (c) "authority" means a council, authorized administrator or regional authority; and
- (d) "development regulations" means these regulations and regulations and by-laws respecting development that have been enacted by the relevant authority.

### Application

3. (1) These regulations shall be included in the development regulations of an authority and shall apply to all planning areas.
- (2) Where there is a conflict between these regulations and development regulations or other regulations of an authority, these regulations shall apply.
- (3) Where another Act of the province provides a right of appeal to the board, these regulations shall apply to that appeal.

### Interpretation

4. (1) In development regulations and other regulations made with respect to a planning area the following terms shall have the meanings indicated in this section
- (a) "access" means a way used or intended to be used by vehicles, pedestrians or animals in order to go from a street to adjacent or nearby land or to go from that land to the street;
  - (b) "accessory building" includes
    - (i) a detached subordinate building not used as a dwelling, located on the same lot as the main building to which it is an accessory and which has a use that is customarily incidental or complementary to the main use of the building or land,
    - (ii) for residential uses domestic garages, carports, ramps, sheds, swimming pools, greenhouses, cold frames, fuel sheds, vegetables storage cellars, shelters for domestic pets or radio and television antennae,
    - (iii) for commercial uses, workshops or garages, and
    - (iv) for industrial uses, garages, offices, raised ramps and docks;
  - (c) "accessory use" means a use that is subsidiary to a permitted or discretionary use and that is customarily expected to occur with the permitted or discretionary use;
  - (d) "building height" means the vertical distance, measured in metres from the established grade to the
    - (i) highest point of the roof surface of a flat roof,
    - (ii) deck line of a mansard roof, and
    - (iii) mean height level between the eave and the ridge of a gable, hip or gambrel roof, and in any case, a

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building height shall not include mechanical structure, smokestacks, steeples and purely ornamental structures above a roof;

- (e) "building line" means a line established by an authority that runs parallel to a street line and is set at the closest point to a street that a building may be placed;
  - (f) "discretionary use" means a use that is listed within the discretionary use classes established in the use zone tables of an authority's development regulations;
  - (g) "established grade" means,
    - (i) where used in reference to a building, the average elevation of the finished surface of the ground where it meets the exterior or the front of that building exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment, or
    - (ii) where used in reference to a structure that is not a building, the average elevation of the finished grade of the ground immediately surrounding the structure, exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment;
  - (h) "floor area" means the total area of all floors in a building measured to the outside face of exterior walls;
  - (i) "frontage" means the horizontal distance between side lot lines measured at the building line;
  - (j) "lot" means a plot, tract or parcel of land which can be considered as a unit of land for a particular use or building;
  - (k) "lot area" means the total horizontal area within the lines of the lot;
  - (l) "lot coverage" means the combined area of all building on a lot measured at the level of the lowest floor above the established grade and expressed as a percentage of the total area of the lot;
  - (m) "non-conforming use" means a legally existing use that is not listed as a permitted or discretionary use for the use zone in which it is located or which does not meet the development standards for that use zone;
  - (n) "owner" means a person or an organization of persons owning or having the legal right to use the land under consideration;
  - (o) "permitted use" means a use that is listed within the permitted use classes set out in the use zone tables of an authority's development regulations;
  - (p) "prohibited use" means a use that is not listed in a use zone within the permitted use classes or discretionary use classes or a use that an authority specifies as not permitted within a use zone;
  - (q) "sign" means a word, letter, model, placard, board, device or representation, whether illuminated or not, in the nature of or employed wholly or in part for the purpose of advertisement, announcement or direction and excludes those things employed wholly as a memorial, advertisements of local government, utilities and boarding or similar structures used for the display of advertisements;
  - (r) "rear yard depth" means the distance between the rear lot line and the rear wall of the main building on a lot;
  - (s) "side yard depth" means the distance between the side lot line and the nearest side wall of a building on the lot;
  - (t) "street" means a street, road, highway or other way designed for the passage of vehicles and pedestrians and which is accessible by fire department and other emergency vehicles;
  - (u) "street line" means the edge of a street reservation as defined by the authority having jurisdiction;
  - (v) "use" means a building or activity situated on a lot or a development permitted on a lot;
  - (w) "use zone" or "zone" means an area of land including buildings and water designated on the zoning map to which the uses, standards and conditions of a particular use zone table apply;
  - (x) "variance" means a departure, to a maximum of 10% from the yard, area, lot coverage, setback, size, height, frontage or any other numeric requirement of the applicable Use Zone Table of the authority's regulations; and
  - (y) "zoning map" means the map or maps attached to and forming a part of the authority's regulations.
- (2) An authority may, in its discretion, determine the uses that may or may not be developed in a use zone

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and those uses shall be listed in the authority's regulations as discretionary, permitted or prohibited uses for that area.

### **Notice of right to appeal**

5. Where an authority makes a decision that may be appealed under section 42 of the Act, that authority shall, in writing, at the time of making that decision, notify the person to whom the decision applies of the
- (a) person's right to appeal the decision to the board;
  - (b) time by which an appeal is to be made;
  - (c) right of other interested persons to appeal the decision; and
  - (d) manner of making an appeal and the address for the filing of the appeal.

### **Appeal requirements**

6. (1) The secretary of the board at the Department of Municipal and Provincial Affairs, Main Floor, Confederation Building (West Block), P.O. Box 8700, St. John's, Nfld., A1B 4J6 is the secretary to all boards in the province and an appeal filed with that secretary within the time period referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act shall be considered to have been filed with the appropriate board.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where the City of Corner Brook, City of Mount Pearl or City of St. John's appoints an appeal board under subsection 40(2) of the Act, an appeal shall be filed with the secretary of that appointed board.
- (3) The fee required under section 44 of the Act shall be paid to the board that hears the decision being appealed by filing it with the secretary referred to in subsection (1) or (2) within the 14 days referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act.
- (4) The board that hears the decision being appealed shall, subject to subsection 44(3) of the Act, retain the fee paid to the board.
- (5) Where an appeal of a decision and the required fee is not received by a board in accordance with this section and Part VI of the Act, the right to appeal that decision shall be considered to have been forfeited.

### **Appeal registration**

7. (1) Upon receipt of an appeal and fee as required under the Act and these regulations, the secretary of the board as referred to in subsections 6(1) and (2), shall immediately register the appeal.
- (2) Where an appeal has been registered the secretary of the board shall notify the appropriate authority of the appeal and shall provide to the authority a copy of the appeal and the documentation related to the appeal.
- (3) Where an authority has been notified of an appeal that authority shall forward to the appropriate board a copy of the application being appealed, all correspondence, council minutes, plans and other relevant information relating to the appeal including the names and addresses of the applicant and other interested persons of whom the authority has knowledge.
- (4) Upon receipt of the information under subsection (3), the secretary of the board shall publish in a newspaper circulated in the area of the appropriate authority, a notice that the appeal has been registered.
- (5) A notice published under subsection (4) shall be published not fewer than 2 weeks before the date upon which the appeal is to be heard by the board.

### **Development prohibited**

8. (1) Immediately upon notice of the registration of an appeal the appropriate authority shall ensure that any development upon the property that is the subject of the appeal ceases.
- (2) Sections 102 and 104 of the Act apply to an authority acting under subsection (1).
- (3) Upon receipt of a notification of the registration of an appeal with respect to an order under section 102

of the Act, an authority shall not carry out work related to the matter being appealed.

### **Hearing notice and meetings**

9. (1) A board shall notify the appellant, applicant, authority and other persons affected by the subject of an appeal of the date, time and place for the appeal not fewer than 7 days before the date scheduled for the hearing of the appeal.

(2) A board may meet as often as is necessary to conduct its work in an expeditious manner.

### **Hearing of evidence**

10. (1) A board shall meet at a place within the area under its jurisdiction and the appellant and other persons notified under subsection 9(1) or their representative may appear before the board and make representations with respect to the matter being appealed.

(2) A board shall hear an appeal in accordance with section 43 of the Act and these regulations.

(3) A written report submitted under subsection 43(2) of the Act respecting a visit to and viewing of a property shall be considered to have been provided in the same manner as evidence directly provided at the hearing of the board.

(4) In the conduct of an appeal hearing, the board is not bound by the rules of evidence.

### **Board decision**

11. A decision of the board must comply with the plan, scheme or development regulations that apply to the matter that has been appealed to that board.

### **Variances**

12. (1) Where an approval or permit cannot be given by an authority because a proposed development does not comply with development standards set out in development regulations, an authority may, in its discretion, vary the applicable development standards to a maximum of 10% if, in the authority's opinion, compliance with the development standards would prejudice the proper development of the land, building or structure in question or would be contrary to public interest.

(2) An authority shall not allow a variance from development standards set out in development regulations if that variance, when considered together with other variances made or to be made with respect to the same land, building or structure, would have a cumulative effect that is greater than a 10% variance even though the individual variances are separately no more than 10%.

(3) An authority shall not permit a variance from development standards where the proposed development would increase the non-conformity of an existing development.

### **Notice of variance**

13. Where an authority is to consider a proposed variance, that authority shall give written notice of the proposed variance from development standards to all persons whose land is in the immediate vicinity of the land that is the subject of the variance.

### **Residential non conformity**

14. A residential building or structure referred to in paragraph 108(3)(g) of the Act must, where being repaired or rebuilt, be repaired or rebuilt in accordance with the plan and development regulations applicable to that building or structure.

### **Notice and hearings on change of use**

15. Where considering a non conforming building, structure or development under paragraph 108(3)(d) of



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the Act and before making a decision to vary an existing use of that non-conforming building, structure or development, an authority, at the applicant's expense, shall publish a notice in a newspaper circulating in the area or by other means give public notice of an application to vary the existing use of a non-conforming building, structure or development and shall consider any representations or submissions received in response to that advertisement.

### **Non-conformance with standards**

16. Where a building, structure or development does not meet the development standards included in development regulations, the building, structure or development shall not be expanded if the expansion would increase the non-conformity and an expansion must comply with the development standards applicable to that building, structure or development.

### **Discontinuance of non-conforming use**

17. An authority may make development regulations providing for a greater period of time than is provided under subsection 108(2) of the Act with respect to the time by which a discontinued non-conforming use may resume operation.

### **Delegation of powers**

18. An authority shall, where designating employees to whom a power is to be delegated under subsection 109(3) of the Act, make that designation in writing.

### **Commencement**

19. These regulations shall be considered to have come into force on January 1, 2001.

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## **TOWN OF L'ANSE AU LOUP**

### **LAND USE, ZONING, SUBDIVISION AND ADVERTISEMENT REGULATIONS (DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS)**

#### **INTRODUCTORY STATEMENTS**

##### **Short Title**

These Regulations may be cited as the Town of L'Anse au Loup Development Regulations.

##### **Interpretation**

Words and phrases used in these Regulations shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Schedule A.

Words and phrases not defined in Schedule A shall have the meanings which are commonly assigned to them in the context in which they are used in the Regulations.

##### **Commencement**

These Regulations come into effect throughout the L'Anse au Loup Municipal Planning Area, hereinafter referred to as the Planning Area, on the date of publication of a notice to that effect in the Newfoundland Gazette.

##### **Municipal Code and Regulations**

The Building Code including the Plumbing Code, the Fire Code, the Electrical Code, and any other ancillary code and any Building Regulations, Waste Disposal Regulation and/or any other municipal regulations regulating or controlling the development, conservation and use of land in force in the Town of L'Anse au Loup, shall under these Regulations apply to the entire Planning Area.

##### **Authority**

In these Regulations, "Authority" means the Council of the Town of L'Anse au Loup.

#### **PART I - GENERAL REGULATIONS**

##### **1. Compliance with Regulations**

No development shall be carried out within the Planning Area except in accordance with these Regulations.

##### **2. Permit Required**

No person shall carry out any development within the Planning Area except where otherwise provided in these Regulations unless a permit for the development has been issued by the Authority.

##### **3. Permit to be Issued**

Subject to Regulations 9 and 10, a permit shall be issued for development within the Planning Area that conforms to:

- (a) the general development standards set out in Part II of these Regulations, the requirements of Part V of these Regulations and the use classes, standards, requirements, and conditions prescribed in Schedule C of these Regulations for the use zone in which the proposed development is located;

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- (b) the standards set out in the Building Code and/or other ancillary codes, and any Building Regulations, Waste Disposal Regulations, and/or any other municipal regulation in force in the Planning Area regulating or controlling development, conservation and use of land and buildings;
  - (c) the standards set out in Part III of these Regulations in the case of advertisement;
  - (d) the standards set out in Part IV of these Regulations in the case of subdivision;
  - (e) the standards of design and appearance established by the Authority.

#### **4. Permit Not to be Issued in Certain Cases**

Neither a permit nor approval in principle shall be issued for development within the Planning Area when, in the opinion of the Authority, it is premature by reason of the site lacking adequate road access, power, drainage, sanitary facilities, or domestic water supply, or being beyond the natural development of the area at the time of application unless the applicant contracts to pay the full cost of construction of the services deemed necessary by the Authority and such cost shall attach to and upon the property in respect of which it is imposed.

#### **5. Discretionary Powers of Authority**

- (1) In considering an application for a permit or approval in principle to carry out development, the Authority shall take into account the policies expressed in the Municipal Plan and any further scheme, plan or regulations pursuant thereto, and shall assess the general appearance of the development of the area, the amenity of the surroundings, availability of utilities, public safety and convenience, and any other considerations which are, in its opinion, material, and notwithstanding the conformity of the application with the requirements of these Regulations, the Authority may, in its discretion, and as a result of its consideration of the matters set out in this Regulation, conditionally approve or refuse the application.
- (2) An Authority may, in its discretion, determine the uses that may or may not be developed in a use zone and those uses shall be listed in the Authority's regulations as discretionary, permitted or prohibited use for that area.

#### **6. Variances** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 12, January 2, 2001)*

- (1) Where an approval or permit cannot be given by the Authority because a proposed development does not comply with development standards set out in development regulations, the Authority may, in its discretion, vary the applicable development standards to a maximum of 10% if, in the Authority's opinion, compliance with the development standards would prejudice the proper development of the land, building or structure in question or would be contrary to public interest.
- (2) The Authority shall not allow a variance from development standards set out in development regulations if that variance, when considered together with other variances made or to be made with respect to the same land, building or structure, would have a cumulative effect that is greater than a 10% variance even though the individual variances are separately no more than 10%.
- (3) The Authority shall not permit a variance from development standards where the proposed development would increase the non-conformity of an existing development.

#### **7. Notice of Variance** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 13., January 2, 2001)*

Where the Authority is to consider a proposed variance, the Authority shall give written notice of the proposed variance from development standards to all persons whose land is in the immediate vicinity of the land that is the subject of the variance.

#### **8. Service Levy**

- (1) The Authority may require a developer to pay a service levy where development is made possible or where the density of potential development is increased, or where the value of property is enhanced by the carrying out of public works either on or off the site of the development.
- (2) A service levy shall not exceed the cost, or estimated cost, including finance charges to the Authority of constructing or improving the public works that are necessary for the real property to be developed in

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accordance with the standards required by the Authority and for uses that are permitted on that real property.

- (3) A service levy shall be assessed on the real property based on:
  - a) the amount of real property benefited by the public works related to all the real property so benefited; and,
  - b) the density of development made capable or increased by the public work.
- 4) The Authority may require a service levy to be paid by the owner of the real property:
  - a) at the time the levy is imposed;
  - b) at the time development of the real property commences;
  - c) at the time development of the real property is completed; or
  - d) at such other time as the Authority may decide.

### **9. Financial Guarantees by Developer**

- 1) The Authority may require a developer before commencing a development to make such financial provisions and/or enter into such agreements as may be required to guarantee the payment of service levies, ensure site reinstatement, and to enforce the carrying out of any other condition attached to a permit or licence.
- 2) The financial provisions pursuant to Regulation 14(1) may be made in the form of:
  - a) a cash deposit from the developer, to be held by the Authority, or;
  - b) a guarantee by a bank, or other institution acceptable to the Minister, for expenditures by the developer, or;
  - c) a performance bond provided by an insurance company or a bank, or;
  - d) an annual contribution to a sinking fund held by the Authority, or;
  - e) another form of financial guarantee that the Authority may approve.

### **10. Dedication of Land for Public Use**

In addition to the requirements for dedication of land under Regulation 78, the Authority may require the dedication of a percentage of the land area of any subdivision or other development for public use, and such land shall be conveyed to the Authority in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

### **11. Reinstatement of Land**

Where the use of land is discontinued or the intensity of its use is decreased, the Authority may order the developer, the occupier of the site, or the owner or all of them to reinstate the site, to remove all or any buildings or erections, to cover or fill all wells or excavations, and to close all or any accesses, or to do any of these things or all of them, as the case may be, and the developer, occupier or owner shall carry out the order of the Authority and shall put the site in a clean and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Authority.

### **12. Form of Application**

- 1) An application for a development permit or approval in principle shall be made only by the owner or by a person authorized by the owner to the Authority on such form as may be prescribed by the Authority, and every application shall include such plans, specifications and drawings as the Authority may require, and be accompanied by the permit fee required by the Authority.
- 2) The Authority shall supply to every applicant a copy of the application forms, a description of the plans, specifications and drawings required to be provided with the application and any information or requirements applicable to the application.

### **13. Register of Application**

The Authority shall keep a public register of all applications for development, and shall enter therein the Authority's decision upon each application and the result of any appeal from that decision.

#### **14. Deferment of Application**

- 1) The Authority may, with the written agreement of the applicant, defer consideration of an application.
- 2) Applications properly submitted in accordance with these Regulations which have not been determined by the Authority and on which a decision has not been communicated to the applicant within eight weeks of the receipt thereof by the Authority, and on which consideration has not been deferred in accordance with Regulation 14(1), shall be deemed to be refused.

#### **15. Approval in Principle**

- 1) The Authority may grant approval in principle for the erection, alteration or conversion of a building if, after considering an application for approval in principle made under these Regulations, it is satisfied that the proposed development is, subject to the approval of detailed plans, in compliance with these Regulations.
- 2) Where approval in principle is granted under this Regulation, it shall be subject to the subsequent approval by the Authority of such details as may be listed in the approval in principle, which shall also specify that further application for approval of these details shall be received not later than two years from the grant of approval in principle.

#### **16. Development Permit**

- 1) A plan or drawing which has been approved by the Authority and which bears a mark and/or signature indicating such approval together with a permit shall be deemed to be permission to develop land in accordance with these Regulations but such permission shall not relieve the applicant from full responsibility for obtaining permits or approvals under any other regulation or statute prior to commencing the development; from having the work carried out in accordance with these Regulations or any other regulations or statutes; and from compliance with all conditions imposed there under.
- 2) The Authority may attach to a permit or to approval in principle such conditions as it deems fit in order to ensure that the proposed development will be in accordance with the purposes and intent of these Regulations.
- 3) Where the Authority deems necessary, permits may be issued on a temporary basis for a period not exceeding two years, which may be extended in writing by the Authority for further periods not exceeding two years.
- 4) A permit is valid for such period, not in excess of two years, as may be stated therein, and if the development has not commenced, the permit may be renewed for a further period not in excess of one year, but a permit shall not be renewed more than once, except in the case of a permit for an advertisement, which may be renewed in accordance with Part III of these Regulations.
- 5) The approval of any application and plans or drawings or the issue of a permit shall not prevent the Authority from thereafter requiring the correction of errors, or from ordering the cessation, removal of, or remedial work on any development being carried out in the event that the same is in violation of this or any other regulations or statute.
- 6) The Authority may revoke a permit for failure by the holder of it to comply with these Regulations or any condition attached to the permit or where the permit was issued in error or was issued on the basis of incorrect information.
- 7) No person shall erase, alter or modify any drawing or specifications upon which a permit to develop has been issued by the Authority.
- 8) There shall be kept available on the premises where any work, matter or thing is being done for which a permit has been issued, a copy of the permit and any plans, drawings or specifications on which the issue of the permit was based during the whole progress of the work, or the doing of the matter or thing until completion.

### **17. Reasons for Refusing Permit**

The Authority shall, when refusing to issue a permit or attaching conditions to a permit, state the reasons for so doing in writing.

### **18. Notice of Right to Appeal** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 5, January 2, 2001)*

Where the Authority makes a decision that may be appealed under section 42 of the Act, the Authority shall, in writing, at the time of making that decision, notify the person to whom the decision applies of the

- (a) person's right to appeal the decision to the board;
- (b) time by which an appeal is to be made;
- (c) right of other interested persons to appeal the decision; and
- (d) manner of making an appeal and the address for the filing of the appeal.

### **Public Notice**

The Authority shall provide public notice for a period of not less than:

- a) 7 days - when considering a variance in accordance with Regulation 6; and
- b) 14 days - when considering a change in a non-conforming use in accordance with Regulation 44 or as a Discretionary use covered under Regulation 85.

The Authority may require public notice of any development application where, in the opinion of the Authority, such notice is required for information and public consultation purposes.

The Council shall require the cost of the public notice or portion thereof be paid by the applicant. Notice shall be by public advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the area or by any other means deemed necessary by the Council."

### **19. Appeal Requirements** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 6, January 2, 2001)*

- 1) The secretary of the Appeal Board at the Department of Municipal and Provincial Affairs, Main Floor, Confederation Building (West Block), P.O. Box 8700, St. John's, Nfld., A1B 4J6 is the secretary to all Appeal Boards in the province and an appeal filed with that secretary within the time period referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act shall be considered to have been filed with the appropriate Appeal Board.
- 2) The fee required under section 44 of the Act shall be paid to the Appeal Board that hears the decision being appealed by filing it with the secretary referred to in subsection (1) or (2) within the 14 days referred to in subsection 42(4) of the Act.
- 3) The Appeal Board that hears the decision being appealed shall, subject to subsection 44(3) of the Act, retain the fee paid to the Appeal Board.
- 4) Where an appeal of a decision and the required fee is not received by an Appeal Board in accordance with this section and Part VI of the Act, the right to appeal that decision shall be considered to have been forfeited.

### **20. Appeal Registration** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 7, January 2, 2001)*

- 1) Upon receipt of an appeal and fee as required under the Act and these regulations, the secretary of the Appeal Board as referred to in subsections 24(1) and (2), shall immediately register the appeal.
- 2) Where an appeal has been registered the secretary of the Appeal Board shall notify the Authority of the appeal and shall provide to the Authority a copy of the appeal and the documentation related to the appeal.
- 3) Where the Authority has been notified of an appeal that Authority shall within one week of notification forward to the appropriate board a copy of the application being appealed, all correspondence, council

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minutes, plans and other relevant information relating to the appeal including the names and addresses of the applicant and other interested persons of whom the Authority has knowledge.

- 4) Upon receipt of the information under subsection (3), the secretary of the board shall publish in a newspaper circulated in the area of the appropriate Authority, a notice that the appeal has been registered.
- 5) A notice published under subsection (4) shall be published not fewer than 2 weeks before the date upon which the appeal is to be heard by the board.

## **21. Development Prohibited** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 8, January 2, 2001)*

- 1) Immediately upon notice of the registration of an appeal the Authority shall ensure that any development upon the property that is the subject of the appeal ceases.
- 2) Sections 102 and 104 of the Act apply to the Authority acting under subsection (1).
- 3) Upon receipt of a notification of the registration of an appeal with respect to an order under section 102 of the Act, the Authority shall not carry out work related to the matter being appealed.

## **22. Appeal Board**

The minister may, by order, establish an Appeal Board and shall assign to the Appeal Board a specific area of the province over which it shall have jurisdiction, as outlined in section 40, of the Act.

## **23. Appeals**

- 1) A person or an association of persons aggrieved of a decision that, under the regulations, may be appealed, may appeal that decision to the appropriate Appeal Board where the decision is with respect to:
  - (a) an application to undertake a development;
  - (b) a revocation of an approval or a permit to undertake a development;
  - (c) the issuance of a stop work order; and
  - (d) a decision permitted under the Act or another Act to be appealed to the board.
- 2) A decision of the Authority to adopt, approve or proceed with a municipal plan, a scheme, development regulations and amendments and revisions of them is final and not subject to an appeal.
- 3) An Appeal Board shall not make a decision that does not comply with the municipal plan, a scheme and development regulations that apply to the matter being appealed.
- 4) An appeal shall be filed with the Appeal Board not more than 14 days after the person who made the original application appealed from has received the decision being appealed.
- 5) An appeal shall be made in writing and shall include:
  - (a) a summary of the decision appealed from;
  - (b) the grounds for the appeal; and
  - (c) the required fee.
- (6) A person or group of persons affected by the subject of an appeal or their representatives may appear before an Appeal Board and make representations concerning the matter under appeal.
- (7) An Appeal Board may inform itself of the subject matter of the appeal in the manner it considers necessary to reach a decision.
- (8) An Appeal Board shall consider and determine appeals in accordance with the Act and the municipal plan, scheme and regulations that have been registered under section 24, of the Act, and having regard to the circumstances and merits of the case.
- (9) A decision of the Appeal Board must comply with the plan, scheme or development regulations that

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apply to the matter that has been appealed to that board.

- (10) In determining an appeal, an Appeal Board may confirm, reverse or vary the decision appealed from and may impose those conditions that the board considers appropriate in the circumstances and may direct the Authority to carry out its decision or make the necessary order to have its decision implemented.
- (11) Notwithstanding subsection (10), where the Authority may, in its discretion, make a decision, an Appeal Board shall not make another decision that overrules the discretionary decision.
- (12) The decision of a majority of the members of an Appeal Board present at the hearing of an appeal shall be the decision of the Appeal Board.
- (13) An Appeal Board shall, in writing notify the appellant and the appropriate Authority of the decision of the Appeal Board.

**24. Hearing Notice and Meetings** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 9, January 2, 2001)*

- 1) An Appeal Board shall notify the appellant, applicant, Authority and other persons affected by the subject of an appeal of the date, time and place for the appeal not fewer than 7 days before the date scheduled for the hearing of the appeal.
- (2) An Appeal Board may meet as often as is necessary to conduct its work in an expeditious manner.

**25. Hearing of Evidence** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 10, January 2, 2001)*

- 1) An Appeal Board shall meet at a place within the area under its jurisdiction and the appellant and other persons notified under regulation 24(1) or their representative may appear before the Appeal Board and make representations with respect to the matter being appealed.
- 2) An Appeal Board shall hear an appeal in accordance with section 43 of the Act and these regulations.
- 3) A written report submitted under subsection 43(2) of the Act respecting a visit to and viewing of a property shall be considered to have been provided in the same manner as evidence directly provided at the hearing of the Appeal Board.
- 4) In the conduct of an appeal hearing, the Appeal Board is not bound by the rules of evidence.

**26. Return of Appeal Fee**

Where an appeal made by an appellant under section 42 of the Act, is successful, an amount of money equal to the fee paid by that appellant under regulation 23(5) shall be paid to him or her by the Authority.

**27. Notice of Application**

- 1) When a change in non conforming use is to be considered under Regulation 44, or when the development proposed is listed as a discretionary use in Schedule C of the Regulations, the Authority shall, at the expense of the applicant, give notice of an application for a permit or for approval in principle, by public advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the area.
- 2) When a variance is necessary under Regulation 6, and the Authority wishes to consider whether to authorize such a variance from development standards, the Authority shall give written notice of the proposed variance to all persons whose land is in the immediate vicinity of the land that is the subject of the variance.

**28. Right of Entry**

The Authority, the Director, or any inspector may enter upon any public or private land and may at all reasonable times enter any development or building upon the land for the purpose of making surveys or examinations or obtaining information relative to the carrying out of any development, construction, alteration, repair, or any other works whatsoever which the Authority is empowered to regulate.



### **29. Record of Violations**

Every inspector shall keep a record of any violation of these regulations which comes to his knowledge and report that violation to the Authority.

### **30. Stop Work Order and Prosecution**

- 1) Where a person begins a development contrary or apparently contrary to these Regulations, the Authority may order that person to stop the development or work connected therewith pending final adjudication in any prosecution arising out of the development.
- 2) A person who does not comply with an order made under Regulation 35(1) is guilty of an offence under the provisions of the Act.

### **31 Delegation of Powers** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 18, January 2, 2001)*

An Authority shall, where designating employees to whom a power is to be delegated under subsection 109(2) of the Act, make that designation in writing.

## **PART II - GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS**

### **32. Accesses and Service Streets**

- 1) Access shall be located to the specification of the Authority so as to ensure the greatest possible convenience and safety of the street system and the Authority may prescribe the construction of service streets to reduce the number of accesses to collector and arterial streets.
- 2) No vehicular access shall be closer than 10 metres to the street line of any street intersection.

### **33. Accessory Buildings**

- 1) Accessory buildings shall be clearly incidental and complementary to the use of the main buildings in character, use and size, and shall be contained on the same lot.
- 2) No accessory building or part thereof shall project in front of any building line.
- 3) The side yard requirements set out in the use zone tables in these Regulations shall apply to accessory buildings wherever they are located on the lot but accessory buildings on two (2) adjoining properties may be built to property boundaries, provided they shall be of fire resistant construction and have a common firewall.

### **34. Advertisements**

Advertisements shall not be erected or displayed except in accordance with Part III of these Regulations.

### **35. Buffer Strips**

Where any industrial development permitted in any Use Zone abuts an existing or proposed residential area, or is separated from it by a road only, the owner of the site of the industrial development shall provide a buffer strip not less than ten (10) metres wide between any residential activity and the industrial area. The buffer shall include the provision of such natural or structural barrier as may be required by the Authority and shall be maintained by the owner or occupier to the satisfaction of the Authority.

### **36. Building Height**

The Authority may permit the erection of buildings of a height greater than that specified in Schedule C, but in such cases the building line setback and rear yard requirements shall be varied as follows:

- 1) The building line setback shall be increased by 2 metres for every 1 metre increase in height.
- 2) The rear yard shall not be less than the minimum building line setback calculated as described in (1) above plus 6 metres.

### **37. Building Line and Setback**

The Authority, by resolution, may establish building lines on an existing or proposed street or service street and may require any new buildings to be located on those building lines, whether or not such building lines conform to the standards set out in the tables in Schedule C of these Regulations.

### **38. Family and Group Care Centres**

Family group care centre use is permitted in any dwelling or apartment that is adequate in size to accommodate the number of persons living in the group, inclusive of staff, provided that in the opinion of the Authority, the use of the dwelling does not materially differ from, nor adversely affect, the amenities of the adjacent residences, or the neighbourhood in which it is located. The Authority may require special access and safety features to be provided for the occupants before occupancy is permitted.

### **39. Height Exceptions**

The height requirements prescribed in Schedule C of these Regulations may be waived in the case of communication masts and antennae, flagpoles, water towers, spires, belfries, or chimneys, but any such waiver which results in an increase of more than 10% of the permitted height of the structure shall only be authorized under the provisions of Regulation 6 and with notice given under the provisions of Regulation 27(2).

### **40. Livestock Structures and Uses**

- 1) No structure designed to contain more than five animal units shall be erected or used unless it complies with the following requirements:
  - a) The structure shall be at least 600 m from a residence, (except a farm residence or a residence which is a non-conforming use in any zone in which agriculture is a permitted use class in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C of these Regulations), and, from an area designated for residential use in an approved Plan, and, from a Provincial or Federal Park.
  - b) The structure shall be at least 60 m from the boundary of the property on which it is to be erected.
  - c) The structure shall be at least 90 m from the centre line of a street.
  - d) The erection of the structure shall be approved by the Department of Natural Resources and the Department of Environment & Conservation.
- 2) No development for residential use shall be permitted within 600 m of an existing structure designed to contain more than five animal units unless the development is first approved by the Department of Natural Resources.

### **41. Lot Area**

- 1) No lot shall be reduced in area, either by the conveyance or alienation of any portion thereof or otherwise, so that any building or structure on such lot shall have a lot coverage that exceeds, or a front yard, rear yard, side yard, frontage or lot area that is less than that permitted by these Regulations for the zone in which such lot is located.
- 2) Where any part of a lot is required by these Regulations to be reserved as a yard, it shall continue to be so used regardless of any change in the ownership of the lot or any part thereof, and shall not be deemed to form part of an adjacent lot for the purpose of computing the area thereof available for building purposes.

#### **42. Lot Area and Size Exceptions**

Where, at the time of coming into effect of these Regulations, one or more lots already exist in any residential zone, with insufficient frontage or area to permit the owner or purchaser of such a lot or lots to comply with the provisions of these Regulations, then these Regulations shall not prevent the issuing of a permit by the Authority for the erection of a dwelling thereon, provided that the lot coverage and height are not greater than, and the yards and floor area are not less than the standards set out in these Regulations.

#### **43. Lot Frontage**

Except where specifically provided for in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C of these Regulations, no residential or commercial building shall be erected unless the lot on which it is situated fronts directly onto a street or forms part of a Comprehensive Development Scheme.

#### **44. Non-Conforming Use** *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, Section 14, 15, 16, 17, January 2, 2001)*

- 1) Notwithstanding the Municipal Plan, scheme or regulations made under this Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2001, the Authority shall, in accordance with regulations made under this Act, allow a development or use of land to continue in a manner that does not conform with a regulation, scheme, or plan that applies to that land provided that the non-conforming use legally existed before the registration under section 24 of the Act, scheme or regulations made with respect to that kind of development or use.
- 2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a right to resume a discontinued non-conforming use of land shall not exceed 3 years after the discontinuance of that use.
- 3) A building, structure or development that does not conform to a scheme, plan or regulations made under the Act that is allowed to continue under subsection (1) shall not be internally or externally varied, extended or expanded unless otherwise approved by the Authority;
  - a) shall not be structurally modified except as required for the safety of the building, structure or development;
  - b) shall not be reconstructed or repaired for use in the same non-conforming manner where 50% or more of the value of that building, structure or development has been destroyed;
  - c) have the existing use for that building, structure or development varied by the Authority to a use that is, in the Authority's opinion, more compatible with the plan and regulations applicable to it;
  - d) may have the existing building extended by approval of the Authority where, in the Authority's opinion, the extension is not more than 50% of the existing building;
  - e) where the non-conformance is with respect to the standards included in these development regulations, shall not be expanded if the expansion would increase the non-conformity and an expansion must comply with the development standards applicable to that building, structure or development;
  - f) where the building or structure is primarily zoned and used for residential purposes, it may, in accordance with the municipal plan and regulations, be repaired or rebuilt where 50% or more of the value of that building or structure is destroyed but the residential building or structure, where being repaired or rebuilt, must be repaired or rebuilt in accordance with the plan and development regulations applicable to that building or structure.
- 4) When making a decision to vary an existing use of a non-conforming building, structure or development, the Authority, at the applicant's expense, shall publish a notice in a newspaper circulating in the area or by other means give public notice of an application to vary the existing use of a non-conforming building, structure or development and shall consider any representations or submissions received in response to that advertisement.

#### **45. Offensive and Dangerous Uses**

No building or land shall be used for any purpose which may be dangerous by causing or promoting fires or other hazards or which may emit noxious, offensive or dangerous fumes, smoke, gases, radiation, smells, ash, dust or grit, excessive noise or vibration, or create any nuisance that has an unpleasant effect on the senses unless its use is authorized by the Authority and any other Authority having jurisdiction.

#### **46. Off-street Parking Requirements**

- 1) For every building, structure or use to be erected, enlarged or established, there shall be provided and maintained a quantity of off-street parking spaces sufficient to ensure that the flow of traffic on adjacent streets is not impeded by the on-street parking of vehicles associated with that building, structure or use.
- 2) The number of parking spaces to be provided for any building, structure, use of occupancy shall conform to the standards set out in Schedule D of these Regulations.
- 3) Each parking space, except in the case of one or two-family dwellings, shall be made accessible by means of a hard surfaced right-of-way at least 3 m in width. Parking required in a Residential Zone shall be provided on the same lot as the dwelling or dwellings. Parking space for apartments shall be provided in the rear yard where possible. In a Non-Residential Zone, parking spaces shall be provided within the limits of the zone in which the use is situated and not more than a 200 m distance from the use concerned.
- 4) The parking facilities required by this Regulation shall, except in the case of single or attached dwellings, be arranged so that it is not necessary for any vehicle to reverse onto or from a street.
- 5) Where, in these Regulations, parking facilities for more than four vehicles are required or permitted:
  - a) parking space shall mean an area of land, not less than 15m<sup>2</sup> in size, capable of being used for the parking of a vehicle without the need to move other vehicles on adjacent areas.
  - b) the parking area shall be constructed and maintained to the specifications of the Authority;
  - c) the lights used for illumination of the parking area shall be so arranged as to divert the light away from adjacent development;
  - d) a structure, not more than 3 m in height and more than 5 m<sup>2</sup> in area may be erected in the parking area for the use of attendants in the area;
  - e) except in zones in which a service station is a permitted use, no gasoline pump or other service station equipment shall be located or maintained on a parking area;
  - f) no part of any off-street parking area shall be closer than 1.5 m to the front lot line in any zone;
  - g) access to parking areas in non-residential zones shall not be by way of residential zones;
  - h) where a parking area is in or abuts a residential zone, a natural or structural barrier at least 1 m in height shall be erected and maintained along all lot lines;
  - i) where, in the opinion of the Authority, strict application of the above parking requirements is impractical or undesirable, the Authority may as a condition of a permit require the developer to pay a service levy in accordance with these Regulations in lieu of the provision of a parking area, and the full amount of the levy charged shall be used by the Authority for the provision and upkeep of alternative parking facilities within the general vicinity of the development.

#### **47. Off-Street Loading Requirements**

- 1) For every building, structure or use to be erected, enlarged or established requiring the shipping, loading or unloading of animals, goods, wares or merchandise, there shall be provided and maintained for the premises loading facilities on land that is not part of a street comprised of one or more loading spaces, 15 m long 4 m wide, and having a vertical clearance of at least 4 m with direct access to a street or with access by a driveway of a minimum width of 6 m to a street.
- 2) The number of loading spaces to be provided shall be determined by the Authority.

3) The loading facilities required by this Regulation shall be so arranged that vehicles can manoeuvre clear of any street and so that it is not necessary for any vehicle to reverse onto or from a street.

#### **48. Parks and Playgrounds, and Conservation Uses**

Nothing in these Regulations shall prevent the designation of conservation areas or the establishment of parks and playgrounds in any zones provided that such parks and playgrounds are not located in areas which may be hazardous to their use and are not operated for commercial purposes.

#### **49. Screening and Landscaping**

The Authority may, in the case of existing unsightly development, order the owner or occupier to provide adequate and suitable landscaping or screening; and for this purpose may require the submission of an application giving details of the landscaping or screening, and these Regulations shall then apply to that application. The provision of adequate and suitable landscaping or screening may be made a condition of any development permit where, in the opinion of the Authority, the landscaping or screening is desirable to preserve amenity, or protect the environment.

#### **50. Services and Public Utilities**

The Authority may within any zone permit land to be used in conjunction with the provision of public services and public utilities if the use of that land is necessary to the proper operation of the public service or public utility concerned provided that the design and landscaping of any development of any land so used is, in the opinion of the Authority, adequate to protect the character and appearance of the area.

#### **51. Service Stations**

The following requirements shall apply to all proposed service stations:

- a) All gasoline pumps shall be located on pump islands designed for such purpose, and to which automobiles may gain access from either side.
- b) Pump islands shall be set back at least 4 metres from the front lot line.
- c) Accesses shall not be less than 7 metres wide and shall be clearly marked, and where a service station is located on a corner lot, the minimum distance between an access and the intersection of street lines at the junction shall be 10 metres and the lot line between entrances shall be clearly indicated.

#### **52. Side Yards**

A side yard shall be kept clear of obstruction and shall be provided on the exposed sides of every building in order to provide access for the maintenance of that building.

#### **53. Street Construction Standards**

A new street may not be constructed except in accordance with and to the design and specifications laid down by the Authority.

#### **54. Subsidiary Apartments**

Subsidiary apartments may be permitted in single dwellings only, and for the purposes of calculating lot area and yard requirements, shall be considered part of the self-contained dwelling.

#### **55. Un-subdivided Land**

Development is not permitted on un-subdivided land unless sufficient area is reserved to satisfy the yard and other allowances called for in the Use Zone in which it is located and the allowances shall be retained when the adjacent land is developed.

**56. Zero Lot Line and Other Comprehensive Development**

The Authority may, at its discretion, approve the erection of dwellings which are designed to form part of a zero lot line development or other comprehensive layout which does not, with the exception of dwelling unit floor area, meet the requirements of the Use Zone Table in Schedule C, provided that the dwellings are designed to provide both privacy and reasonable access to natural daylight and the overall density within the layout conforms to the regulations and standards set out in the Use Zone Table apply where the layout adjoins other development.

**PART III - ADVERTISEMENTS**

**57. Permit Required**

No advertisement shall be erected or displayed in the Planning Area unless a permit for the advertisement is first obtained from the Authority. A permit for erection or display of advertisement on Provincial Highways shall be obtained from the Government Service Centre.

**58. Form of Application**

Application for a permit to erect or display an advertisement shall be made to the Authority in accordance with Regulation 16.

**59. Advertisements Prohibited in Street Reservation**

No advertisement shall be permitted to be erected or displayed within, on or over any highway or street reservation.

**60. Permit Valid for Limited Period**

A permit granted under these Regulations for the erection or display of an advertisement shall be for a limited period, not exceeding two years, but may be renewed at the discretion of the Authority for similar periods.

**61. Removal of Advertisements**

Notwithstanding the provisions of these Regulations, the Authority may require the removal of any advertisement which, in its opinion, is:

- a) hazardous to road traffic by reason of its siting, colour, illumination, or structural condition, or;
- b) detrimental to the amenities of the surrounding area.

**62. Advertisements Exempt from Control**

The following advertisements may be erected or displayed in the Planning Area without application to the Authority:

- a) on a dwelling or within the courtyard of a dwelling, one nameplate not exceeding 0.2 m<sup>2</sup> in area;
- b) on an agricultural holding or farm, a notice board not exceeding 1 m<sup>2</sup> in area and relating to the operations being conducted on the land;
- c) on land used for forestry purposes, signs or notices not exceeding 1 m<sup>2</sup> in area and relating to forestry operations or the location of logging operations conducted on the land;
- d) on land used for mining or quarrying operations, a notice board not exceeding 1 m<sup>2</sup> in area relating to the operation conducted on the land;

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- e) on a dwelling or the grounds of a dwelling, one nameplate not exceeding 0.2 m<sup>2</sup> in area in connection with the practice of a professional person carried on in the premises;
  - f) on any site occupied by a church, school, library, art gallery, museum, institution or cemetery, one notice board not exceeding 1 m<sup>2</sup> in area;
  - g) on the principal facade of any commercial, industrial or public building, the name of the building or the name of the occupants of the building, in letters not exceeding one-tenth of the height of that facade or 3 m, whichever is the lesser;
  - h) on any parking lot directional signs and one sign not exceeding 1 m<sup>2</sup> in size, identifying the parking lot.

### **63. Approval Subject to Conditions**

A permit may only be issued for the erection or display of advertisements which comply with the appropriate conditions and specifications set out in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C of these Regulations.

### **64. Non-Conforming Uses**

Notwithstanding the provisions of Regulation 62, a permit may be used for the erection or display of advertisements on a building or within the courtyard of a building or on a parcel of land, the use of which is a non conforming use, provided that the advertisement does not exceed the size and type of advertisement which could be permitted if the development was in a Use Zone appropriate to its use, and subject to any other conditions deemed appropriate by the Authority.

## **PART IV - SUBDIVISION OF LAND**

### **65. Permit Required**

No land in the Planning Area shall be subdivided unless a permit for the development of the subdivision is first obtained from the Authority.

### **66. Services to be Provided**

No permit shall be issued for the development of a subdivision unless provisions satisfactory to the Authority have been made in the application for a supply of drinking water, a properly designed sewage disposal system, and a properly designed storm drainage system.

### **67. Payment of Service Levies and Other Charges**

No permit shall be issued for the development of a subdivision until agreement has been reached for the payment of all fees levied by the Authority for connection to services, utilities and streets deemed necessary for the proper development of the subdivision, and all service levies and other charges imposed under Regulations 8 and 9.

### **68. Issue of Permit Subject to Considerations**

A permit shall not be issued when, in the opinion of the Authority, the development of a subdivision does not contribute to the orderly growth of the municipality and does not demonstrate sound design principles. In considering an application, the Authority shall, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, consider:

- a) the location of the land;
- b) the availability of and the demand created for schools, services, and utilities;
- c) the provisions of the Plan and Regulations affecting the site;
- d) the land use, physical form and character of adjacent developments;
- e) the transportation network and traffic densities affecting the site;
- f) the relationship of the project to existing or potential sources of nuisance;

- g) soil and subsoil characteristics;
- h) the topography of the site and its drainage;
- i) natural features such as lakes, streams, topsoil, trees and shrubs;
- j) prevailing winds;
- k) visual quality;
- l) community facilities;
- m) energy conservation;
- n) such other matters as may affect the proposed development.

### **69. Building Permits Required**

Notwithstanding the approval of a subdivision by the Authority, a separate building permit shall be obtained for each building proposed to be erected in the area of the subdivision, and no building permit for any building in the area shall be issued until the developer has complied with all the provisions of these Regulations with respect to the development of the subdivision.

### **70. Form of Application**

Application for a permit to develop a subdivision shall be made to the Authority in accordance with Regulation 16.

### **71. Subdivision Subject to Zoning**

The subdivision of land shall be permitted only in conformity with the Use Zones delineated on the Zoning Maps.

### **72. Building Lines**

The Authority may establish building lines for any subdivision street and require any new building to be located on such building lines.

### **73. Land for Public Open Space**

- 1) Before a development commences, the developer shall, if required, dedicate to the Authority, at no cost to the Authority, an area of land equivalent to not more than 10% of the gross area of the subdivision or 25 m<sup>2</sup> for every dwelling unit permitted in the subdivision, whichever is the greater, for public open space, provided that:
  - a) where land is subdivided for any purpose other than residential use, the Authority shall determine the percentage of land to be dedicated;
  - b) if, in the opinion of the Authority, no public open space is required, the land may be used for such other public use as the Authority may determine;
  - c) the location and suitability of any land dedicated under the provisions of this Regulation shall be subject to the approval of the Authority but in any case, the Authority shall not accept land which, in its opinion is incapable of development for any purpose;
  - d) the Authority may accept from the developer in lieu of such area or areas of land the payment of a sum of money equal to the value of the land which would otherwise be required to be dedicated;
  - e) money received by the Authority in accordance with Regulation 73(1)(d) above, shall be reserved by the Authority for the purpose of the acquisition or development of land for public open space or other public purpose.

(2) Land dedicated for public use in accordance with this Regulation shall be conveyed to the Authority and may be sold or leased by the Authority for the purposes of any development that conforms with the requirements of these Regulations, and the proceeds of any sale or other disposition of land shall be applied against the cost of acquisition or development of any other land for the purposes of public open space or other public purposes.



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(3) The Authority may require a strip of land to be reserved and remain undeveloped along the banks of any river, brook or pond, and this land may, at the discretion of the Authority, constitute the requirement of land for public use under Regulation 73(1).

#### **74. Structure in Street Reservation**

The placing within any street reservation of any structure (for example, a hydro pole, telegraph or telephone pole, fire hydrant, mail box, fire alarm, sign post) shall receive the prior approval of the Authority which shall be satisfied on the question of safe construction and relationship to the adjoining buildings and other structures within the street reservation.

#### **75. Subdivision Design Standards**

No permit shall be issued for the development of a subdivision under these Regulations unless the design of the subdivision conforms to the following standards:

- a) The finished grade of streets shall not exceed 10 percent.
- b) Every cul-de-sac shall be provided with a turning circle of a diameter of not less than 30 m.
- c) The maximum length of any cul-de-sac shall be:
  - 200m in areas served by or planned to be served by municipal piped water and sewer services, as shown in the map and letter of agreement signed by the Municipality and the Minister of Municipal and Provincial Affairs in connection with municipal five-year capital works program eligibility.
  - 300m in areas not served by or planned to be served by municipal piped water and sewer services.
- d) Emergency vehicle access to a cul-de-sac shall be not less than 3 m wide and shall connect the head of the cul-de-sac with an adjacent street.
- e) No cul-de-sac shall be located so as to appear to terminate a collector street.
- f) New subdivisions shall have street connections with an existing street or streets.
- g) All street intersections shall be constructed within 5E of a right angle and this alignment shall be maintained for 30 m from the intersection.
- h) No street intersection shall be closer than 60 m to any other street intersection.
- i) No more than four streets shall join at any street intersection.
- j) No residential street block shall be longer than 490 m between street intersections.
- k) Streets in residential subdivisions shall be designed in accordance with the approved standards of the Authority, but in the absence of such standards, shall conform to the following minimum standards:
  - No lot intended for residential purposes shall have a depth exceeding four times the frontage.
  - Residential lots shall not be permitted which abut a local street at both front and rear lot lines.
  - The Authority may require any existing natural, historical or architectural feature or part thereof to be retained when a subdivision is developed.
  - Land shall not be subdivided in such a manner as to prejudice the development of adjoining land.

#### **76. Engineer to Design Works and Certify Construction Layout**

- 1) Plans and specifications for all water mains, hydrants, sanitary sewers, storm sewers and all appurtenances thereto and all streets, paving, curbs, gutters and catch basins and all other utilities deemed necessary by the Authority to service the area proposed to be developed or subdivided shall be designed and prepared by or approved by the Engineer. Such designs and specifications shall, upon approval by the Authority, be incorporated in the plan of subdivision.

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- 2) Upon approval by the Authority of the proposed subdivision, the Engineer shall certify all work of construction layout preliminary to the construction of the works and thereupon the developer shall proceed to the construction and installation, at his own cost and in accordance with the approved designs and specifications and the construction layout certified by the Engineer, of all such water mains, hydrants, sanitary sewers and all appurtenances and of all such streets and other works deemed necessary by the Authority to service the said area.

### **77. Developer to Pay Engineer's Fees and Charges**

The developer shall pay to the Authority all the Engineer's fees and charges for the preparation of designs and specifications and for the layout and supervision of construction; such fees and charges being percentages of the total cost of materials and labour for the construction and installation of all works calculated in accordance with the Schedule of Fees recommended by the Association of Professional Engineers of Newfoundland and in effect at the time the work is carried out.

### **78. Street Works May Be Deferred**

The construction and installation of all curbs and gutters, catch basins, sidewalks and paving specified by the Authority as being necessary, may, at the Authority's discretion, be deferred until a later stage of the work on the development of the subdivision but the developer shall deposit with the Authority before approval of his application, an amount estimated by the Engineer as reasonably sufficient to cover the cost of construction and installation of the works. In the later stage of the work of development, the Authority shall call for tenders for the work of construction and installation of the works, and the amount so deposited by the developer shall be applied towards payment of the contract cost. If the contract cost exceeds the deposit, the developer shall pay to the Authority the amount of the excess. If the contract price is less than the deposit, the Authority shall refund the amount by which the deposit exceeds the contract price. Any amount so deposited with the Authority by the developer shall be placed in a separate savings account in a bank and all interest earned thereon shall be credited to the developer.

### **79. Transfer of Streets and Utilities to Authority**

- 1) The developer shall following the approval of the subdivision of land and upon request of the Authority, transfer to the Authority, at no cost to the Authority, and clear of all liens and encumbrances:
- a) all lands in the area proposed to be developed or subdivided which are approved and designated by the Authority for public uses as streets, or other rights-of-way, or for other public use;
  - b) all services or public works including streets, water supply and distribution and sanitary and storm drainage systems installed in the subdivision that are normally owned and operated by the Authority.
- 2) Before the Authority shall accept the transfer of lands, services or public works of any subdivision, the Engineer shall, at the cost to the developer, test the streets, services and public works installed in the subdivision and certify his satisfaction with their installation.
- 3) The Authority shall not provide maintenance for any street, service or public work in any subdivision until such time as such street, service or public work has been transferred to and accepted by the Authority.

### **80. Restriction on Sale of Lots**

The developer shall not develop or dispose of any lot within a subdivision for the purposes of development and no building permit shall be issued until the Authority is satisfied that:

- a) the lot can be served with satisfactory water supply and sewage disposal systems, and
- b) satisfactory access to a street is provided for the lots.

### **81. Grouping of Buildings and Landscaping**

- a) Each plan of subdivision shall make provision for the grouping of building types and for landscaping in order to enhance the visual aspects of the completed development and to make the

most use of existing topography and vegetation.

- b) Building groupings, once approved by the Authority, shall not be changed without written application to and subsequent approval of the Authority.

## **PART V - USE ZONES**

### **82. Use Zones**

- a) For the purpose of these Regulations, the Planning Area is divided into Use Zones which are shown on the Zoning Maps attached to and forming part of these Regulations.
- b) The permitted use classes, discretionary use classes, standards, requirements and conditions applicable to each Use Zone are set out in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C of these Regulations.
- c) Where standards, requirements and conditions applicable in a Use Zone are not set out in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C, the Authority may in its discretion, determine the standards, requirements and conditions which shall apply.

### **83. Use Classes**

The specific uses to be included in each Use Class set out in the Use Zone Tables in Schedule C shall be determined by the Authority in accordance with the classification and examples set out in Schedule B.

### **84. Permitted Uses**

Subject to these Regulations, the uses that fall within the Permitted Use Classes set out in the appropriate Use Zone Table in Schedule C shall be permitted by the Authority in that Use Zone.

### **85. Discretionary Uses**

Subject to these Regulations, the uses that fall within the Discretionary Use Classes set out in the appropriate Use Zone Table in Schedule C may be permitted in that Use Zone if the Authority is satisfied that the development would not be contrary to the general intent and purpose of these Regulations, the Municipal Plan, or any further scheme or plan or regulation pursuant thereto, and to the public interest, and if the Authority has given notice of the application in accordance with Regulation 32 and has considered any objections or representations which may have been received on the matter.

### **86. Uses Not Permitted**

Uses that do not fall within the Permitted Use Classes or Discretionary Use Classes set out in the appropriate Use Zone Tables in Schedule C, shall not be permitted in that Use Zone.

## SCHEDULE A

### DEFINITIONS

**ACCESS:** A way used or intended to be used by vehicles, pedestrians or animals in order to go from a street to adjacent or nearby land or to go from that land to the street. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**ACCESSORY BUILDING:**

- a) A detached subordinate building not used as a dwelling, located on the same lot as the main building to which it is an accessory and which has a use that is customarily incidental or complementary to the main use of the building or land,
- b) for residential uses, domestic garages, carports, ramps, sheds, swimming pools, greenhouses, cold frames, fuel sheds, vegetables storage cellars, shelters for domestic pets or radio and television antennae,
- c) for commercial uses, workshops or garages, and
- d) for industrial uses, garages, offices, raised ramps and docks.  
*(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**ACCESSORY USE:** A use that is subsidiary to a permitted or discretionary use and that is customarily expected to occur with the permitted or discretionary use. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**ACT:** The Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000.

**ADVERTISEMENT:** Any word, letter, model, sign, placard, board, notice, device or representation, whether illuminated or not, in the nature of and employed wholly or in part for the purposes of advertisement, announcement or direction; excluding such things employed wholly as a memorial, or functional advertisement of Councils, or other local authorities, public utilities and public transport undertakers, and including any boarding or similar structure used or adapted for use for the display of advertisements.

**AGRICULTURE:** Horticulture, fruit growing, grain growing, seed growing, dairy farming, the breeding or rearing of livestock, including any creature kept for the production of food, wool, skins, or fur, or for the purpose of its use in the farming of land, the use of land as grazing land, meadow land, osier land, market gardens and nursery grounds and the use of land for woodlands where that use is ancillary to the farming of land for any other purpose. "Agricultural" shall be construed accordingly.

**AMUSEMENT USE:** The use of land or buildings equipped for the playing of electronic, mechanical, or other games and amusements including electronic games, pinball games and slot machine arcades and billiard and pool halls.

**ANIMAL UNIT:** Any one of the following animals or groups of animals:

- 1 bull;
- 1000 broiler chickens or roosters (1.8 - 2.3 kg each);
- 1 cow (including calf);
- 100 female milk (including associated males and kits);
- 4 goats;
- X hogs (based on 453.6 kg = 1 unit);
- 1 horse (including foal);

125 laying hens;  
4 sheep (including lambs);  
1 sow or breed sow (including weaners and growers based on 453.6 kg = 1 unit);  
X turkeys, ducks, geese (based on 2,268 kg = 1 unit).

**APARTMENT BUILDING:** A building containing three or more dwelling units, but does not include a row dwelling.

**APPLICANT:** A person who has applied to an Authority for an approval or permit to carry out a development.

**APPEAL BOARD:** The appropriate Appeal Board established under the Act.

**ARTERIAL STREET:** The streets in the Planning Area constituting the main traffic arteries of the area and defined as arterial streets or highways in the Municipal Plan or on the Zoning Map.

**AUTHORITY:** The Town Council of L'Anse au Loup.

**BED AND BREAKFAST:** A single, double or row dwelling, occupied by the property owner or the Bed and Breakfast host as a primary residence, where at least one, and up to four rooms are offered for overnight accommodation and a meal (breakfast) to registered guests, for a fee.

**BOARDING HOUSE:** A dwelling in which at least 2 rooms are regularly rented to persons other than the immediate family of the owner or tenant.

**BUILDING:** Every structure, erection, excavation, alteration or improvement whatsoever placed on, over or under land, or attached, anchored or moored to land, and includes mobile structures, vehicles and marine vessels adapted or constructed for residential, commercial, industrial and other like uses, and any part of a building as so defined and any fixtures that form part of a building.

**BUILDING HEIGHT:** The vertical distance, measured in metres from the established grade to:

- i) the highest point of the roof surface of a flat roof,
- ii) the deck line of a mansard roof, or
- iii) the mean height level between the eave and the ridge of a gable, hip or gambrel roof.

A building height shall not include mechanical structures, smokestacks, steeples and purely ornamental structures above a roof *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**BUILDING LINE:** A line established by an Authority that runs parallel to a street line and is set at the closest point to a street that a building may be placed. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**CATERING:** A use such as a restaurant, cafe, bar or lounge which supplies food and/or beverages to be consumed on or off the premises.

**COLLECTOR STREET:** A street that is designed to link local streets with arterial streets and which is designated as a collector street in the Municipal Plan, or on the Zoning Map.

**DAYCARE CENTRE or DAY NURSERY:** A building or part of a building in which services and activities are regularly provided to children of pre-school age during the full daytime period as defined under the Day Nurseries Act, but does not include a school as defined by the Schools Act.

**DEVELOPMENT:** The carrying out of any building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over, or under land, or the making of any material change in the use, or the intensity of use of any land, buildings,

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or premise and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, shall specifically include:

- a) the making of an access onto a highway, road or way;
- b) the erection of an advertisement or sign;
- c) the parking of a trailer, or vehicle of any description used for the sale of refreshments or merchandise, or as an office, or for living accommodation, for any period of time; and shall exclude:
  - the carrying out of works for the maintenance, improvement or other alteration of any building, being works which affect only the interior of the building or which do not materially affect the external appearance or use of the building;
  - the carrying out by a highway Authority of any works required for the maintenance or improvement of a road, being works carried out on land within the boundaries of the road reservation;
  - the carrying out by any local Authority or statutory undertakers of any works for the purpose of inspecting, repairing or renewing any sewers, mains, pipes, cables or other apparatus, including the breaking open of any street or other land for that purpose;
  - the use of any building or land within the courtyard of a dwelling house for any purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwelling house as such.

**DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS:** Regulations respecting development that have been enacted by the relevant Authority.

**DISCRETIONARY USE:** A use that is listed within the discretionary use classes established in the use zone tables of an Authority's development regulations. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**DIRECTOR:** The Director of Urban and Rural Planning.

**DOUBLE DWELLING:** A building containing two dwelling units, placed one above the other, or side by side, but does not include a self-contained dwelling containing a subsidiary apartment.

**DWELLING UNIT:** A self-contained unit consisting of one or more habitable rooms used or designed as the living quarters for one household.

**ENGINEER:** A professional engineer employed or retained by the Authority.

**ESTABLISHED GRADE:**

- a) where used in reference to a building, the average elevation of the finished surface of the ground where it meets the exterior or the front of that building exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment, or
- b) where used in reference to a structure that is not a building, the average elevation of the finished grade of the ground immediately surrounding the structure, exclusive of any artificial embankment or entrenchment. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**FAMILY AND GROUP CARE CENTRE:** A dwelling accommodating up to but no more than six (6) persons exclusive of staff in a home-like setting. Subject to the size limitation, this definition includes, but is not limited to, the facilities called "Group Home", "Halfway House", and "Foster Home".

**FLOOR AREA:** The total area of all floors in a building measured to the outside face of exterior walls. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**FRONTAGE:** The horizontal distance between side lot lines measured at the building line. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**FRONT YARD DEPTH:** The distance between the front lot line of a lot and the front wall of the main building on the lot.

**GARAGE:** A building erected for the storage of motor vehicles as an ancillary use to a main building on the lot.

**GENERAL INDUSTRY:** The use of land or buildings for the purpose of storing, assembling, altering, repairing, manufacturing, fabricating, packing, canning, preparing, breaking up, demolishing, or treating any article, commodity or substance. "Industry" shall be construed accordingly.

**GENERAL GARAGE:** Land or buildings used exclusively for repair, maintenance and storage of motor vehicles and may include the sale of gasoline or diesel oil.

**HAZARDOUS INDUSTRY:** The use of land or buildings for industrial purposes involving the use of materials or processes which because of their inherent characteristics, constitute a special fire, explosion, radiation or other hazard.

**INSPECTOR:** Any person appointed and engaged as an Inspector by the Authority or by any federal or provincial Authority or the agent thereof.

**INSTITUTION:** A building or part thereof occupied or used by persons who:

- a) are involuntarily detained, or detained for penal or correctional purposes, or whose liberty is restricted, or;
- b) require special care or treatment because of age, mental or physical limitations or medical conditions.

**LAND:** Includes land covered by water, and buildings and structures on, over, or under the soil and fixtures that form part of these buildings and structures.

**LIGHT INDUSTRY:** Use of any land or buildings for any general industrial use that can be carried out without hazard or intrusion and without detriment to the amenity of the surrounding area by reason of noise, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, grit, soot, ash, dust, glare or appearance.

**LOCAL STREET:** A street designed primarily to provide access to adjoining land and which is not designated as a collector street or arterial street in the Municipal Plan, or on the Zoning Map.

**LODGING HOUSE:** A dwelling in which at least 2 rooms are regularly rented to persons other than the immediate family of the owner or tenant.

**LOT:** Any plot, tract or parcel of land which can be considered as a unit of land for a particular use or building. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**LOT AREA:** The total horizontal area within the lot lines of the lot. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**LOT COVERAGE:** The combined area of all buildings on the lot measured at the level of the lowest floor above the established grade expressed as a percentage of the total area of the lot. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**MINERAL WORKING:** Land or buildings used for the working or extraction of any naturally occurring substance.

**MOBILE HOME:** A transportable factory-built single family dwelling unit:

- a) which complies with space standards substantially equal to those laid down in the Canadian Code for Residential Construction and is in accordance with the construction standards laid down and all other applicable Provincial and Municipal Codes and;

- b) which is designed to be:
- transport ed on its own wheels and chassis to a mobile home lot, and subsequently supported on its own wheels, jacks, posts or piers, or on a permanent foundation and;
  - connecte d to exterior public utilities approved by the Authority, namely, piped water, piped sewer, electricity and telephone, in order for such mobile home unit to be suitable for year round term occupancy.

**MOBILE HOME PARK:** A mobile home development under single or joint ownership, cared for and controlled by a mobile home park operator where individual mobile home lots are rented or leased with or without mobile home units placed on them and where ownership and responsibility for the maintenance and development of site facilities including underground services, access roads, communal areas, snow clearing and garbage collection, or any of them, are the responsibility of the mobile home park management, and where the mobile home development is classified as a mobile home park by the Authority.

**MOBILE HOME SUBDIVISION:** A mobile home development requiring the subdivision of land whether in single or joint ownership into two or more pieces or parcels of land for the purpose of locating thereon mobile home units under either freehold or leasehold tenure and where the maintenance of streets and services is the responsibility of a municipality or public Authority, and where the mobile home development is classified as a mobile home subdivision by the Authority.

**NON-CONFORMING USE:** means a legally existing use that is not listed as a permitted or discretionary use for the use zone in which it is located or which does not meet the development standards for that use zone. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**OWNER:** means a person or an organization of persons owning or having the legal right to use the land under consideration. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**PERMITTED USE:** means a use that is listed within the permitted use classes set out in the use zone tables of an Authority's development regulations. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**PIT AND QUARRY WORKING:** Carries the same meaning as Mineral Working.

**PROHIBITED USE:** means a use that is not listed in a use zone within the permitted use classes or discretionary use classes or a use that an Authority specifies as not permitted within a use zone. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**REAR YARD DEPTH:** means the distance between the rear lot line and the rear wall of the main building on the lot. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**RESTAURANT:** A building or part thereof, designed or intended to be used or occupied for the purpose of serving the general public with meals or refreshments for consumption on the premises.

**ROW DWELLING:** Three or more dwelling units at ground level in one building, each unit separated vertically from the others.

**SEASONAL RESIDENCE:** A dwelling which is designed or intended for seasonal or recreational use, and is not intended for use as permanent living quarters.

**SERVICE STATION:** Any land or building used exclusively for the sale of petroleum products, automotive parts and accessories, minor repairs, washing and polishing of motor vehicles.

**SERVICE STREET:** A street constructed parallel to or close to another street for the purpose of limiting direct access to that street.



**SHOP:** A building or part thereof used for retail trade wherein the primary purpose is the selling or offering for sale of goods, wares or merchandise by retail or the selling or offering for sale of retail services but does not include an establishment wherein the primary purpose is the serving of meals or refreshments, an amusement use, a general garage, or a service station.

**SHOPPING CENTRE:** A group of shops and complementary uses with integrated parking and which is planned, developed and designed as a unit containing a minimum of 5 retail establishments.

**SHOWROOM:** A building or part of a building in which samples or patterns are displayed and in which orders may be taken for goods, wares or merchandise, including vehicles and equipment, for later delivery.

**SIDE YARD DEPTH:** means the distance between a side lot line and the nearest side wall of any building on the lot. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**SIGN:** means a word, letter, model, placard, board, device or representation, whether illuminated or not, in the nature of or employed wholly or in part for the purpose of advertisement, announcement or direction and excludes those things employed wholly as a memorial, advertisements of local government, utilities and boarding or similar structures used for the display of advertisements. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**STREET:** means a street, road, highway or other way designed for the passage of vehicles and pedestrians and which is accessible by fire department and other emergency vehicles. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**STREET LINE:** means the edge of a street reservation as defined by the Authority having jurisdiction. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**SUBDIVISION:** The dividing of any land, whether in single or joint ownership, into two or more pieces for the purpose of development.

**SUBSIDIARY APARTMENT:** A separate dwelling unit constructed within and subsidiary to a self-contained dwelling.

**TAKE-OUT FOOD SERVICE:** A building in which the primary purpose is the preparation and sale of meals or refreshments for consumption off the premises.

**TAVERN:** Includes a nightclub and means a building licensed or licensable under the Liquor Control Act wherein meals and food may be served for consumption on the premises and in which entertainment may be provided.

**USE:** means a building or activity situated on a lot or a development permitted on a lot. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**USE ZONE or ZONE:** means an area of land including buildings and water designated on the zoning map to which the uses, standards and conditions of a particular use zone table apply. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**VARIANCE:** means a departure, to a maximum of 10% from the yard, area, lot coverage, setback, size, height, frontage or any other numeric requirement of the applicable Use Zone Table of the Authority's regulations. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

**ZONING MAP:** The map or maps attached to and forming part of the Authority's regulations. *(Refer to Minister's Development Regulations, January 2, 2001)*

## SCHEDULE B

### CLASSIFICATION OF USES OF LAND AND BUILDINGS

NOTE: The classification of uses set out in the following table is based on the Classification of Typical Occupancies included as Table 3.1.2.A of the **National Building Code of Canada, 1980**. This classification is referred to in Regulation 83.

GROUP	DIVISION	CLASS	EXAMPLES
A. ASSEMBLY USES	1. Assembly Uses for the production and viewing of the performing arts.	(a) Theatre	Motion Picture Theatres T.V. Studios admitting an audience.
	2. General Assembly Uses	(a) Cultural and Civic	Libraries, Museums, Art Galleries Court Rooms, Meeting Rooms Council Chambers, Interpretation Centre
		(b) General Assembly	Community Halls, Lodge Halls Dance Halls, Gymnasias, Auditoria Bowling Alleys
		(c) Educational	Schools, Colleges (non-residential)
		(d) Place of Worship	Churches and similar places of worship. Church Halls
		(e) Passenger Assembly	Passenger Terminals
		(f) Club and Lodge	Private Clubs and Lodges (non-residential)
		(g) Catering	Restaurants, Bars, Lounges, Takeouts, Catering
		(h) Funeral Home	Funeral Homes and Chapels
		(i) Child Care	Day Care Centres
		(j) Amusement	Electronic Games, Arcades, Pinball Parlours, Poolrooms

GROUP	DIVISION	CLASS	EXAMPLES
A. ASSEMBLY USES (continued)	3. Arena-type Uses	(a) Indoor Assembly	Arenas, Armouries, Ice Rinks Indoor Swimming Pools
	4. Open-air Assembly Uses	(a) Outdoor Assembly	Bleachers, Grandstands, Outdoor Ice Rinks and Swimming Pools Amusement Parks and Fair-grounds Exhibition Grounds, Drive-in Theatres
B. INSTITUTIONAL USES	1. Penal and Correctional Institutional Uses	(a) Penal and Correctional Detention	Jails, Penitentiaries, Police Stations (with detention quarters), Prisons Psychiatric Hospitals (with detention quarters), Reformatories
	2. Special Care Institutional Uses	(a) Medical Treatment and Special Care	Children's Homes, Convalescent Homes Homes for Aged, Hospitals, Infirmaries Orphanages, Psychiatric Hospitals, Sanatoria
C. RESIDENTIAL USES	1. Residential Dwelling Uses	(a) Single Dwelling	Single Detached Dwellings Family & Group Homes
		(b) Double Dwelling	Semi-detached Dwelling, Duplex Dwellings, Family & Group Homes
		(c) Row Dwelling	Row Houses, Town Houses Family & Group Homes
		(d) Apartment Building	Apartments, Family & Group Homes

GROUP	DIVISION	CLASS	EXAMPLES
C. RESIDENTIAL USES (continued)	2. General Residential Uses	(a) Collective Residential	Residential Colleges & Schools University & College Halls of Residence Convents & Monasteries Nurses and Hospital Residences
		(b) Boarding House Residential	Boarding Houses Lodging Houses
		(c) Commercial Residential	Hotels & Motels, Hostels Residential Clubs, Bed and Breakfast
		(d) Seasonal Residential	Summer Homes & Cabins Hunting & Fishing Cabins
		(e) Mobile Homes	Mobile Homes
D. BUSINESS & PERSONAL SERVICE USES	1. Business, Professional, and Personal Service Uses	(a) Office	Offices (including Government Offices), Banks
		(b) Medical & Professional	Medical Offices and Consulting Rooms, Dental Offices & Surgeries Legal Offices, Similar Professional Offices
		(c) Personal Service	Barbers, Hairdressers, Beauty Parlours Small Appliance Repairs
		(d) General Service	Self-service Laundries, Dry Cleaners (not using flammable or explosive substances) Small Tool and Appliance Rentals Travel Agents

GROUP	DIVISION	CLASS	EXAMPLES
D. BUSINESS & PERSONAL SERVICE USES (continued)	1. Business, Professional & Personal Service Uses (continued)	(e) Communications	Radio Stations Telephone Exchanges
		(f) Police Station	Police Stations Without detention quarters
		(g) Taxi Stand	Taxi Stands
		(h) Take-out Food Service	Take-out Food Service
		(i) Veterinary	Veterinary Surgeries
		(j) Restaurant	Take-out, catering, restaurant
E. MERCANTILE USES	1. Retail Sale and Display Uses	(a) Shopping Centre	Shopping Centres
		(b) Shop	Retail Shops and Stores and Showrooms Department Stores
		(c) Indoor Market	Market Halls Auction Halls
		(d) Outdoor Market	Market Grounds Animal Markets Produce and Fruit Stands Fish Stalls
		(e) Convenience Store	Confectionary Stores Corner Stores Gift Shops, Specialty Shops
F. INDUSTRIAL USES	1. Industrial uses involving highly combustible and hazardous substances and processes.	(a) Hazardous Industry	Bulk Storage of hazardous liquids and sub-stances. Chemical Plants Distilleries, Feed Mills, Lacquer, Mattress, Paint, Varnish, and Rubber Factories, Spray Painting

GROUP	DIVISION	CLASS	EXAMPLES
F. INDUSTRIAL USES (continued)	2. General Industrial Uses involving Limited Hazardous Substances and Processes.	(a) General Industry	Factories, Cold Storage Plants Freight Depots, General Garages Warehouses, Workshops, Laboratories Laundries, Planing Mills, Printing Plants Contractors' Yards
		(b) Service Station	Gasoline Service Stations Gas Bars
	3. Light, Non-hazardous or Non-intrusive Industrial Uses.	(a) Light Industry	Light Industry, Parking Garages Indoor Storage, Warehouses Workshops, Traditional Fisheries Uses
G. NON-BUILDING USES	1. Uses not directly related to building	(a) Agriculture	Commercial Farms, Hobby Farms, Market Gardens & Nurseries
		(b) Forestry	Tree Nurseries, Sylviculture
		(c) Mineral Working	Quarries, Pits, Mines, Oil Wells
		(d) Recreational Open Space	Playing Fields, Sports Grounds, Parks Playgrounds
		(e) Conservation	Watersheds, Buffer Strips, Flood Plains Architectural, Historical and Scenic Sites Steep Slopes, Wildlife Sanctuaries
		(f) Cemetery	Cemeteries, Graveyards
		(g) Scrap Yard	Car Wrecking Yards, Junk Yards Scrap Dealers

GROUP	DIVISION	CLASS	EXAMPLES
G. NON-BUILDING USES (continued)	1. Uses not directly related to building. (continued)	(h) Solid Waste	Solid Waste Disposal Sanitary Land Fill Incinerators
		(i) Animal	Animal Pounds, Kennels, Zoos
		(j) Antenna	TV, Radio and Communications Transmitting and Receiving Masts and Antennae
		(k) Transportation	Airfields, Railway Yards, Docks and Harbours

## SCHEDULE C

### USE ZONES, L'Anse au Loup

This schedule contains tables showing the use classes that may be permitted or which may be treated as discretionary use classes for the purpose of these Regulations. The tables also indicate the required standards of development and may also include conditions affecting some or all of the use classes.

The following Use Zones are included:

Mixed	MIX
Residential	RES
Heritage Conservation	HC
Marine Industrial	MI
Industrial/Commercial	I/C
Water Supply Area	WSA
Rural	RUR



## USE ZONE TABLE

Zone Title:    Mixed (MIX) (L'Anse au Loup)
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### **Permitted Use Classes (see Regulation 84)**

Double Dwelling  
Mobile Home  
Boarding Home  
Bed and Breakfast  
Recreational Open Space

### **Discretionary Use Classes (see Regulations 5 and 85)**

Professional, Personal and General Service uses  
Office  
Club and Lodge uses  
Service station  
Restaurants, Bars, Lounges and Take-out Restaurants  
Shops and Convenience Stores  
Markets – Indoor and Outdoor  
Medical and Professional  
Single Dwelling  
Cultural and Civic uses  
Apartment  
Child Care  
Funeral Home  
Educational  
Place of Worship  
Indoor Assembly  
Antenna  
Service Station  
Light Industry  
Agriculture  
Conservation

## CONDITIONS

### 1. Discretionary Use Classes

The discretionary use classes listed above may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided that they are compatible or complementary to uses within the permitted use classes or that their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses.

### 2. Development Standards

With the exception of residential development, the development standards for this zone shall be as follows:

- |                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| a) Minimum Building Line Setback | 6 metres (20 feet)<br>10 metres (33 ft) for development fronting on<br>the Main Road (Straits Highway) |
| b) Minimum Side Yard Width       | 4 metres (13 feet)   |
| c) Minimum Rear Yard Depth       | 10 metres (33 feet)  |
| d) Maximum Height                | 15 metres (49 feet)  |

Residential uses shall conform to the lot size and development requirements of the Residential (RES) zone.

### 3. Protection of Residential Use

Adverse effects of any proposed development on an adjacent existing residential use shall be prevented or minimized through proper site planning and the provision of buffering by the developer to the satisfaction of the Authority.

### 4. Outdoor Storage

Outdoor storage may be permitted in side yards and rear yards. Council may require fencing or other forms of screening to prevent an unsightly appearance.

### 5. Service Station

The following development standards shall apply to proposed service stations.

- i) All gasoline pumps shall be located on pump islands designed for such purpose, and to which automobiles may gain access from either side.
- ii) Pump islands shall be set back at a minimum 4 metres from the front lot line.
- iii) Accesses shall not be less than 7 metres wide and shall be clearly marked, and where a service station is located on a corner lot, the minimum distance between an access and the intersection of the street shall be 10 metres and the lot line between entrances shall be clearly indicated.

## 6. Light and General Industry

Smaller scale light and general industrial uses such as repair, manufacturing, workshops and traditional uses related to the fishery may be permitted, providing they are not a hazard or nuisance to other uses.

## 7. Frontage

All development shall have street line frontage on a publicly owned and maintained road.

## 8. Advertisements Relating to Onsite Uses

The conditions which shall apply to the erection or display of an advertisement on any lot or site occupied by a use permitted or existing as a legal non-conforming use in this zone, shall be as follows:

- a) The size, shape, illumination and material construction of the advertisement shall meet the requirements of the Authority, having regard to the safety and convenience of users of adjacent streets and sidewalks, and the general amenities of the surrounding area.
- b) No advertisement shall exceed 5 sq. m. (54 sq. ft.) in area.

## 9. Advertisements Relating to Offsite Uses

The conditions to be applied to the erection or display of an advertisement on any site relating to a use permitted in this zone, or not relating to a specific land use, shall be as follows:

- a) Each advertisement shall not exceed 3 sq. m. (32 sq. ft.) in area. When the advertisement relates to a specific land use, they shall be located within a reasonable distance of, and only show thereon the name and nature of the distance or direction to the premises to which they relate.
- b) The location, siting and illumination of each advertisement shall be to the satisfaction of the Authority, having regard to the grade and alignment of streets, the location of street junctions, the location of nearby buildings and preservation of the amenities of the surrounding area.

## 10. Protection of Water Sources and Environment

All development applications within 15 metres of any watercourse shall be subject to the review and approval of the Environmental Investigations Division of the Department of Environment and Conservation.

Zone Title: Residential (RES) (L'Anse au Loup)

**Permitted Use Classes (see Regulation 84)**

Single Dwelling  
 Double Dwelling  
 Recreational Open Space  
 Conservation

**Discretionary Use Classes (see Regulations 5 and 85)**

Apartment  
 Bed and Breakfast  
 Child Care  
 Boarding House Residential  
 Convenience Store  
 Family and Group Home  
 Personal Service  
 Homes for the Aged  
 Subsidiary Apartment

**Conditions**

**1 Development Standards**

Development standards will be as follows (see Part II, General Development Standards for definition of Building Line, Side Yard, etc):

Dwelling Type	Min Lot Area - m <sup>2</sup>	Min Floor Area - m <sup>2</sup>	Min Frontage - m	Min Bldg Line Setback - m	Min Side yard Width - m	Min Rear yard Depth - m	Max Lot Coverage - %	Max Height - m
Single Dwelling	650	80	20	8**	2	9	33	8
Double Dwelling	550*	80*	35	8**	1.5	9	33	8
Apt Bldg 3 Bed	280*	70*	36	8**	5	14	33	10
Apt Bldg 4 Bed	300*	80*	36	8**	5	14	33	10

\*per dwelling unit

\*\* or in accordance with the requirements of Transportation & Works

1 m = 3.28 sq. ft.; 1 sq. m. = 10.76 sq. ft.

**2. Occupancy Permit**

All dwellings must have properly finished exteriors and an occupancy permit must be issued by the Authority before the dwelling may be inhabited.

### 3. Apartment Housing

Apartment dwellings may be permitted to satisfy the needs of, e.g., families, seniors or other special needs groups, provided Council is satisfied that siting and servicing requirements have been met.

One subsidiary apartment may be permitted in a single dwelling. The minimum floor area required is 40 sq. m. (430 sq. ft.) for a one bedroom subsidiary apartment, plus 10 sq. m. (108 sq. ft.) for each additional bedroom.

### 4. Subdivision Development

In addition to the requirements of Part IV, Subdivision of Land, of these Regulations, the Authority may require that:

- a) street layout and placement of building lots conform to natural features and topography as much as possible;
- b) at least two accesses from the subdivision to a collector or arterial street be provided;
- c) waterbodies and watercourses be not altered and, if possible, integrated with open space and park areas;
- c) original trees and plant growth be left on building lots and open space areas.

### 5. Heritage Buildings and Properties

Buildings, properties or sites that are designated as heritage or historic resources under federal, provincial or municipal legislation shall not be demolished, expanded or otherwise altered without approval of the Authority and any other agency required by legislation.

### 6. Mobile Home

- i) Development standards for residential development shall apply to mobile home development with the exception of:
  - a) Minimum floor area, and
  - b) Minimum rear yard depth.
- ii) All standards and conditions of the provincial Mobile Home Development Regulations shall apply with regard to any mobile home development.

### 7. Bed & Breakfast and Boarding House Residential

A boarding or lodging house may be permitted in any dwelling that can adequately accommodate the specified number of persons. The total number of boarders or lodgers shall not exceed (5) persons.

A Bed and Breakfast use in a dwelling may be permitted as a discretionary use to provide room and board for tourists or the travelling public, under the following conditions:

- a) The building in which the use takes place is similar in exterior finish, design, height and scale to a private dwelling, and
- b) The use is carried out by a resident of the dwelling unit.

A free-standing sign not exceeding 0.3 sq. m. (3.2 sq. ft.) in area and a sign on front of the building not exceeding 0.2 sq. m. (2.2 sq. ft.) in area shall be permitted, provided they are consistent with the residential character of the neighbourhood.

## 8. Convenience Stores

Convenience stores shall have a floor area not exceeding 140 sq. m. A building containing a convenience store and associated parking, lighting and signs, shall be designed to blend into the character of the residential area. Off-street parking shall be required.

## 9. Accessory Buildings

See Regulation 33, General Development Standards of these regulations.

## 10. Home-Based Occupations

Any business or commercial activity proposed as a discretionary use may only be carried out as a Home Based Occupation in a residence or on a residential property and shall:

- a) Not cause nuisance to the occupants of nearby residences (e.g., from parking, traffic, noise or fumes),
- b) Be located in or attached to a dwelling unit in which the operator of the use resides, or within a subsidiary building located in the rear yard of the residential lot,
- c) Ensure that retail sales are subsidiary to the approved use (for example, sales of products from a craft shop),
- d) Provide adequate parking, and
- e) Not devote any more than the lesser of 45 sq. m. (484 sq. ft.) or 25% of the total floor area of the dwelling to the non-residential use, or, if in a separate building, meet the size requirements for accessory buildings.

Zone Title: Heritage Conservation (HC) (L'Anse au Loup)

**Permitted Use Classes (see Regulation 84)**

Conservation

**Discretionary Use Classes (see Regulations 5 and 85)**

Recreational Open Space.

Cemetery

Agriculture

Seasonal Residential (see Condition 6)

Antenna

**CONDITIONS**

**1. Discretionary Use Classes**

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided proper site evaluation is carried out with respect to the preservation of on-site historic resources and with consent from the Provincial Archaeology Office.

**2. Development Standards**

The priority of the Authority shall be to preserve the heritage uses existing within this use zone to the standards outlined in these regulations. The development standards for this use zone shall be as follows:

- |      |                               |                   |
|------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| i.   | Minimum building line setback | 6 metres (20 ft)  |
| ii.  | Minimum sideyard width        | 4 metres (13 ft)  |
| iii. | Minimum rearyard depth        | 10 metres (33 ft) |
| iv.  | Maximum height                | 15 metres (49 ft) |

**3. Cultural & Civic**

Uses such as a museum or interpretation centre may be permitted under certain conditions (see Condition 1).

**4. Recreational Open Space**

Recreational Open Space uses shall be limited to hiking trails and associated infrastructure such as benches, look-off points and interpretive signage.

**5. Review of Applications**

Council shall refer all development applications (except for minor alterations) within this Zone to the Provincial Archaeologist before granting approval.

**6. Seasonal Residential**

Any proposal for an additional cabin in Schooner Cove will be carefully assessed and the consent of the Provincial Archaeologist obtained before granting approval.



Zone Title: Industrial Marine (IM) (L'Anse au Loup)

**Permitted Use Classes (see Regulation 84)**

Fisheries and Marine-related uses (including fish processing and storage)  
Antenna

**Discretionary Use Classes (see Regulations 5 and 85)**

Transportation  
Catering  
Recreational Open Space  
Utilities

**CONDITIONS**

**1 Development Standards**

The standards for this use zone are as follows:

Minimum Building Line Setback	10 metres (33 ft)
Minimum Sideyard Width	5 metres (16 ft)
Minimum Rearyard Depth	10 metres (33 ft)

**2 Waiver of Setback Requirements**

Where a use permitted in the Industrial Marine zone is next to/abuts a wharf or other permitted use, Council may waive a requirement for setback from the wharf or the lot line of the adjoining use.

**3. Transportation**

Transportation uses shall be restricted to docks, wharves, slipways and other such marine-related structures.

**4 Catering**

Catering uses shall be limited to restaurants.

Zone Title: Industrial/Commercial (I/C) (L'Anse au Loup)

**Permitted Use Classes (see Regulation 84)**

Indoor Assembly  
Service Station  
Outdoor Market  
Light Industry  
Conservation

**Discretionary Use Classes (see Regulations 5 and 85)**

General Industry  
Cultural and Civic  
Office, Shop  
Outdoor Assembly  
Recreational Open Space  
Agriculture  
Cemetery  
Antenna

**CONDITIONS**

**1. Discretionary Use Classes**

The discretionary use classes listed in this table may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided proper site evaluation is carried out. With respect to land along the shoreline leading to Schooner Cove, the preservation of on-site historic resources is of particular concern and consent from the Provincial Archaeology Office will be required.

**2. Development Standards**

The priority of the Authority shall be to preserve the lands within this use zone to accommodate primarily commercial and light industrial uses that do not require municipal water and sewage service, that require direct highway access or proximity to the public wharf and shoreline. The development standards for this use zone shall be as follows:

- |      |                               |                   |
|------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| i.   | Minimum building line setback | 6 metres (20 ft)  |
| ii.  | Minimum sideyard width        | 4 metres (13 ft)  |
| iii. | Minimum rearyard depth        | 10 metres (33 ft) |
| iv.  | Maximum height                | 15 metres (49 ft) |

3. Cultural & Civic

Uses such as a museum or interpretation centre may be permitted under certain conditions (see Condition 1).

4. Buffering

A minimum buffer of 15 metres from the high water mark will be maintained along the shoreline for environmental and public access purposes (as per Section 48, Water Resources Act). Any development within the buffer is to be approved by the Department of Environment and Conservation.

Unobstructed operations must be screened from public view, for the benefit of residents and tourists travelling the Straits Highway or hiking the Labrador Pioneer Footpath.

Zone Title: Water Supply Area (WSA) (L'Anse au Loup)

**Permitted Use Classes (see Regulation 84)**

Conservation

Recreational Open Space (see condition)

**Discretionary Use Classes (see Regulations 5 and 85)**

Antenna

**CONDITIONS**

**1. Buildings**

No new buildings shall be permitted within the Water Supply Area except those associated with the L'Anse au Loup water supply system.

**2. Forestry**

Forestry uses shall only be permitted if approved by the Department of Environment and Conservation, Water Resources Division.

**3. Referrals to Department of Environment and Conservation**

All development applications within the Water Supply Area will be forwarded to the Department of Environment and Conservation for a recommendation on the potential impact of the development on the water supply.

**4. Recreational Open Space**

The uses allowed shall be limited to passive recreational uses (e.g., hiking and canoeing).

Zone Title: Rural (RUR) (L'Anse au Loup)

**Permitted Use Classes (see Regulation 84)**

Conservation  
Agriculture

**Discretionary Use Classes (see Regulations 5 and 85)**

Mineral Working and Exploration (see Condition 2)  
Recreational Open Space  
Cemetery  
Outdoor Assembly  
Transportation  
Antenna  
Solid Waste Disposal  
Forestry

**CONDITIONS**

**1. Discretionary Use Classes**

The discretionary use classes listed in this zone may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority provided they are compatible or complementary to uses within the permitted use classes or that their development will not inhibit or prejudice the existence or the development of such uses.

**2. Mineral Workings**

Council may permit mineral workings and activities associated with mineral workings subject to the following conditions:

**2.1 Applications**

All applications for any mineral working or related development or for any development within the recommended buffer shall be subject to the review and approval of the Departments of Natural Resources and Environment & Conservation.

**2.2 Separation from Adjacent Uses**

Unless the Authority is satisfied that the working will not create a nuisance and will not adversely affect the amenity of the specified development or natural feature, no mineral working shall be located closer than the minimum distances set out below to the specified development or natural feature.

***Minimum Separation Distance of Pit or Quarry Working***

Existing or Proposed Residential Development (Borrow Pits)	300 metres (984 ft)
Bedrock Quarries, or where blasting may take place	1000 metres (3280 ft)
Waterbody or Watercourse	50 metres (164 ft)

**2.3 Screening**

A mineral working shall be screened in the following manner where it is visible from a public street or highway, developed area, or area likely to be developed during the life of the working:

- (a) Where no tree screens exist of sufficient width and density to constitute a visual screen, earthen berms shall be constructed to a height sufficient to prevent visibility from any part of the mineral working operation from adjacent uses (excepting forestry and agriculture) or adjacent public highways and streets. The berms shall be landscaped to the Authority's satisfaction.
- (b) Where natural topography creates a visual screen between mineral workings and adjacent land uses, additional screening may not be required.
- (c) Where effective screening for any mineral working or associated processing or manufacturing use cannot be installed or located as required above, the Authority may refuse to permit the mineral working or associated activity.

**2.4 Fencing**

The Authority may require the mineral working site or excavated area of a pit or quarry working to be enclosed by a fence designed and constructed to its specifications and no less than 1.8 metres (6 feet) in height.

**2.5 Water Pollution**

No mineral working or associated storm or sanitary drainage shall unacceptably reduce the quality of water in any waterbed or watercourse. Any access road to a pit and quarry working which crosses a brook or stream shall be bridged or culverted at the crossing in accordance with the Regulations of the Department of Environment and Conservation.

**2.6 Water Ponding**

No mineral working shall result in the excavation of areas below the level of the water table nor in any way cause the accumulation or ponding of water in any part of the site. Settling ponds may be permitted with the approval of the Department of Environment and Conservation.

**2.7 Erosion Control**

No mineral working shall be carried out in a manner so as to cause erosion of adjacent land.

**2.8 Site Maintenance**

The mineral working shall be kept clean of refuse, abandoned vehicles, and abandoned equipment and any derelict buildings.

### **2.9 Access Roads**

During extended periods of shutdown, access roads to a mineral working shall be ditched or barred to the satisfaction of the Authority.

### **2.10 Stockpiling Cover Material**

All stumps, organic material and topsoil, including the rusty coloured and iron stained layer, shall be stripped and stockpiled at least 5 metres (16 feet) from active quarry or stockpile areas. The owner or operator shall ensure that the quantity of the topsoil is not affected by dilution with other materials.

### **2.11 Operating Plant and Associated Processing and Manufacturing**

The Authority may permit processing and manufacturing use associated with mineral workings provided that, in the opinion of the Authority, the use does not create a nuisance nor is liable to become a nuisance or offensive by the creation of noise or vibration, or by reason of the emission of fumes, dust, dirt, objectionable odour, or by reason of unsightly storage of materials.

All permanent or temporary buildings, plants and structures associated with processing and manufacturing will be located so as not to interfere with the present or future extraction of aggregate resources.

The Authority may specify a minimum separation distance between operating plant or associated processing and manufacturing structure or equipment and adjacent developed areas likely to be developed during the life of the mineral working.

### **2.12 Termination and Site Rehabilitation**

Upon completion of the mineral working, the following work shall be carried out by the operator:

- a. All buildings, machinery and equipment shall be removed.
- b. All pit and quarry slopes shall be graded to slopes less than 20 degrees or to the slope conforming to that existing prior to the mineral working.
- c. Topsoil and many organic materials shall be re-spread over the entire quarried area.
- d. The access road to the working shall be ditched or barred to the satisfaction of the Authority.
- e. If the mineral working contains reserves of material sufficient to support further extraction operations, the Authority may require the work described above to be carried out only in areas of the site where extraction has depleted reserves.
- f. Prior to commencement of the mineral working, Council may require the developer to post a bond to be repaid once site rehabilitation has taken place. The amount of the bond shall be no less than 10% (ten percent) of the estimated cost of site rehabilitation, which shall be repaid with interest upon satisfactory termination and rehabilitation of the site.

## **3. Protection of Water Sources and Environment**

An environmental buffer a minimum width of 15 metres (49 feet) shall be preserved along the

high water mark of all bodies of water, including rivers, streams, ponds and wetlands. Any development within the water or within the designated buffer area must be approved under Section 48 of the *Water Resources Act* prior to the start of construction.

#### 4. Recreational Open Space Uses

Uses may be permitted at the discretion of the Authority and subject to the following:

- i) No development shall be approved if it will have noticeable off-site effects from pollution, noise, visual impact or traffic.
- ii) A site plan must be included with proposals for recreational, open space uses or for extensions of existing development. The site plan must clearly depict the layout of all features such as buildings and parking areas as well as any other items that Council may require.
- iii) All buildings associated with this development must have properly finished exteriors and be maintained to the satisfaction of Council.

#### 5. Solid Waste Disposal

If a solid waste disposal site is proposed with the Rural Zone, it will require a buffer of not less than 1.6 km around the site to protect against smell, rodents and other adverse environmental effects.

#### 6. Agriculture

Uses that may be permitted in this use class include traditional resource-based activities such as vegetable growing (in peat deposits) and fur farming.

#### 7. Heritage Preservation

The Authority will assign high priority to the preservation of structures and sites that demonstrate and represent the cultural and natural heritage of L'Anse au Loup and its people, including aboriginal sites. This will include the preservation of archaeological sites, in consultation with the Provincial Archaeology Office and the designation of heritage sites under provision 200 of the Municipalities Act, 1999.



## SCHEDULE D

### GUIDE TO OFF-STREET PARKING

1. The off-street parking requirements for land uses set out in Schedule B are addressed in the following table. They include some uses existing in the Town and some that may be contemplated by Council at a future date.
2. In the case of developments that include more than one land use, these standards shall be regarded as cumulative.
3. Adequate off-street provision for drop-off and pickup of persons shall be provided in developments where required, such as uses within the education, passenger assembly, child care, medical treatment and special care, commercial residential and take-out food service use classes.

GROUP	DIV	CLASS	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS
A	1	a) Theatre	One space for every 5 seats
	2	a) Cultural & Civic	One space/50 square meters of gross floor area.
		b) General Assembly	One space/10 square meters of gross floor area.
		c) Educational	Schools – 2 spaces/classroom Further education – 1 space/5 persons using the facilities (students, faculty & staff).
		d) Place of Worship	One space/5 seats
		e) Passenger Assembly	As specified by the Authority
		f) Club & Lodge	One space/3 persons that may be accommodated at one time
		g) Catering	One space/3 persons that may be accommodated at one time
		h) Funeral Home	One space/10 square meters of gross floor area
		i) Child Care	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
	j) Amusement	One space/10 square meters of gross floor area	
	3	a) Indoor Assembly	As specified by the Authority
	4	a) Outdoor Assembly	As specified by the Authority
B	1	a) Penal & Correctional Detention	As specified by the Authority
	2	a) Medical	One space/2 patients

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		Treatment & Special Care	
C	1	a) Single Dwelling	Two spaces/dwelling unit
		b) Double Dwelling	Two spaces/dwelling unit
		c) Row Dwelling	Two spaces/dwelling unit
		d) Apartment Building	Three spaces/2 dwelling units
	2	a) Collective Residential	As specified by the Authority
		b) Commercial Residential	One space/guest room
		c) Seasonal Residential	One space/residential unit
		d) Mobile Home	Two spaces/dwelling unit
D	1	a) Office	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
		b) Medical & Professional	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
		c) Personal Service	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
		d) General Service	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
		e) Communications	As specified by the Authority
		f) Police Station	As specified by the Authority
		g) Taxi Stand	As specified by the Authority
		h) Take-out Food Service	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
		i) Veterinary	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
E	1	a) Shopping Centre	One space/15 square meters of gross floor area
		b) Shop	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
		c) Indoor Market	As specified by the Authority
		d) Outdoor Market	As specified by the Authority
		e) Convenience Stores	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
F	1	a) Hazardous Industry	One space/employee
	2	a) General Industry	One space/employee
		b) Service Station	One space/20 square meters of gross floor area
3	a) Light Industry	One space/employee	








**SCHEDULE E  
LAND USE ZONING MAPS**

# Town of L'Anse Au Loup

## Development Regulations 2014-2024

Land Uses Zoning  
Map 1

HC - Heritage Conservation  
RUR - Rural  
WSA - Water Supply Area  
IC - Industrial/Commercial

-  Municipal Boundary
-  Planning Area Boundary
-  Water Intake
-  Water Supply Area
-  Electrode Right of Way
-  Transmission Line
-  Pioneer Trail
-  Snowmobile Trails
-  Water Course
-  Elevation Lines
-  Transportation Lines

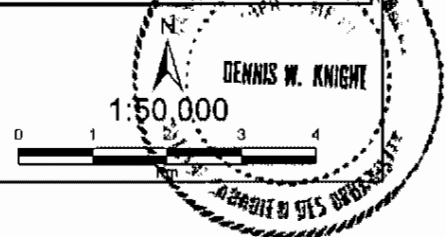


Signed and Sealed  
this 22 day of Nov 2014

Mayor [Signature]  
Clerk [Signature]

I hereby certify that this document has been prepared under the  
provisions of the Urban and Rural Planning Act, 2000.

MCIP [Signature]  
Dated 10 of Nov 2014



Development Regulations Amendment  
**REGISTERED**  
Number 2715-2016-003  
Date April 19, 2016  
Signature [Signature]

